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**Information technology —  
Telecommunications and information  
exchange between systems — Private  
Integrated Services Network —  
Inter-exchange signalling protocol —  
Wireless terminal call handling additional  
network features**

*Technologies de l'information — Télécommunications et échange  
d'information entre systèmes — Réseau privé à intégration de  
services — Protocole de signalement d'interéchange — Caractéristiques  
de réseau additionnelles pour le traitement d'appel de terminal sans fil*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 15431 was prepared by ECMA (as ECMA-304) and was adopted, under a special “fast-track procedure”, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 15431:1999), which has been technically revised.

## Introduction

This International Standard is one of a series of Standards defining Wireless Terminal Mobility (WTM) services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Wireless Terminal Call Handling additional network feature. The protocol defined in this International Standard forms part of the PSS1 protocol (informally known as QSIG).

This International Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC 1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

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# Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Private Integrated Services Network — Inter-exchange signalling protocol — Wireless terminal call handling additional network features

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of the Wireless terminal call handling additional network features (ANF-WTMI and ANF-WTMO) at the Q reference point between Private Integrated services Network eXchanges (PINX) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN).

ANF-WTMI is a feature that directs incoming calls to a WTMI user within the PISN regardless of the WTMI user's geographical location within the PISN, provided that the WTMI user's location is known. Roaming outside the PISN is outside the scope of this edition of this International Standard.

ANF-WTMO permits the PISN to process call requests from a WTMO user at the home location, if required.

The Q reference point is defined in ISO/IEC 11579-1.

Service specifications are produced in three stages and according to the method specified in ITU-T Rec. I.130. This International Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ISO/IEC 15430.

The signalling protocol for ANF-WTMI and ANF-WTMO operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ISO/IEC 11582.

This International Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at the Q reference point between ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO and other supplementary services and ANFs.

This International Standard is applicable to PINXs which can interconnect to form a PISN.

## 2 Conformance

In order to conform to this International Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

## 3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 11571:1998, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Networks - Addressing*

ISO/IEC 11572:2000, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit mode bearer services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 11574:2000, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s bearer services - Service description, functional capabilities and information flows*

ISO/IEC 11579-1:1994, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private integrated services network - Part 1: Reference configuration for PISN Exchanges (PINX)*

ISO/IEC 11582:2002, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services - Inter-exchange signalling procedures and protocol*

ISO/IEC 13241:1997, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Route Restriction Class additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 13868:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Name identification supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 13873:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Diversion supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 13874:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Path Replacement additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 14843:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Offer supplementary service*

ISO/IEC 14844:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Do Not Disturb and Do Not Disturb Override supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 14846:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Intrusion supplementary service*

ISO/IEC 15050:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Advice Of Charge supplementary services*

ISO/IEC 15054:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Call Interception additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15056:1997, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Transit counter additional network feature*

ISO/IEC 15430:1999, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Specification, functional model and information flows - Wireless terminal call handling additional network features*

ISO/IEC 15506:2003, *Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Private Integrated Services Network - Inter-exchange signalling protocol - Message Waiting Indication supplementary service*

ITU-T Rec. I.112:1993, *Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs*

ITU-T Rec. I.130:1988, *Method for the characterization of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and network capabilities of an ISDN (Blue Book)*

ITU-T Rec. I.210:1993, *Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them*

ITU-T Rec. Q.850:1993, *Use of cause and location in the digital subscriber Signalling System No. 1 and the Signalling System No. 7 ISDN user part*

ITU-T Rec. Q.950:2000, *Supplementary services protocols, structure and general principles*

ITU-T Rec. Z.100:1999, *Specification and description language (SDL)*

## 4 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 4.1 External definitions

This International Standard uses the following terms defined in other documents:

- Additional Network Feature (ANF) (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU) (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Basic service (ITU-T Rec. I.210)
- Call, Basic call (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Call independent (ISO/IEC 11582)
- Call independent signalling connection (ISO/IEC 11582)

– Call related	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– Complete number	(ISO/IEC 11571)
– Co-ordination function	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– End PINX	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– Incoming Gateway PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
– Incoming WTM call	(ISO/IEC 15430)
– Interpretation APDU	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– Network Facility Extension (NFE)	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– Originating PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
– Private Integrated Services Network (PISN)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
– Private Integrated services Network eXchange (PINX)	(ISO/IEC 11579-1)
– PISN number	(ISO/IEC 11571)
– Signalling	(ITU-T Rec. I.112)
– Supplementary service	(ITU-T Rec. I.210)
– Supplementary Service Control Entity	(ISO/IEC 11582)
– Subsequent PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
– Terminating PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
– Transit PINX	(ISO/IEC 11572)
– User	(ISO/IEC 11574)
– WTMI user	(ISO/IEC 15430)
– WTMO user	(ISO/IEC 15430)

## 4.2 Other definitions

### 4.2.1 Alternative identifier

An identifier, other than the PISN number, which identifies the WTMI user uniquely.

### 4.2.2 Home data base (HDB)

The data base in which the current location and all associated parameters of a wireless terminal are stored.

### 4.2.3 Home PINX

The PINX which has direct access to the HDB entry for a particular WTMI or WTMO user.

### 4.2.4 Rerouteing PINX

The PINX which executes the rerouteing of the incoming WTM call to the current Visitor PINX.

NOTE - In case of rerouteing, the Rerouteing PINX is either the Originating PINX or the Incoming Gateway PINX. In case of forward switching, the Rerouteing PINX is the WTMI-detect PINX.

### 4.2.5 Visitor data base (VDB)

The data base in which all relevant parameters concerning a wireless terminal are stored for as long as it is located in an area controlled by this data base.

### 4.2.6 Visitor PINX

The PINX which has direct access to the VDB entry for a particular WTMI or WTMO user.

### 4.2.7 WTMI-detect PINX

The PINX which detects that an incoming call is to a WTMI user.

NOTE - The WTMI-detect PINX is either the Home PINX, a Transit PINX, the Incoming Gateway PINX or the Originating PINX.

## 5 Symbols and abbreviated terms

ANF	Additional Network Feature
ANF-CINT	Call Interception additional network feature
ANF-PR	Path Replacement additional network feature
ANF-RRC	Route Restriction Class additional network feature
ANF-TC	Transit counter additional network feature
(ANF-)WTMI	Wireless Terminal Incoming Call (additional network feature)
(ANF-)WTMO	Wireless Terminal Outgoing Call (additional network feature)
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation no. 1
HDB	Home Data Base
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
NFE	Network Facility Extension
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PINX	Private Integrated services Network eXchange
PISN	Private Integrated Services Network
SDL	Specification and Description Language
SS-AOC	Advice Of Charge supplementary services
SS-CD	Call Deflection supplementary service
SS-CFB	Call Forwarding Busy supplementary service
SS-CFNR	Call Forwarding No Reply supplementary service
SS-CFU	Call Forwarding Unconditional supplementary service
SS-CI	Call Intrusion supplementary service
SS-CNIP	Calling Name Identification Presentation supplementary service
SS-CO	Call Offer supplementary service
SS-DNDO	Do Not Disturb Override supplementary service
SS-MWI	Message Waiting Indication supplementary service
VDB	Visitor Data Base
WTM	Wireless Terminal Mobility

## 6 Signalling protocol for the support of ANF-WTMI

### 6.1 ANF-WTMI description

ANF-WTMI enables calls to be directed to a WTMI user within the PISN. As there is no predetermined PINX for the connection of a WTMI user to the PISN, the directing of such calls requires that information regarding the location of the user is available.

## 6.2 ANF-WTMI operational requirements

### 6.2.1 Requirements on the Rerouting PINX

ISO/IEC 11572 protocol control procedures for call establishment at the outgoing side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection to the Visitor PINX. ISO/IEC 11572 protocol control procedures for call clearing shall apply to the release of the connection to the WTMI-detect PINX.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

### 6.2.2 Requirements on the WTMI-detect PINX

ISO/IEC 11572 protocol control procedures for call establishment at the incoming side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection from the Originating or Incoming Gateway PINX. ISO/IEC 11572 protocol control procedures for call clearing shall apply to the release of the connection to the Rerouting PINX.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an Originating PINX, shall apply.

### 6.2.3 Requirements on the Home PINX

Generic procedures for the call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Terminating PINX, shall apply.

### 6.2.4 Requirements on the Visitor PINX

ISO/IEC 11572 protocol control procedures for call establishment at the incoming side of an inter-PINX link shall apply to the establishment of the connection from the Rerouting PINX.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

### 6.2.5 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Basic call procedures for call establishment and call clearing at a Transit PINX, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control and call independent control (connection oriented) of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

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### 6.3 ANF-WTMI coding requirements

#### 6.3.1 Operations

The operations defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in table 1 shall apply. The notation is in accordance with ITU-T Rec. X.680 and X.690. The ITU-T Rec. X.208 and X.209 superseded version is in annex E.

