

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO/IEC
10164-16

First edition
1997-05-15

**Information technology — Open Systems
Interconnection — Systems Management:
Management knowledge management
function**

*Technologies de l'information — Interconnexion de systèmes
ouverts (OSI) — Gestion systèmes: Fonction de gestion de connaissance
de gestion*

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997



Reference number
ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997(E)

Contents

	<i>Page</i>
1 Scope.....	1
2 Normative references	1
2.1 Identical ITU-T Recommendations International Standards.....	2
2.2 Paired ITU-T Recommendations International Standards equivalent in technical content.....	3
2.3 Additional references	3
3 Definitions.....	3
3.1 Basic reference model definitions.....	4
3.2 Application layer structure definitions.....	4
3.3 OSI conformance testing definitions.....	4
3.4 Directory definitions	4
3.5 Management framework definitions	5
3.6 Systems management overview definitions	5
3.7 CMIS definitions.....	5
3.8 Management information model definitions.....	5
3.9 Guidelines for the definition of managed objects definitions	6
3.10 Requirements and guidelines for ICS proformas associated with OSI management definitions.....	6
3.11 General relationship model definitions	6
3.12 Additional definitions	6
4 Abbreviations	6
5 Conventions	7
6 Requirements.....	8
6.1 Managed object class knowledge.....	8
6.2 Managed object class instance knowledge.....	9
6.3 Relationship knowledge.....	9
6.4 MIS-user knowledge.....	9
6.5 Management information definition knowledge.....	9
7 Model.....	9
7.1 Management knowledge managed objects.....	10
7.2 Management knowledge Directory objects.....	11
7.3 Relationship between management knowledge requirements and model.....	17
8 Generic definitions	18
8.1 Managed objects	18
8.2 Name bindings	22
8.3 Actions	23

© ISO/IEC 1997

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

ISO/IEC Copyright Office • Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

8.4	Compliance	24
8.5	Generic definitions from the Object management function	24
8.6	Directory objects	24
9	Service definition	26
9.1	Introduction	26
9.2	Management knowledge managed objects	27
9.3	Notification services	27
9.4	Action services	27
9.5	Directory services	28
10	Systems management functional units	28
11	Protocol and abstract syntax	29
11.1	Abstract syntax	29
11.2	Get textual representation elements of procedure	33
11.3	Management information tree search elements of procedure	35
11.4	Negotiation of functional units	36
11.5	CMIP features	36
12	Relationships with other functions and the Directory	36
13	Conformance	36
13.1	Static conformance	36
13.2	Dynamic conformance	37
13.3	Management implementation conformance statement requirements	37
Annex A	– Management knowledge managed objects	38
A.1	Allocation of object identifiers	38
A.2	Repertoire managed object definitions	38
A.3	Definition managed object definitions	41
A.4	Discovery managed object definitions	51
Annex B	– Management knowledge Directory objects	53
B.1	Repertoire Directory object definitions	53
B.2	Definition Directory object definitions	54
Annex C	– MCS proforma	60
C.1	Introduction	60
C.2	Identification of the implementation	61
C.3	Identification of the documents in which the management information is defined	62
C.4	Management conformance summary	62
Annex D	– MICS proforma	67
D.1	Introduction	67
D.2	Instructions for completing the MICS proforma to produce an MICS	67
D.3	Statement of conformance to the management information	67
Annex E	– MOCS proforma	71
E.1	Introduction	71
E.2	Instructions for completing the MOCS proforma to produce an MOCS	71
E.3	Statements of conformance to the managed object classes	71
Annex F	– MRCS proforma	101
F.1	Introduction	101
F.2	Instructions for completing the MRCS proforma for name binding to produce an MRCS	101
F.3	Statement of conformance to the name binding	101
Annex G	– Guidelines for use of management knowledge objects	103
Annex H	– Access options for the definition knowledge directory tree	104

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 10164-16 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 21, *Open systems interconnection, data management and open distributed processing*, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Recommendation X.750.

ISO/IEC 10164 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Systems Management*:

- *Part 1: Object Management Function*
- *Part 2: State Management Function*
- *Part 3: Attributes for representing relationships*
- *Part 4: Alarm reporting function*
- *Part 5: Event Report Management Function*
- *Part 6: Log control function*
- *Part 7: Security alarm reporting function*
- *Part 8: Security audit trail function*
- *Part 9: Objects and attributes for access control*
- *Part 10: Usage metering function for accounting purposes*
- *Part 11: Metric objects and attributes*
- *Part 12: Test Management Function*
- *Part 13: Summarization Function*
- *Part 14: Confidence and diagnostic test categories*
- *Part 15: Scheduling function*
- *Part 16: Management knowledge management function*
- *Part 17: Change over function*
- *Part 18: Software management function*

- *Part 19: Management domain and management policy management functions*
- *Part 20: Time management function*
- *Part 21: Command sequencer*
- *Part 22: Response time monitoring function*

Annexes A to F form an integral part of this part of ISO/IEC 10164. Annexes G and H are for information only.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

This page intentionally left blank

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – OPEN SYSTEMS INTERCONNECTION –
SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT: MANAGEMENT KNOWLEDGE
MANAGEMENT FUNCTION**

1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard defines the Management knowledge management function. The Management knowledge management function is a Systems Management function which may be used by an application process in a centralized or decentralized management environment to interact for the purpose of systems management, as defined by the OSI Management framework, CCITT Rec. X.700 and ISO/IEC 7498-4. This Recommendation | International Standard defines a function which consists of generic definitions and services. This function is positioned in the application layer of the OSI reference model, ITU-T Rec. X.200 | ISO/IEC 7498-1, and is defined according to the model provided by ITU-T Rec. X.207 | ISO/IEC 9545. The role of systems management functions is described by CCITT Rec. X.701 | ISO/IEC 10040.

This Recommendation | International Standard:

- identifies the set of requirements satisfied by the function;
- provides a model for the behaviour of management knowledge objects;
- specifies the management requirements of the function and how these are realized by specification of managed objects and their behaviour or by specification of Directory objects;
- specifies the mapping of these services onto the CMIS services;
- specifies the abstract syntax of the parameters of the MAPDUs that will be used to refer to managed objects and their characteristics.

This Recommendation | International Standard does not:

- define the nature of any implementation intended to provide the Management knowledge management function;
- specify the manner in which management is to be accomplished by the user of the Management knowledge management function;
- define the nature of any interactions which result in the use of the Management knowledge management function;
- specify the services necessary for the establishment, normal and abnormal release of a management association;
- define the interactions which result by the simultaneous use of several management functions;
- define connection establishment or authorization requirements for the use of these functions or for any associated activity;
- preclude the definition of further management knowledge object classes.

2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

2.1 Identical ITU-T Recommendations | International Standards

- ITU-T Recommendation X.200 (1994) | ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.207 (1993) | ISO/IEC 9545:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Application Layer structure.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.210 (1993) | ISO/IEC 10731:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.217 (1995) | ISO/IEC 8649:1996 *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Service definition for the Association Control Service Element.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.501 (1993) | ISO/IEC 9594-2:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.511 (1993) | ISO/IEC 9594-3:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Abstract service definition.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.520 (1993) | ISO/IEC 9594-6:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected attribute types.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.521 (1993) | ISO/IEC 9594-7:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected object classes.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (1994) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:1995, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.681 (1994) | ISO/IEC 8824-2:1995, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.682 (1994) | ISO/IEC 8824-3:1995, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Constraint specification.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.683 (1994) | ISO/IEC 8824-4:1995, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.690 (1994) | ISO/IEC 8825-1:1995, *Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER).*
- CCITT Recommendation X.701 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10040:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems management overview.*
- CCITT Recommendation X.720 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-1:1993, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Management Information Model.*
- CCITT Recommendation X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Definition of management information.*
- CCITT Recommendation X.722 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-4:1992, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Guidelines for the definition of managed objects.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.724 (1993) | ISO/IEC 10165-6:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: Requirements and guidelines for implementation conformance statement proformas associated with OSI management.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.725 (1995) | ISO/IEC 10165-7:1996, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Structure of management information: General relationship model.*
- CCITT Recommendation X.730 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10164-1:1993, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems Management: Object Management Function.*
- CCITT Recommendation X.735 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10164-6:1993, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems Management: Log control function.*
- ITU-T Recommendation X.741 (1995) | ISO/IEC 10164-9:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Systems Management: Objects and attributes for access control.*

2.2 Paired ITU-T Recommendations | International Standards equivalent in technical content

- CCITT Recommendation X.208 (1988), *Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
ISO/IEC 8824:1990, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.209 (1988), *Specification of basic encoding rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
ISO/IEC 8825:1990, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Specification of Basic Encoding Rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.290 (1992), *OSI Conformance testing methodology and framework for protocol Recommendations for CCITT applications – General concepts*.
ISO/IEC 9646-1:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Conformance testing methodology and framework – Part 1: General concepts*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.291 (1992), *OSI Conformance testing methodology and framework for protocol Recommendations for CCITT applications – Abstract test suite specification*.
ISO/IEC 9646-2:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Conformance testing methodology and framework – Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification*.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.296 (1995), *OSI conformance testing methodology and framework for protocol Recommendations for ITU-T applications – Implementation conformance statements*.
ISO/IEC 9646-7:1995, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Conformance testing methodology and framework – Part 7: Implementation Conformance Statements*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.700 (1992), *Management framework definition for Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) for CCITT applications*.
ISO/IEC 7498-4:1989, *Information processing systems – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Part 4: Management framework*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.710 (1991), *Common management information service definition for CCITT applications*.
ISO/IEC 9595:1991, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Common management information service definition*.
- CCITT Recommendation X.711 (1991), *Common management information protocol specification for CCITT applications*.
ISO/IEC 9596-1:1991, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Common management information protocol – Part 1: Specification*.

2.3 Additional references

- ISO/IEC ISP 11183-1:1992, *Information technology – International Standardized Profiles AOM1n OSI Management – Management Communications – Part 1: Specification of ACSE, presentation and session protocols for the use by ROSE and CMISE*.
- ISO/IEC ISP 11183-2:1992, *Information technology – International Standardized Profiles AOM1n OSI Management – Management Communications – Part 2: CMISE/ROSE for AOM12 – Enhanced Management Communications*.
- ISO/IEC ISP 11183-3:1992, *Information technology – International Standardized Profiles AOM1n OSI Management – Management Communications – Part 3: CMISE/ROSE for AOM11 – Basic Management Communications*.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard the following definitions apply.

3.1 Basic reference model definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in ITU-T Rec. X.200 | ISO/IEC 7498-1:

- a) open system;
- b) (N)-protocol data unit;
- c) systems management;
- d) systems management application entity.

3.2 Application layer structure definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in ITU-T Rec. X.207 | ISO/IEC 9545:

- application service element.

3.3 OSI conformance testing definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in CCITT Rec. X.290 and ISO/IEC 9646-1 and ITU-T Rec. X.296 and ISO/IEC 9646-7:

- a) ICS proforma;
- b) implementation conformance statement;
- c) PICS proforma;
- d) protocol implementation conformance statement.

3.4 Directory definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2:

- a) alias entry;
- b) attribute;
- c) auxiliary object class;
- d) Directory entry;
- e) Directory information tree;
- f) Directory name;
- g) Directory object class;
- h) Directory system agent;
- i) Directory user agent;
- j) distinguished name;
- k) DIT content rule;
- l) relative distinguished name;
- m) structural object class;
- n) subordinate;
- o) superior;
- p) the Directory.

NOTE – The terms "attribute", "distinguished name", "relative distinguished name", "subordinate" and "superior" are defined in both ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2 and either CCITT Rec. X.710 and ISO/IEC 9595 or CCITT Rec. X.720 | ISO/IEC 10165-1 because of similarities between the Directory model and the Management information model. However, the uses of these terms in the two models are not identical in all details. The context of use, a Directory object or a managed object, identifies the appropriate definition.

3.5 Management framework definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in CCITT Rec. X.700 and ISO/IEC 7498-4:

- managed object.

3.6 Systems management overview definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in CCITT Rec. X.701 | ISO/IEC 10040:

- a) agent;
- b) agent role;
- c) generic definitions;
- d) managed system;
- e) managed object conformance statement;
- f) management information;
- g) management information conformance statement;
- h) management operation;
- i) manager;
- j) manager role;
- k) managing system;
- l) MICS proforma;
- m) MIS-user;
- n) MOCS proforma;
- o) notification;
- p) notification type;
- q) systems management application service element;
- r) systems management functional unit.

3.7 CMIS definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in CCITT Rec. X.710 and ISO/IEC 9595:

- a) attribute;
- b) common management information service element;
- c) common management information service(s);
- d) set-valued (attribute).

3.8 Management information model definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in CCITT Rec. X.720 | ISO/IEC 10165-1:

- a) action;
- b) actual class;
- c) allomorphic class;
- d) attribute group;
- e) attribute identifier;
- f) attribute type;
- g) behaviour;
- h) characteristic;

- i) conditional package;
- j) containment;
- k) distinguished name;
- l) instantiation;
- m) mandatory package;
- n) name binding;
- o) naming tree;
- p) package;
- q) parameter;
- r) relative distinguished name;
- s) specialization;
- t) subclass;
- u) superclass;
- v) subordinate (object);
- w) superior (object).

3.9 Guidelines for the definition of managed objects definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following terms defined in CCITT Rec. X.722 | ISO/IEC 10165-4:

- a) managed object class definition;
- b) template.

3.10 Requirements and guidelines for ICS proformas associated with OSI management definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6:

- a) managed relationship conformance statement;
- b) management conformance summary;
- c) MCS proforma;
- d) MRCS proforma.

3.11 General relationship model definitions

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following term defined in ITU-T Rec. X.725 | ISO/IEC 10165-7:

- managed relationship.

3.12 Additional definitions

3.12.1 management knowledge object: A managed object or a Directory object that makes management knowledge available.

4 Abbreviations

For the purposes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following abbreviations apply:

ACSE	Association Control Service Element
ASE	Application Service Element
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One

CMIP	Common Management Information Protocol
CMIS	Common Management Information Service
CMISE	Common Management Information Service Element
Cnf	Confirm
DIT	Directory Information Tree
DKDT	Definition Knowledge Directory Tree
DSA	Directory System Agent
DUA	Directory User Agent
GDMO	Guidelines for the Definition of Managed Objects
ICS	Implementation Conformance Statement
Id	Identifier
Ind	Indication
ISP	International Standardized Profile
MAPDU	Management Application Protocol Data Unit
MCS	Management Conformance Summary
MICS	Management Information Conformance Statement
MIS	Management Information Service
MKM	Management Knowledge Management Function
MOCS	Managed Object Conformance Statement
MRCS	Managed Relationship Conformance Statement
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name
Req	Request
Rsp	Response
SMAE	Systems Management Application Entity
SMAPM	Systems Management Application Protocol Machine
SMASE	Systems Management Application Service Element

5 Conventions

This Recommendation | International Standard defines services for the Management knowledge management function following the descriptive conventions defined in ITU-T Rec. X.210 | ISO/IEC 10731.

The following notation is used in the service parameter tables:

M	The parameter is mandatory
C	The parameter is conditional
(=)	The value of the parameter is identical to the corresponding parameter in the interaction described by the preceding related service primitive
U	The use of the parameter is a service-user option
–	The parameter is not present in the interaction described by the primitive concerned
P	The parameter is subject to the constraints imposed by ITU-T Rec. X.710 and ISO/IEC 9595.

NOTE – The parameters which are marked “P” in service tables of this Recommendation | International Standard are mapped directly onto the corresponding parameters of the CMIS service primitive, without changing the semantics or syntax of the parameters. The remaining parameters are used to construct an MAPDU.

6 Requirements

Open systems which are participating, or may participate, in OSI Systems Management associations require specific knowledge in order to determine the peer open systems with which to associate, to enable association and to fulfil the functions of OSI Systems Management. Particular requirements, categorized by field of knowledge, are listed herein.

Three types of management knowledge are identified:

- *Repertoire knowledge*: Information on what the managed system is capable of performing. There are three categories of capabilities:
 - managed object class capabilities;
 - managed relationship class capabilities;
 - function capabilities.

There is a need for a manager to be able to discover capabilities of managed systems without accessing each managed system.

- *Definition knowledge*: Information on the formal specification of managed object classes, name bindings, etc., e.g. templates for classes, name bindings.
- *Instance knowledge*: Information regarding what managed objects and managed relationships are made visible by a managed system and what systems management application entities can be used to establish an association to a managed system that makes a given managed object visible.

Knowledge sharing mechanisms shall preserve all access control requirements upon the open systems about which information is provided. In particular, knowledge sharing mechanisms for the purpose of OSI Systems Management shall not expose information to a given user if that user is otherwise prohibited from obtaining that information when using OSI Systems Management services.

The requirements necessary to acquire repertoire, definition and instance knowledge are subdivided into the following five major categories (see Table 1).

Table 1 – Requirements

Subclause	Major categories	Types of management knowledge		
		Repertoire knowledge	Definition knowledge	Instance knowledge
6.1	Managed object class knowledge	X		
6.2	Managed object class instance knowledge			X
6.3	Relationship knowledge	X		X
6.4	MIS-user knowledge	X		X
6.5	Management information definition knowledge		X	

6.1 Managed object class knowledge

There is a need to determine the following repertoire knowledge:

- the managed object classes that can be made available by a given managed system;
- the constraints imposed upon managed objects of a given class (e.g. the implemented value set for a given attribute);
- for a given managed object class, the conditional packages that are always included and those that are never included in an instance of the class;
- the initial values of an instance of a particular class that can be created in a given managed system;
- the supported allomorphs for each supported managed object class.

6.2 Managed object class instance knowledge

Without obligatory recourse to the CMIS multiple object selection functional unit, there is a need to determine the following instance knowledge:

- the instances of a given managed object class made visible by a given managed system;
- the managed systems making a given managed object visible;
- how many instances of a given managed object class are made visible by a given managed system.

6.3 Relationship knowledge

There is a need to determine the following repertoire knowledge:

- the relationship classes supported by a given managed system;
- the relationship role bindings, including name bindings, that may exist between managed object classes made visible by a given managed system;

as well as the following instance knowledge:

- the relationship instances that exist between managed objects made visible by a given managed system or by different managed systems.

6.4 MIS-user knowledge

There is a need to determine the following repertoire knowledge:

- the SMAE titles of the managed systems or managing systems with which management associations can be established;
- the presentation addresses of those SMAEs;
- the application contexts supported by those SMAEs, including the syntaxes and identifiers of information associated with those application contexts;
- which functional units for SMASE, CMISE, ACSE and any additional ASEs used for management purposes are supported by those SMAEs for systems management associations;
- which standard profiles are supported,

as well as the following instance knowledge:

- given a global name of a managed object, the systems management application entities that can be used to establish an association to a managed system that makes the managed object visible.

6.5 Management information definition knowledge

There is a need to determine the following definition knowledge:

- the formal definitions of management information, including managed object classes, name bindings, test categories, relationship classes and all attendant information;

NOTE – Where a Directory service is available, some or all of this information may be held in and made available through such a Directory service. Definitions for such a solution are provided in Annex B;

which management information definitions are understood by a given managing system?

