
**Identification cards — Integrated circuit
cards —**

Part 4:

**Organization, security and commands for
interchange**

AMENDMENT 1: Record activation and
deactivation

Cartes d'identification — Cartes à circuit intégré —

Partie 4: Organisation, sécurité et commandes pour les échanges

AMENDEMENT 1: Activation et désactivation d'enregistrement

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Foreword

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The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

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Amendment 1 to ISO/IEC 7816-4:2005 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 17, *Cards and personal identification*.

It contains the specification of a record life cycle status as well as the ACTIVATE RECORD and DEACTIVATE RECORD commands. Furthermore, the "Profile indicator" as an additional data object for the file control parameters is defined.

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Part 4: Organization, security and commands for interchange

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Page iv, Foreword

Add the following part to the list of parts:

— Part 13: Commands for application management in a multi-application environment

Page 12, Table 6

Add a line to the row with SW1='62' as follows:

SW1	SW2	Meaning
'62' (warning)	'87'	At least one of the referenced records is deactivated

Page 19, 5.3.2

Replace the second list item and its two bullets with the following:

- **Record structure** — The EF is seen at the interface as a single continuous sequence of individually identifiable records accessible by commands for handling records (see 7.3). Record numbering method is an EF-dependent feature. Three attributes are defined.
 - The size of the records is either fixed, or variable.
 - The organization of the records is either a sequence (linear structure) or a ring (cyclic structure).
 - A record life cycle state distinguishing at least the following states: ACTIVATED and DEACTIVATED. The coding of a record life cycle state is out of scope for this part of ISO/IEC 7816. Within a certain EF, either all records have a record life cycle state or no record has a record life cycle state. The presence of record life cycle states is indicated in the FCP (see Table 12).

Page 20, Table 12

Add the following row after row '8E':

Tag	Length	Value	Applies to
'8F'	1	Profile indicator, see Table Amd.1-1	EF supporting records, once

Add the following new subclause after 5.3.3.3:

5.3.3.4 Profile Indicator

The following rules apply for the use of tag '8F' in the file control parameters of any EF supporting records:

If a data object with tag '8F' is

- a) present, then the value field contains a profile indicator according to Table Amd.1-1;
- b) absent, then all records in the EF are implicitly in the unchangeable state ACTIVATED.

Table Amd.1-1 — Coding of profile indicator

b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	Meaning
0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Coding of profile indicator defined by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 17
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	x	Record life cycle state
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	All records in this file are in the unchangeable state ACTIVATED
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	Each record in this EF has its own record life cycle state, changeable by the commands ACTIVATE RECORD, DEACTIVATE RECORD and ACTIVATE FILE
1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Proprietary coding of profile indicator
— Any other value is reserved for future use by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 17.								

In the rightmost column, replace “ACTIVATE FILE” with “ACTIVATE FILE, ACTIVATE RECORD”.

In the rightmost column, replace “DEACTIVATE FILE” with “DEACTIVATE FILE, DEACTIVATE RECORD”.

In the last line of the first paragraph, replace “search or erase” with “search, erase, activate or deactivate”.

Insert the following new paragraph after the first paragraph:

The records in an EF may support record life cycle states. If so, in general deactivated records are not accessible by the commands READ RECORD, WRITE RECORD, UPDATE RECORD, ERASE RECORD and APPEND RECORD. If such a command is used, the respective command returns with the status bytes '6287' (at least one of the referenced records is deactivated). Furthermore, deactivated records shall be ignored, when executing a SEARCH RECORD command. Further details and exceptions to the general rules stated above are given in the following subsections.

Page 43, 7.3.3

Insert the following new paragraph after the first paragraph:

If any record referenced by P1 and P2 is in record life cycle state DEACTIVATED, the command terminates with the status bytes '6287' and the response data field shall be empty.

Page 44, 7.3.4

Insert the following new paragraph after the fourth paragraph:

If the record referenced by P1 and P2 is in the record life cycle state DEACTIVATED, the command terminates with the status bytes '6287' without changing the record content.

Page 45, 7.3.5

Insert the following new list item after the third list item:

- If the record referenced by P1 and P2 is in the record life cycle state DEACTIVATED, the command terminates with the status bytes '6287' without changing the record content.

Page 45, 7.3.6

Add the following sentence to the end of paragraph three:

If the record with the highest record number is in the record life cycle state DEACTIVATED the command terminates with the status bytes '6287' without changing any record content or record number.

Page 45, 7.3.6

Add the following new paragraph after paragraph three:

If the records in the EF have record life cycle states, the life cycle state of the appended record shall be set to ACTIVATED unless otherwise specified.

Page 46, 7.3.7

Add the following new paragraph after paragraph two:

Records with a record life cycle state set to DEACTIVATED shall be ignored during the search.

Page 46, 7.3.8

Add the following new paragraph after the first paragraph:

If any record referenced by P1 and P2 is in record life cycle state DEACTIVATED, the command terminates with the status bytes '6287' without changing any record content.

Add the following new clauses after 7.3.8:

7.3.9 ACTIVATE RECORD command

The ACTIVATE RECORD command sets the record referenced by P1 and P2 to the record life cycle state ACTIVATED. The command shall not affect the record pointer.

If the EF referenced by P2 does not support record life cycle states, the command shall be aborted with the status bytes '6981'.

If the addressed record is already activated, the command shall return the status bytes '9000'.

Table Amd.1-2 — ACTIVATE RECORD command-response pair

CLA	As defined in 5.1.1
INS	'08'
P1	Record number
P2	See Table Amd.1-3
Lc field	Absent
Data field	Absent
Le field	Absent
Data field	Absent
SW1-SW2	See Tables 5 and 6 when relevant, e.g. '6981', '6982', '6986', '6A82', '6A83'

Table Amd.1-3 — P2

b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	Meaning
x	x	x	x	x	—	—	—	Short EF identifier according to Table 47
—	—	—	—	—	1	x	x	Record number in P1
—	—	—	—	—	1	0	0	— Activate Record P1
— Any other value is reserved for future use by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 17.								

7.3.10 DEACTIVATE RECORD command

The DEACTIVATE RECORD command sets the record referenced by P1 and P2 to the record life cycle state DEACTIVATED. The command shall not affect the record pointer.

If the EF referenced by P2 does not support record life cycle states, the command shall be aborted with the status bytes '6981'.

If the addressed record is already deactivated, the command shall return the status bytes '9000'.

For the activation of all records in the record life cycle state DEACTIVATED, the ACTIVATE FILE command may be used. Independent from the modification of an optionally present file life cycle state (see ISO/IEC 7816-9) all records will be activated. For activating individual records the ACTIVATE RECORD command shall be used.