
**Road vehicles — Connection interface
for pyrotechnic devices, two-way
and three-way connections —**

**Part 1:
Pocket interface definition**

*Véhicules routiers — Interface de raccordement pour dispositifs
pyrotechniques, deux voies et trois voies —*

Partie 1: Définition de l'interface du support allumeur

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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

ISO 19072-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Electrical and electronic equipment*.

ISO 19072 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections*:

- *Part 1: Pocket interface definition*
- *Part 2: Test methods and general performance requirements*

Introduction

Road vehicles integrate an increasing number of pyrotechnic devices contributing to occupant safety in vehicles, e.g. frontal and side air bag, safety belt pretensioner.

Various pocket definitions currently exist all over the world, a situation which is proving problematic for the different equipment makers. The goal of this part of ISO 19072 is therefore to define a common specification.

Annex A defines a sealed option of the pyrotechnic device/initiator harness connector assembly.

Annex B defines a variant without retainer of the pyrotechnic device/initiator harness connector assembly.

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Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections —

Part 1: Pocket interface definition

1 Scope

This part of ISO 19072 defines a common specification of the pyrotechnic device pocket interface. It also defines a sealed variant of the design.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8092-2, *Road vehicles — Connections for on-board electrical wiring harnesses — Part 2: Definitions, test methods and general performance requirements*

ASTM B488, *Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Gold for Engineering Uses*

ASTM B735, *Standard Test Method for Porosity in Gold Coatings on Metal Substrates by Nitric Acid Vapor*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8092-2 and the following apply.

3.1

connector

assembly used to connect several conductors together or a single conductor to an appliance

NOTE A male (female) connector is a housing containing male (female) contacts and accessory items. A male connector can be permanently fixed to a wiring harness or to an appliance, e.g. an electronic control unit (ECU). A female connector is generally permanently fixed to a wiring harness.

3.2

housing

connector without its contacts

3.3

retainer

ring holding a shunt and providing coding and electrical insulation, generally made of plastic

3.4

squib holder

part of the pyrotechnic device, holding the initiator and the retainer

3.5

pocket

squib holder inner interface including male contacts

3.6

initiator

part of the pyrotechnical device holding the two male contacts

4 Dimensional features of squib holder interface including male contacts

The contact and short-circuit areas when male and female connectors are mated shall comply with Figure 1.

5 Material characteristics of contact and short-circuit areas of pins

Pin plating shall comply with the following characteristics:

- ASTM B488, type (coating purity) and class (coating thickness) to be agreed between customer and supplier, but not less than class 0,5;
- ASTM B735, porosity max. 2 pores/mm²;
- under layer material: nickel $\geq 1 \mu\text{m}$.

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- a Minimum plating contact and short-circuit areas in accordance with Clause 5; plating extends to the tip of the pin.
- b Any shape accepted where surface of initiator is flush with or below datum B and satisfies the connector/retainer function requirement.
- c Any convex or straight shape inside shaded area accepted at top of pin; smooth and burr free.
- d Maximum contact point; the female contact guarantees a minimum overlap of 1 mm in the contact area.
- e Rounded and burr free.
- f Undercut geometry is required to hold the connector and retainer inside the squib holder.
- g This dimension concerns only the length L_1 .

NOTE 1 Datum C depends on the style of the polarisation area (hole or slot).

NOTE 2 In the noted area, the undercut surface meets the dimensions as specified on this figure, but does not need to be a continuous 360° surface; it also meets the specified connector and retainer retention requirements and dimensions regardless of material.

Figure 1 — Squib holder interface with male contacts

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