7 Model

This model discusses how information on various types of management knowledge can be made available. This information is specified as:

- 1) managed objects according to the Guidelines for the definition of managed objects, CCITT Rec. X.722 | ISO/IEC 10165-4; or
- 2) Directory objects according to The Directory: Models, ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2.

These management knowledge objects are described in 7.1 and 7.2 respectively.

This model is consistent with the way standardized management knowledge is specified in CCITT Rec. X.701 | ISO/IEC 10040.

7.1 Management knowledge managed objects

The model for managed objects which are used to store and share particular aspects of management knowledge follows.

7.1.1 Repertoire managed objects

Repertoire managed objects satisfy the requirement to identify information on what a managed system is capable of performing.

7.1.1.1 Repertoire managed objects

Repertoire managed objects satisfy requirements for determining the managed object classes, name bindings, managed relationship classes and CMIP profiles which are supported by a managed system.

Managed objects of the repertoire managed object class make available lists of the managed object classes supported by the managed system. This list includes actual classes and allomorphic classes. A list of name bindings and a list of relationship classes supported by the managed system are also made available. An instance of the repertoire managed object that represents the managed system components that support communications also has an attribute that identifies the CMIP profiles that are supported by the managed system.

The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for naming a repertoire managed object allows for a common way to access that repertoire managed object. Therefore, a name binding is provided to support the containment of a repertoire managed object within a system managed object, with a fixed relative distinguished name. If a managed system has any repertoire managed objects, it must have one named under system with the RDN value of "REP1". The repertoire information may also be made available by other means, for instance using the Directory.

An instance of the repertoire managed object class may contain subordinate managed object class repertoire managed objects, each of which makes available knowledge of the conditional packages supported for a particular managed object class.

7.1.1.2 Managed object class repertoire managed objects

Managed object class repertoire managed objects and their subclasses identify information pertaining to the implementation of a managed object class. They may be named by the managed object class repertoire Id attribute, the value of which is the object identifier of the class for which implementation information is represented. They may be contained within a repertoire managed object.

A managed object class repertoire managed object has a set-valued attribute to identify the conditional packages supported by the implementation.

A managed object class repertoire managed object may have a set-valued attribute to identify the implemented values (e.g. initial values, value ranges and default values).

7.1.2 Definition managed objects

Definition managed objects satisfy the requirement to identify management information definitions.

Knowledge of definitions is required during association. Some managing systems will only be able to make limited use of definition knowledge gained during association. For example, simple managing systems will find the classes of managed object managed by a managed system to be of use if and only if they already have support for those classes or compatible classes.

Other managing systems will have greater capability in that they will be able to interpret definitions shared during association thereby providing users with some capability to manage managed objects of hitherto unknown classes. For example, a managing system may be able to ask a managed system which actions are supported by a particular managed object class. For those actions already known to the interrogating managing system, support is already available. For unknown actions, it may be possible to obtain further information, such as the syntax of requests.

Inevitably, such interrogation will lead to information which cannot be used without knowledge of its semantics. However there is no reason in principle why descriptions of managed object classes cannot be made available to intelligent users and there is no reason in principle why such users should be prohibited from using such information. A case in point is the event report: whilst a managing system which has not hitherto known of a particular notification cannot be expected to take particular action upon receiving such a notification, there may be a requirement for as much as possible of the information about that notification to be made available to users. This could entail requests to the issuing managed system for the GDMO specification of the notification and for the syntax of its argument. This would facilitate decoding of the notification and display of its argument.

There are two approaches to the specification of definition managed objects. Either the definition managed object contains specifications as a textual form attribute or it has attributes which represent elements of specifications. The former is very simple and facilitate sharing of the information in the same format as it might be received from any textual source. The latter provides OSI Management with access to every feature of the specification.

The granularity at which definition knowledge should be shared can be determined by examining the requirements of the users of such information. Users fall into two categories – those that wish to browse the information, such as to determine the attributes of a particular managed object class, for example, and those that wish to interpret it, such as an ASN.1 or GDMO compiler. Interpreters generally will use text input. Browsers may wish simply to retrieve the information in its textual form and scan it at their leisure. However, some may wish access to specific elements of knowledge to determine the feasibility and potential value of attempting to manage managed objects of hitherto unknown classes. For example, such information may be required for configuring event forwarding discriminators.

There are three types of definition managed objects: document managed objects, template managed objects and ASN.1 module managed objects. Document managed objects represent a collection of templates and ASN.1 modules, and have attributes which identify the name and identifier of the document, as specified by GDMO, and the GDMO and ASN.1 specifications in textual form. Template managed objects are contained within document managed objects, are named by the GDMO template label and have attributes which represent the template constructs. ASN.1 module managed objects are contained within document managed objects, are named by the ASN.1 module reference and have attributes representing the registered object identifier, if any, the ASN.1 version and the ASN.1 module in textual form.

Two name bindings are provided to support the containment of a document managed object within a system managed object. These name bindings do not preclude additional name bindings, that would allow definition information to be accessed by use of Directory services or through third parties by use of systems management services.

7.1.3 Discovery managed objects

Discovery managed objects satisfy the requirements to identify managed objects made visible by a managed system.

Discovery of the managed objects that a system makes visible is required, independent of the level of CMIP capability possessed. Conformance to CMIP does not require the implementation of scoping capabilities. This precludes the use of scoping over the managed objects made visible by a managed system. The concept of a discovery managed object satisfies this need.

The discovery managed object employs a tree discovery action. The action argument has the base object, the required scope of the search and an optional class request parameter. The response is a set of rooted tree structures that together cover the requested scope under the requested base object. Each rooted tree has the distinguished name of its root but does not repeat common name components within its structure, i.e. only the RDN is used to identify subordinate managed objects.

The action response shall, if specified in the request, also report the managed object class of each managed object in the scope of the search.

The action response may be split across multiple linked replies. The manager can construct the complete set of managed objects that are within the specified scope by combining the contents of all linked replies.

The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for naming the discovery managed object allows for a common way to access the discovery managed object. Therefore, a name binding is provided to support the containment of a discovery managed object within a system managed object, with a fixed relative distinguished name.

7.2 Management knowledge Directory objects

The strength of the Directory is the provision of relatively static information. Therefore, in the context of Management knowledge management, Directory objects are used to store repertoire knowledge related to managed systems (e.g. the presentation address of a systems management application entity) and definition knowledge (see Figure 1).

7.2.1 Repertoire Directory objects

The requirement to identify MIS-users can be met by the use of repertoire Directory objects. The use of the Directory (as described in Figure 1) satisfies the requirements for the following repertoire knowledge:

- Directory name of a systems management application entity;
- presentation address of a systems management application entity;
- application contexts supported by a systems management application entity;
- functional units supported by a systems management application entity;

- CMIP profiles supported by a systems management application entity;
- list of the managed objects made visible by a systems management application entity;
- given a global name of a managed object, which systems management application entities can be used to establish an association to a managed system that makes the managed object visible.

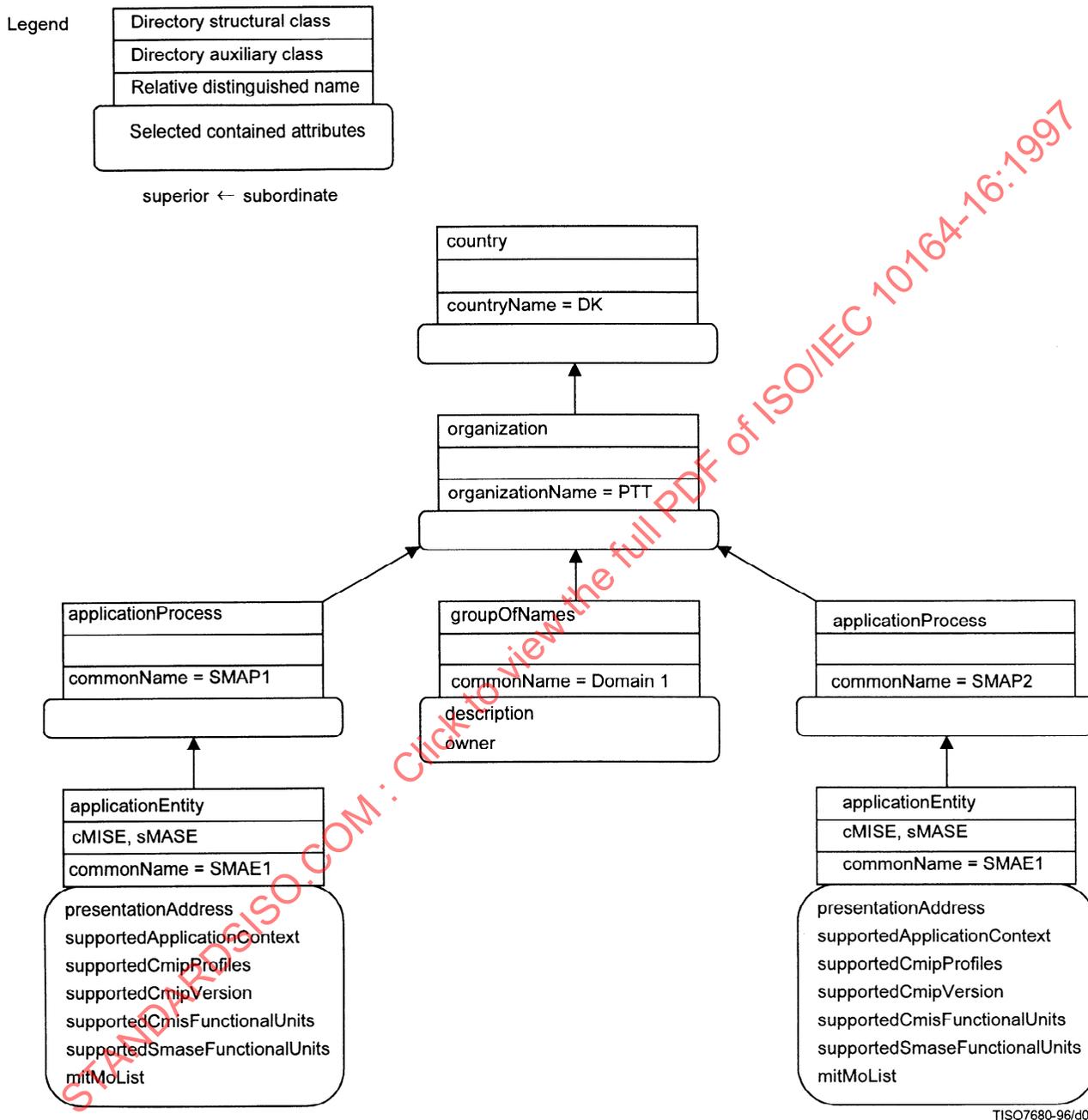


Figure 1 – Use of the Directory for repertoire knowledge

Repertoire knowledge on the systems management application entities of managing and managed systems is provided in the Directory by instances of the Directory structural object class Application Entity. The specific characteristics of systems management application entities are covered by the definition of the Directory auxiliary object classes Systems management application service element and Common management information service element which will be included in an instance of class Application Entity. An instance of class Application Entity may contain attributes that make available the presentation address and the supported application contexts.

The auxiliary object class Systems management application service element makes available the supported systems management application service functional units. It may also have an attribute that identifies the managed object classes supported and optionally lists the managed objects of a class that remain in existence for a relatively long time.

The auxiliary object class Common management information service element makes available the supported common management information service functional units, the supported CMIP version and the supported CMIP profiles.

A manager can use the information stored in the Directory in the following way (see Figure 2):

- 1) if a manager does not know the managed systems it may manage, the manager reads the list of the Directory entries representing managed systems from the member attribute of a Directory entry of class groupOfNames {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = Domain1};
- 2) in order to find the systems management application entities that can be used to establish an association to the managed system it wants to operate on, the manager issues a Directory Search operation using the name returned above and requests that the presentation address, and optionally other protocol-related information such as the supported application contexts or supported CMIS functional units, be returned. In order to find the systems management application entity that is best suited to the needs of the manager, the search can be based on the values of attributes defined by the structural Directory object class Application Entity, for example, Supported application context, or on the values of attributes defined by the Directory auxiliary object classes Systems management application service element and Common management information service element, for example, Supported SMASE functional units or Supported CMIP version;
- 3) the manager selects one systems management application entity from the returned list of application entities that satisfies the needs of the manager and uses the obtained presentation address to establish a management association with the managed system it wants to operate on.

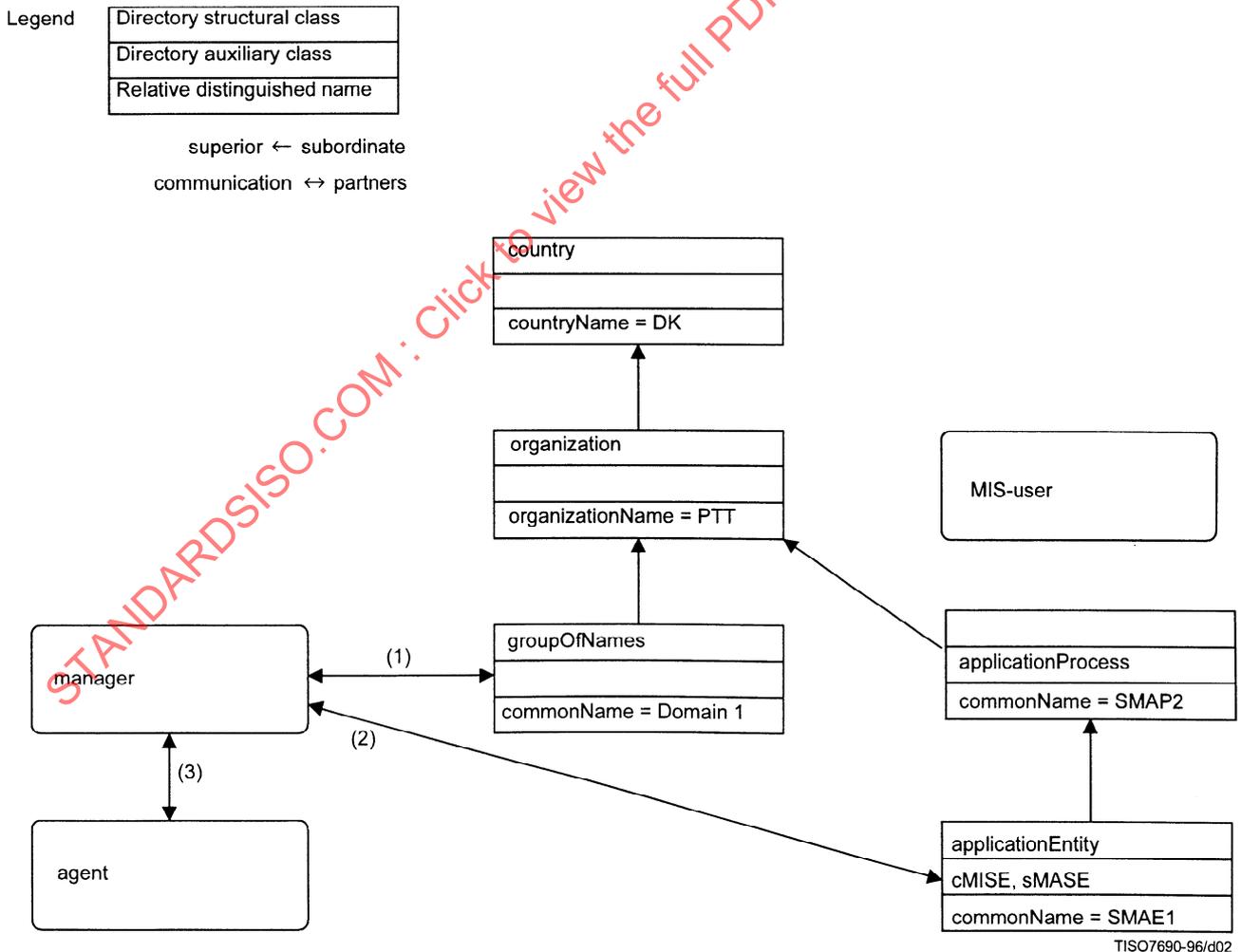


Figure 2 – Example of a manager using repertoire Directory objects

An agent can use the information stored in the Directory in the following way (see Figure 3):

- 1) if an event report has to be forwarded to a manager, the agent obtains the manager's application entity title from the destination attribute of the event forwarding discriminator. The agent reads the presentation address of the systems management application entities from the Directory entry that is named by the manager's application entity title. (For the example, the manager's application entity title is {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = SMAP2, commonName = SMAE1}.) If the agent is also interested in other attributes, such as the supported CMIS and systems management functional units, it also reads them from the Directory entry;
- 2) the agent establishes a management association with the systems management application entity at the obtained presentation address.

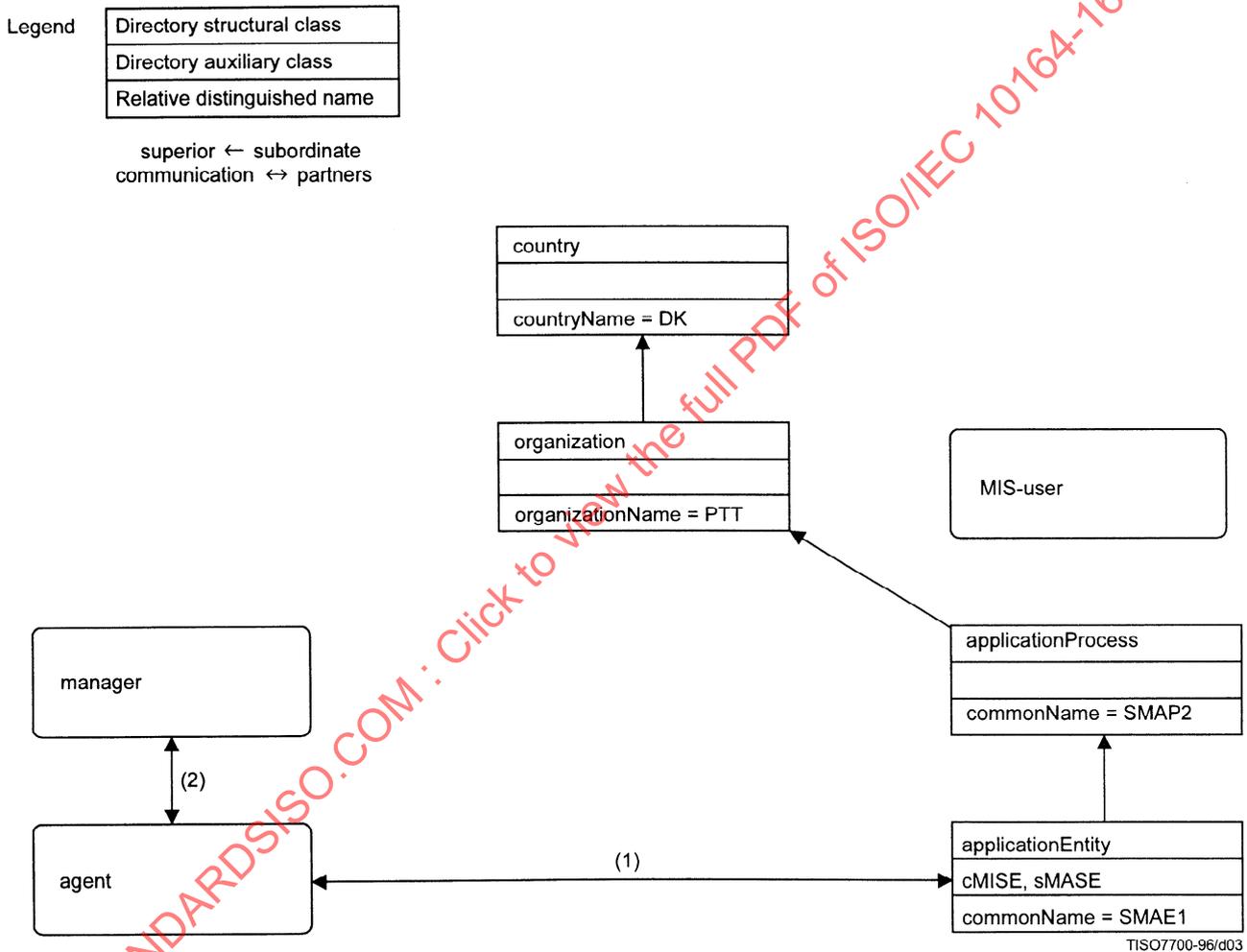


Figure 3 – Example of an agent using repertoire Directory objects

The distinguished name of the Directory entry representing a managed system, e.g. a Directory entry of class applicationProcess, can be used to construct the global names of managed objects made visible by that managed system.

