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**Injection containers and accessories —**

Part 6:

**Caps made of aluminium-plastics  
combinations for injection vials**

*Réipients et accessoires pour produits injectables —*

*Partie 6: Capsules pour flacons d'injection fabriquées en un mélange  
aluminium-plastique*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8362-6 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8362-6:1992), Clause 2, 6.2 and Table 2 of which have been technically revised.

ISO 8362 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Injection containers and accessories*:

- *Part 1: Injection vials made of glass tubing*
- *Part 2: Closures for injection vials*
- *Part 3: Aluminium caps for injection vials*
- *Part 4: Injection vials made of moulded glass*
- *Part 5: Freeze drying closures for injection vials*
- *Part 6: Caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations for injection vials*
- *Part 7: Injection caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations without overlapping plastics part*

## Introduction

The materials from which injection containers (including elastomeric closures) are made are suitable primary packaging materials for storing injectable products until they are administered. However, in this part of ISO 8362, caps are not considered as primary packaging materials in direct contact with pharmaceutical preparations.

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# Injection containers and accessories —

## Part 6:

# Caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations for injection vials

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 8362 specifies caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations for injection vials as specified in ISO 8362-1 and ISO 8362-4.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2768-1, *General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications*

ISO 2768-2, *General tolerances — Part 2: Geometrical tolerances for features without individual tolerance indications*

ISO 8362-3, *Injection containers and accessories — Part 3: Aluminium caps for injection vials*

ISO 8872:2003, *Aluminium caps for transfusion, infusion and injection bottles — General requirements and test methods*

ISO 10985, *Caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations for infusion bottles and injection vials — Requirements and test methods*

## 3 Classification of types

Caps shall be classified as follows:

- Type ZB: aluminium cap with central opening and plastics component;
- Type ZD: aluminium cap with complete tear-off tab and plastics component.

## 4 Dimensions and tolerances

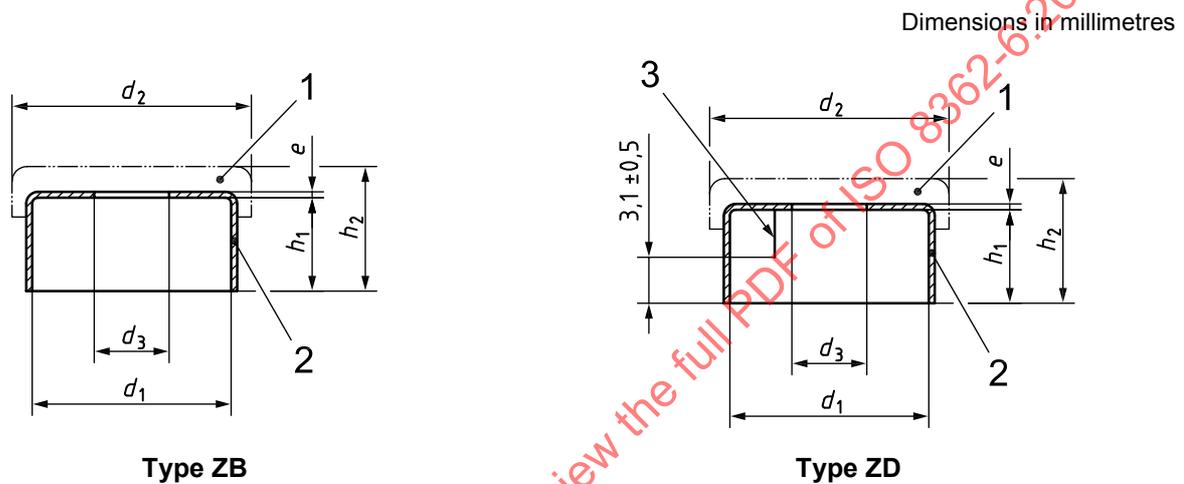
### 4.1 Dimensions

All cover versions (flat, ring-shaped or others) of caps shall meet the dimensions given in Figure 1 and Table 1.

NOTE The configuration of the cap shown in Figure 1 is informative only.

### 4.2 Tolerances

The tolerances shall be in accordance with ISO 2768-1 and ISO 2768-2.



#### Key

- 1 plastics component
- 2 aluminium cap in accordance with ISO 8362-3
- 3 score line

Figure 1 — Configuration of cap

Table 1 — Dimensions of cap

Dimensions in millimetres

| Nominal size | $d_1$<br>+0,1<br>0 | $d_2^a$ |      | $d_3^b$ |      | $e^c$ |       | $h_1$<br>±0,2 | $h_2^d$ |      |
|--------------|--------------------|---------|------|---------|------|-------|-------|---------------|---------|------|
|              |                    | min.    | max. | min.    | max. | min.  | max.  |               | min.    | max. |
| 13           | 13,3               | 15      | 16   | 3       | 8    | 0,168 | 0,242 | 6,3           | 7,3     | 8,4  |
| 20           | 20,3               | 22,2    | 23,2 | 6       | 10   |       |       | 7,3           | 8,7     | 9,8  |

<sup>a</sup> The diameter  $d_2$  shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and user. It shall not differ from the nominal value by more than ±0,25 mm. The extreme limits are given without tolerance.

<sup>b</sup> After plastics element removal.

<sup>c</sup> The thickness  $e$  shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and user. It shall not differ from the nominal value by more than ±0,022 mm. The extreme limits are given without tolerance.

<sup>d</sup> The height  $h_2$  shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and user. It shall not differ from the nominal value by more than ±0,3 mm. The extreme limits are given without tolerance.