
International Standard



1843/7

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Higher alcohols for industrial use — Methods of test —
Part 7 : Determination of distillation yield**

Alcools supérieurs à usage industriel — Méthodes d'essai — Partie 7 : Détermination des caractéristiques de distillation

First edition — 1982-06-15

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UDC 661.725.6 : 542.48

Ref. No. ISO 1843/7-1982 (E)

Descriptors : alcohols, chemical analysis, determination, distillation.

Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1843/7 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in December 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Austria	India	Romania
Belgium	Ireland	South Africa, Rep. of
China	Italy	Switzerland
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	Thailand
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Korea, Rep. of	United Kingdom
France	Mexico	USSR
Germany, F. R.	Netherlands	
Hungary	Philippines	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 1845-1970, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

Higher alcohols for industrial use — Methods of test — Part 7 : Determination of distillation yield

1 Scope and field of application

This part of ISO 1843 specifies a method for the determination of the distillation yield of C₆ to C₁₃ alcohols for industrial use.

This document should be read in conjunction with ISO 1843/1 (see the annex).

2 Reference

ISO 918, *Volatile organic liquids for industrial use — Determination of distillation yield — General method.*¹⁾

3 Procedure

Use the method specified in ISO 918, subject, as appropriate, to the following modifications.

3.1 Thermometer as specified in ISO 918, sub-clause 5.1.2.

For measurement of distillation intervals not greater than 5 °C, the thermometer shall be graduated at intervals of 0,2 °C and of known scale error not exceeding 0,5 °C.

For measurement of distillation intervals greater than 5 °C, the thermometer shall be graduated at intervals of 0,5 °C and of known scale error, not exceeding the scale interval.

3.2 Correction to specified temperature

If the corrected barometric pressure deviates from 1 013 mbar²⁾, apply a correction to the observed temperature by subtracting 0,038 °C for every millibar above, or adding 0,038 °C for every millibar below, 1 013 mbar (see ISO 918, clause 9).

3.3 Distillation

Proceed as described in ISO 918, sub-clause 7.2, adjusting the rate of heating so that the first drop of distillate falls from the end of the condenser after 15 to 20 min.

1) At present at the stage of draft. (Revision of ISO/R 918.)

2) 1 bar = 10⁵ Pa