NOTE 1 – The distinguished name of the Directory entry representing a managed system can be obtained as the final result of the resolution of Directory alias names.

Depending on the relative distinguished name that is used for naming the system managed object, the global names of the system managed object itself and all of its directly and indirectly contained managed objects can be constructed in the following way.

If the system Id attribute is used to name the system managed object, the global name of a given managed object is constructed by prefixing its local distinguished name with the distinguished name of the Directory entry representing the managed system and the RDN of the system managed object. For example, if the managed system is represented by the Directory entry {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = SMAP1} (see Figure 4 a) the global name of the discriminator managed object is {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = SMAP1, systemId = xyz, discriminatorId = 1}.

NOTE 2 – This approach can also be used if the root of the local containment tree, instead of being an instance of system managed object class, is an instance of the network managed object class as defined in Recommendation M.3100.

If the system title attribute with the distinguished name syntax choice is used to name the system managed object, the value of the systemTitle attribute is set to the distinguished Directory entry representing the managed system. For example, if the managed system is represented by the Directory entry {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = SMAP1} (see Figure 4 b), the global name of the discriminator managed object is {systemTitle = {countryName = DK, organizationName = PTT, commonName = SMAP1}, discriminatorId = 1}.

If the system title attribute with the object identifier syntax choice is used to name the system managed object, the object identifier shall be mapped to the distinguished name of the Directory entry representing the managed system.

NOTE 3 – The mechanism to map the object identifier to a distinguished name is out of scope of this Recommendation | International Standard.

A manager can determine the systems management application entities that can be used to establish an association to a managed system that makes a given managed object visible in the following way (see Figure 4):

- 1) a) if the system Id attribute is used, the manager issues a Directory Read operation using the global name of the managed object. The Directory will return a NameError indicating the problem noSuchObject. Included with this error is the parameter matched which contains the lowest entry in the DIT that was matched. This partial name match identifies the Directory entry representing the managed system;
- 1) b) if the system title attribute is used, the manager extracts the value of the system title attribute which identifies the Directory entry representing the managed system;
- 2) in order to find the systems management applications entities that can be used to establish an association to the managed system, the manager then issues a Directory Search operation using the name of the Directory entry representing the managed system as obtained by step 1) a) or 1) b), respectively, and requests that the presentationAddress attribute, and optionally other protocol-related attributes such as Supported CMIS functional units, be returned. In order to find the systems management application entity that is best suited to the needs of the manager, the search can be based on the values of attributes defined by the structural Directory object class applicationEntity, for example supportedApplicationContext, or on the values of attributes defined by the auxiliary Directory object classes Systems management application service element and Common management information service element, for example Supported SMASE functional units, Supported CMIS functional units or Supported CMIP version attributes;
- 3) from the list of suitable systems management application entities that is returned as result of the Directory Search operation, the manager selects a systems management application entity and uses its associated presentation address (and optional other returned protocol-related information) to establish a management association.

7.2.2 Definition Directory objects

This model describes how to store management information definitions in the definition knowledge directory tree. It is based on the concept of the object identifier tree described in ITU-T Rec. X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1. It additionally allows the insertion of information definitions in the definition knowledge directory tree which have not been assigned an object identifier.

The entries in the Directory representing the definition knowledge directory tree are of the Directory structural class Registered information. Furthermore, Directory auxiliary classes can be defined that contain further information depending on the type of information to be registered. Instances of these auxiliary classes can be included in entries of class Registered information.

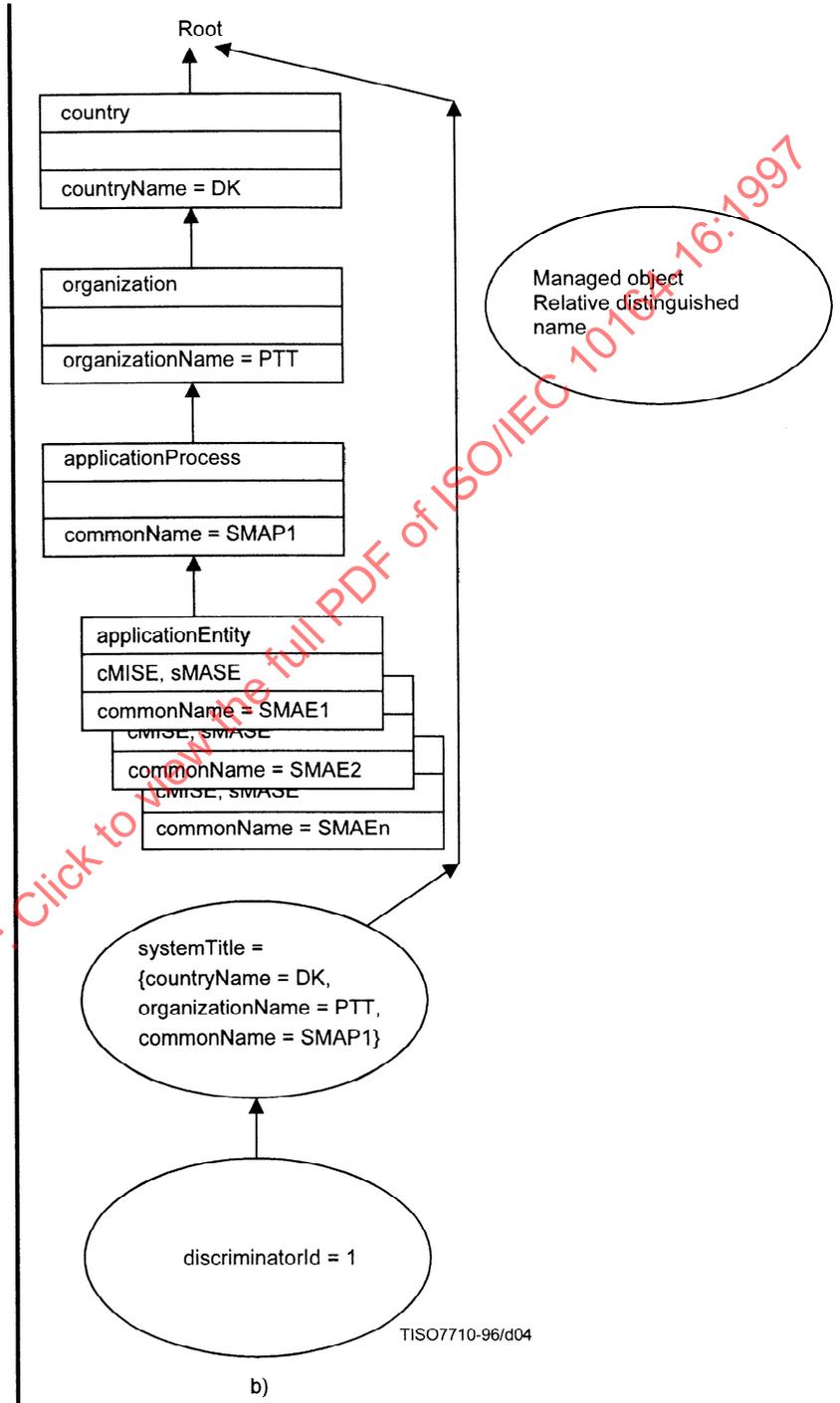
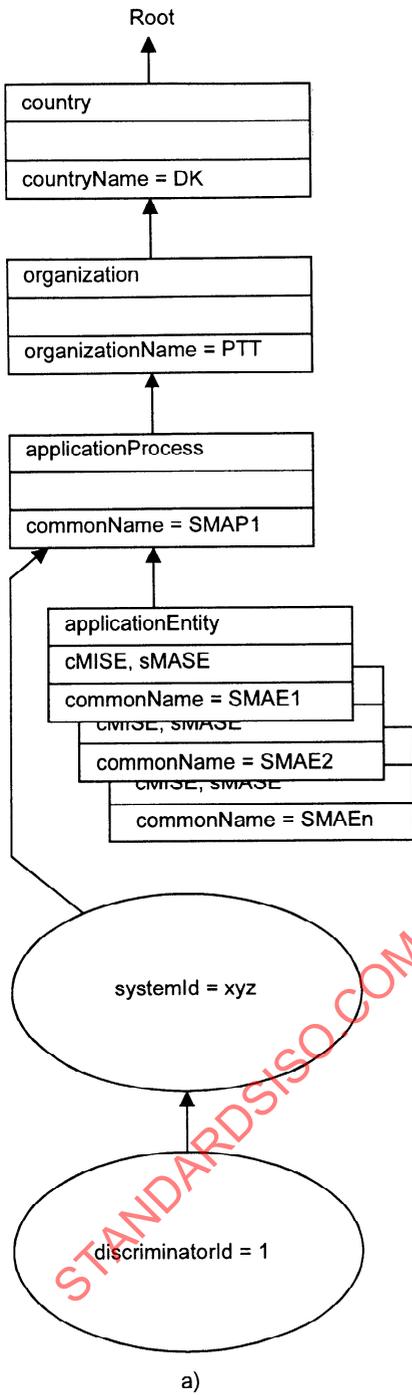
Constructing the distinguished name of a Registered information entry from a given object identifier is straightforward. Figure 5 shows the distinguished names for two of the definitions of CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2:

- the system managed object class which is registered as {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smi(3) part2(2) managedObjectClass(3) 13};
- the Attribute-ASN1Module which is registered as {2 9 3 2 2 1}

Legend

	Directory structural class
	Directory auxiliary class
	Relative distinguished name

superior ← subordinate



TISO7710-96/d04

Figure 4 – Construction of an MKM global name

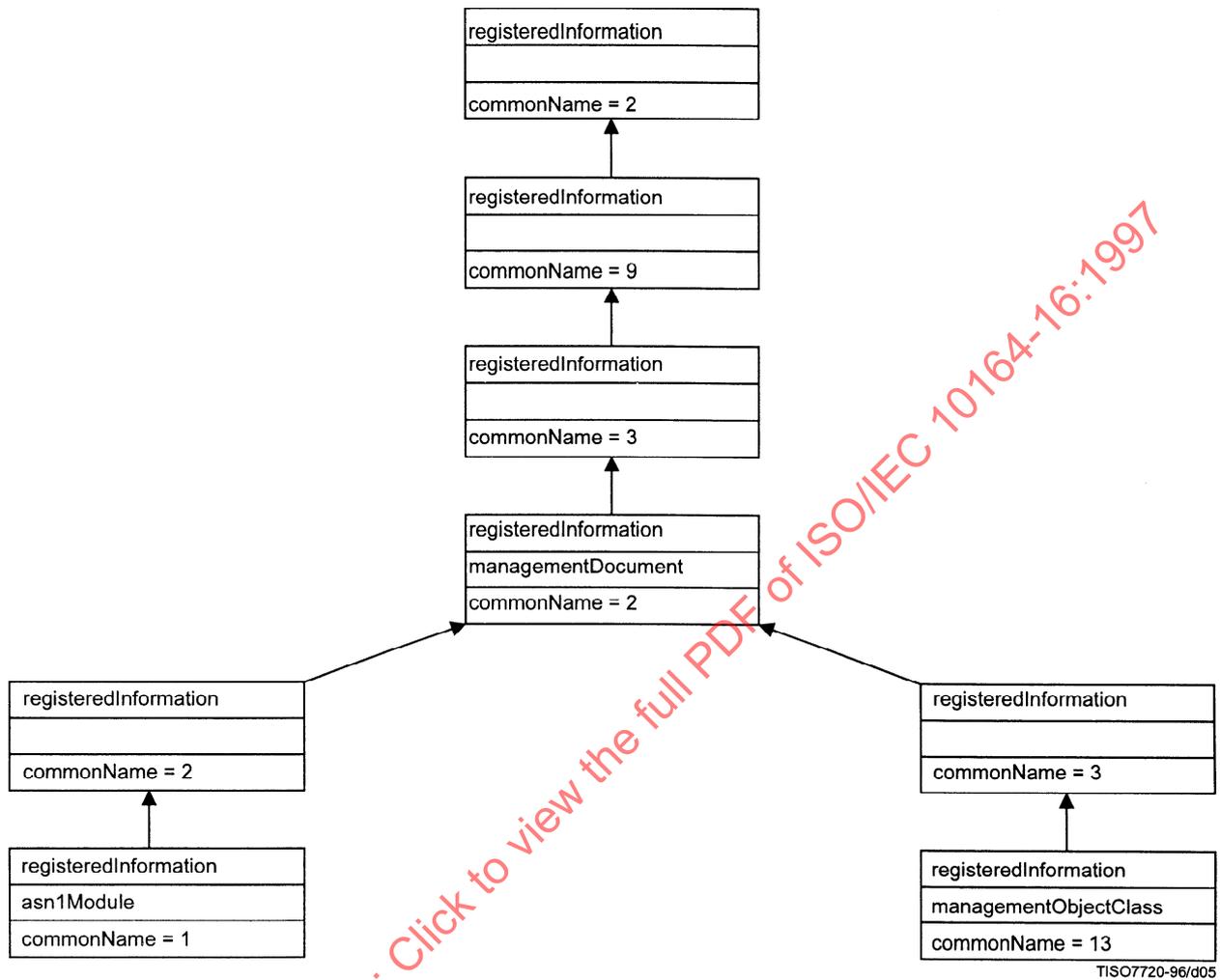
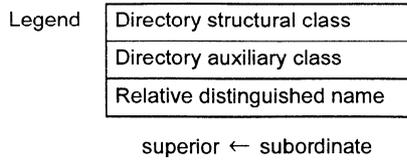


Figure 5 – Example of a definition knowledge directory tree

The object identifier value of { 2 9 3 2 3 13 } is mapped to the distinguished name of {commonName = 2, commonName = 9, commonName = 3, commonName = 2, commonName = 3, commonName = 13}.

NOTE – Depending on where the definition knowledge directory tree is to be included in the global Directory information tree a prefix has to be added to this distinguished name (see Annex H).

7.3 Relationship between management knowledge requirements and model

Table 2 shows the relationship between the management knowledge requirements and the management knowledge objects defined in the model. An “X” indicates that the associated knowledge requirement is fulfilled by the corresponding management knowledge objects.

Table 2 – Requirements and model

Knowledge requirement	Management knowledge objects				
	Repertoire managed objects	Definition managed objects	Discovery managed objects	Repertoire Directory objects	Definition Directory objects
Managed object class knowledge	X	–	–	X (Note 1)	–
Managed object class instance knowledge	–	–	X (Note 2)	X (Note 3)	–
Relationship knowledge (Note 4)	X (Note 5)	–	–	–	–
MIS-user knowledge	X (Note 6)	–	–	X	–
Management information definition knowledge	–	X (Note 7)	–	–	X (Note 7)

NOTES

- 1 Currently this Recommendation | International Standard defines repertoire Directory objects only to represent the managed object classes supported by a managed system.
- 2 Only managed objects made visible by a given managed system can be determined.
- 3 Only managed objects that exist for a fairly long period of time are expected to be registered.
- 4 Currently no management knowledge objects are defined specifically for representing relationship instance knowledge.
- 5 Currently the only information represented is the set of managed relationship classes and the set of name bindings supported by a managed system.
- 6 Currently only information about supported CMIP profiles is provided.
- 7 Currently definition knowledge includes support only for GDMO templates and ASN.1 modules.

8 Generic definitions

8.1 Managed objects

This Recommendation | International Standard defines management knowledge managed object classes, with their associated characteristics.

8.1.1 Managed objects for repertoire knowledge

8.1.1.1 Managed object class repertoire managed object

Managed object class repertoire managed objects identify supported capabilities for a particular managed object class.

The managed object class repertoire managed object class is defined as a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) managed object class repertoire Id;
- b) supported conditional package list.

Its optional, read-only attribute is:

- c) implemented values.

The managed object class repertoire managed object supports the following notifications:

- a) object creation;
- b) object deletion;
- c) attribute value change.

8.1.1.2 Repertoire managed object

Repertoire managed objects identify the managed object classes, managed relationship classes, name bindings and CMIP profiles supported by a system.

A repertoire managed object may serve as the superior object for contained objects, each of which conveys knowledge pertaining to an implementation's support of a specific managed object class.

The repertoire managed object class is defined as a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) repertoire Id;
- b) supported name binding list;
- c) supported managed object class list;
- d) supported relationship class list.

Its optional, read-only attribute is:

- e) supported CMIP profiles.

The repertoire managed object supports the following notifications:

- a) object creation;
- b) object deletion;
- c) attribute value change.

8.1.2 Managed objects for definition knowledge

8.1.2.1 Action template managed object

The action template managed object represents a GDMO action specification.

The action template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) behaviour;
- b) mode confirmed;
- c) parameters;
- d) with information syntax;
- e) with reply syntax;
- f) registered as.

8.1.2.2 ASN.1 module managed object

The ASN.1 module managed object represents in textual form the contents of an ASN.1 module.

The ASN.1 module managed object class is defined as a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) ASN.1 module contents;
- b) ASN.1 version;
- c) module reference;
- d) optionally registered as.

The ASN.1 module managed object also has an action to query the ASN.1 module contents.

The action response can use linked replies, if acceptable on the association, to return the textual version of the ASN.1 module contents.

8.1.2.3 Attribute group template managed object

The attribute group template managed object represents a GDMO attribute group specification.

The attribute group template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) group elements;
- b) fixed;
- c) description;
- d) registered as.

8.1.2.4 Attribute template managed object

The attribute template managed object represents a GDMO attribute specification.

The attribute template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) derived or with syntax choice;
- b) matches for;
- c) behaviour;
- d) parameters;
- e) optionally registered as.

8.1.2.5 Behaviour template managed object

The behaviour template managed object represents a GDMO behaviour specification.

The behaviour template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attribute is:

- defined as.

The behaviour template managed object also has an action to query the behaviour description.