**Table 1 - Operations in support of call handling additional network features**

Wireless-Terminal-Call-Handling-Operations-asn1-97 { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-wtm-call-handling (15431) operations-asn1-97 (1)}	
DEFINITIONS EXPLICIT TAGS ::=	
BEGIN	
IMPORTS	OPERATION, ERROR FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects { joint-iso-itu-t remote-operations (4) informationObjects(5) version1(0)}
	EXTENSION, Extension{} FROM Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-class-asn1-97 { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) msi-class-asn1-97 (11) }
	PSS1InformationElement FROM PSS1-generic-parameters-definition-asn1-97 { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) pss1-generic-parameters-asn1-97 (17) }
	Name FROM Name-Operations-asn1-97 { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-name (13868) name-operations-asn1-97 (1) }
	basicServiceNotProvided, invalidServedUserNr, notAvailable FROM General-Error-List { ccitt (0) recommendation (0) q 950 general-error-list (1) }
	Address, PartyNumber, PartySubaddress, PresentedNumberScreened FROM Addressing-Data-Elements-asn1-97 { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-generic-procedures (11582) addressing-data-elements-asn1-97 (20) };
-- Operations for ANF-WTMI: --	
WTMCH-Operations OPERATION ::= {wtmiEnquiry   wtmidivert   wtmilInform  wtmoCall}	
wtmiEnquiry	OPERATION ::= { -- Sent from the WTMI-detect PINX to the Home PINX. ARGUMENT EnquiryArg RESULT EnquiryRes ERRORS { invalidServedUserNr   locationNotKnown   notAvailable   basicServiceNotProvided   unspecified } CODE local: 54}

Table 1 - Operations in support of call handling additional network features (continued)

wtmiDivert	OPERATION ::= { -- Sent from the WTMI-detect PINX to the Rerouteing PINX. ARGUMENT    DivertArg RESULT      DummyRes ERRORS      { notAvailable   unspecified } CODE         local: 55}
wtmiInform	OPERATION ::= { -- Sent from the Rerouteing PINX to the Visitor PINX. ARGUMENT                  InformArg RETURN RESULT              FALSE ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE CODE                       local: 56}
EnquiryArg ::=	SEQUENCE    { pismNumber    PartyNumber, -- The PISN number of the WTMI user qSIGInfoElement  PSS1InformationElement, -- The basic call information elements Bearer capability, High layer compatibility, -- Low layer compatibility can be embedded in the qSIGInfoElement -- in accordance with clause 6.5.2.1. argExtension      WtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
DivertArg ::=	SEQUENCE    { visitPINX      PartyNumber, -- The PISN number of the Visitor PINX, -- always a Complete Number. callingNumber     PresentedNumberScreened, wtmiIdentity      WtmiIdentity, -- The PISN number (always a Complete Number) -- and/or an alternative identifier of the WTMI user. qSIGInfoElement  PSS1InformationElement, -- The basic call information elements Bearer capability, High layer compatibility, -- Low layer compatibility, and Progress indicator -- can be embedded in the qSIGInfoElement in accordance with clause 6.5.2.1. callingUserSub    [ 1 ] PartySubaddress OPTIONAL, callingName      [ 2 ] Name OPTIONAL, wtmUserSub       [ 3 ] PartySubaddress OPTIONAL, argExtension      WtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
InformArg ::=	SEQUENCE    { wtmIdentity      WtmiIdentity, -- The PISN number (always a Complete Number) -- and/or an alternative identifier of the WTMI user. argExtension      WtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
EnquiryRes ::=	CHOICE      { currLocation    [ 1 ] IMPLICIT CurrLocation, cfuActivated     [ 2 ] IMPLICIT CfuActivated }
CurrLocation ::=	SEQUENCE    { visitPINX      PartyNumber, -- The PISN number of the Visitor PINX, -- always a Complete Number. wtmiIdentity      WtmiIdentity, -- The PISN number (always a Complete Number) -- and/or an alternative identifier of the WTMI user argExtension      WtmiExtension OPTIONAL }

Table 1 - Operations in support of call handling additional network features (concluded)

CfuActivated ::=	SEQUENCE	{ divToAddress divOptions wtmName argExtension	Address, SubscriptionOption, [ 1 ] Name OPTIONAL, WtmiExtension OPTIONAL }
SubscriptionOption ::=	ENUMERATED	{ noNotification (0), notificationWithoutDivertedToNr (1), notificationWithDivertedToNr (2) }	
DummyRes ::=	CHOICE	{ null extension sequOfExtn	NULL, [ 1 ] IMPLICIT Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}}, [ 2 ] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}} }
WtmiExtension ::=	CHOICE	{ extension sequOfExtn	[ 4 ] IMPLICIT Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}}, [ 5 ] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}} }
WtmIdentity ::=	CHOICE	{ pismNumber alternativeld both	PartyNumber, [ 10 ] IMPLICIT Alternativeld, [ 11 ] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE { pismNumber PartyNumber, alternativeld Alternativeld }
Alternativeld ::=	OCTET STRING(SIZE(1..20))		
-- Operation for ANF-WTMO --			
wtmoCall	OPERATION ::= { ARGUMENT RETURN RESULT ALWAYS RESPONDS CODE	WtmoArg FALSE FALSE local: 71}	
WtmoArg ::=	SEQUENCE {	destinationNumber sendingComplete extension	[0] PartyNumber OPTIONAL, [1] IMPLICIT NULL OPTIONAL, CHOICE {single [2] IMPLICIT Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}}, multiple [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}} } OPTIONAL }
WTMCHExtSet	EXTENSION ::= {...}		
unspecified	ERROR ::= { PARAMETER CODE	Extension{{WTMCHExtSet}} local: 1008}	
locationNotKnown	ERROR ::= { CODE	local: 1015}	
END	-- of Wireless-Terminal-Call-Handling-Operations-asn1-97		

### 6.3.2 Information elements

#### 6.3.2.1 Facility information element

The operations defined in 6.3.1 shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ISO/IEC 11582.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operations defined in 6.3.1 the destinationEntity data element of the NFE shall contain value endPINX.

When conveying the invoke APDU of operations defined in 6.3.1, the Interpretation APDU shall either be omitted or be included with value rejectAnyUnrecognisedInvokePdu.

### 6.3.2.2 Other information elements

Any other information elements (e.g. Calling party number, Called party number) shall be coded in accordance with the rules of ISO/IEC 11572 and ISO/IEC 11582.

### 6.3.3 Messages

The Facility information element shall be conveyed in the messages as specified in clause 10 of ISO/IEC 11582.

Messages used for call establishment shall be as specified in ISO/IEC 11572.

## 6.4 ANF-WTMI state definitions

### 6.4.1 States at the Rerouteing PINX

The procedures for the Rerouteing PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

#### 6.4.1.1 State ExecIdle

Ready for receipt of a wtmDivert APDU.

#### 6.4.2 States at the WTMI-detect PINX

The procedures for the WTMI-detect PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

##### 6.4.2.1 State WTMI-Idle

ANF-WTMI is not operating.

##### 6.4.2.2 State WTMI-Detected

A call to a WTMI user has been detected and a wtmEnquiry invoke APDU requesting the current location of the WTMI user has been sent to the Home PINX.

##### 6.4.2.3 State WTMI-Divert

The current location of the WTMI user is known and a wtmDivert invoke APDU has been sent to the Rerouteing PINX.

### 6.4.3 States at the Home PINX

The procedures for the Home PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMI Supplementary Service Control entity.

#### 6.4.3.1 State HomeIdle

Ready for receipt of a wtmEnquiry APDU.

### 6.4.4 States at the Visitor PINX

The procedures for the Visitor PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMI Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular call.

#### 6.4.4.1 State VisitIdle

Ready for receipt of a wtmInform APDU.

## 6.5 ANF-WTMI signalling procedures for invocation and operation

Examples of message sequences are shown in annex C.

### 6.5.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Rerouteing PINX is shown in D.1 of annex D.

#### 6.5.1.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a wtmDivert invoke APDU in a FACILITY message during basic call protocol control state Outgoing Call Proceeding, the Rerouteing PINX shall determine whether it can proceed with ANF-WTMI. If so, it shall initiate a new call

establishment to the Visitor PINX and release the leg towards the WTMI-detect PINX by sending a DISCONNECT message containing a wtmIDivert return result APDU.

The SETUP message for the new call establishment shall include a wtmIInform invoke APDU.

The following specific basic call information elements shall be included in the SETUP message:

- Called party number, containing the number received in the visitPINX data element within the wtmIDivert invoke APDU;
- Called party subaddress, containing the subaddress received in the wtmUserSub data element within the wtmIDivert invoke APDU (optional);
- Calling party number, containing the number received in the callingNumber data element within the wtmIDivert invoke APDU;
- Calling party subaddress, containing the subaddress received in the callingUserSub data element within the wtmIDivert invoke APDU (optional);
- Bearer capability information element as received in embedded form within the wtmIDivert invoke APDU, and any of the following information elements which were also received in embedded form in this APDU: High layer compatibility, Low layer compatibility and Progress indicator information elements.

The wtmIInform invoke APDU shall contain the data element wtmIdentity with the same contents as the corresponding data element in the argument of the received wtmIDivert invoke APDU.

