INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 14907-2

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Electronic fee collection — Test procedures for user and fixed equipment —

Part 2:
Conformance test for the on-board unit application interface

Perception du télépéage — Modes opératoires relatifs aux équipements embarqués et aux équipements fixes —

Partie 2: Essai de conformité de l'interface d'application de l'unité embarquée

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Contents

Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 204, *Intelligent transport systems*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 278, *Intelligent transport systems,* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO/TS 14907-2:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— EFC application interface (i.e. 6.1) has been added;

— the terms have been revised and aligned with ISO/TS 17573-2:2020.

A list of all parts in the ISO 14907 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document describes tests that verify on-board unit (OBU) conformance of functions and data structures implementations for electronic fee collection (EFC) applications.

The purpose of this document is to define tests that:

— assess OBU capabilities,

— assess OBU behaviour,

— serve as a guide for OBU conformance evaluation and type approval,

— achieve comparability between the results of the corresponding tests applied in different places at different times, and

— facilitate communications between parties.

Electronic fee collection — Test procedures for user and fixed equipment —

Part 2:
Conformance test for the on-board unit application interface

1   Scope

This document describes tests which verify on-board unit (OBU) conformance of functions and data structures implementations, as defined in the implementation conformance statement (ICS) based on ISO 14906 for EFC applications.

This document defines tests for assessing OBU conformance in terms of :

— basic dedicated short-range communication (DSRC) L7 functionality,

— EFC application functions,

— EFC attributes (i.e. EFC application information),

— the addressing procedures of EFC attributes and (hardware) components,

— the EFC transaction model, which defines the common elements and steps of any EFC transaction, and

— the behaviour of the interface so as to support interoperability on an EFC-DSRC application interface level.

After the tests of isolated data items and functions (C.2 to C.4), an example is given for testing a complete EFC transaction (C.3). Although this document defines examples of test cases for DSRC and EFC functionality (see Annex C), it does not intend to specify a complete test suite for a certain implementation. To compose a test suite for a specific EFC implementation, the test cases can be modified and new test cases can be defined and added in order for the conformance test suite to be complete. It can be useful to consider the following when defining a complete test suite:

— small range: "exhaustive testing" of critical interoperability/compatibility features,

— large range: testing of boundaries and random values, and

— composite types: testing of individual items in sequence or parallel.

This document does not define tests which assess:

— performance,

— robustness, and

— reliability of an implementation.

NOTE 1   ISO 14907-1 defines test procedures that are aimed at assessing performance, robustness and reliability of EFC equipment and systems.

NOTE 2   The ISO/IEC 10373 series defines test methods for proximity, vicinity, integrated circuit(s) cards and related devices that can be relevant for OBUs which support such cards.

Annex D provides an informative overview of Japanese on-board equipment (OBE) conformance tests which are based on the ISO 14907 series, in order to illustrate how these can be applied in practice.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14906, *Electronic fee collection — Application interface definition for dedicated short-range communication*

EN 12834, *Road transport and traffic telematics — Dedicated Short Range Communication (DSRC) — DSRC application layer*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1
access credentials
AC_CR
trusted attestation or secure module that establishes the claimed identity of an object or application

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.4]

3.2
attribute
addressable package of data consisting of a single data element or structured sequences of data elements

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.13]

3.3
authenticator
data, possibly encrypted, that is used for authentication

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.16]

3.4
channel
information transfer path

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 7498-2:1989, 3.3.13]

3.5
electronic fee collection
EFC
fee collection by electronic means

Note 1 to entry: Fee and toll are synonyms within the context of standardization of EFC in ISO/TC 204.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.70, modified — Note 1 to entry added.]