The action response can use linked replies, if acceptable on the association, to return the textual version of the behaviour description.

8.1.2.6 Document managed object

The document managed object represents a document which contains GDMO and ASN.1 specifications so acts as a container for template managed objects.

The document managed object class is defined as a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) document name;
- b) document object identifier.

The document specification conditional package is present if the document managed object supports the textual representation of all of the GDMO and ASN.1 specifications contained within the document and, if present, has the following read-only attribute:

- c) specification.

The conditional package also has an action to query the specification. If the conditional package is present, the document managed object responds to actions to get the textual representation of the GDMO and ASN.1 specifications contained within the document.

The action response can use linked replies, if acceptable on the association, to return the textual version of the specification.

If this conditional package is not present, the textual versions of the specifications may be sought from subordinate template managed objects.

8.1.2.7 Managed object class template managed object

The managed object class template managed object represents a GDMO managed object class specification.

The managed object class template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) derived from;
- b) characterized by;
- c) conditional packages;
- d) registered as.

8.1.2.8 Name binding template managed object

The name binding template managed object represents a GDMO name binding specification.

The name binding template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) subordinate managed object class;
- b) named by superior object class;
- c) with attribute;
- d) behaviour;
- e) create;
- f) delete;
- g) registered as.

8.1.2.9 Notification template managed object

The notification template managed object represents a GDMO notification specification.

The notification template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) behaviour;
- b) mode confirmed;
- c) parameters;
- d) with information syntax;
- e) and attribute Id's;
- f) with reply syntax;
- g) registered as.

8.1.2.10 Package template managed object

The package template managed object represents a GDMO package specification.

The package template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) behaviour;
- b) attributes;
- c) attribute groups;
- d) actions;
- e) notifications;
- f) optionally registered as.

8.1.2.11 Parameter template managed object

The parameter template managed object represents a GDMO parameter specification.

The parameter template managed object class is defined as a subclass of the template managed object class. Its mandatory, read-only attributes are:

- a) context;
- b) syntax or attribute;
- c) behaviour;
- d) optionally registered as.

8.1.2.12 Template managed objects

The template managed object class is the managed object class from which managed object classes for representing GDMO templates may be derived. If only textual representations of GDMO templates are supported, then managed objects of the template managed object class are instantiated. It provides the naming attribute for managed objects representing templates and enables all such managed objects to be contained within document managed objects by the specification of a single name binding.

The template managed object class is a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attribute is:

- a) template name.

The template managed object may also have the template definition conditional package which, if present, has the following read-only attribute:

- b) template definition.

The conditional package also has an action to query the template definition. If the conditional package is present, the template managed object responds to actions to get the textual representation of the template definition.

The action response can use linked replies, if acceptable on the association, to return the textual version of the template definition.

8.1.3 Managed objects for instance knowledge

8.1.3.1 Discovery managed object

The discovery managed object is used to determine all or selected subtrees of managed objects within a managed system's naming tree.

The discovery managed object class is a subclass of the top managed object class defined in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. Its mandatory, read-only attribute is:

- discovery Id.

The use of a name binding of discovery to system, with a fixed relative distinguished name value, allows for a common way to access the discovery managed object.

The discovery managed object responds to actions containing queries concerning subtrees of managed objects within a managed system's naming tree. The query specifies a base object and the required scope of the search.

The response is a set of rooted tree structures that together cover the requested scope under the requested base object. Each rooted tree has the distinguished name of its root but does not repeat common name components within its structure, i.e. only the RDN is used to identify subordinate managed objects.

8.2 Name bindings

8.2.1 Name bindings for repertoire knowledge

8.2.1.1 Managed object class repertoire – Repertoire

This name binding enables managed object class repertoire managed objects, and specializations thereof, to be contained within repertoire managed objects, and specializations thereof.

The managed object class repertoire Id attribute shall be used for naming. Its value is the object identifier for the managed object class Id which the repertoire is associated with.

8.2.1.2 Repertoire – System

This name binding enables repertoire managed objects, and specializations thereof, to be contained within system managed objects, and specializations thereof. The repertoire Id attribute shall be used for naming.

The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for a common way to access a repertoire managed object is provided by this name binding when the value "REP1" is used for the repertoire Id attribute.

8.2.2 Name bindings for definition knowledge

8.2.2.1 ASN.1 module – Document

This name binding enables ASN.1 module managed objects and their specializations to be contained within document managed objects, and specializations thereof, and to be identified by the module reference attribute.

8.2.2.2 Document – System

This name binding enables document managed objects and their specializations to be contained within system managed objects, and specializations thereof, and to be identified by the document object identifier attribute.

8.2.2.3 Document – System2

This name binding enables document managed objects and their specializations to be contained within system managed objects, and specializations thereof, and to be identified by the document name attribute.

8.2.2.4 Template – Document

This name binding enables template managed objects and their specializations to be contained within document managed objects, and specializations thereof, and to be identified by the template name attribute.

8.2.3 Name bindings for instance knowledge

8.2.3.1 Discovery – System

This name binding enables discovery managed objects, and specializations thereof, to be contained within system managed objects, and specializations thereof.

The discovery Id attribute shall be used for naming. The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for a common way to access a discovery managed object is provided by this name binding when the value "DSC1" is used for the discovery Id attribute.

Subordinate to a given system managed object, there shall be only one allowed value for the discovery Id attribute, namely "DSC1".

8.3 Actions

This Recommendation | International Standard defines one action type for definition knowledge:

- get textual representation,

and defines one action type for instance knowledge:

- management information tree search.

For any managed object class that includes either of these action types, it is the role of the managed object class definer to fully detail the requirements that a managed object of that class has for responding to these actions.

8.3.1 Actions for definition knowledge

The get textual representation action argument has the attribute Id parameter. The response is the textual representation of the identified attribute's value sent as a sequence of line images.

The action response may be split across multiple linked replies.

The following describes the action parameters.

8.3.1.1 Attribute Id

The attribute Id parameter specifies the attribute of the managed object whose value is to be returned. The managed object class definition indicates the attributes that may be specified.

8.3.1.2 Textual representation

The textual representation parameter contains the response or, when linked replies are used, a contiguous portion of the response.

8.3.2 Actions for instance knowledge

The management information tree search action argument has the base object, the required scope of the search and an optional class request parameter. The response is a set of rooted tree structures that together cover the requested scope under the requested base object. Each rooted tree has the distinguished name of its root but does not repeat common name components within its structure, i.e. only the RDN is used to identify subordinate managed objects.

The action response shall, if specified in the request, also report the managed object class of each managed object in the scope of the search.

The action response may be split across multiple linked replies.

The following describes the action parameters.

8.3.2.1 Base

The base parameter specifies the base of the managed system's subtree to be discovered.

8.3.2.2 Discovery scope

The discovery scope parameter specifies the scope of the managed system's subtree to be discovered. It has the same syntax as the CMIP scope.

8.3.2.3 Class request

The class request parameter is a boolean, that if true, specifies that the action result shall include managed object class information. The default value is false.

8.3.2.4 Rooted name tree

The rooted name tree parameter contains the identification of the root managed object and may also contain a recursively defined tree structure that describes a subtree requested in the management information tree search request. The recursively defined tree structure includes the RDNs for each managed object discovered. The class of each managed object discovered shall also be included if requested.

8.4 Compliance

Managed object class definitions may import the appropriate specification of managed objects, actions, parameters or attribute types defined in this Recommendation | International Standard. This is achieved by reference to the templates defined in this Recommendation | International Standard. The reference mechanism is defined in CCITT Rec. X.722 | ISO/IEC 10165-4.

8.5 Generic definitions from the Object management function

This Recommendation | International Standard makes use of the following generic definitions in CCITT Rec. X.730 | ISO/IEC 10164-1:

- attribute value change notification;
- object creation notification;
- object deletion notification.

8.6 Directory objects

8.6.1 Repertoire Directory objects

The Directory auxiliary object classes Systems management application service element and Common management information service element are defined for inclusion in Directory entries representing application entities that makes use of OSI systems management. They shall be used in a DIT content rule together with the Directory structural object class Application Entity (see ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7, 6.12) as described in the following.

The Directory auxiliary object class Systems management application service element must contain the attribute Supported SMASE functional units. The attribute Supported SMASE functional units specifies which functional units in which roles are supported by a systems management application entity. The Directory auxiliary object class Systems management application service element may contain the attributes Supports MKM global names and Management information tree managed object list. The Supports MKM global names attribute indicates whether a systems management application entity is able to handle global managed object names as described in this Recommendation | International Standard. The Management information tree managed object list attribute specifies the list of the managed object names made visible by that systems management application entity. For managed objects that exist only for a brief period of time, only the managed object class is expected to be registered in the list.

The Directory auxiliary object class Common management information service element must contain the attributes Supported CMIP version, Supported CMIP profiles and Supported CMIS functional units. The Supported CMIP version attribute indicates the versions of the common management information protocol the systems management application entity is able to handle. The Supported CMIP profiles attribute specifies the standardized CMIP profiles that are supported by a systems management application entity. The Supported CMIS functional units attribute specifies the CMIS functional units which are supported by a systems management application entity.

8.6.2 Definition Directory objects

The Directory structural class Registered information represents an information object that has been assigned an object identifier as described in ITU-T Rec. X.680 | ISO/IEC 8824-1. It must contain the attribute commonName which is used for naming instances of this class. Its value is the last component of the object identifier that has been assigned to the represented information object.

Instances of this class may contain the attributes Name form, Information status and Additional information. The Name form attribute specifies the symbolic name of the object identifier component numeric form value stored in the commonName attribute. The Information status attribute indicates whether the information is:

- active, i.e. the information definition is fixed and can be used;
- deleted, i.e. the information definition is obsolete and should not be referenced by new information definitions; or
- preliminary, i.e. the information definition is provided for information purposes only but changes may occur in the future (for example during the progression of a Committee Draft to a Draft International Standard).

Additional information about the definition information including the date of creation and a comment on the definition is optionally stored in the attribute Additional information.

NOTE – Additional Directory auxiliary classes can be defined for inclusion in Registered information Directory entries.

The Directory auxiliary class Document is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents a document which contains GDMO specifications. It must contain the attributes Document name, Document object identifier and Specification. The attribute Document name identifies the name of the document represented by an instance, e.g. CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2. The value of the attribute Document object identifier is that of the object identifier of the document which it represents, as specified in CCITT Rec. X.722 | ISO/IEC 10165-4. The attribute Specification may contain a representation of the GDMO specifications contained within the document.

The Directory auxiliary class Template is the Directory auxiliary class from which Directory auxiliary classes representing GDMO templates may be derived. It must contain the attribute Template name the value of which is that of the label of the GDMO template which is represented. It may contain the attribute Template definition which contains a textual representation of the GDMO template definition.

The Directory auxiliary class Managed object class template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO managed object class specifications. It must contain the attributes Derived from, Characterized by, Conditional packages and Registered as.

The Derived from attribute identifies the immediate superclasses of a managed object class. The Characterized by attribute specifies the mandatory packages of a managed object class while the Conditional packages attribute identifies the conditional packages and their conditions. The Registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented managed object class.

The Directory auxiliary class Package template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO package specifications. It must contain the attributes Behaviour, Attributes, Attribute groups, Actions, Notifications and Optionally registered as.

The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the package. The Attributes attribute identifies the attributes, and associated qualifiers and parameters, of the represented package. The Attribute groups attribute identifies the attribute groups, and associated attributes, of the represented package. The Actions attribute specifies the actions, and associated parameters, of the represented package. The Notifications attribute identifies the notifications, and associated parameters, of the represented package. The Optionally registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented package or null if no identifier has been assigned.

The Directory auxiliary class Parameter template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO parameter specifications. It must contain the attributes Context, Syntax or attribute, Behaviour and Optionally registered as. The Context attribute identifies the context of the represented parameter. The Syntax or attribute attribute identifies the syntax specification of the represented parameter. The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the parameter. The Optionally registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented parameter or null if no identifier has been assigned.

The Directory auxiliary class Name binding template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO name binding specifications. It must contain the attributes Subordinate managed object class, Named by superior object class, With attribute, Behaviour, Create, Delete and Registered as.

The Subordinate managed object class attribute identifies the subordinate managed object classes of the represented name binding. The Named by superior object class attribute specifies the superior object classes of the represented name binding. The With attribute identifies the naming attribute of the represented name binding. The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the name binding. The Create and Delete attributes contain the create element and delete element specifications of the represented name binding. If no create or delete element is present, then the corresponding attribute's value shall be null. The Registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented name binding.

The Directory auxiliary class Attribute template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO attribute specifications. It must contain the attributes Derived or with syntax choice, Matches for, Behaviour, Parameters and Optionally registered as. The Derived or with syntax choice attribute contains the syntax specification of the represented attribute. The Matches for attribute specifies the matching characteristics of the represented attribute. The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the represented attribute. The Parameters attribute identifies the parameters associated with the represented attribute. The Optionally registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented attribute or null if no identifier has been assigned.

The Directory auxiliary class Attribute group template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO attribute group specifications. It must contain the attributes Group elements, Fixed, Description and Registered as. The Group elements attribute specifies the elements of the represented attribute group. The Fixed attribute identifies the represented attribute group as being fixed or dynamic. The Description attribute contains the description of the represented attribute group. The Registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented attribute group.

The Directory auxiliary class Behaviour template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO behaviour specifications. It must contain the attribute Defined as that specifies the behaviour definition.

The Directory auxiliary class Action template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO action specifications. It must contain the attributes Behaviour, Mode confirmed, Parameters, With information syntax, With reply syntax and Registered as.

The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the represented action. The Mode confirmed attribute identifies the action as being confirmed or not. The Parameters attribute identifies the parameters associated with the represented action. The With information syntax attribute specifies the syntax of the action argument while the With reply syntax attribute contains the syntax of the action reply. The Registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented action.

The Directory auxiliary class Notification template is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the GDMO notification specifications. It must contain the attributes Behaviour, Mode confirmed, Parameters, With information syntax, And attribute Id's, With reply syntax and Registered as.

The Behaviour attribute specifies the behaviour associated with the represented notification. The Mode confirmed attribute identifies the notification as being confirmed or not. The Parameters attribute identifies the parameters associated with the represented notification. The With information syntax attribute specifies the syntax of the notification argument while the With reply syntax attribute contains the syntax of the notification reply. The And attribute Id's attribute specifies the assignments of attributes to fields of the notification's argument. The Registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented notification.

The Directory auxiliary class ASN.1 module is defined for inclusion in Directory entries of Directory structural class Registered information and represents the contents of an ASN.1 module. It must contain the attributes Module reference, ASN.1 module contents, Optionally registered as and ASN.1 version. The Module reference attribute identifies the name of the ASN.1 module. The ASN.1 module contents attribute holds the ASN.1 module contents in textual form. The ASN.1 version attribute identifies the version or versions of ASN.1 compilers that should be able to parse this module. The Optionally registered as attribute contains the object identifier of the represented ASN.1 module or null if no identifier has been assigned.

9 Service definition

9.1 Introduction

This function provides action services.

9.2 Management knowledge managed objects

The PT-GET service can be used to retrieve information pertaining to management knowledge managed objects.

9.3 Notification services

No notifications are defined in this Recommendation | International Standard.

9.4 Action services

9.4.1 Get textual representation service definition

The get textual representation service maps onto the CMIS M-ACTION service as follows.

The get textual representation service uses the parameters defined in 8.3.1 in addition to the general M-ACTION service parameters defined in CCITT Rec. X.710 and ISO/IEC 9595. Table 3 lists the parameters for this service.

Table 3 – Get textual representation service

Parameter name	Req/Ind	Rsp/Cnf
Invoke identifier	P	P
Linked identifier		P
Mode	P	–
Base object class	P	–
Base object instance	P	–
Scope	P	–
Filter	P	–
Managed object class	–	P
Managed object instance	–	P
Access control	P	–
Synchronization	P	–
Action type	M	C(=)
Action Information		
Attribute Id	M	–
Action result	–	M
Textual representation	–	M
Attribute not available this action	–	U
Errors	–	U (Note)
NOTE – If the response does not fit into a single PDU (e.g. if linked replies cannot be used), the CMIP error “ComplexityLimitation” may be returned.		

9.4.2 Management information tree search service definition

The management information tree search service maps onto the CMIS M-ACTION service as follows.

The management information tree search service uses the parameters defined in 8.3.2 in addition to the general M-ACTION service parameters defined in CCITT Rec. X.710 | ISO/IEC 9595. Table 4 lists the parameters for this service.

Table 4 – Management information tree search service

Parameter name	Req/Ind	Rsp/Cnf
Invoke identifier	P	P
Linked identifier	–	P
Mode	P	–
Base object class	P	–
Base object instance	P	–
Scope	P	–
Filter	P	–
Managed object class	–	P
Managed object instance	–	P
Access control	P	–
Synchronization	P	–
Action type	M	C(=)
Action Information		
Base	M	–
Discovery scope	M	–
Class request	U	–
Action result	–	M
Rooted name tree	–	M
Root object	–	M
Class of root	–	C (Note 1)
Subordinates	–	U
RDN	–	M
Managed object class (for subordinate)	–	C (Note 1)
Errors	–	U (Note 2)
NOTES		
1 The managed object class of the root of the name tree and the managed object class of each subordinate in that tree shall be specified if the Class request parameter is true in the management information tree search service request; otherwise, the managed object class of the root of the name tree and the managed object class of each subordinate shall be omitted from the action response.		
2 If the response does not fit into a single PDU (e.g. if the discovery scope is large and linked replies cannot be used), the CMIP error "ComplexityLimitation" may be returned.		

9.5 Directory services

The Directory read and search operations can be used to retrieve information pertaining to management knowledge Directory objects.

10 Systems management functional units

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies no functional units. The managed object classes defined here provide specifications for a managed system to disseminate knowledge of its repertoire of capabilities, its management information definitions and its managed objects.

The following functional units defined in CCITT Rec. X.730 | ISO/IEC 10164-1 may be negotiated for the purpose of managing management knowledge:

- control;
- monitor;
- objectEvents.

11 Protocol and abstract syntax

11.1 Abstract syntax

11.1.1 Managed objects

11.1.1.1 Referenced managed objects

This Recommendation | International Standard references the following support managed objects for which the abstract syntax is specified in CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2:

- a) top;
- b) system.

11.1.1.2 Defined managed objects

Tables 5, 6 and 7 identify the relationship between the managed objects described in 8.1 and the managed object template reference label specifications in Annex A.

Table 5 – Managed objects for repertoire knowledge

Managed object class name	Reference label
Managed object class repertoire	managedObjectClassRepertoire
Repertoire	repertoire

Table 6 – Managed objects for definition knowledge

Managed object class name	Reference label
Action template	actionTemplate
ASN.1 module	aSN1Module
Attribute group template	attributeGroupTemplate
Attribute template	attributeTemplate
Behaviour template	behaviourTemplate
Document	document
Managed object class template	managedObjectClassTemplate
Name binding template	nameBindingTemplate
Notification template	notificationTemplate
Package template	packageTemplate
Parameter template	parameterTemplate
Template	template

Table 7 – Managed objects for instance knowledge

Managed object class name	Reference label
Discovery managed object	discoveryObject

11.1.2 Attributes

11.1.2.1 Attributes defined in this Recommendation | International Standard

Tables 8, 9 and 10 identify the relationship between the attributes mentioned in 8.1 and the attribute template reference label specifications in Annex A.

