

**AEROSPACE
MATERIAL
SPECIFICATION**

AMS 4215D
Superseding AMS 4215C

Issued 1-15-61
Revised 7-1-84

ALUMINUM ALLOY CASTINGS
5.0Si - 1.2Cu - 0.50Mg (C355.0-T6P)
Solution and Precipitation Heat Treated

UNS A33550

1. SCOPE:

1.1 Form: This specification covers an aluminum alloy in the form of sand, permanent mold, composite mold, and investment castings.

1.2 Application: Primarily for components requiring high strength at room and elevated temperatures.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS: The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of Aerospace Material Specifications shall apply. The applicable issue of other documents shall be as specified in AMS 2350.

2.1 SAE Publications: Available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096.

2.1.1 Aerospace Material Specifications:

AMS 2350 - Standards and Test Methods
AMS 2360 - Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Castings
AMS 2635 - Radiographic Inspection
AMS 2645 - Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection
AMS 2646 - Contrast Dye Penetrant Inspection
AMS 2694 - Repair Welding of Aerospace Castings
AMS 2804 - Identification, Castings

2.2 ASTM Publications: Available from American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

ASTM B557 - Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products
ASTM E10 - Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials
ASTM E34 - Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys
ASTM E155 - Reference Radiographs for Inspection of Aluminum and Magnesium Castings, Series III

SAE Technical Board Rules provide that: "This report is published by SAE to advance the state of technical and engineering sciences. The use of this report is entirely voluntary, and its applicability and suitability for any particular use, including any patent infringement arising therefrom, is the sole responsibility of the user."

AMS documents are protected under United States and international copyright laws. Reproduction of these documents by any means is strictly prohibited without the written consent of the publisher.

AMS 4215D

2.3 U.S. Government Publications: Available from Commanding Officer, Naval Publications and Forms Center, 5801 Tabor Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19120.

2.3.1 Federal Standards:

Federal Test Method Standard No. 151 - Metals; Test Methods

2.3.2 Military Specifications:

MIL-H-6088 - Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloys

2.3.3 Military Standards:

MIL-STD-649 - Aluminum and Magnesium Products, Preparation for Shipment and Storage

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

3.1 Composition: Shall conform to the following percentages by weight, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E34, by spectrographic methods in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard No. 151, Method 112, or by other analytical methods approved by purchaser:

	min	max
Silicon	4.5	5.5
Copper	1.0	1.5
Magnesium	0.40	0.6
Iron	--	0.20
Titanium	--	0.20
Manganese	--	0.10
Zinc	--	0.10
Other Impurities, each	--	0.05
Other Impurities, total	--	0.15
Aluminum	remainder	

3.2 Condition: Solution and precipitation heat treated.

3.3 Casting: Castings shall be produced in lots from metal conforming to 3.1. Metal remelted from previously analyzed ingot may be poured directly into castings. Furnace or ladle additions of grain-refining elements or alloys are permissible. Unless otherwise agreed upon by purchaser and vendor, molten metal taken from alloying furnaces, with or without additions of foundry operating scrap (gates, sprues, risers, and rejected castings), shall not be poured into castings unless first converted to ingot, analyzed, and remelted or unless the composition of a sample taken after the last addition to the melt conforms to 3.1. The type of mold for castings is not restricted.

