
Single-use rubber gloves for general applications — Specification

*Gants en caoutchouc à usages généraux, non réutilisables —
Spécifications*

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Foreword

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The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 25518 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Products (other than hoses)*.

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WARNING — Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practices. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the physical requirements and methods of sampling and testing for single-use rubber gloves, made from natural rubber latex, synthetic rubber latex or rubber solution, intended for general applications, but not gloves intended for medical purposes.

It does not cover the safe and proper usage of the gloves.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 37, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties*

ISO 188, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests*

ISO 2859-1, *Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection*

3 Requirements

3.1 Materials

Gloves shall be manufactured from suitable materials. Any pigment, surface treatment, lubricant or powder used shall be non-toxic and shall be disclosed on request. Substances used for the treatment that could be transferred to the skin during use shall not cause any harm.

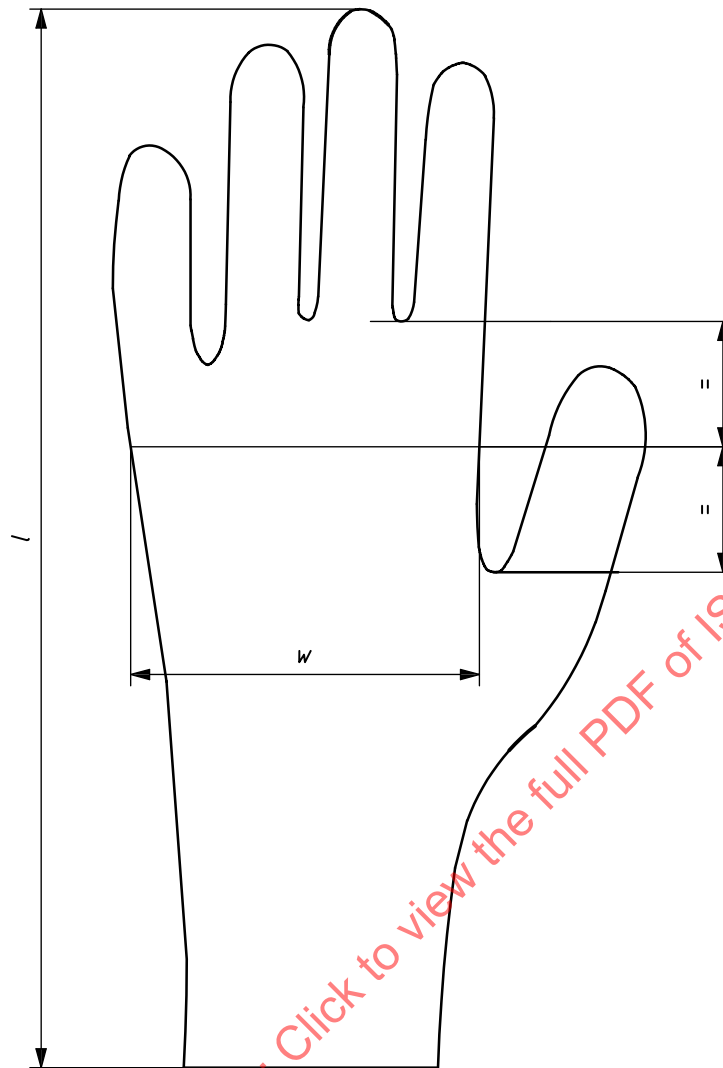
3.2 Dimensions

When measured at the points shown in Figure 1, gloves shall comply with the dimensions for length and palm width given in Table 1, using the inspection level and AQL given in Table 3.

The measurement of length shall be the shortest distance between the tip of the second finger and the cuff end.

The length measurement may be taken by hanging the glove on a suitable mandrel with a tip radius of 5 mm.

The measurement of width shall be at the midpoint between the base of the index finger and the base of the thumb. The width measurement shall be made with the glove placed on a flat surface.

**Key**

- l length of glove
 w width of glove

Figure 1 — Measurement points for width and length of the glove**Table 1 — Dimensions and tolerances**

Size	Width (dimension w in Figure 1) mm	Minimum length (dimension l in Figure 1) mm
Extra small (XS)	≤ 80	220
Small (S)	80 ± 10	220
Medium (M)	95 ± 10	230
Large (L)	110 ± 10	230
Extra large (XL)	≥ 110	230

3.3 Watertightness

When gloves are tested for watertightness as described in Annex A, the sample size and allowable number of non-conforming (i.e. leaking) gloves in the sample shall be determined in accordance with the inspection level and AQL given in Table 3.