3.6
Element
DSRC directory containing application information in the form of *attributes* (3.2)

[SOURCE: ISO 14906:2018, 3.8]

3.7
implementation conformance statement
ICS
statement of capabilities and options that have been implemented that defines to what extent the implementation is compliant with a given specification

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.90]

3.8
implementation conformance statement proforma
document, in the form of a questionnaire, which when completed for an implementation or system becomes an *implementation conformance statement* (ICS) (3.7)

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 9646-1:1994, 3.3.40]

3.9
implementation extra information for testing
IXIT
statement containing all of the information related to the *implementation under test (IUT)* (3.11) and its corresponding system under test (SUT) which will enable the testing laboratory to run an appropriate test suite against that IUT

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.92]

3.10
implementation extra information for testing proforma
document, in the form of a questionnaire, which when completed for an *implementation under test (IUT)* (3.11) becomes an *implementation extra information for testing (IXIT)* (3.9)

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.93]

3.11
implementation under test
IUT
implementation of one or more open systems interconnection (OSI) protocols in an adjacent user/provider relationship, being part of a real system, which is to be studied by testing

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.94]

3.12
on-board equipment
OBE
all required equipment on-board a vehicle for performing required *electronic fee collection (EFC)* (3.5) functions and communication services

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.126]

3.13
on-board unit
OBU
electronic unit on-board a vehicle for performing specific *electronic fee collection (EFC)* (3.5) functions and for communication with external systems

Note 1 to entry: An OBU always includes, in this context, at least the support of the DSRC interface.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.127, modified — Note 1 to entry added.]

3.14
roadside equipment
RSE
fixed or movable *electronic fee collection (EFC)* (3.5) equipment located along or on the road

Note 1 to entry: Movable RSE can be mounted temporarily along the road or in a vehicle.

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.161]

3.15
service primitive
elementary communication service provided by the application layer protocol to the application processes (AP)

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.173]

3.16
transaction
whole of the exchange of information between two physically separated communication facilities

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.211]

3.17
transaction model
functional model describing the general structure of electronic payment *transactions* (3.16)

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17573-2:2020, 3.213]

4   Abbreviated terms

ACn	acknowledged command/response
APDU	application protocol data unit
AP	application process
ARIB	Association of Radio Industries and Businesses
	NOTE A Japanese standards development organization.
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
ASP	application service primitive
AVI	automatic vehicle identification
BST	beacon service table
DSRC	dedicated short-range communication
DUT	device under test
eid	Element identifier
FTP	file transfer protocol
I-Kernel	Initialization Kernel
iid	invoker identifier
ind	indication

L1   layer 1 of DSRC (physical layer)

L2   layer 2 of DSRC (data link layer)

L7   application layer core of DSRC

LID   logical link control identifier

LLC   logical link control

LSDU   link layer service data unit

MMI   man-machine nterface

n.a.   not applicable

NE_OK   command accepted/response LSDU not yet available

PoC   point of control

PoO   point of observation

PrWA   private window allocation

PrWRq   private window request

req   request

ret   return

rs   response

SAM   secure application module

T-APDU   transfer-application protocol data unit

T-ASDU   transfer-application service data unit

TC   test case

T-Kernel   transfer kernel

TTI   traffic and traveller information

VST   vehicle service table

5   OBU and supporting information

5.1   General

The supplier shall provide the OBU, i.e. the device under test (DUT), and the associated information, including:

— the OBU personalized to be able to perform tests according to the ICS and implementation extra information for testing (IXIT) as defined in 5.2 and 5.3, respectively. At least five samples shall be submitted for test. More samples can be needed if several different data structures and data contents are required in the tests;

— user's manual for the OBU, which shall include instructions on how to handle the equipment, and can include further detailed information about the protocol functions;

— ICS according to 5.2. The ICS shall include statements regarding the following:

  — L7 services that are implemented in the OBU;

  — EFC functions (action types) that are implemented in the OBU;

  — whether or not data elements are used;

— IXIT according to 5.3 The IXIT shall, if applicable, include:

  — a statement regarding which L2 services shall be used to transfer the L7 services (and EFC services);

  — a description of security calculations in the OBU including a specification of the encryption algorithm used;

  — values of the test master keys for calculation and verification of OBU security data such as authenticators and access credentials.

The supplier should also provide configuration/personalization equipment for the OBU if this ensures effective testing.

Figure 1 gives a more detailed picture of the interface between the entity performing the conformance test and the supplier of the DUT. By the EFC application specification, the ICS proforma and the IXIT proforma, the supplier is requested to provide the DUT (OBU), which contains the implementation under test (IUT), as well as the documentation needed to perform the tests. More details on the content of the different documents are given in Clause 5 on OBU and supporting information.