- 3.3.1 A melt shall be the metal withdrawn from a batch-furnace charge of 2000 lb (900 kg) or less as melted for pouring castings or, when permitted by purchaser, a melt shall be 4000 lb (1800 kg) or less of metal withdrawn from one continuous furnace in not more than eight consecutive hours.
- 3.3.2 A lot shall be all castings poured from a single melt in not more than eight consecutive hours and solution and precipitation heat treated in the same heat treatment batch.
- 3.4 Cast Test Specimens: Chemical analysis specimens, and tensile specimens when required, shall be cast as follows:
- 3.4.1 Chemical Analysis Specimens: Shall be cast from each melt and shall be of a size and shape agreed upon by purchaser and vendor.
- 3.4.2 Tensile Specimens: When purchaser specifies use of separately-cast specimens, they shall be cast with each lot of castings, shall be of standard proportions conforming to ASTM B557 with 0.500 in. (12.50 mm) diameter at the reduced parallel gage section, and shall be cast to size in molds representative of the practice used for castings. Metal for the specimens shall be part of the melt which is used for the castings. If the metal for castings is given any treatment, such as fluxing or cooling and reheating, the metal for the specimens shall be a portion of the metal so treated and, during such treatment, shall be heated to the same maximum temperature and held for approximately the same time as the molten metal for the castings. The temperature of the metal during pouring of the specimens shall be not lower than that during pouring of the castings.
- 3.5 Heat Treatment: Unless otherwise specified, castings, and representative tensile specimens when required, shall be solution and precipitation heat treated as in 3.5.1 and 3.5.2, using equipment and controls as specified in MIL-H-6088. When separately-cast specimens are required, at least one set of tensile specimens shall, during each stage of heat treatment, be put into a batch-type furnace with each load of castings or into a continuous furnace at intervals of not longer than three hours.
- 3.5.1 Solution Heat Treatment: Heat to a temperature within the range 960° - 990°F (515° - 530°C), hold at the selected temperature within $\pm 10^\circ\text{F}$ ($\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$) for not less than 6 hr, and quench in hot, 150° - 212°F (65° - 100°C), water.
- 3.5.2 Precipitation Heat Treatment: Heat to 310°F ± 10 (155°C ± 5), hold at heat for 10 - 12 hr, and cool in air.
- 3.6 Properties: Castings, and representative tensile specimens when required, shall conform to the following requirements:
- 3.6.1 Tensile Properties: Shall be as follows, determined in accordance with ASTM B557; conformance to the requirements of 3.6.1.1 shall be used as basis for acceptance of castings except when purchaser specifies that the requirements of 3.6.1.2 apply:

AMS 4215D

3.6.1.1 Specimens Cut From Castings or From Integrally-Cast Coupons:

3.6.1.1.1 Tensile specimens cut from any area of a casting or from integrally-cast coupons shall have the following properties:

Tensile Strength, min	35,000 psi (240 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, min	28,000 psi (195 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, min	2.0%

3.6.1.1.2 When properties other than those of 3.6.1.1.1 are required, tensile specimens as in 4.3.3 taken in locations indicated on the drawing, from a casting or castings chosen at random to represent the lot, shall have the properties indicated on the drawing for such specimens. Property requirements for such specimens may be designated in accordance with AMS 2360.

3.6.1.2 Separately-Cast Specimens:

Tensile Strength, min	37,000 psi (255 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset, min	30,000 psi (205 MPa)
Elongation in 4D, min	1.0%

3.6.2 Hardness of Castings: Castings should have hardness of 75 - 110 HB/10/500 or 80 - 115 HB/10/1000, determined in accordance with ASTM E10, but castings shall not be rejected on the basis of hardness if the tensile property requirements of 3.6.1.1 are met.

3.7 Quality:

3.7.1 Castings, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition, sound, and free from foreign materials and from imperfections detrimental to usage of the castings.

3.7.1.1 Castings shall have smooth surfaces and shall be well cleaned.

3.7.2 Castings shall be produced under radiographic control. This control shall consist of radiographic examination of castings in accordance with AMS 2635 until proper foundry technique, which will produce castings free from harmful internal imperfections, is established for each part number and of production castings as necessary to ensure maintenance of satisfactory quality.

3.7.3 When specified, castings shall be subjected to fluorescent penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2645 or to contrast dye penetrant inspection in accordance with AMS 2646.

3.7.4 Radiographic, fluorescent penetrant, contrast dye penetrant, and other quality standards shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and vendor. ASTM E155 may be used to define radiographic acceptance standards.