#### 6.5.1.2 Exceptional procedures

If the Rerouting PINX can not proceed with ANF-WTMI, it shall answer the wtmIDivert invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error notAvailable.

#### 6.5.2 Actions at the WTMI-detect PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the WTMI-detect PINX is shown in D.2 of annex D.

When a WTMI-detect PINX also provides Rerouting PINX functionality, in support of ANF-WTMI by forward switching, the joint requirements of 6.5.1 (for a Rerouting PINX) and 6.5.2 (for a WTMI-detect PINX) shall apply, with the exception that any communication between the WTMI-detect PINX functionality and the Rerouting PINX functionality will be an intra-PINX matter. The messages specified for sending from the WTMI-detect PINX towards the Rerouting PINX or vice versa will not appear on any inter-PINX link.

##### 6.5.2.1 Normal procedures

On determining that ANF-WTMI is to be invoked following the arrival of an incoming call, the WTMI-detect PINX shall send a wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU to the Home PINX of the called WTMI user, using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection. The call independent signalling connection shall be established (or used, if an appropriate connection is already available) in accordance with the procedures specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582. The WTMI-detect PINX shall enter state WTMI-Detected and start timer T1.

NOTE - The number to be used in the Called party number information element when establishing the call independent signalling connection to the Home PINX is outside the scope of this International Standard. It can, for example, be the Called party number information element received in the incoming SETUP message.

The following data elements shall be included in the argument of the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU:

- element pismNumber as received in the incoming SETUP message in the Called party number information element;
- element qSIGInfoElement containing an embedded Bearer capability information element, as received in the incoming SETUP message, and any of the following information elements which were received in the incoming SETUP message: High layer compatibility and Low layer compatibility.

On receipt of the wtmIEnquiry return result APDU containing choice curLocation, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, send a wtmIDivert invoke APDU in a FACILITY message to the Rerouting PINX using the call reference of the incoming call, start timer T2 and enter state WTMI-Divert.

The following data elements shall be included in the argument of the wtmIDivert invoke APDU:

- element visitPINX as received in the wtmIEnquiry return result APDU;
- element callingNumber as received in the incoming SETUP message in the Calling party number information element;

- element wtmIdentity as received in the wtmEnquiry return result APDU;
- element qSIGInfoElement containing an embedded Bearer capability information element, as received in the incoming SETUP message, and any of the following information elements which were received in the incoming SETUP message: High layer compatibility, Low layer compatibility and Progress indicator;
- element callingUserSub, if a Calling party subaddress information element was received in the incoming SETUP message;
- element wtmUserSub, if a Called party subaddress information element was received in the incoming SETUP message.

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated, if the WTMI-detect PINX does not support the procedures of 6.8.6.1 the actions taken shall be an implementation matter, e.g. route the incoming call onwards to the Home PINX or release the incoming call.

The WTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

On receipt of the wtmDivert return result APDU, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T2 and enter state WTMI-Idle.

#### 6.5.2.2 Exceptional procedures

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'invalidServedUserNr', the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #1 'Unallocated (unassigned) number' for release of the basic call, and enter state WTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'locationNotKnown', the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #3 'No route to destination' for release of the basic call, and enter state WTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'notAvailable', the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #20 'Subscriber absent' for release of the basic call, and enter state WTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return error APDU from the Home PINX indicating 'basicServiceNotProvided', the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #88 'Incompatible destination' for release of the basic call, and enter state WTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry reject APDU from the Home PINX, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1, enter state WTMI-Idle, and continue with normal basic call procedures.

If timer T1 expires (i.e. the wtmEnquiry invoke APDU is not answered by the Home PINX), the WTMI-detect PINX shall enter state WTMI-Idle and either stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message with cause value #41 'Temporary failure' for release of the basic call, or continue with normal basic call procedures.

On call clearing during state WTMI-Detected, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1 and enter state WTMI-Idle.

On receipt of a wtmDivert return error or reject APDU from the Rerouteing PINX, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T2, enter state WTMI-Idle, and either stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message for release of the basic call, or provide Rerouteing PINX functionality locally by initiating a new call establishment to the Visitor PINX in accordance with 6.5.1.1.

If timer T2 expires (i.e. the wtmDivert invoke APDU is not answered by the Rerouteing PINX), the WTMI-detect PINX shall enter state WTMI-Idle and either stimulate the sending of a DISCONNECT message for release of the basic call, or provide Rerouteing PINX functionality locally by initiating a new call establishment to the Visitor PINX in accordance with 6.5.1.1.

On call clearing during state WTMI-Divert, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T2 and enter state WTMI-Idle.

The WTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return error or reject APDU, on expiry of timer T1 or on call clearing during state WTMI-Detect. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

#### 6.5.3 Actions at the Home PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Home PINX is shown in D.3 of annex D.

When a Home PINX also provides WTMI-detect PINX functionality, in support of ANF-WTMI, the joint requirements of 6.5.2 (for a WTMI-detect PINX) and 6.5.3 (for a Home PINX) shall apply, with the exception that any communication between

the Home PINX functionality and the WTMI-detect PINX functionality will be an intra-PINX matter. The messages specified for sending from the Home PINX towards the WTMI-detect PINX or vice versa will not appear on any inter-PINX link.

#### 6.5.3.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection (as specified in 7.3 of ISO/IEC 11582), the Home PINX shall check that the WTMI user, as identified by the PISN number in element pIsnNumber, is defined in the HDB and that the basic service indicated by the basic call information elements embedded in element qSIGInfoElement is provided to that user.

If the WTMI user is defined in the HDB, and the current location of the WTMI user is known for the basic service concerned, then the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return result APDU containing choice currlLocation. Element visitPINX shall contain the PISN number of the Visitor PINX and element wtmIdentity shall contain the PISN number and/or an alternative identifier of the WTMI user. The PISN number, if included, shall be in the form of a complete number even if the PISN number received in the invoke APDU was not a complete number.

#### 6.5.3.2 Exceptional procedures

If the WTMI user is not found in the HDB, the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error invalidServedUserNr.

If the WTMI user has deregistered, the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error notAvailable.

If the current location of the WTMI user is unknown, the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error locationNotKnown.

If the requested basic service is not provided, the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return error APDU containing the error basicServiceNotProvided.

#### 6.5.3.3 Additional procedures for Call Forwarding Unconditional

On receipt of a wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU, if the WTMI user is defined in the HDB and SS-CFU is active, the Home PINX shall answer the wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU with a return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated.

#### 6.5.4 Actions at the Visitor PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Visitor PINX is shown in D.4 of annex D.

##### 6.5.4.1 Normal procedures

On receipt of a wtmIInform invoke APDU in a SETUP message, the Visitor PINX shall check that there is an entry in the VDB for the WTMI user, as indicated by the PISN number or alternative identifier in element wtmIdentity, for the basic service indicated by basic call information elements, and that the WTMI user is accessible. If so, the Visitor PINX shall attempt to establish the call to the PISN access indicated by the VDB entry.

NOTE - On receipt of an incoming call authentication of the WTMI user can be performed.

##### 6.5.4.2 Exceptional procedures

If the WTMI user is not found in the VDB, the Visitor PINX shall initiate call clearing according to the procedures in ISO/IEC 11572 with cause value #41 'Temporary failure'.

If the WTMI user is not accessible, the Visitor PINX shall initiate call clearing according to the procedures in ISO/IEC 11572 with cause value #18 'No user responding'.

#### 6.5.5 Actions at a Transit PINX

There are no special actions required in support of ANF-WTMI.

#### 6.5.6 Actions at an Originating PINX

An Originating PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with 6.5.1, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.6 ANF-WTMI impact of interworking with public ISDNs

When interworking with a public ISDN which does not support an equivalent feature, the Incoming Gateway PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with 6.5.1 in order to perform ANF-WTMI within the PISN, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate WTMI-detect PINX.

### 6.7 ANF-WTMI impact of interworking with non-ISDNs

When interworking with a non-ISDN which does not support an equivalent feature, the Incoming Gateway PINX shall act as the Rerouteing PINX in accordance with 6.5.1 in order to perform ANF-WTMI within the PISN, except where Rerouteing PINX functionality is provided at a separate WTMI-detect PINX.

### 6.8 Protocol interactions between ANF-WTMI and other supplementary services and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this International Standard. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this International Standard, see those other stage 3 standards.

NOTE 1 - Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

NOTE 2 - Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for ANF-WTMI and other supplementary services or ANFs in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standard, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.1 Interaction with Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CNIP is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13868.

##### 6.8.1.1 Actions at the Rerouteing PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouteing PINX shall include a callingName invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.8.2 Interaction with Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-COMP)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.3 Interaction with Call Completion to Busy Subscriber (SS-CCBS)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.4 Interaction with Call Completion on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.5 Interaction with Call Transfer (SS-CT)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.6 Interaction with Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CFU is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13873.