NOTE   The DUT contains the IUT.

Figure 1 shows the overall procedure of conformance testing. Figure 2 shows the exchange of information between the supplier of the DUT and the test house.
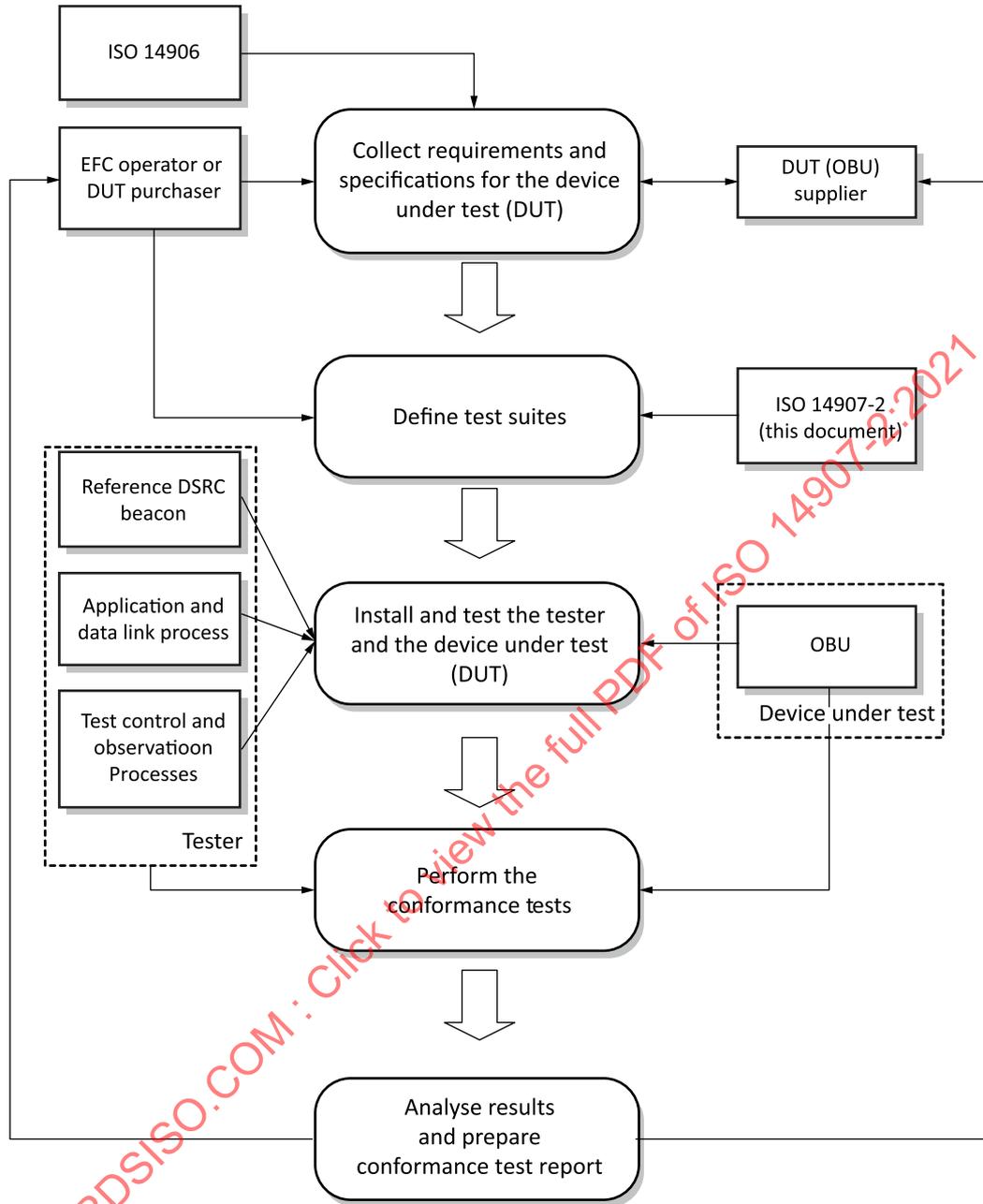
Figure 1 — Conformance testing process
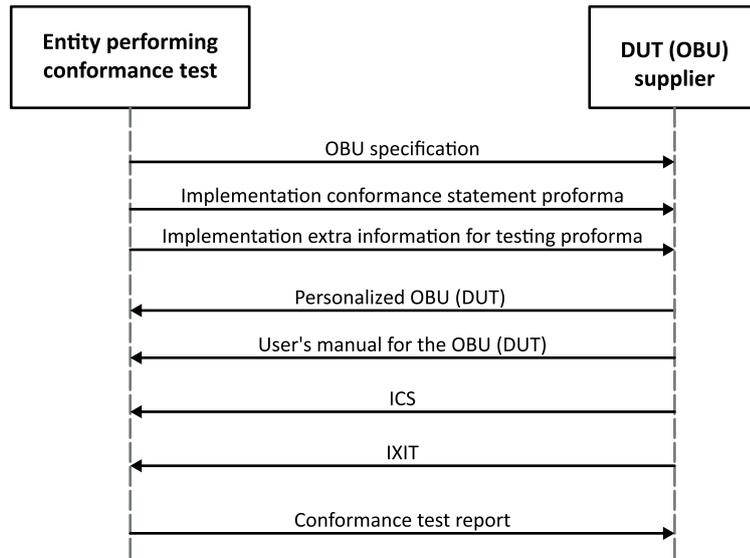
Figure 2 — Information exchange flow