Table 8 – Attributes for repertoire knowledge

Attribute name	Reference label
Implemented values	implementedValues
Managed object class repertoire Id	managedObjectClassRepertoireId
Repertoire Id	repertoireId
Supported CMIP profiles	supportedCmipProfiles
Supported conditional package list	supportedConditionalPackageList
Supported managed object class list	supportedManagedObjectClassList
Supported name binding list	supportedNameBindingList
Supported relationship class list	supportedRelationshipClassList

11.1.3 Actions

Tables 11 and 12 identify the relationship between the actions described in 8.3 and the action reference label specifications in Annex A.

11.1.4 Notifications

11.1.4.1 Referenced notifications

This Recommendation | International Standard references the following events defined in CCITT Rec. X.730 | ISO/IEC 10164-1.

- a) attribute value change notification;
- b) object creation notification;
- c) object deletion notification.

11.1.4.2 Notifications defined in this Recommendation | International Standard

No notifications are defined in this Recommendation | International Standard.

11.1.5 Directory object classes

11.1.5.1 Referenced Directory object classes

This Recommendation | International Standard references the following two Directory object classes for which the abstract syntax is defined in ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2 and ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7, respectively:

- a) top;
- b) applicationEntity.

Table 9 – Attributes for definition knowledge

Attribute name	Reference label
Actions	actions
And attribute Id's	andAttributeIds
ASN.1 module contents	asn1ModuleContents
ASN.1 version	asn1Version
Attribute groups	attributeGroups
Attributes	attributes
Behaviour	behaviour
Characterized by	characterizedBy
Conditional packages	conditionalPackages
Context	context
Create	create
Defined as	definedAs
Delete	delete
Derived from	derivedFrom
Derived or with syntax choice	derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice
Description	description
Document name	documentName
Document object identifier	documentObjectIdentifier
Fixed	fixed
Group elements	groupElements
Matches for	matchesFor
Mode confirmed	modeConfirmed
Module reference	moduleReference
Named by superior object class	namedBySuperiorObjectClass
Notifications	notifications
Optionally registered as	optionallyRegisteredAs
Parameters	parameters
Registered as	registeredAs
Specification	specification
Subordinate managed object class	subordinateObjectClass
Syntax or attribute	syntaxOrAttribute
Template definition	templateDefinition
Template name	templateName
With attribute	withAttribute
With information syntax	withInformationSyntax
With reply syntax	withReplySyntax

Table 10 – Attributes for instance knowledge

Attribute name	Reference label
Discovery Id	discoveryId

Table 11 – Actions for definition knowledge

Action name	Reference label
Get textual representation	gctTextualRepresentation

Table 12 – Actions for instance knowledge

Action name	Reference label
Management information tree search	mITSearch

11.1.5.2 Defined Directory object classes

Tables 13 and 14 identify the relationship between the Directory object classes described in 8.6 and the Directory object reference label specifications in Annex B.

Table 13 – Directory objects for repertoire knowledge

Directory object class name	Reference label
Common management information service element	cMISE
Systems management application service element	sMASE

Table 14 – Directory objects for definition knowledge

Directory object class name	Reference label
ASN.1 module	asn1Module
Action template	managementAction
Attribute template	managementAttribute
Attribute group template	managementAttributeGroup
Behaviour template	managementBehaviour
Document	managementDocument
Name binding template	managementNameBinding
Notification template	managementNotification
Managed object class template	managementObjectClass
Package template	managementPackage
Parameter template	managementParameter
Template	managementTemplate
Registered information	registeredInformation

Table 15 shows the Directory auxiliary object classes to be included in entries of Directory class Registered information and the associated definition managed object classes.

11.1.6 Directory attributes

11.1.6.1 Referenced Directory attributes

This Recommendation | International Standard references Directory attributes for which the abstract syntax is defined in ITU-T Rec. X.520 | ISO/IEC 9594-6.

Table 15 – Definition managed object classes and corresponding Directory auxiliary classes

Managed object class label	Directory auxiliary class label
actionTemplate	managementAction
aSNIModule	asn1Module
attributeGroupTemplate	managementAttributeGroup
attributeTemplate	managementAttribute
behaviourTemplate	managementBehaviour
document	managementDocument
managedObjectClassTemplate	managementObjectClass
nameBindingTemplate	managementNameBinding
notificationTemplate	managementNotification
packageTemplate	managementPackage
parameterTemplate	managementParameter
template	managementTemplate

11.1.6.2 Directory attributes defined in this Recommendation | International Standard

Tables 16 and 17 identify the relationship between the Directory attributes described in 8.6 and the attribute reference label specifications in Annex B.

Table 16 – Directory attributes for repertoire knowledge

Directory attribute name	Reference label
Management information tree managed object list	mitMoList
Supported CMIP profiles	supportedCmipProfiles
Supported CMIP version	supportedCmipVersion
Supported CMIS functional units	supportedCmisFunctionalUnits
Supported SMASE functional units	supportedSmaseFunctionalUnits
Supports MKM global names	supportsMKMglobalNames

11.2 Get textual representation elements of procedure

11.2.1 Manager role

11.2.1.1 Invocation

The get textual representation procedures are initiated by the get textual representation request primitive. On receipt of a get textual representation request primitive, the SMAPM shall construct an MAPDU and issue a CMIS M-ACTION request service primitive with parameters derived from the get textual representation request primitive.

11.2.1.2 Receipt of response

On receipt of a CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive containing an MAPDU responding to a get textual representation action and containing the linked identifier, the SMAPM shall issue a get textual representation confirmation primitive to the get textual representation service user with parameters derived from the CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive and indicate that the procedure is not yet complete.

Table 17 – Directory attributes for definition knowledge

Directory attribute name	Reference label
Actions	actions
Additional information	additionalInformation
And attribute Ids	andAttributeIds
ASN.1 module contents	asn1ModuleContents
ASN.1 version	asn1Version
Attribute groups	attributeGroups
Attributes	attributes
Behaviour	behaviour
Characterized by	characterizedBy
Conditional packages	conditionalPackages
Context	context
Create	create
Defined as	definedAs
Delete	delete
Derived from	derivedFrom
Derived or with syntax choice	derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice
Description	description
Document name	documentName
Document object identifier	documentObjectIdentifier
Fixed	fixed
Group elements	groupElements
Information status	informationStatus
Matches for	matchesFor
Mode confirmed	modeConfirmed
Module reference	moduleReference
Named by superior object class	namedBySuperiorObjectClass
Name form	nameForm
Notifications	notifications
Optionally registered as	optionallyRegisteredAs
Parameters	parameters
Registered as	registeredAs
Specification	specification
Subordinate managed object class	subordinateObjectClass
Syntax or attribute	syntaxOrAttribute
Template definition	templateDefinition
Template name	templateName
With attribute	withAttribute
With information syntax	withInformationSyntax
With reply syntax	withReplySyntax

On receipt of a CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive containing an MAPDU responding to a get textual representation action and *not* containing the linked identifier, the SMAPM shall issue a get textual representation confirmation primitive to the get textual representation service user with parameters derived from the CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive and indicate completion of the get textual representation procedure.

11.2.2 Agent role

11.2.2.1 Receipt of request

On receipt of a CMIS M-ACTION indication service primitive containing an MAPDU requesting the get textual representation service, the SMAPM shall, if the MAPDU is well formed, issue a get textual representation indication primitive to the get textual representation service user with parameters derived from the CMIS M-ACTION indication service primitive. Otherwise, the SMAPM shall construct an appropriate MAPDU containing notification of the error and shall issue a CMIS M-ACTION response service primitive with an error parameter present.

11.2.2.2 Response

If linked replies are to be sent in reply to a get textual representation request primitive, for all replies except the last, the SMAPM shall accept a get textual representation response primitive and shall construct an MAPDU containing a successful reply to the action and issue a CMIS M-ACTION response service primitive with parameters derived from the get textual representation request primitive and with the linked identifier.

The SMAPM shall accept a get textual representation response primitive and shall construct an MAPDU containing either the successful or an error reply to the action and issue a CMIS M-ACTION response service primitive with parameters derived from the get textual representation request primitive and without the linked identifier.

NOTE – If multiple responses are sent, the last contains only the invoke identifier.

11.3 Management information tree search elements of procedure

11.3.1 Manager role

11.3.1.1 Invocation

The management information tree search procedures are initiated by the management information tree search request primitive. On receipt of a management information tree search request primitive, the SMAPM shall construct an MAPDU and issue a CMIS M-ACTION request service primitive with parameters derived from the management information tree search request primitive.

11.3.1.2 Receipt of response

On receipt of a CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive containing an MAPDU responding to a management information tree search, the SMAPM shall issue a management information tree search confirmation primitive to the management information tree search service user with parameters derived from the CMIS M-ACTION confirm service primitive, thus completing the management information tree search procedure.

11.3.2 Agent role

11.3.2.1 Receipt of request

On receipt of a CMIS M-ACTION indication service primitive containing an MAPDU requesting the management information tree search service, the SMAPM shall, if the MAPDU is well formed, issue a management information tree search indication primitive to the management information tree search service user with parameters derived from the CMIS M-ACTION indication service primitive. Otherwise, the SMAPM shall construct an appropriate MAPDU containing notification of the error and shall issue a CMIS M-ACTION response service primitive with an error parameter present.

11.3.2.2 Response

The SMAPM shall accept a management information tree search response primitive and shall construct an MAPDU containing either the successful or an error reply to the action and issue a CMIS M-ACTION response service primitive with parameters derived from the management information tree search request primitive.

11.4 Negotiation of functional units

This Recommendation | International Standard specifies no functional units.

11.5 CMIP features

If CMIP is used, support of local distinguished name is required by this function.

12 Relationships with other functions and the Directory

The Management knowledge management function uses the services defined in CCITT Rec. X.730 | ISO/IEC 10164-1 for the creation and deletion of management knowledge managed objects, the retrieval of their attributes and notifications of object creation, object deletion and attribute value changes.

Access control mechanisms for use with management knowledge managed objects are specified in ITU-T Rec. X.741 | ISO/IEC 10164-9.

The Management knowledge management function uses the services defined in ITU-T Rec. X.511 | ISO/IEC 9594-3 for the creation and deletion of management knowledge Directory objects and the retrieval of their attributes.

Access control mechanisms for use with management knowledge Directory objects are specified in ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2.

13 Conformance

Implementations claiming to conform to this Recommendation | International Standard shall comply with the conformance requirements as defined in the following subclauses.

13.1 Static conformance

The implementation shall conform to the requirements of this Recommendation | International Standard in one or more of these roles:

- manager role;
- agent role;
- Directory information user role;
- Directory information provider role.

A claim of conformance to at least one role shall be made in Table C.1.

If a claim of conformance is made for support in the manager role, the implementation shall support at least one management operation or notification of at least one of the managed objects specified by this Recommendation | International Standard. The conformance requirements in the manager role for those management operations or notifications are identified in Table C.2 and further tables referenced by Annex C.

If a claim of conformance is made for support in the agent role, the implementation shall support one or more instances of the managed object classes identified in Table C.3 and further tables referenced by Annex C.

If a claim of conformance is made for support in the Directory information user role, the implementation shall include a DUA capable of retrieving information from repertoire Directory objects or definition Directory objects.

If a claim of conformance is made for support in the Directory information provider role, the implementation shall include a DSA capable of providing information from repertoire Directory objects or definition Directory objects.

The implementation shall support the transfer syntax derived from the encoding rules specified in CCITT Rec. X.209 and ISO/IEC 8825 named {joint-iso-ccitt(2) asn1(1) basicEncoding (1)} for the abstract data types referenced by the definitions for which support is claimed.

13.2 Dynamic conformance

Implementations claiming to conform to this Recommendation | International Standard shall support the elements of procedure and definitions of semantics corresponding to the definitions for which support is claimed.

13.3 Management implementation conformance statement requirements

Any MCS proforma, MICS proforma, MOCS proforma, or MRCS proforma which conforms to this Recommendation | International Standard shall be technically identical to the proformas specified in Annexes C, D, E and F differing only as permitted by ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6.

The supplier of an implementation which is claimed to conform to this Recommendation | International Standard shall complete a copy of the MCS proforma provided in Annex C as part of the conformance requirements together with any other ICS proformas referenced as applicable from that MCS. An ICS which conforms to this Recommendation | International Standard shall:

- describe an implementation which conforms to this Recommendation | International Standard;
- have been completed in accordance with the instructions for completion given in ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6;
- include the information necessary to uniquely identify both the supplier and the implementation.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

Annex A

Management knowledge managed objects

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

A.1 Allocation of object identifiers

This Recommendation | International Standard allocates the following object identifiers.

```
--%PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= {v1990, v1994}
MKMD {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 5}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN
dmiAttribute          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smi(3) part2(2) attribute(7)}
dmiNotification       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smi(3) part2(2) notification(10)}
mkmDirectoryAttributeType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) standardSpecificExtension(0)
    directoryAttributeTypes(4)}
mkmDirectoryObjectClass OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) standardSpecificExtension(0) directoryObjectClasses(6)}
mkmDirectoryNameForm  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) standardSpecificExtension(0) directoryNameForms(7)}
mkmMObjectClass       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) managedObjectClass(3)}
mkmPackage            OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) package(4)}
mkmParameter          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) parameter(5)}
mkmNameBinding        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) nameBinding(6)}
mkmAttribute          OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) attribute(7)}
mkmAction             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) action(9)}
END
```

A.2 Repertoire managed object definitions

A.2.1 Managed object classes

```
managedObjectClassRepertoire MANAGED OBJECT CLASS
DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":top;
CHARACTERIZED BY managedObjectClassRepertoirePackage PACKAGE
BEHAVIOUR managedObjectClassRepertoireBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
```

Managed objects with this behaviour issue the object creation notification upon creation, the object deletion notification upon deletion and the attribute value change notification upon a change of value of either the supported conditional package list attribute or the implemented values attribute.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

```
managedObjectClassRepertoireId GET,
supportedConditionalPackageList GET;
```

NOTIFICATIONS

```
"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":attributeValueChange,
"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":objectCreation,
"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":objectDeletion;;;
```

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

```
implementedValuesPackage PACKAGE
```

BEHAVIOUR implementedValuesPackageBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

Presence of the implemented values conditional package implies that the managed object implementation supports the indicated implemented values for each of the managed object attributes indicated within the implemented values attribute.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

implementedValues GET;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmPackage 2}; PRESENT IF "an instance supports it";

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 2};

repertoire MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":top;

CHARACTERIZED BY repertoirePackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR repertoireBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

An instance with this behaviour reflects system capabilities: when a system is enabled for support of new managed object classes, new managed relationship classes, new name bindings, or new CMIP profiles, or when existing support is disabled, the new capability shall be reflected in the values of the corresponding attributes.

An instance with this behaviour shall emit the object creation notification upon creation, the object deletion notification upon deletion and the attribute value change notification upon a change of value of the supported managed object class list, supported relationship class list, supported name binding list, or supported CMIP profiles attribute.

If a managed system has any instances of the repertoire managed object, it shall have one named under the system managed object with the value "REP1" for the repertoire Id attribute. A managed system may have multiple instances of the repertoire managed object.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

repertoireId GET,

supportedNameBindingList GET,

supportedManagedObjectClassList GET,

supportedRelationshipClassList GET;

NOTIFICATIONS

"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":objectCreation,

"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":objectDeletion,

"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":attributeValueChange;;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

supportedCmipProfilesPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

supportedCmipProfiles GET;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmPackage 1}; PRESENT IF "this managed object represents the managed system components that support communications";

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 1};

A.2.2 Name bindings**managedObjectClassRepertoire-repertoire NAME BINDING****SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS**

managedObjectClassRepertoire AND SUBCLASSES;

NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS

repertoire AND SUBCLASSES;

WITH ATTRIBUTE managedObjectClassRepertoireId;**BEHAVIOUR managedObjectClassRepertoire-repertoireBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

The value of the managed object class repertoire Id attribute shall be the OBJECT IDENTIFIER for the managed object class with which the repertoire is associated.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 2};

repertoire-system NAME BINDING**SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS**

repertoire AND SUBCLASSES;

NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS

"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":system AND SUBCLASSES;

WITH ATTRIBUTE repertoireId;**BEHAVIOUR repertoire-systemBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for a common way to access a repertoire managed object is provided by this name binding when the value "REP1" is used for the repertoire Id attribute.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 1};

A.2.3 Attributes

implementedValues ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.ImplementedValues;
BEHAVIOUR implementedValuesBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute represents class implementation information related to a set of attributes of a managed object class. This set-valued attribute shall not contain more than one element with the same attributeId value. The information provided applies only to instances of the class for which information is being provided: in other words, implementation information represented by this attribute is not inherited by derived classes.