##### 6.8.6.1 Actions at the WTMI-detect PINX

On receipt of a wtmEnquiry return result APDU containing choice cfuActivated, the WTMI-detect PINX shall stop timer T1 and act as the Served User PINX for SS-CFU in accordance with 6.5.3 of ISO/IEC 13873.

The WTMI-detect PINX is responsible for clearing the call independent signalling connection towards the Home PINX. This may occur on receipt of a return result APDU. Alternatively, the signalling connection may be retained for other applications, if appropriate.

#### 6.8.7 Interaction with Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.8 Interaction with Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.9 Interaction with Call Deflection (SS-CD)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.10 Interaction with Path Replacement (ANF-PR)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.11 Interaction with Call Offer (SS-CO)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CO is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 14843.

#### 6.8.11.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX shall act as follows:

- include a callOfferRequest invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX;
- include a pathRetain invoke APDU with callOffer bit set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.8.12 Interaction with Call Intrusion (SS-CI)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CI is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 14846.

##### 6.8.12.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX shall act as follows:

- include a callIntrusionRequest invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX;
- include a pathRetain invoke APDU with bit ci-low, ci-medium or ci-high set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.8.13 Interaction with Do Not Disturb (SS-DND)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.14 Interaction with Do Not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-DNDO is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 14844.

##### 6.8.14.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX shall act as follows:

- include a doNotDisturbOverrideQ invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX;
- include a pathRetain invoke APDU with bit dndo-low, dndo-medium or dndo-high set to ONE in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.8.15 Interaction with Advice Of Charge (SS-AOC)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-AOC is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 15050.

##### 6.8.15.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX shall include a chargeRequest invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

#### 6.8.16 Interaction with Recall (SS-RE)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.17 Interaction with Call Interception (ANF-CINT)

No protocol interaction.

#### 6.8.18 Interaction with Transit Counter (ANF-TC)

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-TC is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 15056.

##### 6.8.18.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX may include a Transit counter information element in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX. The value of the transit count field shall be zero.

#### 6.8.19 Interaction with Route Restriction Class (ANF-RRC)

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-RRC is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13241.

**6.8.19.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX**

When executing ANF-WTMI, the Rerouting PINX shall include a routeRestrictionClass invoke APDU in the SETUP message to the Visitor PINX if this was included in the original SETUP message to the WTMI-detect PINX. The element rac shall be the Route Access Class of either the calling user or the WTMI user.

**6.8.19.2 Actions at the WTMI-detect PINX**

The WTMI-detect PINX may include a routeRestrictionClass invoke APDU, with element rac containing the Route Access Class of the WTMI user, together with the wtmDivert invoke APDU in the FACILITY message to the Rerouting PINX.

**6.8.19.3 Actions at the Home PINX**

The Home PINX may include a routeRestrictionClass invoke APDU, with element rac containing the Route Access Class of the WTMI user, together with the wtmEnquiry return result APDU in the message to the WTMI-detect PINX.

**6.8.20 Interaction with Message Waiting Indication (SS-MWI)**

The following interaction shall apply if SS-MWI is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 15506.

**6.8.20.1 Actions at the Rerouting PINX**

On receipt of a wtmDivert invoke APDU using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection which conveys a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU, the Rerouting PINX shall act in accordance with 6.5.1, except that basic call procedures are replaced by the corresponding procedures for call independent signalling connections as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 clause 7.3, and include the mwiActivate / mwiDeactivate invoke APDU in the SETUP message sent to the Visitor PINX.

**6.8.20.2 Actions at the WTMI-detect PINX**

On receipt of a SETUP message for a call independent signalling connection containing a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU the WTMI-detect PINX shall act in accordance with 6.5.2, except that basic call procedures are replaced by the corresponding procedures for call independent signalling connections as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 clause 7.3.

**6.8.20.3 Actions at the Home PINX**

On receipt of a FACILITY message using the call reference of a call independent signalling connection and containing a mwiActivate or mwiDeactivate invoke APDU, the Home PINX shall forward the mwiActivate / mwiDeactivate invoke APDU to the Visitor PINX, using a call independent signalling connection. The Home PINX shall also forward to the Message Centre PINX any mwiActivate / mwiDeactivate return result, return error or reject APDU subsequently returned by the Visitor PINX.

NOTE - Other actions, e.g. recording the status of SS-MWI for the WTMI user, are outside the scope of this International Standard.

**6.8.20.4 Actions at the Visitor PINX**

The Visitor PINX shall act as the SS-MWI Served User PINX for a visiting WTMI user which is also a served user of SS-MWI.

NOTE - A message waiting indication may be lost if the WTMI user moves or has moved to another location.

**6.8.21 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Location Registration (SS-WTLR)**

No protocol interaction.

**6.8.22 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Information (ANF-WTINFO)**

No protocol interaction.

**6.8.23 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Outgoing Call (ANF-WTMO)**

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-WTMO is supported in accordance with clause 7.

**6.8.23.1 Actions at the WTMI-detect PINX**

If a SETUP message contains a wtmCall invoke APDU then ANF-WTMI shall not be invoked on this call.

**6.8.24 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Authentication of the Terminal (SS-WTAT)**

No protocol interaction.

**6.8.25 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Authentication of the Network (SS-WTAN)**

No protocol interaction.

## 6.9 ANF-WTMI parameter values (timers)

### 6.9.1 Timer T1

Timer T1 operates at the WTMI-detect PINX during state WTMI-Detected. Its purpose is to protect against the absence of a response to the wtmEnquiry invoke APDU.

Timer T1 shall have a value not less than 15 s.

### 6.9.2 Timer T2

Timer T2 operates at the WTMI-detect PINX during state WTMI-Divert. Its purpose is to protect against the absence of a response to the wtmDivert invoke APDU.

Timer T2 shall have a value not less than 15 s.

## 7 Signalling protocol for the support of ANF-WTMO

### 7.1 ANF-WTMO description

ANF-WTMO permits the PISN to process call requests from a WTMO user at the home location, if required.

NOTE - Further actions that may be performed at the visited location - verification of the WTMO user's identity, local access to the service profile, local call processing - are outside the scope of this International Standard.

### 7.2 ANF-WTMO operational requirements

#### 7.2.1 Requirements on the Originating PINX

Call establishment procedures for the outgoing side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

#### 7.2.2 Requirements on the Home PINX

Call establishment procedures for the incoming and outgoing side of an inter-PINX link and call release procedures, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for an End PINX, shall apply.

#### 7.2.3 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Basic call procedures for call establishment and call clearing at a Transit PINX, as specified in ISO/IEC 11572, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ISO/IEC 11582 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

### 7.3 ANF-WTMO coding requirements

#### 7.3.1 Operations

The operation wtmCall defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in 6.3.1, table 1, shall apply.

#### 7.3.2 Information elements

##### 7.3.2.1 Facility information element

The operation defined in 7.3.1 shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ISO/IEC 11582.

The Facility information element shall always contain an NFE with the destinationEntity element having value endPINX.

A Facility information element conveying a wtmCall invoke APDU shall also contain an Interpretation APDU with value clearCallIfAnyInvokePduNotRecognised, if sent in a SETUP message. If sent in a FACILITY message, the Interpretation APDU shall either be omitted or included with value rejectAnyUnrecognisedInvokePdu.

##### 7.3.2.2 Other information elements

Any other information elements (e.g. Calling party number, Called party number) shall be coded in accordance with the rules of ISO/IEC 11572 and ISO/IEC 11582.

#### 7.3.3 Messages

The Facility information element shall be conveyed in the messages as specified in clause 10 of ISO/IEC 11582.

## 7.4 ANF-WTMO state definitions

### 7.4.1 States at the Originating PINX

The procedures for the Originating PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMO Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular WTMO Request.

#### 7.4.1.1 WTMO-Idle

ANF-WTMO is not operating.

### 7.4.2 States at the Home PINX

The procedures for the Home PINX are written in terms of the following conceptual states existing within the ANF-WTMO Supplementary Service Control entity in that PINX in association with a particular WTMO Request.

#### 7.4.2.1 WTMO-Idle

Ready for receipt of a wtmocall invoke APDU.

#### 7.4.2.2 WTMO-Await-Info

Further address information can be received in overlap mode.

## 7.5 ANF-WTMO signalling procedures

Examples of message sequences are shown in annex C.

### 7.5.1 Actions at the Originating PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Originating PINX is shown in D.5 of annex D.

#### 7.5.1.1 Normal procedures

If the Originating PINX decides to pass to the Home PINX for processing a call request that was initiated by the WTMO user, the Originating PINX shall send a SETUP message according to ISO/IEC 11572 to the Home PINX. The SETUP message shall contain a wtmocall invoke APDU, in the Calling party number information element the number of the WTMO user, and in the Called party number information element a number sufficient to route to the WTMO user's Home PINX. If (part of) the intended destination number is already available it shall be included in element destinationNumber of the invoke APDU's argument. If the destination number is complete, element sendingComplete may also be included in the argument.

NOTE - The number to be used in the Called party number information element is outside the scope of this International Standard. It could, for example, be the number of the WTMO user.