5.2   ICS

The ICS is a statement made by the supplier that claims conformance to a certain specification. The ICS states which capabilities have been implemented in the specifications. It also states possible limitations in the implementation of the specification.

This document describes testing of implementations according to the following documents:

— EN 12834;

— ISO 14906.

Annex A contains the ICS proforma that shall be used for the ICS.

5.3   IXIT

The IXIT is a statement made by the supplier or an implementer of an IUT which contains or references all of the information, in addition to that given in the ICS, related to the DUT and its testing environment. The IXIT enables the test laboratory to run an appropriate test suite against the DUT.

In this document, the IXIT specifies the services in the lower communication layers that shall be used to perform the services to be tested. These services are described in EN 12795, EN 12253 and EN 13372, for example.

The IXIT shall also contain further information and describe algorithms and procedures that are not specified in the above listed documents but are prerequisites to perform the testing. Examples of such information are:

— content of the ApplicationContextMark in the VST,

— calculation of access credentials in DSRC services,

— use of returnCode in DSRC L7 services and EFC functions, and

— calculation of authenticators in EFC functions.

Annex B contains the IXIT proforma that shall be used for the declaration of the IXIT.

6 Testing requirements

6.1 EFC application interface

Figure 3 illustrates the scope of the conformance assessment of the EFC application interface covered by this document.
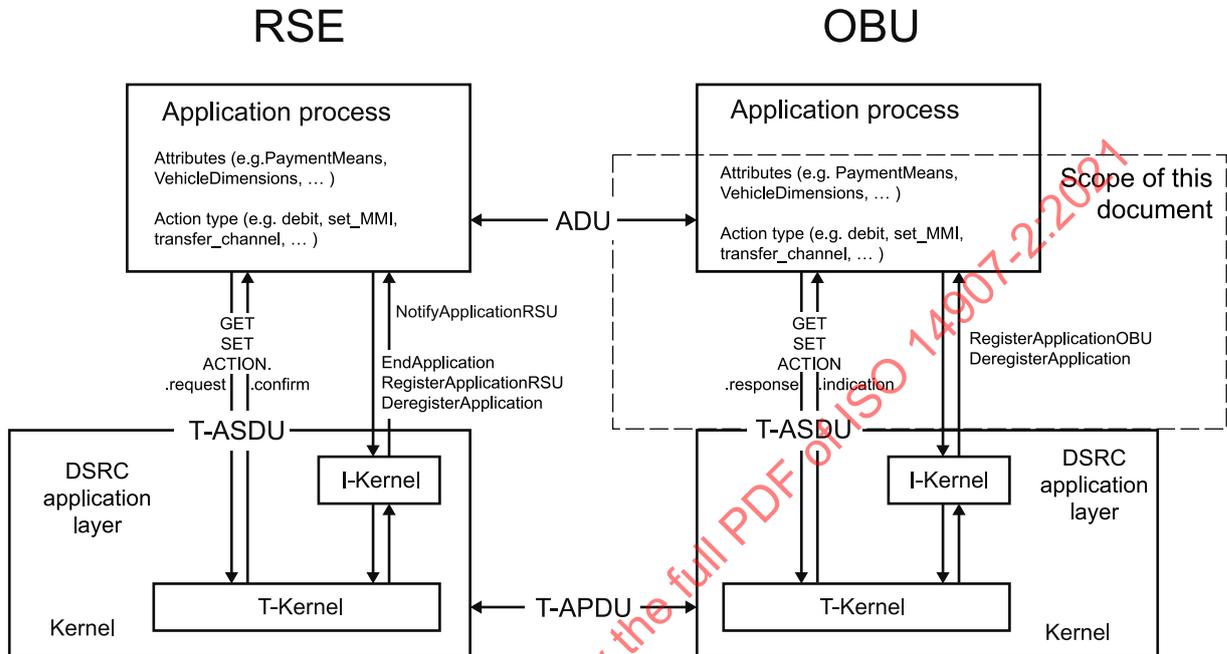
Figure 3 — The EFC application interface