The following information about an attribute can be represented:

- initialValue: The value the attribute first takes when an instance of the class comes into existence.
- defaultValue: The value to which the attribute is set when a set-to-default management operation is applied to it.
- minValue: For an attribute of type INTEGER, REAL, or a subtype of either of these types, which has ranges for both its permitted and required values sets, minValue indicates the minimum value that the attribute can take in an instance of the class. minValue shall be greater than or equal to the smallest permitted value and less than or equal to the smallest required value.
- maxValue: For an attribute of type INTEGER, REAL, or a subtype of either of these types, which has ranges for both its permitted and required values sets, maxValue indicates the maximum value that the attribute can take in an instance of the class. maxValue shall be less than or equal to the largest permitted value and greater than or equal to the largest required value.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 6};

managedObjectClassRepertoireId ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.ManagedObjectClassRepertoireId;
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
BEHAVIOUR managedObjectClassRepertoireIdBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The value of this attribute is the OBJECT IDENTIFIER with which the managed object class was registered.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 2};

repertoireId ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.RepertoireId;
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
BEHAVIOUR repertoireIdBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The repertoireId attribute is a distinguishing attribute suitable for naming.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 1};

supportedCmipProfiles ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.SupportedCmipProfiles;
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
BEHAVIOUR supportedCmipProfilesBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute indicates the CMIP profiles supported by the system operating in the agent role. The following values are defined:

- aom10(0): The managed system supports ISP 11183-1.
- aom11(1): The managed system supports ISP 11183-3.
- aom12(2): The managed system supports ISP 11183-2.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 4};

supportedConditionalPackageList ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.SupportedConditionalPackageList;
MATCHES FOR SET-COMPARISON, SET-INTERSECTION;
BEHAVIOUR supportedConditionalPackageListBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued, read-only attribute identifies the conditional packages supported in the implementation of the managed object class.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 5};

supportedManagedObjectClassList ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX RepertoireASN1Module.SupportedManagedObjectClassList;
MATCHES FOR SET-COMPARISON, SET-INTERSECTION;
BEHAVIOUR supportedManagedObjectClassListBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The supportedManagedObjectClassList attribute indicates the managed object classes, actual and allomorphic, supported by a system operating in the agent role.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 3};

supportedNameBindingList ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX *RepertoireASN1Module.SupportedNameBindingList*;
 MATCHES FOR SET-COMPARISON, SET-INTERSECTION;
 BEHAVIOUR *supportedNameBindingListBehaviour* BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The *supportedNameBindingList* attribute indicates the name bindings supported by the system operating in the agent role.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 42};

supportedRelationshipClassList ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX *RepertoireASN1Module.SupportedRelationshipClassList*;
 MATCHES FOR SET-COMPARISON, SET-INTERSECTION;
 BEHAVIOUR *supportedRelationshipClassListBehaviour* BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The *supportedRelationshipClassList* attribute indicates the relationship classes supported by the system operating in the agent role.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 44};

A.2.4 Abstract syntax

--%PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= v1990

RepertoireASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 0}

DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=

BEGIN

-- EXPORTS everything;

IMPORTS

NameBinding, Packages

FROM *Attribute-ASN1Module* {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smi(3) part2(2) asn1Module(2)}

-- CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2

;

GdmoAttributeId ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER

GdmoObjectClass ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER

ImplementedValues ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {

attributeId *GdmoAttributeId*,

defaultValue [1] EXPLICIT ANY DEFINED BY *attributeId* OPTIONAL,

initialValue [2] EXPLICIT ANY DEFINED BY *attributeId* OPTIONAL,

minValue [3] EXPLICIT ANY DEFINED BY *attributeId* OPTIONAL,

maxValue [4] EXPLICIT ANY DEFINED BY *attributeId* OPTIONAL

}

ManagedObjectClassRepertoireId ::= *GdmoObjectClass*

RepertoireId ::= *GraphicString*

SupportedCmipProfiles ::= BIT STRING {

aom10(0), -- the managed system supports ISP 11183-1

aom11(1), -- the managed system supports ISP 11183-3

aom12(2)} -- the managed system supports ISP 11183-2

SupportedConditionalPackageList ::= *Packages*

SupportedManagedObjectClassList ::= SET OF *GdmoObjectClass*

SupportedNameBindingList ::= SET OF *NameBinding*

SupportedRelationshipClassList ::= SET OF OBJECT IDENTIFIER

END

A.3 Definition managed object definitions**A.3.1 Managed object classes**

actionTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM *template*;

CHARACTERIZED BY *actionPackage* PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

behaviour GET,

modeConfirmed GET,

parameters GET,

withInformationSyntax GET,

withReplySyntax GET,

registeredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 12};

aSN1Module MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":top;

CHARACTERIZED BY aSN1ModulePackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR aSN1ModuleBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

When an instance of this class is named subordinate to a document managed object, the moduleReference attribute provides unique identification within the scope of that document managed object. A managed object with this behaviour supports the retrieval of the asn1ModuleContents attribute via the getTextualRepresentation action.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

moduleReference GET,
asn1ModuleContents GET,
asn1Version GET,
optionallyRegisteredAs GET;

ACTIONS

getTextualRepresentation;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 4};

attributeGroupTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY attributeGroupPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

groupElements GET,
fixed GET,
description GET,
registeredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 10};

attributeTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY attributePackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice GET,
matchesFor GET,
behaviour GET,
parameters GET,
optionallyRegisteredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 9};

behaviourTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY behaviourPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR behaviourTemplateBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

A managed object with this behaviour supports the retrieval of the definedAs attribute via the getTextualRepresentation action.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

definedAs GET;

ACTIONS

getTextualRepresentation;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 11};

document MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":top;

CHARACTERIZED BY documentPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR documentBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

When an instance of this class is named subordinate to a system managed object, either the documentName or the documentObjectIdentifier attribute provides unique identification within the scope of that system managed object. When the documentName attribute is used for ITU-T Recommendations or for International Standards, it is formed as specified for a <standard-name> in 8.2(k) of CCITT Rec. X.722 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-4:1992.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

documentName GET,
documentObjectIdentifier GET;;;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

documentSpecificationPackage PACKAGE

STANDARDSPS.COM - Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

BEHAVIOUR documentSpecificationBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

A managed object with this behaviour supports the retrieval of the specification attribute via the `getTextualRepresentation` action.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

specification GET;

ACTIONS

`getTextualRepresentation`;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmPackage 4}; PRESENT IF "document is available as a text string";

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 14};

managedObjectClassTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY managedObjectClassPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

derivedFrom GET,
characterizedBy GET,
conditionalPackages GET,
registeredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 5};

nameBindingTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY nameBindingPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

subordinateObjectClass GET,
namedBySuperiorObjectClass GET,
withAttribute GET,
behaviour GET,
create GET,
delete GET,
registeredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 8};

notificationTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY notificationPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

behaviour GET,
modeConfirmed GET,
parameters GET,
withInformationSyntax GET,
andAttributeIds GET,
withReplySyntax GET,
registeredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 13};

packageTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY packagePackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

behaviour GET,
attributes GET,
attributeGroups GET,
actions GET,
notifications GET,
optionallyRegisteredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 6};

parameterTemplate MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM template;

CHARACTERIZED BY parameterPackage PACKAGE

ATTRIBUTES

context GET,
syntaxOrAttribute GET,
behaviour GET,
optionallyRegisteredAs GET;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 7};

template **MANAGED OBJECT CLASS**

DERIVED FROM "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":top;
CHARACTERIZED BY templatePackage PACKAGE
BEHAVIOUR templateBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

When an instance of this class is named subordinate to a document managed object, the templateName attribute provides unique identification within the scope of that document managed object.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

templateName GET;;;

CONDITIONAL PACKAGES

templateDefinitionPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR templateDefinitionPackageBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

A managed object with this behaviour supports retrieval of the information of the templateDefinition attribute via the getTextualRepresentation action.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

templateDefinition GET;

ACTIONS

getTextualRepresentation;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmPackage 3}; **PRESENT IF** !template is represented as text string!;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 3};

A.3.2 Name bindings

aSN1Module-document NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS aSN1Module AND SUBCLASSES;
NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS document AND SUBCLASSES;
WITH ATTRIBUTE moduleReference;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 4};

document-system NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS document AND SUBCLASSES;
NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":system AND SUBCLASSES;
WITH ATTRIBUTE documentObjectIdentifier;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 6};

document-system2 NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS document AND SUBCLASSES;
NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":system AND SUBCLASSES;
WITH ATTRIBUTE documentName;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 7};

template-document NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS template AND SUBCLASSES;
NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS document AND SUBCLASSES;
WITH ATTRIBUTE templateName;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 3};

A.3.3 Attributes

actions ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Actions;
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
BEHAVIOUR actionsBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This set-valued attribute identifies the actions, and associated parameters, of a package.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 18};

andAttributeIds ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.AndAttributeIds;
MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
BEHAVIOUR andAttributeIdsBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This set-valued attribute identifies the assignment of attributes to fields of a notification's argument.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 36};

asn1ModuleContents ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.ASN1ModuleContents;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, SUBSTRINGS;
 BEHAVIOUR asn1ModuleContentsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute holds the ASN.1 module contents in textual form.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 9};

asn1Version ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.ASN1Version;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, SUBSTRINGS;
 BEHAVIOUR asn1VersionBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute holds a bit string that has one bit set for each ASN.1 version to which the module conforms.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 45};

attributeGroups ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.AttributeGroups;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR attributeGroupsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the attribute groups, and associated attributes, of a package.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 17};

attributes ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Attributes;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR attributesBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the attributes, and associated qualifiers and parameters, of a package.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 16};

behaviour ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Behaviour;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR behaviourBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the behaviours associated with an element of management information.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 15};

characterizedBy ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.CharacterizedBy;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR characterizedByBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the mandatory packages of a managed object class.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 11};

conditionalPackages ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.ConditionalPackages;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR conditionalPackagesBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the conditional packages, and their conditions, of a managed object class.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 12};

context ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Context;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR contextBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies the context of a parameter.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 20};

create ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Create;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR createBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies the create element specification of a name binding. If no create element is present, then this attribute's value shall be null.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 25};

definedAs ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.DefinedAs;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR definedAsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute contains the definition of a behaviour.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 32};

delete ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Delete;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR deleteBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies the delete element specification of a name binding. If no delete element is present, then this attribute's value shall be null.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 26};

derivedFrom ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.DerivedFrom;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR derivedFromBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This set-valued attribute identifies the immediate superclasses of a managed object class.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 10};

derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.DerivedOrWithSyntaxChoice;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR derivedOrWithSyntaxChoiceBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies the syntax specification of an attribute.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 27};

description ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Description;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR descriptionBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute contains the description of an attribute group.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 31};

documentName ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.DocumentName;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY, SUBSTRINGS;
 BEHAVIOUR documentNameBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies with a graphic string the document represented by the managed object. E.g. "CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992" identifies the Definition of management information.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 38};

documentObjectIdentifier ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.DocumentObjectIdentifier;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR documentObjectIdentifierBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies with an ASN.1 object identifier value the document represented by the managed object. E.g. {2 9 3 2} identifies the Definition of management information, CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992 (as specified in the registration tables for Recommendation | International Standard documents for OSI Systems Management published in CCITT Rec. X.722 | ISO/IEC 10165-4).

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 39};

fixed ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Fixed;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR fixedBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute identifies an attribute group as being fixed or dynamic.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 30};

groupElements ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.GroupElements;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR groupElementsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This set-valued attribute identifies the elements of an attribute group.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 29};

matchesFor ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.MatchesFor;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR matchesForBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies the matching characteristics of an attribute.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 28};

modeConfirmed ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.ModeConfirmed;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR modeConfirmedBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies an action or notification as being confirmed or not.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 33};

moduleReference ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Identifier;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR moduleReferenceBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies the name of the ASN.1 module.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 8};

namedBySuperiorObjectClass ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.NamingObjectClass;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR namedBySuperiorObjectClassBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies the superior object classes of a name binding.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 23};

notifications ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Notifications;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR notificationsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This set-valued attribute identifies the notifications, and associated parameters, of a package.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 19};

optionallyRegisteredAs ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.OptionallyRegisteredAs;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR optionallyRegisteredAsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies the identifier of the represented element of management information. If no identifier has been assigned, this attribute shall have a null value.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 43};

parameters ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Parameters;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR parametersBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This set-valued attribute identifies the parameters associated with an element of management information.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 13};

registeredAs ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.RegisteredAs;
 MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;
 BEHAVIOUR registeredAsBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !
 This attribute identifies the identifier of the represented element of management information.
 !;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 14};

specification ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Specification;

BEHAVIOUR specificationBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute contains a representation of only the GDMO and ASN.1 specifications and embedded comments contained within the document.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 40};

subordinateObjectClass ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.NamingObjectClass;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR subordinateObjectClassBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute identifies the subordinate managed object classes of a name binding.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 22};

syntaxOrAttribute ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.SyntaxOrAttribute;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR syntaxOrAttributeBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute identifies the syntax specification of a parameter.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 21};

templateDefinition ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.TemplateDefinition;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR templateDefinitionBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute contains a text string representation of the GDMO template definition. In-line templates are not included in this text string, even if they appear in line in the document represented by the document managed object under which the template managed object is named. It is not necessary that GDMO comments be included in this representation.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 37};

templateName ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.TemplateName;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR templateNameBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute names template managed objects. Its value is that of the label of the GDMO template which is represented.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 7};

withAttribute ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.WithAttribute;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR withAttributeBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute identifies the naming attribute of a name binding.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 24};

withInformationSyntax ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.WithSyntax;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR withInformationSyntaxBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute identifies the syntax of the argument of an action or notification.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 34};

withReplySyntax ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.WithSyntax;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR withReplySyntaxBehaviour **BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !**

This attribute identifies the syntax of the reply to an action or notification.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 35};

A.3.4 Actions and parameters

getTextualRepresentation ACTION

BEHAVIOUR getTextualRepresentationBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The action returns a textual representation of the information in a single attribute of the managed object to which it is directed. The action response, which may be spread across multiple Linked Replies, consists of a sequence of line images. If there are multiple Linked Replies, the sequences from all of them are logically combined into a single, longer sequence of line images.

For an attribute with the syntax DefinitionASN1Module.TextualRepresentation, the result of retrieving the attribute via this action and, if necessary, combining the contents of multiple Linked Replies, is identical to result of the get attribute value management operation.

!;;

PARAMETERS attributeNotAvailableViaThisAction;

WITH INFORMATION SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.AttributeId;

WITH REPLY SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.TextualRepresentation;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAction 2};

attributeNotAvailableViaThisAction PARAMETER

CONTEXT SPECIFIC-ERROR;

WITH SYNTAX DefinitionASN1Module.Null;

BEHAVIOUR attributeNotAvailableViaThisActionBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This error indicates that retrieval of the requested attribute via the getTextualRepresentation action is not supported.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmParameter 1};

A.3.5 Abstract syntax

```
-- %PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= {v1990, v1994}
DefinitionASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 1}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN
-- EXPORTS everything;
IMPORTS
ManagementExtension
FROM Attribute-ASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smi(3) part2(2) asn1Module(2)}
-- CCITT Rec. X.721 | ISO/IEC 10165-2
;
Actions ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {
action [0] TemplateLabel,
parameter [1] TemplateList OPTIONAL}
AdditionalProperties ::= SET OF ManagementExtension
AndAttributeIds ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {
fieldNameIdentifier,
attribute TemplateLabel}
ASN1ModuleContents ::= TextualRepresentation
ASN1Version ::= BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)}
AttributeGroups ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {
group TemplateLabel,
attributes TemplateList OPTIONAL}
AttributeId ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER
Attributes ::= SET OF SEQUENCE {
attributeLabel TemplateLabel,
property PropertyList,
parameterLabel TemplateList OPTIONAL}
Behaviour ::= TemplateList
CharacterizedBy ::= TemplateList
ConditionalPackages ::= SET OF SEQUENCE { label TemplateLabel,
condition GraphicString}
Context ::= CHOICE {
keyword SEQUENCE { type-reference DefinedType,
field Identifier},
representation ENUMERATED { aCTION-INFO(0),
aCTION-REPLY(1),
eVENT-INFO(2),
eVENT-REPLY(3),
sPECIFIC-ERROR(4)}}

```



```

TemplateLabel ::= SEQUENCE{
    localName      TemplateName,
    documentId     CHOICE {
        documentName      DocumentName,
        documentObjectIdentifier DocumentObjectIdentifier
    } OPTIONAL -- align with GDMO document identifier
}
TemplateName ::= PrintableString(FROM("0" | "1" | "2" | "3" | "4" | "5" | "6" | "7" | "8" | "9" |
    "A" | "B" | "C" | "D" | "E" | "F" | "G" | "H" | "I" | "J" | "K" | "L" | "M" |
    "N" | "O" | "P" | "Q" | "R" | "S" | "T" | "U" | "V" | "W" | "X" | "Y" | "Z" |
    "a" | "b" | "c" | "d" | "e" | "f" | "g" | "h" | "i" | "j" | "k" | "l" | "m" |
    "n" | "o" | "p" | "q" | "r" | "s" | "t" | "u" | "v" | "w" | "x" | "y" | "z" | "-" | "/"))
TextualRepresentation ::= SEQUENCE OF LineImage
ValueSpecifier ::= CHOICE{ valueReference [0] DefinedValue,
    derivationRule [1] TemplateLabel}
WithAttribute ::= TemplateLabel
WithSyntax ::= CHOICE { present DefinedType, absent NULL}
END

```

A.4 Discovery managed object definitions

A.4.1 Managed object classes

discoveryObject MANAGED OBJECT CLASS

DERIVED FROM " CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992";top;

CHARACTERIZED BY discoveryObjectPackage PACKAGE

BEHAVIOUR discoveryObjectBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

A managed object with this behaviour responds to mITSearch action requests concerning subtrees of managed objects within a managed system's naming tree. The query specifies a base object and the required scope of the search.

The response is a set of rooted tree structures that together cover the requested scope under the requested base object. Each rooted tree has the distinguished name of its root but does not repeat common name components within its structure, i.e. only the RDN is used to identify subordinate managed objects.

!;;

ATTRIBUTES

discoveryId;

ACTIONS

mITSearch;;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 15};

A.4.2 Name bindings

discovery-system NAME BINDING

SUBORDINATE OBJECT CLASS discoveryObject AND SUBCLASSES;

NAMED BY SUPERIOR OBJECT CLASS

"CCITT Rec. X.721 (1992) | ISO/IEC 10165-2:1992":system AND SUBCLASSES;

WITH ATTRIBUTE discoveryId;

BEHAVIOUR discovery-systemBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The use of a fixed relative distinguished name for a common way to access a discovery managed object is provided by this name binding when the value "DSC1" is used for the repertoire Id attribute.

Subordinate to a given system managed object, there shall be only one allowed value for the discovery Id attribute, namely "DSC1".

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmNameBinding 5};

A.4.3 Attributes

discoveryId ATTRIBUTE

WITH ATTRIBUTE SYNTAX DiscoveryASN1Module.DiscoveryId;

MATCHES FOR EQUALITY;

BEHAVIOUR discoveryIdBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

This attribute is used to identify an instance of the discovery managed object.

!;;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAttribute 41};

A.4.4 Actions

mitSearch ACTION

BEHAVIOUR mitSearchBehaviour BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS !

The argument has the base object, the required scope of the search and an optional class request parameter. The response has a tree structure, under any specified base managed object, without repeating common name components (i.e. only RDN components are sent).

It shall, if specified in the request, also report the managed object class type associated with each node in the tree.