Subsequently, if the destination number sent in the SETUP message was not complete, additional address information from the WTMO user shall be included in the argument of wtmocall invoke APDUs, which shall be sent to the Home PINX in FACILITY messages, with the digit(s) encoded in element destinationNumber. The end of number information transmission may be indicated to the Home PINX by means of a sendingComplete element.

#### 7.5.1.2 Exceptional procedures

Not applicable.

### 7.5.2 Actions at the Home PINX

The SDL representation of procedures at the Home PINX is shown in D.6 of annex D.

#### 7.5.2.1 Normal procedures

If on receipt of a SETUP message with a wtmocall invoke APDU enough digits of the destination number are present in the argument of the APDU to select a route for call extension, the Home PINX shall initiate call establishment towards the intended destination in accordance with ISO/IEC 11572 and join the two call legs. If the destination number is not complete, the Home PINX shall enter state WTMO-Await-Info, optionally send a PROGRESS message with progress description number 8 to the Originating PINX to stop T310 at Transit PINXs, and start timer T3. Otherwise it shall remain in state WTMO-Idle.

NOTE - The only purpose of this progress description is to stop timer T310. It does not mean that in-band information is necessarily provided.

While in state WTMO-Await-Info, additional number information received as argument of wtmocall invoke APDUs in a FACILITY message shall be used to select a route for call extension or, if the call has already been extended, passed on to the Subsequent PINX in accordance with ISO/IEC 11572. If the Home PINX regards the number information complete it shall stop timer T3, initiate call establishment towards the intended destination in accordance with ISO/IEC 11572 if not already done, join the two call legs, and return to state WTMO-Idle. Otherwise it shall restart timer T3 and stay in state WTMO-Await-Info.

If a sendingComplete element is contained in a wtmoCall invoke APDU received while in state WTMO-Await-Info, the Home PINX shall process any number information present in the argument, stop timer T3, initiate call establishment towards the intended destination in accordance with ISO/IEC 11572 if not already done, join the two call legs, and return to state WTMO-Idle.

#### 7.5.2.2 Exceptional procedures

If timer T3 expires the Home PINX shall return to state WTMO-Idle and

- if the number information received so far is considered sufficient, initiate call establishment towards the intended destination in accordance with ISO/IEC 11572, if not already done, and join the two call legs;
- if the information is not sufficient to proceed, initiate call clearing with an appropriate cause value, e.g. #28 'invalid number format (address incomplete)'.

A wtmoCall invoke APDU received in a FACILITY message while in state WTMO-Idle shall be ignored.

#### 7.5.3 Actions at the Transit PINX

No special actions are required for ANF-WTMO.

#### 7.6 ANF-WTMO impact of interworking with public ISDNs

Not applicable.

#### 7.7 ANF-WTMO impact of interworking with non-ISDNs

Not applicable.

#### 7.8 Protocol interactions between ANF-WTMO and other supplementary services and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this International Standard. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this International Standard, see those other stage 3 standards.

NOTE 1 - Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

NOTE 2 - Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for ANF-WTMO and another supplementary service or ANF in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standard, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

NOTE 3 - The transmission of a Facility information element on one leg as a result of receiving a Facility information element on the other leg does not constitute a protocol interaction.

NOTE 4 - If the Home PINX acts as the Originating PINX with regards to supplementary services is outside the scope of this International Standard.

##### 7.8.1 Interaction with Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)

The following interaction shall apply if SS-CNIP is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13868.

###### 7.8.1.1 Actions at the Home PINX

The Home PINX may include a callingName invoke APDU in the SETUP message, indicating the name of the WTMO user.

##### 7.8.2 Interaction with Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)

No protocol interaction.

##### 7.8.3 Interaction with Call Completion to Busy Subscriber (SS-CCBS)

No protocol interaction.

##### 7.8.4 Interaction with Call Completion on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No protocol interaction.

##### 7.8.5 Interaction with Call Transfer (SS-CT)

No protocol interaction.

##### 7.8.6 Interaction with Call Diversion (SS-CFU, SS-CFB, SS-CFNR, SS-CD)

The following interaction shall apply if call diversion is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13873.

**7.8.6.1 Actions at the Home PINX**

On receipt of a callRerouting invoke APDU the Home PINX may act as the Rerouting PINX.

**7.8.7 Interaction with Path Replacement (ANF-PR)**

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-PR is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13874.

**7.8.7.1 Actions at the Home PINX**

The Home PINX may act as the Cooperating PINX when receiving a prPropose invoke APDU from either side.

**7.8.8 Interaction with Call Offer (SS-CO)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.9 Interaction with Call Intrusion (SS-CI)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.10 Interaction with Do Not Disturb (SS-DND)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.11 Interaction with Do Not Disturb Override (SS-DNDO)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.12 Interaction with Advice of Charge (SS-AOC)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.13 Interaction with Recall (SS-RE)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.14 Interaction with Call Interception (ANF-CINT)**

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-CINT is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 15054.

**7.8.14.1 Actions at the Home PINX**

The Home PINX may act as Intercepting PINX.

**7.8.15 Interaction with Transit Counter (ANF-TC)**

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-TC is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 15056.

**7.8.15.1 Actions at the Home PINX**

When executing ANF-WTMO, the Home PINX may include a Transit counter information element in the SETUP message.

**7.8.16 Interaction with Route Restriction Class (ANF-RRC)**

The following interaction shall apply if ANF-RRC is supported in accordance with ISO/IEC 13241.

**7.8.16.1 Actions at the Home PINX**

When executing ANF-WTMO, the Home PINX may include a routeRestrictionClass invoke APDU in the SETUP message, indicating the Route Access Class of the WTMO user.

**7.8.17 Interaction with Message Waiting Indication (SS-MWI)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.18 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Location Registration (SS-WTLR)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.19 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Information (ANF-WTINFO)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.20 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Incoming Call (ANF-WTMI)**

This interaction is specified in 6.8.23.1.

**7.8.21 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Authentication of the Terminal (SS-WTAT)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.8.22 Interaction with Wireless Terminal Authentication of the Network (SS-WTAN)**

No protocol interaction.

**7.9 Parameter values (timers)**

**7.9.1 Timers at the Originating PINX**

None.

**7.9.2 Timers at the Home PINX**

**T3 Information receiving**

This timer is started on receipt of the first wtmoCall invoke APDU with incomplete number information, restarted on receipt of a further wtmoCall invoke APDU with incomplete number information, and stopped when a wtmoCall invoke APDU containing final number information or an element sendingComplete is received.

On expiry of timer T3 the call is either cleared or proceeds as normal basic call.

The value of timer T3 should be in the range 14 - 16 seconds.

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**Annex A**  
(normative)

**Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma**

**A.1 Introduction**

The supplier of a protocol implementation which is claimed to conform to this International Standard shall complete the following Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma.

A completed PICS proforma is the PICS for the implementation in question. The PICS is a statement of which capabilities and options of the protocol have been implemented. The PICS can have a number of uses, including use:

- by the protocol implementor, as a check list to reduce the risk of failure to conform to the standard through oversight;
- by the supplier and acquirer, or potential acquirer, of the implementation, as a detailed indication of the capabilities of the implementation, stated relative to the common basis for understanding provided by the Standard's PICS proforma;
- by the user or potential user of the implementation, as a basis for initially checking the possibility of interworking with another implementation - while interworking can never be guaranteed, failure to interwork can often be predicted from incompatible PICS's.
- by a protocol tester, as the basis for selecting appropriate tests against which to assess the claim for conformance of the implementation.

**A.2 Instructions for completing the PICS proforma**

**A.2.1 General structure of the PICS proforma**

The PICS proforma is a fixed format questionnaire divided into subclauses each containing a group of individual items. Each item is identified by an item number, the name of the item (question to be answered), and the reference(s) to the clause(s) specifying the item in the main body of this International Standard.

The "Status" column indicates whether an item is applicable and if so whether support is mandatory or optional. The following terms are used:

- m mandatory (the capability is required for conformance to the protocol);
- o optional (the capability is not required for conformance to the protocol, but if the capability is implemented it is required to conform to the protocol specifications);
- o.<n> optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labelled by the same numeral <n> is required;
- x prohibited;
- c.<cond> conditional requirement, depending on support for the item or items listed in condition <cond>;
- <item>.m simple conditional requirement, the capability being mandatory if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable;
- <item>.o simple conditional requirement, the capability being optional if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable.

Answers to the questionnaire items are to be provided either in the "Support" column, by simply marking an answer to indicate a restricted choice (Yes or No), or in the "Not Applicable" column (N/A).

### A.2.2 Additional information

Items of Additional information allow a supplier to provide further information intended to assist the interpretation of the PICS. It is not intended or expected that a large quantity will be supplied, and a PICS can be considered complete without any such information. Examples might be an outline of the ways in which a (single) implementation can be set up to operate in a variety of environments and configurations.

References to items of Additional information may be entered next to any answer in the questionnaire, and may be included in items of Exception information.