3.4 Tensile properties

3.4.1 General

Tensile properties shall be measured in accordance with ISO 37, taking three type 2 dumb-bell test pieces from each glove and using the median value as the test result. Test pieces shall be taken from the palm or back of the gloves.

3.4.2 Force at break and elongation at break

When determined in accordance with the method specified in ISO 37, using type 2 dumb-bell test pieces, the force at break and elongation at break shall comply with the requirements given in Table 2, using the inspection level and AQL given in Table 3.

Table 2 — Tensile properties

Property	Requirement
Minimum force at break before accelerated ageing, N	7,0
Minimum elongation at break before accelerated ageing, %	500
Minimum force at break after accelerated ageing, N	6,0
Minimum elongation at break after accelerated ageing, %	400

3.5 Accelerated ageing

Accelerated ageing shall be conducted in accordance with the method specified in ISO 188. Test pieces can be prepared either by ageing the gloves at $70\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ for $168\text{ h} \pm 2\text{ h}$ or at $100\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ for 22 h and cutting the test pieces from the aged gloves, or by cutting the test pieces from unaged gloves and ageing the test pieces at $70\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ for $168\text{ h} \pm 2\text{ h}$ or at $100\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ for 22 h. Tensile testing is then conducted as described in 3.4. The results shall comply with the requirements given in Table 2, using the inspection level and AQL as in Table 3.

4 Sampling and inspection

For referee purposes, gloves shall be sampled and inspected in accordance with ISO 2859-1. The inspection levels and acceptance quality limits (AQLs) shall conform to those specified in Table 3 for the characteristics listed.

When a lot size cannot be determined, a lot of 35 001 to 150 000 shall be assumed.

Table 3 — Inspection levels and AQLs

Characteristic	Inspection level	AQL
Physical dimensions (width, length)	S-2	6,5
Watertightness	S-4	4,0
Force at break and elongation at break	S-2	6,5

5 Labelling

5.1 Use of symbols

Appropriate international symbols may be used for marking purposes in addition to the wording given in 5.2.

The language used for marking shall be as agreed upon between the interested parties.

5.2 Marking

Packages intended to facilitate safe transport and storage of the gloves shall be clearly marked with the following:

- a) the name or trademark of the manufacturer or supplier;
- b) the material used;
- c) the words "TEXTURED" or "SMOOTH", "PRE-POWDERED" or "POWDER-FREE", or words to that effect for the appropriate glove finish;
- d) the size, as specified in Table 1;
- e) the manufacturer's identifying lot number;
- f) the words "DATE OF MANUFACTURE", or words to that effect, and the year (in four digits) and month of manufacture;
- g) the approximate number of gloves;
- h) instructions for storage;
- i) the words "NOT FOR MEDICAL OR INDUSTRIAL USE", or words to that effect.

Annex A (normative)

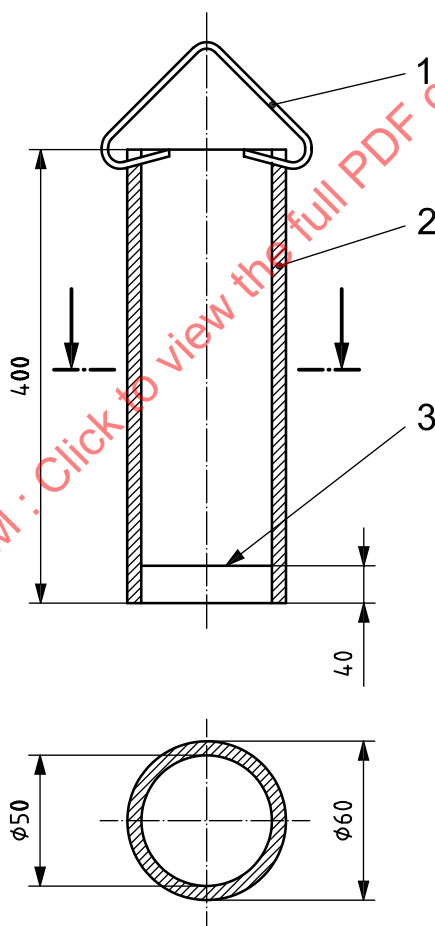
Test for watertightness

A.1 Apparatus

A.1.1 Circular hollow mandrel, of minimum external diameter 60 mm and adequate length to hold the glove and, with the glove attached, to accommodate 1 000 cm³ of water. An example is given in Figure A.1.

NOTE A transparent circular hollow mandrel would be suitable.

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- 1 hook
- 2 cylinder
- 3 score line on inside surface of wall

Figure A.1 — Mandrel