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Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Local and metropolitan area networks —

Part A:
Overview and architecture

AMENDMENT 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) values in IEEE 802® standards

Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange d'information entre systèmes — Réseaux locaux et métropolitains —

Partie A: Présentation et architecture

AMENDEMENT 1: Attribution de valeurs de noms de ressources uniformes (URN) dans les normes IEEE 802®

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IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture

Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802® Standards

Sponsor

**LAN/MAN Standards Committee
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IEEE Computer Society**

Approved 14 February 2017

IEEE-SA Standards Board

Abstract: How Uniform Resource Name (URN) values are allocated in IEEE 802® standards is described in this amendment to IEEE Std 802®-2014.

Keywords: IEEE 802®, Uniform Resource Name, URN

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 802d-2017, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture—Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802® Standards.

This amendment specifies a Uniform Resource Name (URN) namespace for IEEE 802 networks. This URN is used as the root identifier for YANG data models that allow configuration and status reporting for IEEE 802 network elements. The YANG data modeling language is defined in IETF RFC 6020 [B8] and IETF RFC 7950 [B9].[1]

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[1] The numbers in brackets correspond to the numbers of the bibliography in Annex A.

Contents

IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture

Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802® Standards

(This amendment is based on IEEE Std 802®-2014.)

NOTE—The editing instructions contained in this amendment define how to merge the material contained here into the base document and its other amendments to form the new comprehensive standard.

Editing instructions are shown in *bold italic*. Four editing instructions are used: change, delete, insert, and replace. *Change* is used to make corrections in existing text or tables. The editing instruction specifies the location of the change and describes what is being changed either by using ~~strikethrough~~ (to remove old material) and <u>underscore</u> (to add new material). *Delete* removes existing material. *Insert* adds new material without disturbing the existing material. Insertions may require renumbering. If so, renumbering instructions are given in the editing instruction. *Replace* is used to make changes in figures or equations by removing the existing figure or equation and replacing it with a new one. Editing instructions, change markings, and this NOTE will not be carried over into future editions because the changes will be incorporated into the base standard.[2]

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[2]Notes in text, tables, and figures are given for information only and do not contain requirements needed to implement the standard.

IEEE Std 802d-2017
IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture
Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802® Standards

2. Normative references

Insert the following references into Clause 2 in the appropriate collating sequence:

IETF RFC 3406, Uniform Resource Names (URN) Namespace Definition Mechanisms, October 2002.[3]

IETF RFC 8069, URN Namespace for IEEE, February 2017.

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[3] IETF documents (i.e., RFCs) are available from the Internet Engineering Task Force (http://rfc-archive.org).

IEEE Std 802d-2017
IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture
Amendment 1: Allocation of Uniform Resource Name (URN) Values in IEEE 802® Standards

3. Definitions, acronyms, and abbreviations

3.2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Insert the following abbreviations into 3.2 in the appropriate collating sequence:

IANA   Internet Assigned Numbers Authority[4]

NETCONF   Network Configuration Protocol

NID   Namespace identifier

URN   Uniform Resource Name

YANG   The name of the data modeling language defined in IETF RFC 6020 [B8] and
                IETF RFC 7950 [B9].[5]

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[4]http://www.iana.org/.
[5]The numbers in brackets correspond to the numbers of the bibliography in Annex A.