### A.2.3 Exception information

It may occasionally happen that a supplier will wish to answer an item with mandatory or prohibited status (after any conditions have been applied) in a way that conflicts with the indicated requirement. No pre-printed answer will be found in the Support column for this. Instead, the supplier is required to write into the Support column an x.<i> reference to an item of Exception information, and to provide the appropriate rationale in the Exception item itself.

An implementation for which an Exception item is required in this way does not conform to this International Standard. A possible reason for the situation described above is that a defect in the Standard has been reported, a correction for which is expected to change the requirement not met by the implementation.

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**A.3 PICS proforma for ANF-WTMI****A.3.1 Implementation identification**

Supplier	
Contact point for queries about the PICS	
Implementation Name(s) and Version(s)	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g., name(s) and version(s) for machines and/or operating systems; system name(s)	

Only the first three items are required for all implementations; other information may be completed as appropriate in meeting the requirement for full identification.

The terms Name and Version should be interpreted appropriately to correspond with a supplier's terminology (e.g., Type, Series, Model).

**A.3.2 Protocol summary**

Protocol Version	1.0
Addenda Implemented (if applicable)	
Amendments Implemented	
Have any exception items been required (see A.2.3) ?	No [ ] Yes [ ]  (The answer YES means that the implementation does not conform to this International Standard)
Date of Statement	

## A.3.3 General

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
A1	Support of ANF-WTMI, call rerouteing		o.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A2	Support of ANF-WTMI, forward switching		o.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A3	Behaviour as WTMI-detect PINX		o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A4	Behaviour as Home PINX for ANF-WTMI		o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A5	Behaviour as Visitor PINX for ANF-WTMI		o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A6	Behaviour as Originating PINX for ANF-WTMI		o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A7	Behaviour as Incoming Gateway PINX		o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A8	Behaviour as Rerouteing PINX		c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
A9	Support of relevant procedures of ISO/IEC 11572 and ISO/IEC 11582	6.2	m		Yes [ ]

c1: if (A1 and (A6 or A7)) or (A2 and A3) then mandatory else N/A

## A.3.4 Procedures

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
B1	Signalling procedures at a Rerouteing PINX	6.5.1	A8:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
B2	Signalling procedures at a WTMI-detect PINX	6.5.2	A3:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
B3	Signalling procedures at a Home PINX	6.5.3.1 6.5.3.2	A4:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
B4	Signalling procedures at a Visitor PINX	6.5.4	A5:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
B5	Additional procedures at a Home PINX for Call Forwarding Unconditional	6.5.3.3	A4:o	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

### A.3.5 Coding

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
C1	Receipt of wtmIDivert invoke APDU and sending of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C2	Sending of wtmIInform invoke APDU	6.3	A8:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C3	Sending of wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU and receipt of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A3:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C4	Sending of wtmIDivert invoke APDU and receipt of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	c.2	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C5	Receipt of wtmIEnquiry invoke APDU and sending of return result and return error APDUs	6.3	A4:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C6	Receipt of wtmIInform invoke APDU	6.3	A5:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if A1 and A8 then mandatory else N/A

c.2: if A1 and A3 then mandatory else N/A

### A.3.6 Timers

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
D1	Support of Timer T1	6.9.1	A3:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ] Value [ . . . ]
D2	Support of Timer T2	6.9.2	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ] Value [ . . . ]

c.1: if A1 and A3 then mandatory else N/A

### A.3.7 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-CNIP

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
E1	Support of SS-CNIP	ISO/IEC 13868	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
E2	Interactions at Rerouting PINX	6.8.1.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if E1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

### A.3.8 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-CFU

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
F1	Support of SS-CFU	ISO/IEC 13873	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
F2	Interactions at WTMI-detect PINX	6.8.6.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if F1 and A3 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.9 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-CO**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
G1	Support of SS-CO	ISO/IEC 14843	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
G2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.11.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if G1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.10 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-CI**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
H1	Support of SS-CI	ISO/IEC 14846	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
H2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.12.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if H1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.11 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-DNDO**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
I1	Support of SS-DNDO	ISO/IEC 14844	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
I2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.14.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if I1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.12 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-AOC**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
J1	Support of SS-AOC	ISO/IEC 15050	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
J2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.15.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if J1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.13 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and ANF-TC**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
K1	Support of ANF-TC	ISO/IEC 15056	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
K2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.18.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if K1 and A8 then optional, else N/A

**A.3.14 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and ANF-RRC**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
L1	Support of ANF-RRC	ISO/IEC 13241	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
L2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.19.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
L3	Interactions at WTMI-detect PINX	6.8.19.2	c.2	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]
L4	Interactions at Home PINX	6.8.19.3	c.3	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if L1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

c.2: if L1 and A3 then optional, else N/A

c.3: if L1 and A4 then optional, else N/A

**A.3.15 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and SS-MWI**

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
M1	Support of SS-MWI	ISO/IEC 15506	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
M2	Interactions at Rerouteing PINX	6.8.20.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
M3	Interactions at WTMI-detect PINX	6.8.20.2	c.2	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
M4	Interactions at Home PINX	6.8.20.3	c.3	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
M5	Interactions at Visitor PINX	6.8.20.4	c.4	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if M1 and A8 then mandatory, else N/A

c.2: if M1 and A3 then mandatory, else N/A

c.3: if M1 and A4 then mandatory, else N/A

c.4: if M1 and A5 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.3.16 Interactions between ANF-WTMI and ANF-WTMO**

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
N1	Support of ANF-WTMO	7	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
N2	Interactions at WTMI-detect PINX	6.8.23.1	c.1	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

c.1: if M1 and A3 then mandatory, else N/A

**A.4 PICS proforma for ANF-WTMO**

**A.4.1 Implementation identification**

Supplier	
Contact point for queries about the PICS	
Implementation Name(s) and Version(s)	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g., name(s) and version(s) for machines and/or operating systems; system name(s)	

Only the first three items are required for all implementations; other information may be completed as appropriate in meeting the requirement for full identification.

The terms Name and Version should be interpreted appropriately to correspond with a supplier's terminology (e.g., Type, Series, Model).

**A.4.2 Protocol summary**

Protocol Version	1.0
Addenda Implemented (if applicable)	
Amendments Implemented	
Have any exception items been required (see A.2.3) ?	No [ ] Yes [ ] (The answer YES means that the implementation does not conform to this International Standard)

Date of Statement	
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#### A.4.3 General

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
A1	Behaviour as Originating PINX for ANF-WTMO		o.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A2	Behaviour as Home PINX for ANF-WTMO		o.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A3	Support of relevant procedures of ISO/IEC 11572 and ISO/IEC 11582	7.2	m		Yes [ ]

#### A.4.4 Procedures

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
B1	WTMO procedures at Originating PINX	7.5.1	A1:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
B2	WTMO procedures at Home PINX	7.5.2	A2:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

#### A.4.5 Coding

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
C1	Sending of wtmoCall invoke APDU	7.3.1	A1:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]
C2	Receipt of wtmoCall invoke APDU	7.3.1	A2:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ]

#### A.4.6 Timers

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
D1	Support of timer T3	7.9.2	A2:m	[ ]	m: Yes [ ] Value: .....

#### A.4.7 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and SS-CNIP

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
E1	Support of SS-CNIP	ISO/IEC 13868	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
E2	Interactions at Home PINX	7.8.1.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if E1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

#### A.4.8 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and Call Diversion

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
F1	Support of SS-CFU/CFB/CFNR/CD	ISO/IEC 13873	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
F2	Home PINX acts as Rerouting PINX	7.8.6.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if F1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

**A.4.9 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and ANF-PR**

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
G1	Support of ANF-PR	ISO/IEC 13874	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
G2	Home PINX acts as Cooperating PINX	7.8.7.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if G1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

**A.4.10 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and ANF-CINT**

Item	Question / feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
H1	Support of ANF-CINT	ISO/IEC 15054	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
H2	Home PINX acts as Intercepting PINX	7.8.14.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if H1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

**A.4.11 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and ANF-TC**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
I1	Support of ANF-TC	ISO/IEC 15056	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
I2	Interactions at Home PINX	7.8.15.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if I1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

**A.4.12 Interactions between ANF-WTMO and ANF-RRC**

Item	Question/feature	References	Status	N/A	Support
J1	Support of ANF-RRC	ISO/IEC 13241	o		Yes [ ] No [ ]
J2	Interactions at Home PINX	7.8.16.1	c.1	[ ]	o: Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if J1 and A2 then optional, else N/A

**Annex B**  
(informative)

**Imported ASN.1 definitions**

The content of this annex has been deleted to remove duplicate ASN.1 definitions defined elsewhere.

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**Annex C**  
(informative)

**Examples of Message Sequences**

This annex describes some typical message flows for ANF-WTMI and ANF-WTMO. The following conventions are used in the figures of this annex:

1. The following notation is used:

—————→	Basic call message containing ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO information
—————→	Basic call message without ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO information
- - - - -→	Call independent signalling connection message containing ANF-WTMI information
- - - - -→	Call independent signalling connection message without ANF-WTMI information
xxx.inv	Invoke APDU for operation xxx
xxx.res	Return result APDU for operation xxx
xxx.err	Return error APDU for operation xxx

2. The figures show messages exchanged via Protocol Control between PINXs involved in ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO. Only messages relevant to ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO are shown.
3. Only the relevant information content (e.g. remote operation APDUs, notifications, information elements) is listed below each message name. The Facility information elements containing remote operation APDUs are not explicitly shown. Information with no impact on ANF-WTMI / ANF-WTMO is not shown.