6.2 Conceptual test architecture

A remote test method shall be used for the conformance test of OBUs (DUT). Figure 4 shows the conceptual testing architecture of tester and DUT. The conformance test is only related to the the PoC, which is the point where the test events are controlled. The PoC shall be implemented inside the tester on the interface between the application layer and the APs.

The Point of Observation (PoO), which is the point where the occurrence of test events is to be observed, shall be implemented inside the tester on the interface between the application layer and the AP. The PoO must also interface the data link layer since some tests require observation of the behaviour on this layer.

The PoC and PoO are characterized by a set of application service primitives (ASPs), according to the specifications of the tests. The test events observed at the PoO may be supplemented by information provided by other sub-units, for example, MMI or an IC card, if available with the DUT.

Figure 4 — Conceptual architecture of the conformance test

6.3 Conformance test system

6.3.1 Generalities

The conformance tests shall be performed under controlled conditions by using a test system according to Figure 5.
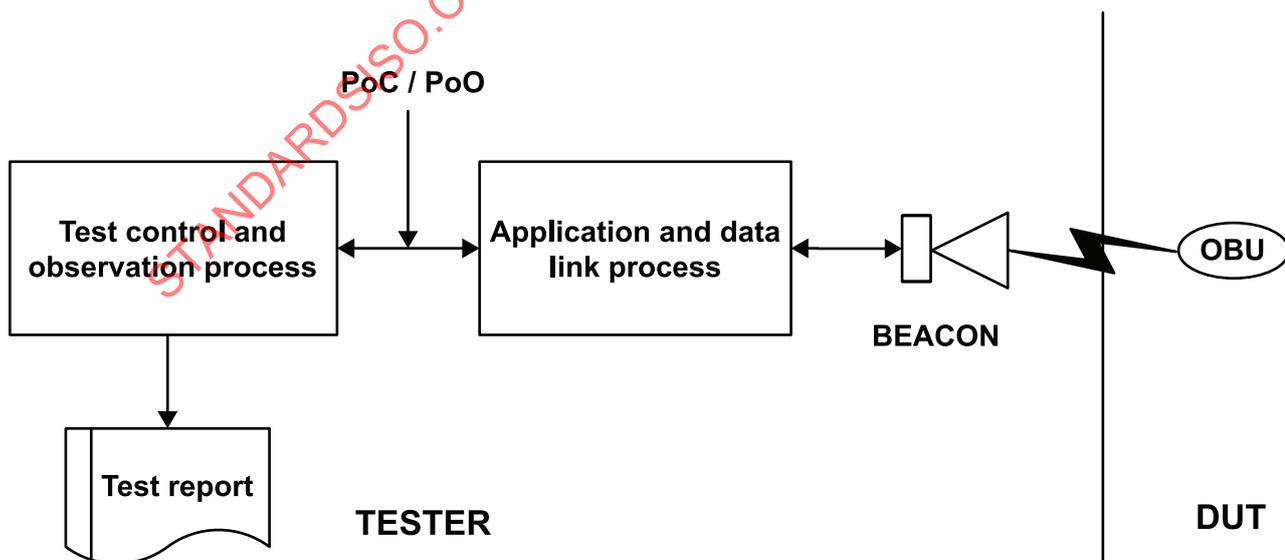
Figure 5 — Test facilities

