



**International
Standard**

ISO 16358-1

Air-cooled air conditioners and air-to-air heat pumps — Testing and calculating methods for seasonal performance factors —

**Part 1:
Cooling seasonal performance factor
AMENDMENT 2**

*Climatiseurs à condenseur à air et pompes à chaleur air/air —
Essais et méthodes de calcul des coefficients de performance
saisonniers —*

*Partie 1: Coefficient de performance saisonnier de
refroidissement (COPSR)*

AMENDEMENT 2

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Air-cooled air conditioners and air-to-air heat pumps — Testing and calculating methods for seasonal performance factors —

Part 1: Cooling seasonal performance factor

AMENDMENT 2

5.2, Table 1

Replace Table 1 with the following:

Table 1 — Temperature and humidity conditions and default values for cooling at T1 moderate climate condition of ISO 5151, ISO 13253 and ISO 15042

Test	Characteristics	Fixed	Two-stage	Mul-ti-stage	Variable	Default value
Standard cooling capacity	Full capacity $\phi_{ful}(35)$ (W)	■	■	■	■	—
	Full power input $P_{ful}(35)$ (W)					
Indoor DB 27 °C WB 19 °C	Half capacity $\phi_{haf}(35)$ (W)	—	—	○ ^a	■	$\phi_{haf}(29)/1,077$
	Half power input $P_{haf}(35)$ (W)					$P_{haf}(29)/0,914$
Outdoor DB 35 °C WB 24 °C	Minimum capacity $\phi_{min}(35)$ (W)	—	○ _{b,c}	○ _{b,c}	○ _{b,c}	$\phi_{min}(29)/1,077$
	Minimum power input $P_{min}(35)$ (W)					$P_{min}(29)/0,914$
Low temperature cooling capacity	Full capacity $\phi_{ful}(29)$ (W)	■	■	■	—	$1,077 \times \phi_{ful}(35)$
	Full power input $P_{ful}(29)$ (W)					$0,914 \times P_{ful}(35)$
Indoor DB 27 °C WB 19 °C	Half capacity $\phi_{haf}(29)$ (W)	—	—	■	○ ^a	$1,077 \times \phi_{haf}(35)$
	Half power input $P_{haf}(29)$ (W)					$0,914 \times P_{haf}(35)$
Outdoor DB 29 °C WB 19 °C	Minimum capacity $\phi_{min}(29)$ (W)	—	■	○ _{b,c}	○ _{b,c}	—
	Minimum power input $P_{min}(29)$ (W)					
Key						
■ required test.						
○ optional test.						
^a If $t_{z,haf}$ as calculated by Formula (28) is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional half capacity and power test data shall be deemed invalid, and the default values specified in this table shall be used.						
^b If $t_{z,min}$ as calculated by Formula (29) is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional minimum capacity and power data shall be deemed invalid, and shall not be used.						
^c If the minimum capacity test is measured, min(29) test is conducted first. Min(35) test may be measured or may be calculated by using default value.						
NOTE 2 Voltage(s) and frequency(ies) are as given in ISO 5151, ISO 13253 and ISO 15042.						

Table 1 (continued)

Test	Characteristics	Fixed	Two-stage	Mul-ti-stage	Variable	Default value
Low humidity and cyclic cooling Indoor DB 27 °C WB 16 °C or lower Outdoor DB 29 °C WB -	Degradation coef-ficient C_D	Full capacity	○	—	—	0,25
		Half capacity	—	—	○ ^a	0,25
		Minimum capacity	—	○ ^{b,c}	○ ^{b,c}	—
Key						
■ required test.						
○ optional test.						
^a If $t_{z,haf}$ as calculated by Formula (28) is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional half capacity and power test data shall be deemed invalid, and the default values specified in this table shall be used.						
^b If $t_{z,min}$ as calculated by Formula (29) is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional minimum capacity and power data shall be deemed invalid, and shall not be used.						
^c If the minimum capacity test is measured, min(29) test is conducted first. Min(35) test may be measured or may be calculated by using default value.						
NOTE 2 Voltage(s) and frequency(ies) are as given in ISO 5151, ISO 13253 and ISO 15042.						

5.3.2

Insert the following after the fourth paragraph:

The temperature $t_{z,haf}$ at which P_{haf} is equal to zero shall be determined by Formula (28):

$$t_{z,haf} = 35 + \frac{P_{haf}(35) \times (35 - 29)}{P_{haf}(29) - P_{haf}(35)} \quad (28)$$

If $t_{z,haf}$ is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional half capacity and power data shall be deemed invalid, and the default values specified in Table 1 shall be used.

The temperature $t_{z,min}$ at which P_{min} is equal to zero shall be determined by Formula (29):

$$t_{z,min} = 35 + \frac{P_{min}(35) \times (35 - 29)}{P_{min}(29) - P_{min}(35)} \quad (29)$$

If $t_{z,min}$ is greater than $t_0 - 5$, the optional minimum capacity and power data shall be deemed invalid and shall not be used.

D.1.2

Insert the following after d):

NOTE For valid calculations, 0 % load outdoor temperature can be no lower than 18 °C.