
**Ships and marine technology — Ship
recycling management systems —
Guidelines for selection of ship recyclers
(and pro forma contract)**

*Navires et technologie maritime — Systèmes de management de
recyclage pour navires — Lignes directrices pour la sélection des
recycleurs pour navires (et modèle de contrat)*

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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 30002 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, *Ships and marine technology*.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/PAS 30002:2009, which has been technically revised.

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Ships and marine technology — Ship recycling management systems — Guidelines for selection of ship recyclers (and pro forma contract)

1 Scope

This International Standard provides guidance to shipowners in the selection of a ship recycling facility.

In order to ensure as far as possible that vessels are recycled in a safe and environmentally sound manner, shipowners need to consider to which ship recycling facilities they wish to sell their ships, and it is therefore important that ship recycling facilities provide certain objective information to assist in this selection process. Ship recycling facilities that are unwilling to provide this information on request by the shipowner cannot be objectively assessed.

Since the shipowner might not be able to verify the information given, it is the sole responsibility of the ship recycling facilities to ensure that such information is correct. However, it is important that shipowners be critical in their consideration of any such information, and aware that some facilities might publish obviously false information or give contradictory data that make it apparent that the information supplied does not reflect reality. In such cases the facilities cannot be objectively assessed.

It applies to the process of selecting a ship recycling facility and the use of a pro forma contract. It does not consider other aspects of ship recycling which are covered by other standards of the ISO 30000 series.

This International Standard is applicable to shipowners who wish

- a) to select a ship recycling facility in order to carry out safe and environmentally sound ship recycling,
- b) to demonstrate conformity with the ISO 30000 series, and
- c) to assure themselves that the ship recycling facility chosen is in conformity with the ISO 30000 series.

This International Standard does not limit shipowners to selling to or recycling at facilities that have ISO 30000 certification.

2 Normative references

No normative references are cited. This clause is included to enable numeric consistency and comparison with similar ISO standards.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

hazard (hazardous material)

source, situation (or item, element, substance) with a potential for harm in terms of human injury or ill health, both short and long term, damage to property, damage to the environment, or a combination of these

3.2

IMO Convention

document produced by the International Maritime Organization titled "IMO Convention for the safe and environmentally sound recycling of ships"

NOTE Considered valid when available and approved by the IMO (but not necessarily entered into force).

3.3

letter of compliance

non-convention certificate

statement of compliance

document issued by a "Recognized Organization (RO)" or classification society confirming compliance with a convention although the relevant authority is not a party to the convention

3.4

safety

arrangements, conditions and working environment such that all conditions and factors that affect the well-being of employees, temporary workers, contractor personnel, managers, visitors and any other person in the workplace or its surroundings are in accordance with required domestic and International Standards for occupational health and safety performance, and such that there is no unacceptable risk of harm, or some higher standard as specified in the policy, targets or objectives

3.5

ship

vessel of any type, size or construction that has operated or been used in a marine environment and is to be recycled in a facility according to the ISO 30000 series

3.6

shipowner

person, persons or company registered as the owner of a ship or, in the absence of registration, person, persons or company owning a ship

NOTE The term also includes those who have ownership of the ship for a limited period pending its sale to a recycling facility.

3.7

(ship recycling) facility

defined area, site, yard or facility, including the organization that manages it, used for the recycling of ships that must comply with the ISO 30000 series

4 Information a shipowner should consider when selecting a ship recycling facility

4.1 General requirements

All information supplied by ship recycling facilities shall be objective and correct, and any ship recycling yards that do not wish to make this information available should not be considered by the shipowner for recycling of a ship.

4.2 Minimum information that should be available when selecting a ship recycling facility

A shipowner should, as a minimum, have the following information available when considering a ship recycling facility:

- a) name of ship recycling facility;
- b) full address of ship recycling facility;
- c) communication details;

d) ship recycling facility's capacity in terms of the following:

- 1) maximum light deadweight ton (LDT) per ship;
- 2) maximum length overall (LOA);
- 3) maximum beam;
- 4) maximum draft.