6.3.2 Functionality of tester

6.3.2.1 Reference beacon

The beacon shall be a transparent physical layer interface for DSRC according to European or International Standards. This means that it shall be able to operate standardized data profiles of DSRC links. A simple beacon may be used that only sends and receives frames to or from the DUT. The communication is controlled by the application and data link process of the tester.

Beacon parameters, for example, the transmitting power, shall be adjustable by the tester.

6.3.2.2 Application and data link process

The tester shall be able to operate the communication link in real time according to data link layer functionality of European or International Standards. The process shall provide the connection to the test control and observation process and shall control the sending and reception of frames to and from the beacon.

6.3.2.3 Test control and observation processes

The test control and observation processes shall be implemented on an appropriately equipped computer system. The processes shall comply with the definitions of the application and data link layers defined by European or International Standards and shall be able to generate test suites in reference to ISO 14906. The control process shall provide functionality to configure the test bed, to generate test suites and to perform test suites.

EXAMPLE   Test suites can be generated in plain ASCII format and can be retrieved by the real-time control process via FTP.

While the tests are being performed, all events shall be observed by the PoO process. All results shall be documented, visualized and be made available for detailed analysis.
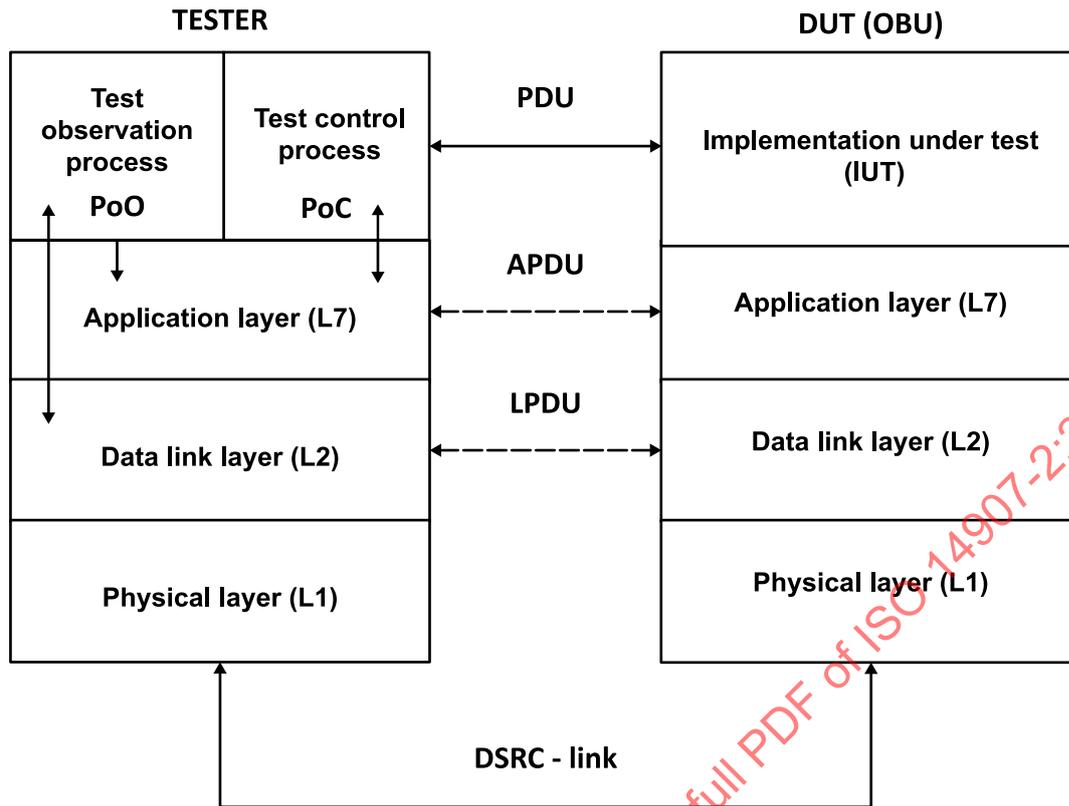
6.3.3 Conformance testing