### C.1 Example message sequences for normal operation of ANF-WTMI

Figure C.1 shows an example of normal operation of ANF-WTMI.

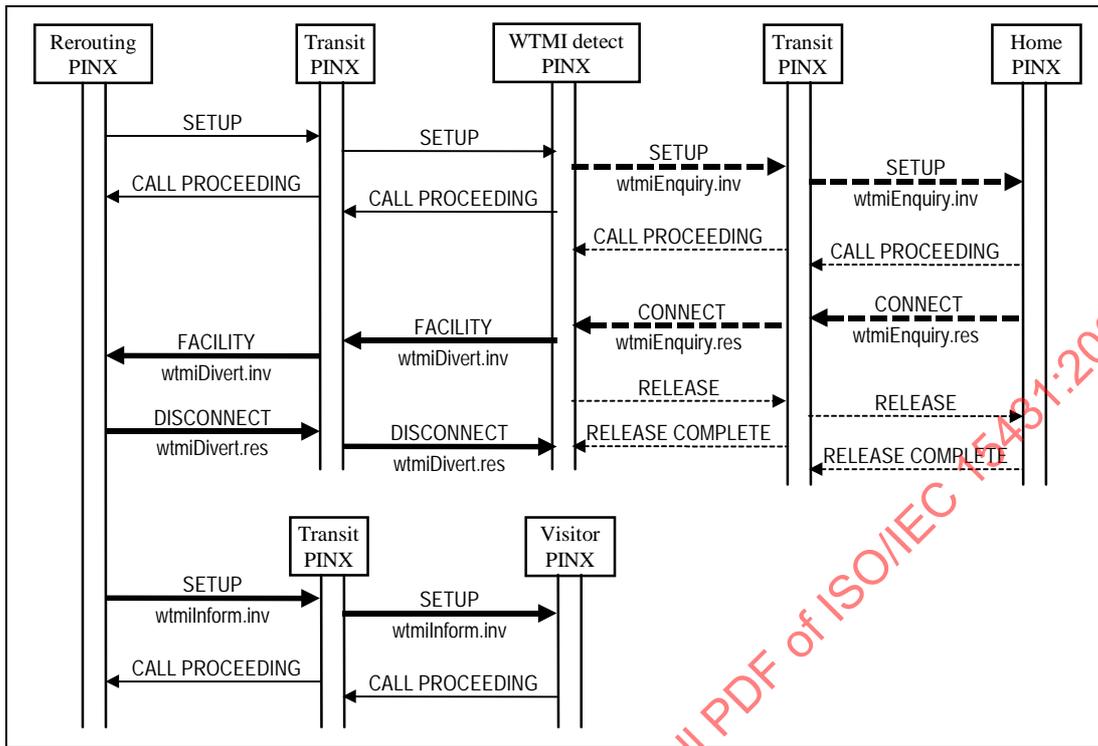


Figure C.1 - Example of normal operation of ANF-WTMI

Figure C.2 shows an example of ANF-WTMI when the Rerouting fails and the WTMI-detect PINX performs forward switching to the Visitor PINX.

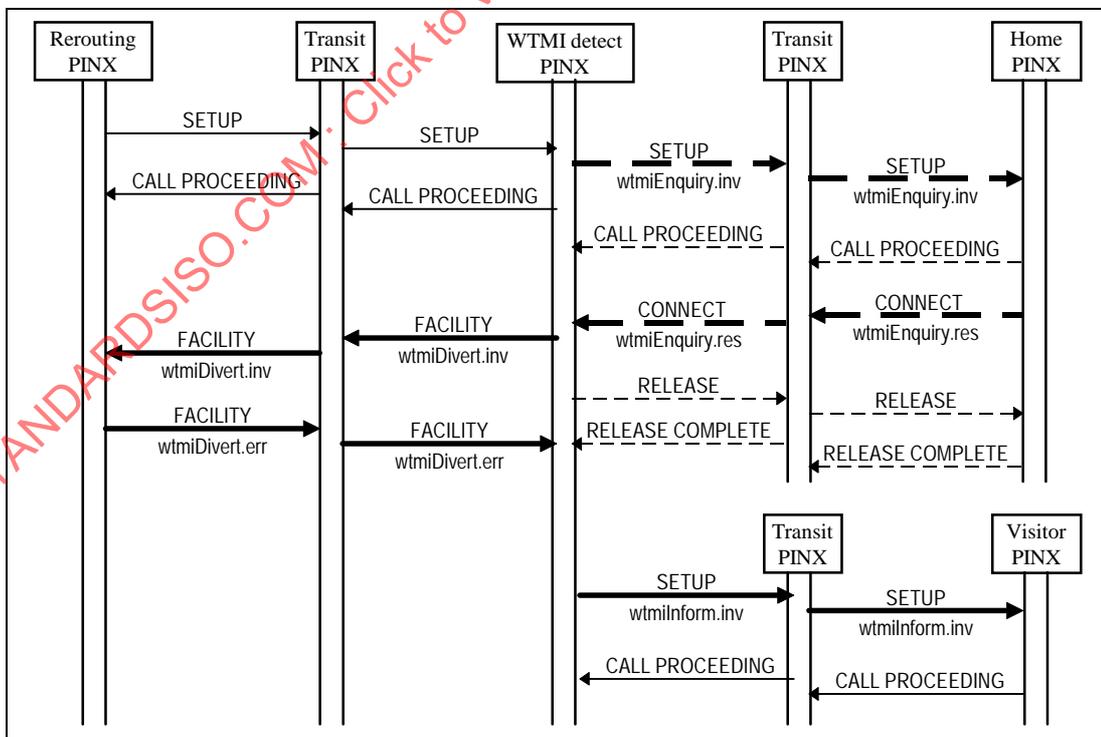
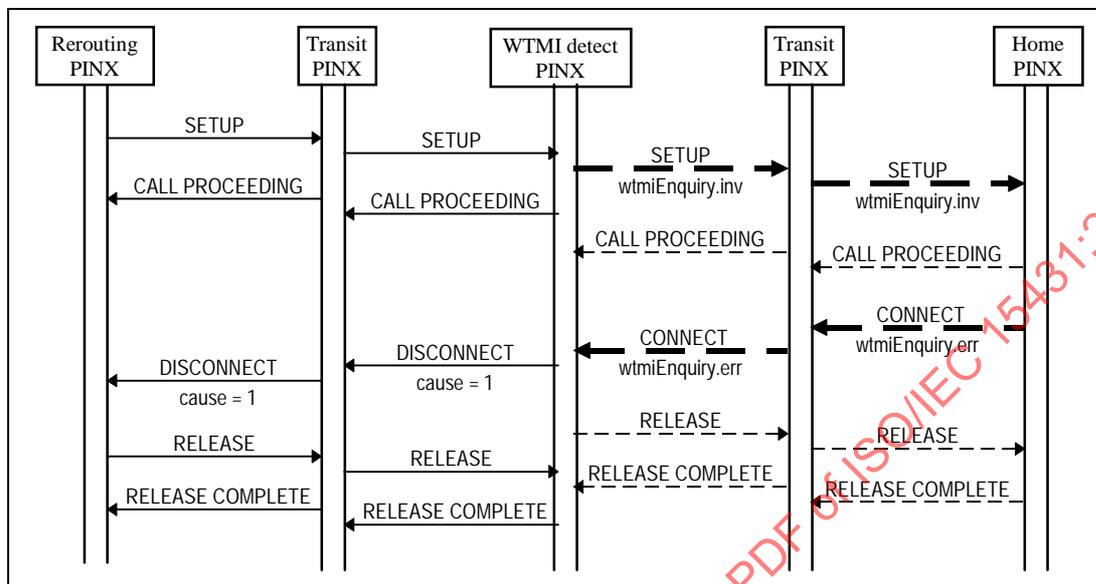