- 3.7.5 Castings shall not be repaired by peening, plugging, welding, or other methods without written permission from purchaser.
- 3.7.5.1 When permitted in writing by purchaser, defects in castings may be removed and the castings repaired by welding in accordance with AMS 2694.
- 3.7.6 Castings shall not be impregnated, chemically treated, or coated to prevent leakage unless specified or allowed by written permission of purchaser, designating the method to be used.
4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS:
- 4.1 Responsibility for Inspection: The vendor of castings shall supply all samples for vendor's tests and shall be responsible for performing all required tests. Results of such tests shall be reported to the purchaser as required by 4.5. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the castings conform to the requirements of this specification.
- 4.2 Classification of Tests:
- 4.2.1 Acceptance Tests: Except as specified in 4.2.1.1, tests to determine conformance to requirements for composition (3.1), tensile properties of specimens cut from castings or from integrally-cast coupons (3.6.1.1) or, when specified, tensile properties of separately-cast specimens (3.6.1.2), and quality (3.7) are classified as acceptance tests and shall be performed to represent each melt or lot as applicable.
- 4.2.1.1 Tensile properties of separately-cast specimens shall be determined only when specified by purchaser or when specimens cut from castings or from integrally-cast coupons cannot be obtained. Tensile properties of separately-cast specimens need not be determined when tensile properties of specimens cut from castings or from integrally-cast coupons are determined.
- 4.2.2 Periodic Tests: Tests to determine conformance to requirements for hardness (3.6.2) are classified as periodic tests and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the vendor unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.
- 4.2.3 Preproduction Tests: Tests to determine conformance to all technical requirements of this specification are classified as preproduction tests and shall be performed prior to or on the first-article shipment of a casting to a purchaser, when a change in material or processing, or both, requires reapproval as in 4.4.2, and when purchaser deems confirmatory testing to be required.
- 4.2.3.1 For direct U.S. Military procurement, substantiating test data and, when requested, preproduction test material shall be submitted to the cognizant agency as directed by the procuring activity, the contracting officer, or the request for procurement.

AMS 4215D

4.3 Sampling: Shall be in accordance with the following:

4.3.1 Two chemical analysis specimens in accordance with 3.4.1 from each melt or a casting from each lot.

4.3.2 Two preproduction castings in accordance with 4.4.1 of each part number.

4.3.3 Not less than two tensile specimens machined from a casting or castings or from integrally-cast coupons from each lot except when purchaser specifies use of separately-cast specimens. Specimens shall conform to ASTM B557 and shall be either 0.500 in. (12.50 mm) diameter at the reduced parallel gage section, subsize specimens proportional to the standard, or standard sheet-type specimens. If specimen locations are not shown on the drawing, not less than two specimens, one from the thickest section and one from the thinnest section, shall be cut from a casting or castings from each lot.

4.3.4 Three tensile specimens in accordance with 3.4.2 from each lot when purchaser specifies use of separately-cast specimens.

4.4 Approval:

4.4.1 Sample castings from new or reworked patterns or molds and the casting procedure shall be approved by purchaser before castings for production use are supplied, unless such approval be waived by purchaser.

4.4.2 Vendor shall establish for production of sample castings of each part number parameters for the process control factors which will produce acceptable castings; these shall constitute the approved casting procedure and shall be used for producing production castings. If necessary to make any change in parameters for the process control factors, vendor shall submit for reapproval a statement of the proposed changes in processing and, when requested, sample castings, test specimens, or both. Production castings incorporating the revised operations shall not be shipped prior to receipt of reapproval.

4.4.2.1 Control factors for producing castings include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Type of furnace and its capacity
- Furnace atmosphere
- Sand formulation
- Fluxing or oxide removal procedures
- Gating, risering, and chilling practices
- Metal pouring temperature (variation of $\pm 50^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($\pm 30^{\circ}\text{C}$) from the established limit is permissible)
- Solidification and cooling procedures
- Heat treatment cycles
- Cleaning operations
- Methods of inspection