!;

WITH INFORMATION SYNTAX DiscoveryASN1Module.MITSearch;

WITH REPLY SYNTAX DiscoveryASN1Module.MITSearchResponse;

REGISTERED AS {MKMD.mkmAction 1};

A.4.5 Abstract syntax

```
--%PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= {v1990, v1994}
DiscoveryASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 2}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN
-- EXPORTS everything;
IMPORTS
RelativeDistinguishedName
    FROM InformationFramework {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) informationFramework(1)}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2
GdmoObjectClass
    FROM RepertoireASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 0}
    -- this Recommendation | International Standard
ObjectInstance, Scope
    FROM CMIP-1 {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) cmip(1) modules(0) protocol(3)}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.711 and ISO/IEC 9596-1
;
DiscoveryId ::= GraphicString
MITSearch ::= SEQUENCE {
    base ObjectInstance,
    discoveryScopeScope,
    classRequest BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE
    -- if true, include class with MITSearchResponse
}
MITSearchResponse ::= SET OF RootedNameTree
NameTree ::= SEQUENCE {
    rdnInfo RDNInfo,
    subordinates SET OF NameTree OPTIONAL}
RDNInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    rdn RelativeDistinguishedName,
    moClass GdmoObjectClass OPTIONAL}
RootedNameTree ::= SEQUENCE {
    rootObject ObjectInstance,
    classOfRoot GdmoObjectClass OPTIONAL,
    subordinates SET OF NameTree OPTIONAL}
END
```

Annex B

Management knowledge Directory objects

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

B.1 Repertoire Directory object definitions

```

--%PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= v1994
RepertoireDirectoryASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 3}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN
-- EXPORTS everything;
IMPORTS
ATTRIBUTE, OBJECT-CLASS CONTENT-RULE
    FROM InformationFramework {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) informationFramework(1) 2}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2
applicationEntity
    FROM SelectedObjectClasses {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) selectedObjectClasses(6) 2}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7
bitStringMatch
    FROM SelectedAttributeTypes {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) selectedAttributeTypes(5) 2}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.520 | ISO/IEC 9594-6
ObjectInstance
    FROM CMIP-1 {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) cmip(1) modules(0) protocols(3)}
    -- CCITT Rec. X.711 and ISO/IEC 9596-1
FunctionalUnits, ProtocolVersion
    FROM CMIP-A-ASSOCIATE-Information {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) cmip(1) modules (0)
    AssociateUserInfo(1)} -- CCITT Rec. X.711 and ISO/IEC 9596-1
FunctionalUnitPackage
    FROM SMASE-A-ASSOCIATE-Information {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) smo(0) negotiationAbstractSyntax(1)
    version1(1)} -- CCITT Rec. X.701 | ISO/IEC 10040
mkmDirectoryObjectClass, mkmDirectoryAttributeType
    FROM MKMD {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 5}
    -- this Recommendation | International Standard
GdmoObjectClass
    FROM RepertoireASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 0}
    -- this Recommendation | International Standard
;
cMISE OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    KIND auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { supportedCmipVersion |
    supportedCmipProfiles |
    supportedCmisFunctionalUnits}
    ID { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 1}}
sMASE OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    KIND auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { supportedSmaseFunctionalUnits}
    MAY CONTAIN { mitMoList |
    supportsMKMglobalNames}
    ID { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 2}}
-- The "cMISE" and "sMASE" Directory auxiliary object
-- classes should be used together with the Directory
-- structural object class "applicationEntity".
InstanceIdList ::= SET OF ObjectInstance
managementServiceElementsCR CONTENT-RULE ::= {
    STRUCTURAL OBJECT CLASS applicationEntity
    AUXILIARY OBJECT CLASS { sMASE | cMISE}}
mitMoList ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX MitMo
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 1}}
MitMo ::= SEQUENCE {
    objectClass GdmoObjectClass,
    instances InstanceIdList OPTIONAL}

```

```

supportedCmipProfiles ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX BIT STRING
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 43}
supportedCmipVersion ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX ProtocolVersion
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 2}
supportedCmisFunctionalUnits ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX FunctionalUnits
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 3}
supportedSmaseFunctionalUnits ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX FunctionalUnitPackage
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 5}
supportsMKMglobalNames ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX BOOLEAN
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE booleanMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 44}
END

```

B.2 Definition Directory object definitions

```

--%PRAGMA version BIT STRING {v1990(0), v1994(1)} ::= v1994
DefinitionDirectoryASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 4}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::=
BEGIN
-- EXPORTS everything;
IMPORTS
ATTRIBUTE, OBJECT-CLASS, CONTENT-RULE, NAME-FORM, objectIdentifierMatch
    FROM InformationFramework {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) informationFramework(1) 2}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.501 | ISO/IEC 9594-2
bitStringMatch, booleanMatch, caseExactMatch, commonName, directoryStringFirstComponentMatch, integerMatch
    FROM SelectedAttributeTypes {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ds(5) modules(1) selectedAttributeTypes(5) 2}
    -- ITU-T Rec. X.520 | ISO/IEC 9594-6
    -- Because directoryStringFirstComponentMatch is a case-ignore matching rule, some matches
    -- found by its use could fail an exact-case matching test.
Actions, AndAttributeIds, Attributes, AttributeGroups, ConditionalPackages, Context, Create, Delete,
DerivedOrWithSyntaxChoice, Identifier, NamingObjectClass, Notifications, OptionallyRegisteredAs, RegisteredAs,
SyntaxOrAttribute, TemplateLabel, TextualRepresentation, WithSyntax
    FROM DefinitionASN1Module {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 1}
    -- this Recommendation | International Standard
mkmDirectoryObjectClass, mkmDirectoryAttributeType, mkmDirectoryNameForm
    FROM MKMD {joint-iso-ccitt(2) ms(9) function(2) part16(16) asn1Modules(2) 5}
    -- this Recommendation | International Standard
;
-- Definition of the required Directory object classes
asn1Module OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    KIND auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { moduleReference |
asn1ModuleContents |
asn1Version |
optionallyRegisteredAs}
    ID { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 15}
managementAction OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF managementTemplate
    KIND auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { behaviour |
modeConfirmed |
parameters |
withInformationSyntax |
withReplySyntax |
registeredAs}
    ID { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 13}

```

```

managementAttributeGroup OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { groupElements |
                    fixed |
                    description |
                    registeredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 11}}
managementAttribute OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice |
                    matchesFor |
                    behaviour |
                    parameters |
                    optionallyRegisteredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 10}}
managementBehaviour OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { definedAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 12}}
managementDocument OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { documentName |
                    documentObjectIdentifier}
    MAY CONTAIN   { specification}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 4}}
managementNameBinding OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { subordinateObjectClass |
                    namedBySuperiorObjectClass |
                    withAttribute |
                    behaviour |
                    create |
                    delete |
                    registeredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 9}}
managementNotification OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { behaviour |
                    modeConfirmed |
                    parameters |
                    withInformationSyntax |
                    andAttributeIds |
                    withReplySyntax |
                    registeredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 14}}
managementObjectClass OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { derivedFrom |
                    characterizedBy |
                    conditionalPackages |
                    registeredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 6}}
managementPackage OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND           auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN   { behaviour |
                    attributes |
                    attributeGroups |
                    actions |
                    notifications |
                    optionallyRegisteredAs}
    ID             { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 7}}

```

```

managementParameter OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    managementTemplate
    KIND          auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { context |
                    syntaxOrAttribute |
                    behaviour |
                    optionallyRegisteredAs}
    ID           { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 8}}
managementTemplate OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    KIND          auxiliary
    MUST CONTAIN { templateName}
    MAY CONTAIN { templateDefinition}
    ID           { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 5}}
registeredInformation OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF    top
    MUST CONTAIN { commonName}
    MAY CONTAIN { nameForm |
                    informationStatus |
                    additionalInformation}
    ID           { mkmDirectoryObjectClass 3}}
-- Example structure rules for the registeredInformation Directory object class
-- using this name form are provided in Annex H
registeredInformationNameForm NAME-FORM ::= {
    NAMES         registeredInformation
    WITH ATTRIBUTES { commonName}
    ID           { mkmDirectoryNameForm 1}}
-- Definition of DIT content rules
-- Only one of the specified auxiliary object classes can be
-- included in a given entry of class registeredInformation
registeredManagementInformationCR CONTENT-RULE ::= {
    STRUCTURAL OBJECT CLASS    registeredInformation
    AUXILIARY OBJECT CLASS    { managementDocument |
                                managementTemplate |
                                managementObjectClass |
                                managementPackage |
                                managementParameter |
                                managementNameBinding |
                                managementAttribute |
                                managementAttributeGroup |
                                managementBehaviour |
                                managementAction |
                                managementNotification |
                                asn1Module}}
-- Definition of used attributes
actions ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX    Actions
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE
    ID            { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 6}}
additionalInformation ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX    AdditionalInformation
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE
    ID            { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 7}}
AdditionalInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    creationDate    GeneralizedTime OPTIONAL,
    comment         GraphicString OPTIONAL}
andAttributeIds ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX    AndAttributeIds
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE
    ID            { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 8}}
asn1ModuleContents ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX    TextualRepresentation
    ID            { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 14}}
asn1Version ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX    BIT STRING
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE
    ID            { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 45}}

```

attributeGroups ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX AttributeGroups
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 9}}

attributes ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX Attributes
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 10}}

behaviour ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 11}}

characterizedBy ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 12}}

conditionalPackages ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX ConditionalPackages
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 13}}

context ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX Context
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 15}}

create ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX Create
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 16}}

definedAs ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TextualRepresentation
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 17}}

delete ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX Delete
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 18}}

derivedFrom ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 19}}

derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX DerivedOrWithSyntaxChoice
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 20}}

description ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TextualRepresentation
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 21}}

documentName ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX GraphicString
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 22}}

documentObjectIdentifier ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE objectIdentifierMatch
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 23}}

fixed ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX booleanSyntax
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE booleanMatch
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 24}}

groupElements ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 25}}

informationStatus ATTRIBUTE ::= {
 WITH SYNTAX InformationStatus
 EQUALITY MATCHING RULE integerMatch
 SINGLE VALUE TRUE
 ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 34}}

```

InformationStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
    active(0), deleted(1), preliminary(2)}
matchesFor ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX MatchesFor
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE bitStringMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 26}}
modeConfirmed ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX booleanSyntax
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE booleanMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 27}}
moduleReference ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX Identifier
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 28}}
namedBySuperiorObjectClass ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX NamingObjectClass
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 29}}
nameForm ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX PrintableString
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE caseExactMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 30}}
notifications ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX Notifications
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 31}}
optionallyRegisteredAs ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX OptionallyRegisteredAs
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 46}}
parameters ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 32}}
registeredAs ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX RegisteredAs
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE objectIdentifierMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 33}}
specification ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX TextualRepresentation
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 35}}
subordinateObjectClass ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX NamingObjectClass
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 36}}
syntaxOrAttribute ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX SyntaxOrAttribute
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 37}}
templateDefinition ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX TextualRepresentation
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 38}}
templateName ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 39}}
withAttribute ATTRIBUTE ::= {
    WITH SYNTAX TemplateLabel
    EQUALITY MATCHING RULE directoryStringFirstComponentMatch
    SINGLE VALUE TRUE
    ID { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 40}}

```

```
withInformationSyntax ATTRIBUTE ::= {  
    WITH SYNTAX    WithSyntax  
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE  
    ID             { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 41}}  
withReplySyntax ATTRIBUTE ::= {  
    WITH SYNTAX    WithSyntax  
    SINGLE VALUE   TRUE  
    ID             { mkmDirectoryAttributeType 42}}  
END
```

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

Annex C

MCS proforma

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

C.1 Introduction

C.1.1 Purpose and structure

The Management Conformance Summary (MCS) is a statement by a supplier that identifies an implementation and provides information on whether the implementation claims conformance to any of the listed set of documents that specify conformance requirements to OSI management.

The MCS proforma is a document in the form of a questionnaire that when completed by the supplier of an implementation becomes the MCS.

C.1.2 Instructions for completing the MCS proforma to produce an MCS

The supplier of the implementation shall enter an explicit statement in each of the boxes provided. Specific instruction is provided in the text which precedes each table.

C.1.3 Symbols, abbreviations and terms

For all annexes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following common notations, defined in CCITT Rec. X.291 and ISO/IEC 9646-2 and ITU-T Rec. X.296 and ISO/IEC 9646-7, are used for the Status column:

- m Mandatory
- o Optional
- c Conditional
- x Prohibited
- Not applicable or out of scope

NOTES

- 1 'c', 'm' and 'o' are prefixed by "c:" when nested under a conditional or optional item of the same table;
- 2 'o' may be suffixed by ".N" (where N is a unique number) for selectable options among a set of status values. Support of at least one of the choices (from the items with the same value of N) is required.

For all annexes of this Recommendation | International Standard, the following common notations, defined in CCITT Rec. X.291 and ISO/IEC 9646-2 and ITU-T Rec. X.296 and ISO/IEC 9646-7, are used for the Support column:

- Y Implemented
- N Not implemented
- No answer required
- Ig The item is ignored (i.e. processed syntactically but not semantically)

C.1.4 Table format

Some of the tables in this Recommendation | International Standard have been split because the information is too wide to fit on the page. Where this occurs, the index numbers of the first block of columns are the index numbers of the corresponding rows of the remaining blocks of columns. A complete table reconstructed from the constituent parts should have the following layout:

Index	First block of columns	Second block of columns	Etc.
-------	------------------------	-------------------------	------

In this Recommendation | International Standard the constituent parts of the table appear consecutively, starting with the first block of columns.

When a table with subrows is too wide to fit on a page, the continuation table(s) have been constructed with index numbers identical to the index numbers in the corresponding rows of the first table and with subindex numbers corresponding to the subrows within each indexed row. For example, if Table X.1 has 2 rows and the continuation of Table X.1 has 2 subrows for each row, the tables are presented as follows:

Table X.1 – Title

Index	A	B	C	D	Support		G
					E	F	
1	a	b	–				
2	a	b	–				

Table X.1 (continued) – Title

Index	Subindex	H	I	J	K	L
1	1.1	h	i	j		
	1.2	h	i	j		
2	2.1	h	i	j		
	2.1	h	i	j		

A complete table reconstructed from the constituent parts should have the following layout:

Index	A	B	C	D	Support		G	Subindex	H	I	J	K	L
					E	F							
1	a	b	–					1.1	h	I	j		
								1.2	h	I	j		
2	a	b	–					2.1	h	I	j		
								2.2	h	I	j		

References made to cells within tables shall be interpreted as references within reconstructed tables. In the example, above, the reference X.1/1d corresponds with the fourth blank cell (that is, the cell in column G) for row with Index 1 and X.1/1.2b corresponds with the second blank cell (in column L) for row with Subindex 1.2.

C.2 Identification of the implementation

C.2.1 Date of statement

The supplier of the implementation shall enter the date of this statement in the following box. Use the format DD-MM-YYYY.

Date of statement

C.2.2 Identification of the implementation

The supplier of the implementation shall enter information necessary to uniquely identify the implementation and the system(s) in which it may reside, in the following box.

--

C.2.3 Contact

The supplier of the implementation shall provide information on whom to contact if there are any queries concerning the contents of the MCS or any referenced implementation conformance statement, in the following box.

C.3 Identification of the documents in which the management information is defined

The supplier of the implementation shall enter the title, reference number and date of the publication of the documents which specify the management information to which conformance is claimed, in the following box.

ITU-T Recommendation X.750 (1996) | ISO/IEC 10164-16:1996, Management knowledge management function
 (Other documents to which conformance is claimed)

C.3.1 Technical corrigenda implemented

The supplier of the implementation shall enter the reference numbers of implemented technical corrigenda which modify the identified documents, in the following box.

C.3.2 Amendments implemented

The supplier of the implementation shall state the titles and reference numbers of implemented amendments to the identified documents, in the following box.

C.4 Management conformance summary

The supplier of the implementation shall state the capabilities and features supported and provide a summary of conformance claims to this Recommendation | International Standard using the tables in this annex.

The supplier of the implementation shall specify the roles that are supported, in Table C.1.

Table C.1 – Roles

Index	Roles supported	Status	Support	Additional information
1	Manager role	o.1		
2	Agent role	o.1		
3	Directory information user role	o.1		
4	Directory information provider role	o.1		

The supplier of an implementation that claims support for this Recommendation | International Standard in only the Directory information user role or the Directory information provider role or both is not required to specify support in Tables C.2 to C.8.

The supplier of the implementation shall specify support for management information in the manager role, in Table C.2.

Table C.2 – Manager role minimum conformance requirement

Index	Item	Status	Support	Additional information
1	Operations on managed objects	c4		
2	Object creation notification	c4		
3	Object deletion notification	c4		
4	Attribute value change notification	c4		
c4: if C.1/1a then o.2 else –				

The supplier of the implementation shall specify support for management information in the agent role, in Table C.3. If additional subclasses of log records are supported, the supplier of the implementation shall list the classes in the Additional information column.

Table C.3 – Agent role minimum conformance requirement

Index	Item	Status	Support	Additional information
1	managedObjectClassRepertoire managed object class	c5		
2	repertoire managed object class	c6		
3	actionTemplate managed object class	c6		
4	asn1module	c6		
5	attributeGroupTemplate managed object class	c6		
6	attributeTemplate managed object class	c6		
7	behaviourTemplate managed object class	c6		
8	document managed object class	c7		
9	managedObjectClassTemplate managed object class	c6		
10	nameBindingTemplate managed object class	c6		
11	notificationTemplate managed object class	c6		
12	packageTemplate managed object class	c6		
13	parameterTemplate managed object class	c6		
14	Template managed object class	c6		
15	Discovery managed object class	c6		
16	Subclasses of log records associated with notifications emitted by the above managed objects	c8		
<p>c5: if C.3/2a then m else (if C.1/2a then o.3 else –)</p> <p>NOTE 1 – Condition c5 makes it mandatory to support the managedObjectClassRepertoire managed object class if the repertoire managed object class is supported.</p> <p>c6: if C.1/2a then o.3 else –</p> <p>c7: if (C.3/3a or C.3/4a or C.3/5a or C.3/6a or C.3/7a or C.3/9a or C.3/10a or C.3/11a or C.3/12a or C.3/13a or C.3/14a) then m else (if C.1/2a then o.3 else –)</p> <p>NOTE 2 – Condition c7 makes it mandatory to support the document managed object class if at least one of the definition managed object classes is supported.</p> <p>c8: if C.1/2a and C.4/1a then m else –</p> <p>NOTE 3 – Condition c8 makes it mandatory, if logging is supported, to support the event log records associated with the notifications supported.</p>				

Table C.4 – Logging of event records

Index		Status	Support	Additional information
1	Does the implementation support logging of event records in agent role?	c9		
c9: if C.1/2a then o else –				

The supplier of the implementation shall provide information on claims of conformance to any of the documents summarized in Tables C.5 to C.8. For each document that the supplier of the implementation claims conformance to, the corresponding conformance statement(s) shall be completed, or referenced by, the MCS. The supplier of the implementation shall complete the Support, Table numbers and Additional information columns.

In Tables C.5 to C.8, the Status column is used to indicate whether the supplier of the implementation is required to complete the referenced tables or referenced items. Conformance requirements are as specified in the referenced tables or referenced items and are not changed by the value of the MCS Status column. The Support column is used by the supplier of the implementation to indicate completion of the referenced tables or referenced items.

Table C.5 – PICS support summary

Index	Identification of the document that includes the PICS proforma	Table numbers of PICS proforma	Description	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Table numbers of PICS	Additional information
1	CCITT Rec. X.730 ISO/IEC 10164-1	Annex E all tables	Systems management application context	OBJECT IDENTIFIER	m			

NOTE – Conformance to the MAPDUs defined in this Recommendation | International Standard can be claimed by completing the corresponding tables in the MICS and MOCS annexes of the referenced Recommendations | International Standards.

