

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
3961**

Second edition
1989-09-01

Animal and vegetable fats and oils — Determination of iodine value

Corps gras d'origines animale et végétale — Détermination de l'indice d'iode

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 3961:1989



Reference number
ISO 3961 : 1989 (E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 3961 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Agricultural food products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3961 : 1979), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 3961:1989

© ISO 1989

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization

Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland

Printed in Switzerland

Animal and vegetable fats and oils — Determination of iodine value

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the iodine value of animal and vegetable fats and oils.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 661 : 1989, *Animal and vegetable fats and oils — Preparation of test sample.*

ISO 3696 : 1987, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods.*

ISO 5555 : 1983, *Animal and vegetable fats and oils — Sampling.*

3 Definition

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definition applies.

iodine value : The mass of iodine absorbed by the sample under the operating conditions specified in this International Standard.

The iodine value is expressed as grams of iodine per 100 g of sample.

4 Principle

Dissolution of a test portion in solvent and addition of Wijs reagent. After a specified time, addition of potassium iodide solution and water, and titration of the liberated iodine with sodium thiosulfate solution.

5 Reagents

All reagents shall be of recognized analytical grade.

5.1 Water, complying with the requirements of ISO 3696, grade 3.

5.2 Potassium iodide, 100 g/l solution, not containing free iodine or iodate.

5.3 Starch, solution.

Mix 5 g of soluble starch in 30 ml of water, add this mixture to 1 000 ml of boiling water, boil for 3 min and allow to cool.

5.4 Sodium thiosulfate, standard volumetric solution $c(\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0,1 \text{ mol/l}$, standardized not more than 7 days before use.

5.5 Solvent, carbon tetrachloride.

WARNING — Carbon tetrachloride is toxic. A less harmful solvent is being sought.

5.6 Wijs reagent, containing iodine monochloride in acetic acid. Commercially available Wijs reagent shall be used.

6 Apparatus

Usual laboratory apparatus and, in particular, the following.

6.1 Glass weighing scoops, suitable for the test portion and for inserting into the flasks (6.2).

6.2 Conical flasks, of 500 ml capacity, fitted with ground glass stoppers and completely dry.

7 Sampling

Sampling shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 5555.