A shipowner should, as a minimum, obtain sufficient information to answer the following questions:

- Is the ship recycling facility in compliance with the IMO Convention either by operating in a state that is a party to the IMO Convention or through a letter of compliance (3.3)?
- Is the ship recycling facility approved by a national organization? If so, what are the name and contact details of the organization?
- Is the ship recycling facility ISO 30000 certified? If so, what are the name and contact details of the certifying body?
- Is the ship recycling facility authorized to recycle the type of ship that the shipowner wishes to recycle (tanker, reefer, gas carrier, passenger ship etc.)?
- Which of the following methods are used by the ship recycling facility?
 - slipway
 - afloat
 - dry
- Does the ship recycling facility have a formalized system for gas testing of enclosed spaces?
- Does the ship recycling facility carry out gas tests on arrival?
- Does the ship recycling facility carry out gas tests before start of cutting in each enclosed space?
- Is personal protective equipment (PPE) for workers supplied, and if so, is it used?
- Are proper health and safety training programmes in operation?
- Are facility accident statistics available?
- Does the ship recycling facility conduct any formal environmental statement or impact assessment of the facility?
- Is an environmental management system (EMS) in operation?
- Is a hazardous waste reception, treatment and storage system in operation?
- Is an emergency preparedness and response system in operation?
- Are regional or national regulations in place?
- Are International Labour Organization (ILO) guidelines in operation?
- Is a recycling facility management plan in operation?
- Does the ship recycling facility issue a statement of completion?

- Does the ship recycling facility request an inventory of hazardous materials from the ship?
- Does the ship recycling facility produce a ship recycling plan?
- Are proper medical (including first aid) facilities in operation?

4.3 Selection of ship recycling facility

When selecting a ship recycler, the shipowner should carefully consider all information available and, as a minimum, ensure that the ship recycling facility has made its comments to all of the questions mentioned in 4.2. Furthermore, the shipowner should consider the following, as far as is reasonable and practical:

- a) the working practices and facilities in the ship recycling yard(s) in question, including their ability to safely handle and control the waste management stream, including temporary storage, transport and final disposal of any hazardous and potentially hazardous or environmentally harmful products that may be present in the ship such as asbestos, PCBs, halons, petroleum products and other residues;
- b) the provision of appropriate and sufficient personal protection and safety equipment;
- c) other information such as safety records, training programmes for workers and assessment of the work quality;
- d) the environmental, health and safety benefits of towing a vessel to the yard, fully cleaned and certified to be free of oil, tank residues and other potentially hazardous and toxic material;
- e) if the ship recycling facility is not authorized to handle any of the materials mentioned below, the possibility, prior to handing over the vessel for recycling, of:
 - 1) the removal and safe disposal of asbestos;
 - 2) the discharge of halon to an approved facility and the use of portable and returnable fire-fighting equipment for the final voyage to the recycling site;
 - 3) the cleaning and certification of all tanks, except the necessary fuel tanks for the final voyage, to full hot-work and entry standards;
- f) providing advice on the nature of any hazardous materials on board, as indicated in the inventory of hazardous materials, and on correct handling and disposal methods (if required);
- g) that gas free for hot-work provisions is included in the contract of sale and that the recycling facility conducts gas freeing in its operation.

Ship recycling facilities that are ISO 30000 certified or comply with the IMO Convention, in its latest version, by having the document of authorization or compliance, should be given preference when selecting a ship recycling facility.

4.4 Pro forma contract

Shipowners and ship recycling facilities should use a ship recycling sale and purchase contract, such as DEMOLISHCON, the Baltic and International Maritime Council [BIMCO (<https://www.bimco.org>)] standard contract, in order to ensure that full account is taken of all relevant environmental, health and safety considerations.

4.5 Reporting to flag state

As soon as possible after delivery of the ship to the ship recycling facility, owners should inform their flag administration that they have taken steps in accordance with this International Standard and request appropriate acknowledgement.