



## Information technology — Security techniques — Entity authentication —

### Part 2: Mechanisms using symmetric encipherment algorithms

#### TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 3

*Technologies de l'information — Techniques de sécurité — Authentification d'entité —*

*Partie 2: Mécanismes utilisant des algorithmes de chiffrement symétriques*

*RECTIFICATIF TECHNIQUE 3*

Technical Corrigendum 3 to ISO/IEC 9798-2:2008 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *IT Security techniques*. Corrigendum 3 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC 9798-2:2008/Cor.1:2010 and ISO/IEC 9798-2:2008/Cor.2:2012.

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*Page 3, Clause 4*

*Replace the definition of  $X || Y$  with the following text:*

The result of the concatenation of data items  $X$  and  $Y$  in the order specified. In cases where the result of concatenating two or more data items is encrypted as part of one of the mechanisms specified in this part of ISO/IEC 9798, this result shall be composed so that it can be uniquely resolved into its constituent data strings, i.e. so that there is no possibility of ambiguity in interpretation. This latter property could be achieved in a variety of ways, depending on the application. For example, it could be guaranteed by (a) fixing the length of each of the substrings throughout the domain of use of the mechanism, or (b) encoding the sequence of concatenated strings using a method that guarantees unique decoding, e.g. using the distinguished encoding rules defined in ISO/IEC 8825-1 [1].

**NOTE** Not only concatenated strings but ordered tuples are needed. Normally, the notation for ordered tuples is  $[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]$ .

*Delete the NOTE from the last row of the table.*