



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	AMS5621	REV. G
	Issued 1952-11 Reaffirmed 2006-04 Revised 2015-07	
Superseding AMS5621F		
Steel, Corrosion Resistant, Bars, Wire, and Forgings 13Cr (0.30-0.40C) (51420) Annealed (Composition similar to UNS S42000)		

RATIONALE

AMS5621G revises Decarburization (3.3.2.4) and Reports (4.4), and is a Five Year Review and update of this specification.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a corrosion-resistant steel in the form of bars, wire, forgings, and forging stock.

1.2 Application

These products have been used typically for parts requiring corrosion resistance and oxidation resistance up to 800 °F (427 °C) and hardness at room temperature within the range 40 to 55 HRC when heat treated, but usage is not limited to such applications.

1.2.1 Certain design and processing procedures may cause these products to become susceptible to stress-corrosion cracking; ARP1110 recommends practices to minimize such conditions.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2241 Tolerances, Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steel, Iron Alloy, Titanium, and Titanium Alloy Bars and Wire

AMS2248 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys, Maraging and Other Highly-Alloyed Steels, and Iron Alloys

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AMS2371	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS2374	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steel and Alloy Forgings
AMS2806	Identification, Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions, Carbon and Alloy Steels and Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys
AMS2808	Identification Forgings
ARP1110	Minimizing Stress Corrosion Cracking in Wrought Forms of Steels and Corrosion Resistant Steels and Alloys
AS1182	Standard Stock Removal Allowance Aircraft-Quality and Premium Aircraft-Quality Steel Bars and Mechanical Tubing

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM A370	Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
ASTM E353	Chemical Analysis of Stainless, Heat-Resisting, Maraging, and Other Similar Chromium-Nickel-Iron Alloys
ASTM E384	Knoop and Vickers Hardness of Materials

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E353, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

Table 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Carbon	0.30	0.40
Manganese	--	1.00
Silicon	--	1.00
Phosphorus	--	0.040
Sulfur	--	0.030
Chromium	12.00	14.00
Nickel	--	0.50
Molybdenum	--	0.50
Copper	--	0.50
Aluminum	--	0.05
Tin	--	0.05

3.1.1 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2248.

3.2 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness and tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.2.1 Bars

Annealed having hardness not higher than 241 HB, or equivalent (See 8.2).

3.2.1.1 All hexagons regardless of size, and other bars 2.750 inches (69.85 mm) and under in nominal diameter or least distance between parallel sides shall be cold finished.

3.2.1.2 Bars, other than hexagons, over 2.750 inches (69.85 mm) in nominal diameter or least distance between parallel sides shall be hot finished or cold finished.

3.2.2 Wire

Cold drawn and annealed having tensile strength not higher than 115 ksi (793 MPa), or equivalent hardness (See 8.3).

3.2.3 Forgings

As ordered.

3.2.4 Forging Stock

As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.3 Properties

The product shall conform to the following requirements; hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.3.1 Response to Heat Treatment

Product 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) and under in nominal thickness and 0.500 inch \pm 0.100 (12.70 mm \pm 2.54) thick specimens cut from larger bars and forgings shall have hardness not lower than 50 HRC, or equivalent (See 8.2), after being heated to 1825 °F \pm 25 (996 °C \pm 14), held at heat for 30 minutes \pm 3, and cooled at a rate equivalent to still air cooling.

3.3.2 Decarburization

3.3.2.1 Bars and wire ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces.

3.3.2.2 Allowable decarburization of bars and billets ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and producer (See 8.6).

3.3.2.3 Decarburization of bars and wire to which 3.3.2.1 or 3.3.2.2 is not applicable shall be not greater than shown in Table 2.