Figure C.2 - Example of forward switching by the WTMI-detect PINX

**C.2 Examples of unsuccessful operation of ANF-WTMI**

**C.2.1 WTMI user unknown in Home PINX**

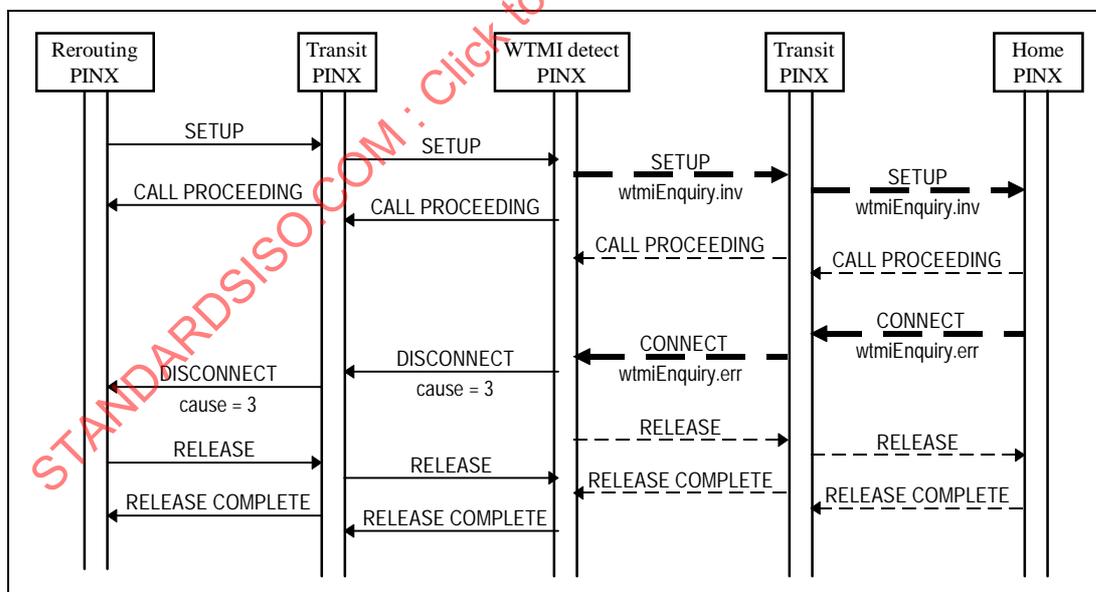
Figure C.3 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-WTMI due to WTMI user unknown.



**Figure C.3 - Example of ANF-WTMI failure due to WTMI user unknown**

**C.2.2 WTMI user's location not known in Home PINX**

Figure C.4 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-WTMI due to WTMI user's location not known.



**Figure C.4 - Example of ANF-WTMI failure due to WTMI user's location not known**

### C.2.3 Collision with location update detected by Visitor PINX

Figure C.5 shows an example of unsuccessful operation of ANF-WTMI due to collision with location update.

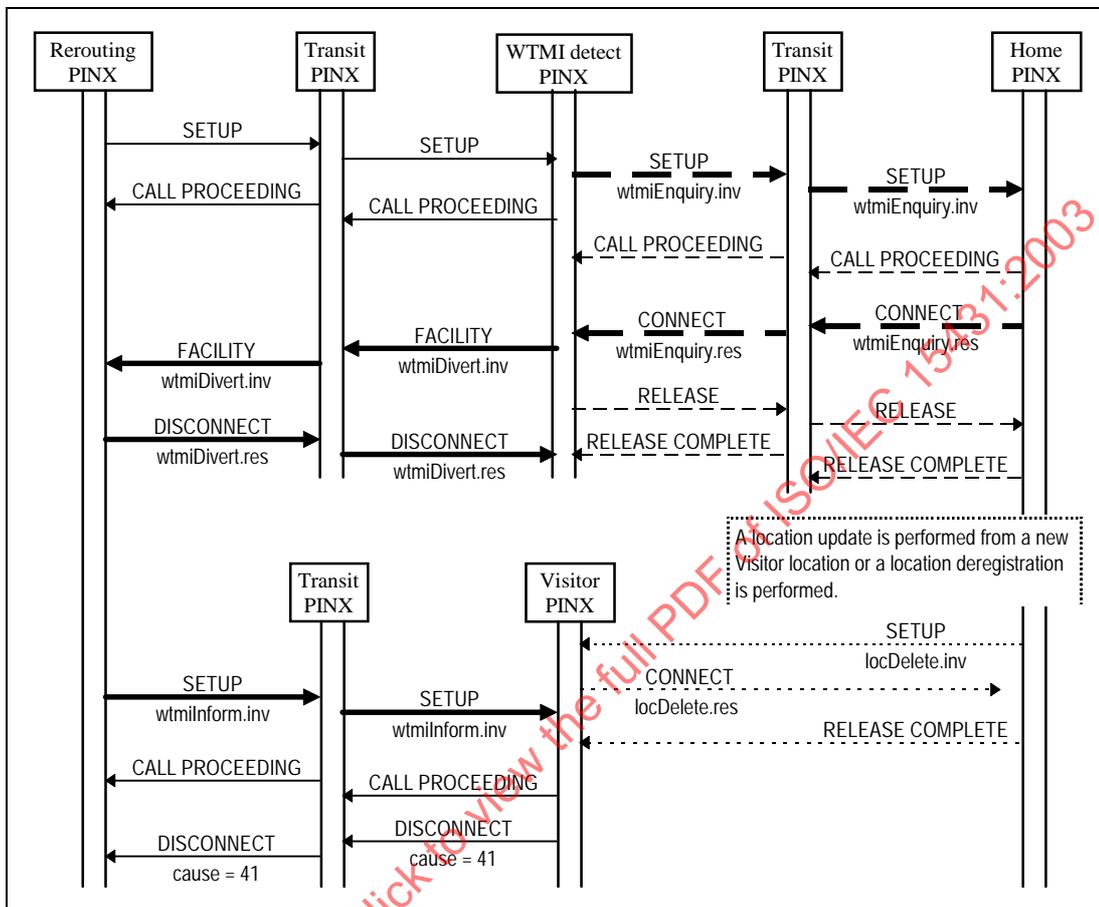
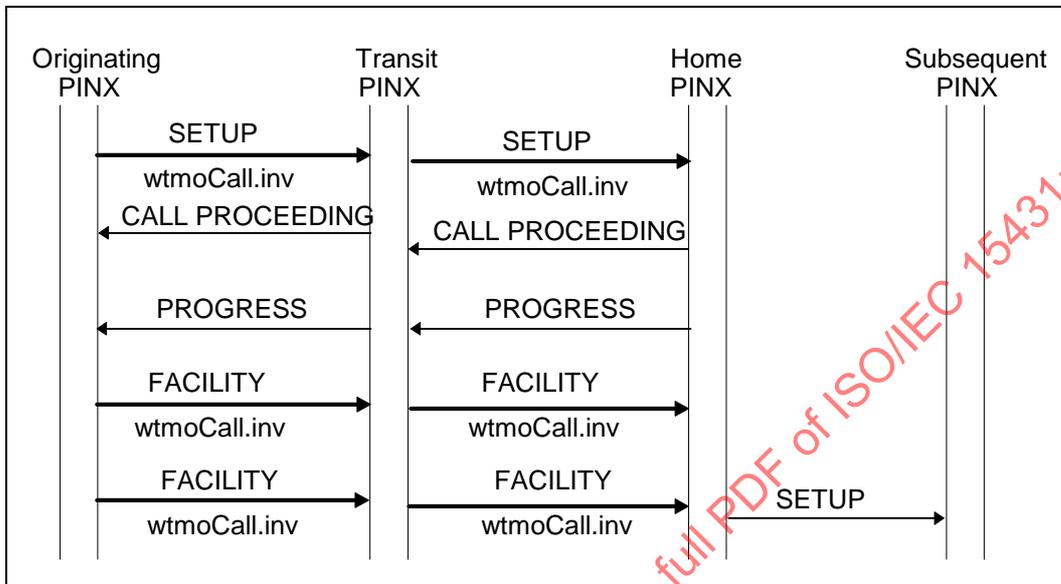


Figure C.5 - Example of ANF-WTMI failure due to collision with location update

**C.3 Successful invocation of ANF-WTMO**

**C.3.1 With overlap operation**

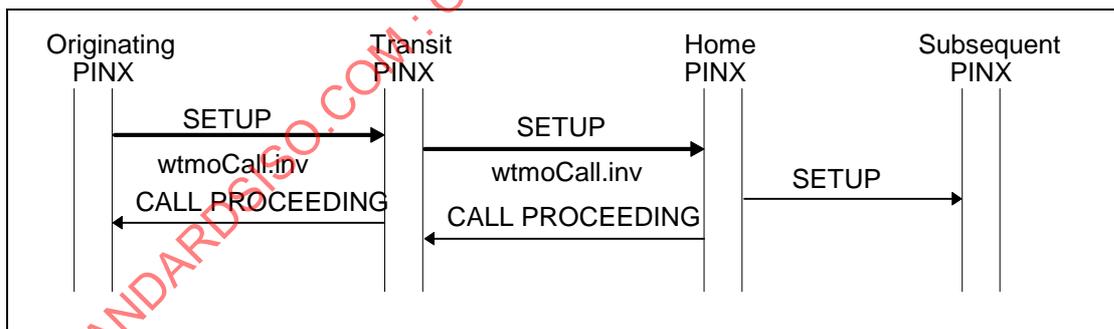
Figure C.6 shows an example of the invocation of ANF-WTMO where the destination number is sent in pieces.



**Figure C.6 - Successful invocation of ANF-WTMO with overlap operation**

**C.3.2 With en-bloc operation**

Figure C.7 shows an example of the invocation of ANF-WTMO where the whole destination number is sent in the first message.



**Figure C.7 - Successful invocation of ANF-WTMO with en-bloc operation**