

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

SAE AMS-4434

REV
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Issued 1941-09-01

Revised 1990-07-01

Superseding AMS-4434J

Submitted for recognition as an American National Standard

MAGNESIUM ALLOY CASTINGS, SAND
9.0Al - 2.0Zn (AZ92-T6)
Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated

UNS MI 1920

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Form: This specification covers a magnesium alloy in the form of sand castings.

1.2 Application: Primarily for parts operating in service up to 300°F (149°C).

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS: The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order.

2.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001.

2.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

- AMS-2360 - Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Castings
- AMS-2475 - Protective Treatments, Magnesium Alloys
- AMS-2635 - Radiographic Inspection
- AMS-2645 - Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection
- AMS-2646 - Contrast Dye Penetrant Inspection
- AMS-2694 - Repair Welding of Aerospace Castings
- AMS-2750 - Pyrometry
- AMS-2804 - Identification, Castings

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2.2 ASTM Publications: Available from ASTM, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-1187.

ASTM B 557 - Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products

ASTM B 557M - Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products (Metric)

ASTM B 660 - Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products

ASTM E 10 - Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials

ASTM E 35 - Chemical Analysis of Magnesium and Magnesium Alloys

ASTM E 155 - Reference Radiographs for Inspection of Aluminum and Magnesium Castings

2.3 U.S. Government Publications: Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Building 4D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.

2.3.1 Military Specifications:

MIL-M-6857 - Magnesium Alloy Castings, Heat Treatment of

3.1 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Composition: Shall conform to the following percentages by weight, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E 35, by spectrochemical methods, or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser:

	min	max
Aluminum	8.3	9.7
Zinc	1.6	2.4
Manganese	0.10	--
Silicon	--	0.30
Copper	--	0.10
Nickel	--	0.01
Other Impurities, each	--	0.10
Other Impurities, total	--	0.30
Magnesium	remainder	

3.2 Condition: Solution and precipitation heat treated.

3.3 Casting: Castings shall be produced in lots from metal conforming to 3.1. Metal remelted from previously analyzed ingot may be poured directly into castings. Furnace or ladle additions of grain-refining elements or alloys are permissible. If grain-refining elements are not added, the molten metal shall be subjected to superheating or other grain-refining treatment. Molten metal taken from alloying furnaces, with or without additions of foundry operating scrap (gates, sprues, risers, and rejected castings), shall not be poured into castings unless first converted to ingot, analyzed, and remelted or unless the composition of a sample taken after the last addition to the melt conforms to 3.1.

3.3.1 A melt shall be the metal withdrawn from a batch-furnace charge of 2000 pounds (907 kg) or less as melted for pouring castings or, when permitted by purchaser, a melt shall be 4000 pounds (1814 kg) or less of metal withdrawn from one continuous furnace in not more than eight consecutive hours.

3.3.2 A lot shall be all castings poured from a single melt in not more than eight consecutive hours and solution and precipitation heat treated in the same heat treat batch.

3.4 Cast Test Specimens: Chemical analysis specimens and tensile specimens shall be cast as follows and, when requested, shall be supplied with the castings:

3.4.1 Chemical Analysis Specimens: Shall be cast from each melt and shall be of suitable size, shape, and form.

3.4.2 Tensile Specimens: Shall be cast with each lot of castings, shall be of standard proportions conforming to ASTM B 557 or ASTM B 557M with 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) diameter at the reduced parallel gage section, and shall be cast to size in molds made with the regular foundry mix of sand without using chills. Metal for the specimens shall be part of the melt which is used for the castings and shall be subjected to the same grain-refining or alloying treatment given the metal for the castings. The temperature of the metal during pouring of the specimens shall be not lower than that during pouring of the castings.

3.5 Heat Treatment: Castings and representative tensile specimens shall be solution and precipitation heat treated in accordance with MIL-M-6857; at least one set of tensile specimens shall, during each stage of heat treatment, be placed into a batch-type furnace with each load of castings or into a continuous furnace at intervals of not longer than three hours. Pyrometry shall be in accordance with AMS-2750.

3.6 Properties: Castings and separately-cast tensile specimens produced in accordance with 3.4.2 shall conform to the following requirements:

3.6.1 Tensile Properties: Shall be as follows, determined in accordance with ASTM B 557 or ASTM B 557M; conformance to the requirements of 3.6.1.1 shall be used as the basis for acceptance of castings except when purchaser specifies that the requirements of 3.6.1.2 apply:

3.6.1.1 Separately-Cast Specimens: Specimens as in 3.4.2 shall have the following properties:

Tensile Strength, minimum	34,000 psi	(234 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, minimum	18,000 psi	(124 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, minimum	1.0%	

3.6.1.2 Specimens Cut from Castings:

3.6.1.2.1 Shall be as follows, determined on specimens as in 4.3.4; the average of not less than four, and preferably ten, specimens cut from thick and thin sections shall be as follows:

Tensile Strength, minimum	25,500 psi (176 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, minimum	16,000 psi (110 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, minimum	0.75%

3.6.1.2.2 Any specimen cut from a casting shall meet the following:

Tensile Strength, minimum	17,000 psi (117 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, minimum	13,500 psi (93 MPa)

3.6.1.2.3 When properties other than those specified in 3.6.1.2.1 and 3.6.1.2.2 are required, tensile specimens as in 4.3.4 machined from locations indicated on the drawing, from a casting or castings chosen at random to represent the lot, shall have the properties indicated on the drawing for such specimens. Property requirements may be designated in accordance with AMS-2360.