Table 2A - Maximum total depth of decarburization, inch/pound units

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Inches	Total Depth of Decarburization Inch
Up to 0.375, incl	0.010
Over 0.375 to 0.500, incl	0.012
Over 0.500 to 0.625, incl	0.014
Over 0.625 to 1.000, incl	0.017
Over 1.000 to 1.500, incl	0.020
Over 1.500 to 2.000, incl	0.025
Over 2.000 to 2.500, incl	0.030
Over 2.500 to 3.000, incl	0.035
Over 3.000 to 4.000, incl	0.045

Table 2B - Maximum total depth of decarburization, SI units

Nominal Diameter or Distance Between Parallel Sides Millimeters		Total Depth of Decarburization Millimeters
Up to	9.52, incl	0.25
Over	9.52 to 12.70, incl	0.30
Over	12.70 to 15.88, incl	0.36
Over	15.88 to 25.40, incl	0.43
Over	25.40 to 38.10, incl	0.51
Over	38.10 to 50.80, incl	0.64
Over	50.80 to 63.50, incl	0.76
Over	63.50 to 76.20, incl	0.89
Over	76.20 to 101.60, incl	1.14

3.3.2.4 Decarburization shall be evaluated by one of two methods of 3.3.2.4.1 or 3.3.2.4.2.

3.3.2.4.1 Metallographic Method

A cross section taken perpendicular to the surface shall be prepared, etched, and visually examined metallographically at a magnification not to exceed 100X. Optical indications of decarburization (including complete decarburization (ferrite) plus partial decarburization) shall not exceed the limits of Table 2.

3.3.2.4.2 Hardness Traverse Method

The total depth of decarburization shall be determined by a traverse method using micro hardness testing in accordance with ASTM E384 at a magnification not exceeding 100 X conducted on a sample heat treated in accordance with 3.3.1; the sample will have been protected during heat treatment to prevent changes in surface carbon content. Depth of decarburization is defined as the perpendicular distance from the surface to the depth under that surface where there is no further increase in hardness. Such measurements shall be far enough away from the adjacent surface to be uninfluenced by any decarburization on the adjacent surface. Acceptance shall be as listed in Table 2.

3.3.2.4.2.1 When determining the depth of decarburization, it is permissible to disregard local areas provided the decarburization of such areas does not exceed the limits of Table 2 by more than 0.005 inch (0.13 mm) and the width is 0.065 inch (1.65 mm) or less.

3.3.2.5 In case of dispute, the total depth of decarburization determined using the micro hardness traverse method shall govern.

3.4 Quality

The product, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the product.

3.4.1 Bars and wire ordered hot rolled or cold drawn or ground, turned, or polished shall, after the removal of the standard machining allowance in accordance with AS1182, be free from seams, laps, tears, and cracks open to the ground, turned, or polished surface.

3.4.2 Grain flow of die forgings, except in areas which contain flash-line end grain, shall follow the general contour of the forgings showing no evidence of reentrant grain flow.

3.5 Tolerances

Bars and wire shall conform to all applicable requirements of AMS2241.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The producer of the product shall supply all samples for producer tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the product conforms to specified requirements.

4.2 Classification of Tests

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1), condition (3.2), response to heat treatment (3.3.1), decarburization (3.3.2), and tolerances (3.5) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Grain flow of die forgings (3.4.2) is a periodic test and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the producer unless the frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

Shall be as follows:

4.3.1 Bars, Wire, and Forging Stock

In accordance with AMS2371.

4.3.2 Forgings

In accordance with AMS2374.

4.4 Reports

4.4.1 The producer of bars, wire and forgings shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the producer's name and country where the metal was melted (e.g., final melt in the case of metal processed by multiple melting operations) and showing the results of tests for composition of each heat and for condition and response to heat treatment for each lot, and stating that the product conforms to the other technical requirements. This report shall include the purchase order number, heat and lot numbers, AMS5621G, product form, size, and quantity. If forgings are supplied, the size and melt source of forging stock used to make the forgings shall also be included.

4.4.2 The producer of forging stock shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the producer's name and country where the metal was melted (e.g., final melt in the case of metal processed by multiple melting operations) and the composition of each heat.

4.5 Resampling and Retesting

Shall be as follows:

4.5.1 Bars, Wire, and Forging Stock

In accordance with AMS2371.

4.5.2 Forgings

In accordance with AMS2374.