Table C.6 – MOCS support summary

Index	Identification of the document that includes the MOCS proforma	Table numbers of MOCS proforma	Description	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Table numbers of MOCS	Additional information
1	CCITT Rec. X.730 ISO/IEC 10164-1	Annex C all tables	objectCreation, objectDeletion and attributeValueChange records	–	c10			
2	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.1-E.4	managedObjectClass Repertoire managed object class	–	c11			
3	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.5-E.9	repertoire managed object class	–	c12			
4	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.10-E.15	actionTemplate managed object class	–	c13			
5	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.16-E.20	asn1module	–	c14			
6	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.21-E.26	attributeGroupTemplate managed object class	–	c15			
7	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.27-E.32	attributeTemplate managed object class	–	c16			

Table C.6 (concluded) – MOCS support summary

Index	Identification of the document that includes the MOCS proforma	Table numbers of MOCS proforma	Description	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Table numbers of MOCS	Additional information
8	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.33-E.38	behaviourTemplate managed object class	–	c17			
9	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.39-E.44	document managed object class	–	c18			
10	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.45-E.50	managedObjectClassTemplate managed object class	–	c19			
11	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.51-E.56	nameBindingTemplate managed object class	–	c20			
12	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.57-E.62	notificationTemplate managed object class	–	c21			
13	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.63-E.68	packageTemplate managed object class	–	c22			
14	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.69-E.74	parameterTemplate managed object class	–	c23			
15	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.75-E.80	template managed object class	–	c24			
16	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables E.81-E.84	discovery managed object class	–	c25			
<p>c10: if C.3/16a then m else –</p> <p>c11: if C.3/1a then m else –</p> <p>c12: if C.3/2a then m else –</p> <p>c13: if C.3/3a then m else –</p> <p>c14: if C.3/4a then m else –</p> <p>c15: if C.3/5a then m else –</p> <p>c16: if C.3/6a then m else –</p> <p>c17: if C.3/7a then m else –</p> <p>c18: if C.3/8a then m else –</p> <p>c19: if C.3/9a then m else –</p> <p>c20: if C.3/10a then m else –</p> <p>c21: if C.3/11a then m else –</p> <p>c22: if C.3/12a then m else –</p> <p>c23: if C.3/13a then m else –</p> <p>c24: if C.3/14a then m else –</p> <p>c25: if C.3/15a then m else –</p>								

Table C.7 – MRCS support summary

Index	Identification of the document that includes the MRCS proforma	Table numbers of MRCS proforma	Description	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Table numbers of MRCS	Additional information
1	CCITT Rec. X.735 ISO/IEC 10164-6	Item D.1/1	logRecord-log name binding	–	c26			
2	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/1	repertoire-system name binding	–	c27			
3	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/2	managedObjectClassRepertoire-repertoire name binding	–	c28			
4	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/3	template-document name binding	–	c29			
5	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/4	aSN1Module-document name binding	–	c30			
6	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/5	discovery-system name binding	–	c31			
7	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/6	document-system name binding	–	c32			
8	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Item F.1/7	document-system2 name binding	–	c32			
c26: if C.4/1a then o else – c27: if C.3/2a then o else – c28: if C.3/1a then o else – c29: if (C.3/3a or C.3/5a or C.3/6a or C.3/7a or C.3/9a or C.3/10a or C.3/11a or C.3/12a or C.3/13a or C.3/14a) then o else – c30: if C.3/4a then o else – c31: if C.3/15a then o else – c32: if C.3/8a then o else –								

Table C.8 – MICS support summary

Index	Identification of the document that includes the MICS proforma	Table numbers of MICS proforma	Description	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Table numbers of MICS	Additional information
1	ITU-T Rec. X.750 ISO/IEC 10164-16	Tables D.1 -D.3	Management operations	–	c33			
2	CCITT Rec. X.730 ISO/IEC 10164-1	Table B.1	objectCreation, objectDeletion and attributeValueChange notifications	–	c34			
c33: if C.2/1a then m else – c34: if C.2/2a or C.2/3a or C.2/4a then m else –								

Annex D

MICS proforma

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

D.1 Introduction

The purpose of this MICS proforma is to provide a mechanism for a supplier of an implementation which claims conformance, in the manager role, to management information specified in this Recommendation | International Standard, to provide conformance information in a standard form.

D.2 Instructions for completing the MICS proforma to produce an MICS

The MICS proforma contained in this annex is comprised of information in tabular form, in accordance with ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6. In addition to the general guidance given in ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6, the Additional information column shall be used to identify the managed object classes for which the management operations are supported. The supplier of the implementation shall state which items are supported in the tables that follow and if necessary, provide additional information.

D.3 Statement of conformance to the management information

D.3.1 Attributes

The specifier of a manager role implementation that claims to support management operations on the attributes specified in this Recommendation | International Standard shall import a copy of Table D.1 and complete it.

Table D.1 – Attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	o		o	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	–		o	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	o		o	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	–		o	
5	implementedValues	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 6}	–	–		o.4	
6	managedObjectClassRepertoireId	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 2}	–	–		o.4	
7	repertoireId	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 1}	–	–		o.4	
8	supportedCmipProfiles	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 4}	–	–		o.4	
9	supportedConditionalPackageList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 5}	–	–		o.4	
10	supportedManagedObjectClassList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 3}	–	–		o.4	
11	supportedNameBindingList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 42}	–	–		o.4	
12	supportedRelationshipClassList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 44}	–	–		o.4	
13	actions	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 18}	–	–		o.4	
14	andAttributeIds	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 36}	–	–		o.4	
15	asn1ModuleContents	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 9}	–	–		o.4	
16	asn1Version	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 45}	–	–		o.4	
17	attributeGroups	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 17}	–	–		o.4	
18	attributes	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 16}	–	–		o.4	

Table D.1 (continued) – Attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
19	behaviour	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 15}	–	–		o.4	
20	characterizedBy	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 11}	–	–		o.4	
21	conditionalPackages	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 12}	–	–		o.4	
22	context	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 20}	–	–		o.4	
23	create	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 25}	–	–		o.4	
24	definedAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 32}	–	–		o.4	
25	delete	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 26}	–	–		o.4	
26	derivedFrom	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 10}	–	–		o.4	
27	derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 27}	–	–		o.4	
28	description	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 31}	–	–		o.4	
29	documentName	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 38}	–	–		o.4	
30	documentObjectIdentifier	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 39}	–	–		o.4	
31	fixed	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 30}	–	–		o.4	
32	groupElements	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 29}	–	–		o.4	
33	matchesFor	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 28}	–	–		o.4	
34	modeConfirmed	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 33}	–	–		o.4	
35	moduleReference	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 8}	–	–		o.4	
36	namedBySuperiorObjectClass	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 23}	–	–		o.4	
37	notifications	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 19}	–	–		o.4	
38	optionallyRegisteredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 43}	–	–		o.4	
39	parameters	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 13}	–	–		o.4	
40	registeredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 14}	–	–		o.4	
41	specification	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 40}	–	–		o.4	
42	subordinateObjectClass	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 22}	–	–		o.4	
43	syntaxOrAttribute	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 21}	–	–		o.4	
44	templateDefinition	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 37}	–	–		o.4	
45	templateName	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 7}	–	–		o.4	
46	withAttribute	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 24}	–	–		o.4	
47	withInformationSyntax	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 34}	–	–		o.4	
48	withReplySyntax	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 35}	–	–		o.4	
49	discoveryId	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 41}	–	–		o.4	

Table D.1 (concluded) – Attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	-		-		-		-		
2	-		-		-		-		
3	-		-		-		-		
4	-		-		-		-		
5	-		-		-		-		
6	-		-		-		-		
7	-		-		-		-		
8	-		-		-		-		
9	-		-		-		-		
10	-		-		-		-		
11	-		-		-		-		
12	-		-		-		-		
13	-		-		-		-		
14	-		-		-		-		
15	-		-		-		-		
16	-		-		-		-		
17	-		-		-		-		
18	-		-		-		-		
19	-		-		-		-		
20	-		-		-		-		
21	-		-		-		-		
22	-		-		-		-		
23	-		-		-		-		
24	-		-		-		-		
25	-		-		-		-		
26	-		-		-		-		
27	-		-		-		-		
28	-		-		-		-		
29	-		-		-		-		
30	-		-		-		-		
31	-		-		-		-		
32	-		-		-		-		
33	-		-		-		-		
34	-		-		-		-		
35	-		-		-		-		
36	-		-		-		-		
37	-		-		-		-		
38	-		-		-		-		
39	-		-		-		-		
40	-		-		-		-		
41	-		-		-		-		
42	-		-		-		-		
43	-		-		-		-		
44	-		-		-		-		
45	-		-		-		-		
46	-		-		-		-		
47	-		-		-		-		
48	-		-		-		-		
49	-		-		-		-		

STANDARDSISO.COM. Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 10164-16:1997

D.3.2 Actions

The specifier of a manager role implementation that claims to support the actions on the managed objects specified in this Recommendation | International Standard shall import a copy of Table D.2 and complete it.

Table D.2 – Action support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	mITSearch	{MKMD.mkmAction 1}	–	o.4		
2	getTextualRepresentation	{MKMD.mkmAction 2}	–	o.4		

Table D.2 (concluded) – Action support

Index	Subindex	Action field name label	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	MITSearch (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	1.1.1	base	–	c:m		
	1.1.2	discoveryScope	–	c:m		
	1.1.3	classRequest		c:o		
	1.2	NameTree (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	1.2.1	rdnInfo	–	c:m		
	1.2.2	subordinates	–	c:m		
2	2.1	AttributeId (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	2.2	TextualRepresentation (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	c:m		

Table D.3 – Parameter support

Index	Parameter template label	Value of object identifier for parameter	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	attributeNotAvailable ViaThisAction	{MKMD.mkmParameter 1}		c40		
c40: if D.2/2a then m else –						

Annex E

MOCS proforma

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard)

E.1 Introduction

The purpose of this MOCS proforma is to provide a mechanism for a supplier of an implementation of a Recommendation | International Standard which claims conformance to a managed object class, to provide conformance information in a standard form.

E.2 Instructions for completing the MOCS proforma to produce an MOCS

The MOCS proforma contained in the annex is comprised of information in tabular form, in accordance with ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6. The supplier of the implementation shall state which items are supported in the tables that follow and if necessary provide additional information¹⁾.

E.3 Statements of conformance to the managed object classes

E.3.1 Managed object class repertoire managed object class

Table E.1 – Managed object class repertoire managed object class support

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	managedObjectClass Repertoire	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 2}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.1 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.2.

Table E.2 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

¹⁾ Instructions for MOCS proforma are specified in ITU-T Rec. X.724 | ISO/IEC 10165-6.

Table E.3 – Managed object class repertoire managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c50	
5	managedObjectClassRepertoireId	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 2}	–	x		m	
6	supportedConditionalPackageList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 5}	–	x		m	
7	implementedValues	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 6}	–	x		o	

c50: if E.1/1b then – else m

Table E.3 (concluded) – Managed object class repertoire managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x				–		–		
6	x		x		x		–		
7	x		x		x		–		

Table E.4 – Notification support

Index	Notification type template label	Value of object identifier for notification type	Constraints and values	Status	Support		Additional information
					Confirmed	Non-confirmed	
1	attributeValueChange	{MKMD.dmiNotification 1}		m			
2	objectCreation	{MKMD.dmiNotification 6}		m			
3	objectDeletion	{MKMD.dmiNotification 7}		m			

Table E.4 (concluded) – Notification support

Index	Subindex	Notification field name label	Value of object identifier of attribute type associated with field	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	1.2	attributeIdentifierList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 8}		o		
	1.3	attributeValueChangeDefinition	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 10}		m		
	1.4	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	1.5	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	1.6	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	1.7	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		
2	2.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	2.2	attributeList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 9}		o		
	2.3	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	2.4	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	2.5	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	2.6	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		
3	3.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	3.2	attributeList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 9}		o		
	3.3	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	3.4	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	3.5	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	3.6	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		

E.3.2 Repertoire managed object class**Table E.5 – Repertoire managed object class support**

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	repertoire	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 1}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.5 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.6.

Table E.6 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

Table E.7 – Package support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	supportedCmipProfilesPackage	{MKMD.mkmPackage 1}	–	o		

Table E.8 – Repertoire managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c51	
5	repertoireId	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 1}	–	x		m	
6	supportedCmipProfiles	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 4}	–	x		c52	
7	supportedNameBindingList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 42}	–	x		m	
8	supportedManagedObjectClassList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 3}	–	x		m	
9	supportedRelationshipClassList	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 44}	–	x		m	

c51: if (not E.5/1b) then m else –
c52: if (E.7/1a) then m else –

Table E.8 (concluded) – Repertoire managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x		–		–		–		
6	x		–		–		–		
7	x		x		x		–		
8	x		x		x		–		
9	x		x		x		–		

Table E.9 – Notification support

Index	Notification type template label	Value of object identifier for notification type	Constraints and values	Status	Support		Additional information
					Con- firmed	Non- confirmed	
1	attributeValueChange	{MKMD.dmiNotification 1}		m			
2	objectCreation	{MKMD.dmiNotification 6}		m			
3	objectDeletion	{MKMD.dmiNotification 7}		m			

Table E.9 (concluded) – Notification support

Index	Subindex	Notification field name label	Value of object identifier of attribute type associated with field	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	1.2	attributeIdentifierList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 8}		o		
	1.3	attributeValueChangeDefinition	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 10}		m		
	1.4	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	1.5	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	1.6	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	1.7	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		
2	2.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	2.2	attributeList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 9}		o		
	2.3	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	2.4	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	2.5	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	2.6	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		
3	3.1	sourceIndicator	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 26}		o		
	3.2	attributeList	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 9}		o		
	3.3	notificationIdentifier	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 16}		o		
	3.4	correlatedNotifications	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 12}		o		
	3.5	additionalText	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 7}		o		
	3.6	additionalInformation	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 6}		o		

E.3.3 Action template managed object class

Table E.10 – Action template managed object class support

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	actionTemplate	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 12}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.10 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.11.

Table E.11 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

Table E.12 – Package support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	templateDefinitionPackage	{MKMD.mkmPackage 3}	–	o		

Table E.13 – Action template managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c53	
5	templateName	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 7}	–	x		m	
6	templateDefinition	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 37}	–	x		c54	
7	behaviour	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 15}	–	x		m	
8	modeConfirmed	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 33}	–	x		m	
9	parameters	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 13}	–	x		m	
10	withInformationSyntax	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 34}	–	x		m	
11	withReplySyntax	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 35}	–	x		m	
12	registeredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 14}	–	x		m	
c53: if (not E.10/1b) then m else – c54: if E.12/1a then m else –							

Table E.13 (concluded) – Action template managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x		–		–		–		
6	x		–		–		–		
7	x		x		x		–		
8	x		–		–		–		
9	x		x		x		–		
10	x		–		–		–		
11	x		–		–		–		
12	x		–		–		–		

Table E.14 – Action support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	getTextualRepresentation	{MKMD.mkmAction 2}	–	c54		

Table E.14 (concluded) – Action support

Index	Subindex	Action field name label	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	AttributeId (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	1.2	TextualRepresentation (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	c:m		

Table E.15 – Parameter support

Index	Parameter template label	Value of object identifier for parameter	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	attributeNotAvailable ViaThisAction	{MKMD.mkmParameter 1}		c54		

E.3.4 ASN.1 module managed object class

Table E.16 – ASN.1 module managed object class support

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	aSN1Module	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 4}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.16 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.17.

Table E.17 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

Table E.18 – ASN.1 module managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c55	
5	moduleReference	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 8}	–	x		m	
6	asn1ModuleContents	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 9}	–	x		m	
7	asn1Version	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 45}	–	x		m	
8	registeredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 14}	–	x		m	
c55: if (not E.16/1b) then m else –							

Table E.18 (concluded) – ASN.1 module managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x		–		–		–		
6	x		–		–		–		
7	x		–		–		–		
8	x		–		–		–		

Table E.19 – Action support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	getTextualRepresentation	{MKMD.mkmAction 2}	–	m		

Table E.19 (concluded) – Action support

Index	Subindex	Action field name label	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	AttributeId (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	m		
	1.2	TextualRepresentation (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	m		

Table E.20 – Parameter support

Index	Parameter template label	Value of object identifier for parameter	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	attributeNotAvailableViaThisAction	{MKMD.mkmParameter 1}		m		

E.3.5 Attribute group template managed object class**Table E.21 – Attribute group template managed object class support**

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	attributeGroupTemplate	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 10}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.21 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.22.

Table E.22 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

Table E.23 – Package support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	templateDefinitionPackage	{MKMD.mkmPackage 3}	–	o		

Table E.24 – Attribute group template managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorpha	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c56	
5	templateName	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 7}	–	x		m	
6	templateDefinition	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 37}	–	x		c57	
7	groupElements	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 29}	–	x		m	
8	fixed	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 30}	–	x		m	
9	description	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 31}	–	x		m	
10	registeredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 14}	–	x		m	
c56: if (not E.21/1b) then m else – c57: if E.23/1a then m else –							

Table E.24 (concluded) – Attribute group template managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x		–		–		–		
6	x		–		–		–		
7	x		x		x		–		
8	x		–		–		–		
9	x		–		–		–		
10	x		–		–		–		

Table E.25 – Action support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	getTextualRepresentation	{MKMD.mkmAction 2}	–	c57		

Table E.25 (concluded) – Action support

Index	Subindex	Action field name label	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	AttributeId (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	1.2	TextualRepresentation (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	c:m		

Table E.26 – Parameter support

Index	Parameter template label	Value of object identifier for parameter	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	attributeNotAvailableViaThisAction	{MKMD.mkmParameter 1}		c57		

E.3.6 Attribute template managed object class**Table E.27 – Attribute template managed object class support**

Index	Managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for class	Support of all mandatory features? (Y/N)	Is the actual class the same as the managed object class to which conformance is claimed? (Y/N)
1	attributeTemplate	{MKMD.mkmMObjectClass 9}		

If the answer to the actual class question in Table E.27 is No, the supplier of the implementation shall fill in the actual class support Table E.28.

Table E.28 – Actual class support

Index	Actual managed object class template label	Value of object identifier for actual class	Additional information

Table E.29 – Package support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	templateDefinitionPackage	{MKMD.mkmPackage 3}	–			

Table E.30 – Attribute template managed object attribute support

Index	Attribute template label	Value of object identifier for attribute	Constraints and values	Set by create		Get	
				Status	Support	Status	Support
1	objectClass	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 65}	–	x		m	
2	nameBinding	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 63}	–	x		m	
3	packages	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 66}	–	x		m	
4	allomorphs	{MKMD.dmiAttribute 50}	–	x		c58	
5	templateName	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 7}	–	x		m	
6	templateDefinition	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 37}	–	x		c59	
7	derivedOrWithSyntaxChoice	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 27}	–	x		m	
8	matchesFor	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 28}	–	x		m	
9	behaviour	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 15}	–	x		m	
10	parameters	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 13}	–	x		m	
11	registeredAs	{MKMD.mkmAttribute 14}	–	x		m	
c58: if (not E.27/1b) then m else – c59: if E.29/1a then m else –							

Table E.30 (concluded) – Attribute template managed object attribute support

Index	Replace		Add		Remove		Set to default		Additional information
	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	Status	Support	
1	x		–		–		–		
2	x		–		–		–		
3	x		x		x		–		
4	x		x		x		–		
5	x		–		–		–		
6	x		–		–		–		
7	x		–		–		–		
8	x		–		–		–		
9	x		x		x		–		
10	x		x		x		–		
11	x		–		–		–		

Table E.31 – Action support

Index	Action type template label	Value of object identifier for action type	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	getTextualRepresentation	{MKMD.mkmAction 2}	–	c59		

Table E.31 (concluded) – Action support

Index	Subindex	Action field name label	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	1.1	AttributeId (INFORMATION SYNTAX)	–	c:m		
	1.2	TextualRepresentation (REPLY SYNTAX)	–	c:m		

Table E.32 – Parameter support

Index	Parameter template label	Value of object identifier for parameter	Constraints and values	Status	Support	Additional information
1	attributeNotAvailableViaThisAction	{MKMD.mkmParameter 1}		c59		