3.6.2 Hardness: Castings, except at gate and riser locations, should have hardness of 70 - 95 HB/10/500 or 80 - 105 HB/10/1000, determined in accordance with ASTM E 10, but castings shall not be rejected on the basis of hardness if the tensile property requirements of 3.6.1.2 are met.

3.7 Quality:

3.7.1 Castings, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the castings.

3.7.1.1 Castings shall have smooth surfaces and shall be well cleaned.

3.7.1.2 Castings cleaned by blasting shall be pickled in a sulfuric or sulfuric-nitric acid solution to remove not less than 0.002 inch (0.05 mm) of metal.

3.7.2 Castings shall be produced under radiographic control. This control shall consist of radiographic examination of castings in accordance with AMS-2635, or other radiographic procedures acceptable to purchaser, until proper foundry technique, which will produce castings free from harmful internal imperfections, is established for each part number and of production castings as necessary to ensure maintenance of satisfactory quality,

3.7.3 When specified, castings shall be subjected to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS-2645, to contrast dye penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS-2646, or to both.

3.7.4 Radiographic, fluorescent penetrant, contrast dye penetrant, and other quality standards shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. ASTM E 155 may be used to define radiographic acceptance standards.

3.7.5 Castings shall not be reworked by peening, plugging, welding, or other methods without written permission from purchaser.

3.7.5.1 When permitted in writing by purchaser, defects in castings may be removed and the castings reworked by welding in accordance with AMS-2694.

3.7.6 Castings shall not be impregnated, chemically treated, or coated to prevent leakage unless specified or allowed by written permission of purchaser, designating the method to be used.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:

4.1 Responsibility for Inspection: The vendor of castings shall supply all 0 samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the castings conform to the requirements of this specification.

4.2 Classification of Tests:

4.2.1 Acceptance Tests: Tests for composition (3.1), tensile properties of separately-cast specimens (3.6.1.1) or when specified, tensile properties of specimens cut from castings (3.6.1.2), and quality (3.7) are acceptance tests and shall be performed to represent each melt or lot as applicable.

4.2.1.1 Tensile properties of specimens cut from castings shall be determined only when specified by purchaser or when separately-cast specimens are not available. Tensile properties of separately-cast specimens need not be determined when tensile properties of specimens cut from castings are determined.

4.2.2 Preproduction Tests: Tests for all technical requirements are preproduction tests and shall be performed prior to or on the first-article shipment of a casting to a purchaser, when a change in material and/or processing requires reapproval as in 4.4.2, and when purchaser deems confirmatory testing to be required.

4.2.2.1 For direct U.S. Military procurement, substantiating test data and, when requested, preproduction test material shall be submitted to the cognizant agency as directed by the procuring activity, contracting officer, or request for procurement.

4.3 Sampling and Testing: Shall be in accordance with the following:

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4.3.1 At least one chemical analysis specimen in accordance with 3.4.1 from each melt or a casting from each lot.

4.3.2 Three separately-cast tensile specimens in accordance with 3.4.2 from each lot except when purchaser requires properties of specimens cut from castings, one of which shall be tested and the other two kept for retests if necessary.

4.3.3 Two preproduction castings in accordance with 4.4.1 of each part number,

4.3.4 One or more castings from each lot when tensile properties are required from specimens cut from castings. Specimens shall conform to ASTM B 557 or ASTM B 557A and shall be either 0.500 inch (12.70 mm) diameter at the reduced parallel gage section, sub-size specimens proportional to the standard, or standard sheet-type specimens. For determining conformance to the requirements of 3.6.1.2, if specimen locations are not shown on the drawing, not less than four tensile specimens, two from the thickest section and two from the thinnest section, shall be cut from a casting or castings from each lot.

4.4 Approval :

4.4.1 Sample castings from new or reworked patterns and the casting procedure shall be approved by purchaser before castings for production use are supplied, unless such approval be waived by purchaser.

4.4.2 Vendor shall establish, for production of sample castings of each part number, parameters for the process control factors which will produce acceptable castings; these shall constitute the approved casting procedure and shall be used for producing production castings. If necessary to make any change in parameters for the process control factors, vendor shall submit for reapproval a statement of the proposed changes in processing and, when requested, test specimens, sample castings, or both. Production castings incorporating the revised operations shall not be shipped prior to receipt of reapproval.

4.4.2.1 Control factors for producing castings include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Type of furnace
- Furnace atmosphere
- Fluxing or oxide removal procedures
- Gating and risering practices
- Metal pouring temperature; variation of $\pm 50^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($\pm 28^{\circ}\text{C}$) from the established limit is permissible
- Solidification and cooling procedures
- Solution and precipitation heat treatment cycles
- Cleaning operations
- Methods of inspection

4.4.2.1.1 Any of the above process control factors for which parameters are considered proprietary by the vendor may be assigned a code designation. Each variation in such parameters shall be assigned a modified code designation.