The tests performed by the tester shall be able to concentrate on EFC-communication protocol aspects, which are:

— initialization phase (BST-VST exchange);

— application layer services in accordance with EN 12834;

— EFC functions and services in accordance with ISO 14906;

— EFC data and parameters used in accordance with ISO 14906; and

— transaction phase (logical sequence).

The DUT shall be operated in a controlled environment according to the manufacturer's instructions.

All test suites shall be generated corresponding to the specification of the manufacturer, which shall describe the behaviour of the DUT in terms of expected messages from the beacon and intended answers from the DUT. The communication sequence shall be unambiguously defined. The test generation tool shall be able to check the messages against the European or International DSRC standards. All events of a DUT are stored by the tester.

The test suites generated shall strictly correspond to the European or International DSRC standards and to ISO 14906.

The results of the tests shall only be related to the IUT of the DUT. Only the correctness of the implementation shall be tested, and any assessment of performance, robustness or reliability is

excluded. The results of the tests shall be able to provide confidence that the DUT works according to ICS, the underlying DSRC standards and to ISO 14906, within the scope of the performed tests.

6.4 Test documentation

6.4.1 Generalities

The test documentation shall provide comprehensive information of the tester used, the DUT, the tests carried out, and the gathered test results.

6.4.2 Tester

All relevant information and specifications of the tester used shall be documented in the test report.

The ICS and the IXIT shall be provided by the manufacturer or supplier of the DUT. The ICS and IXIT shall describe all the capabilities and limitations of the DUT according to Annex A and Annex B, respectively.

6.4.3 Test methods and test cases

A test suite is required which covers all implemented and specified functions of the DUT to be tested based on the provided ICS and IXIT. Completeness and correctness of the test suite is required to verify conformity between IUT and specification, including the referenced standards.

The test suite is separated in test groups; each test group consists of a number of test cases. The tester shall provide a tool which enables the user to specify the test suite and which provides documentation of the test suite.

The user-defined test suite should be automatically translated in a computer format which is executable by the tester.

6.4.4 Test results

Each test case carried out shall be documented by the test generation equipment. For each test case, a verdict shall be given: passed, inconclusive or failed. The results of all test cases shall form the conformance test report.

Annex A
(normative)

Implementation conformance statement proforma

A.1 Overview

The forms in this annex shall be completed by the supplier of the DUT (OBU) to state conformance to applicable parts of EN 12834 (DSRC L7 standard) and ISO 14906.

When the forms are completed (i.e. Tables A.1 to A.44), this annex forms the ICS that shall be submitted to the test laboratory before the start of the tests.

A.2 Identification of OBU supplier

Table A.1 — Identification of OBU supplier form

Company	
Postal address	
Telephone	
Contact person	
Email address	

A.3 Identification of OBU

Table A.23 — Identification of OBU form

Brand	
Type, version	
Manufacturer ID	
Equipment class	
Serial numbers of supplied units	

A.4 DSRC application layer implementation

A.4.1 Declaration of application layer features

EN 12834 (DSRC L7) implemented functionality shall be declared by completing Table A.3.

Table A.3 — EN 12834 functionality

Feature(s)			Status	Implemented Yes/No/n.a.	Restrictions or other comments
T-Kernel	Fragmentation/defragmentation		optional/mand.		
	Concatenation/deconcatenation		optional/mand.		
	Multiplexing/demultiplexing		optional/mand.		
	Fragmentation header	1 octet	mand.		
		2 octets	optional/mand.		
		3 octets	optional/mand.		
	Service primitives	GET	optional		
		SET	optional		
		ACTION	optional		
		EVENT-REPORT	mand.		
		INITIALIZATION	mand.		
I-Kernel			optional/mand.		
Timer T (second)			255/0-255		
LID for INITIALIZATION.req			broadcast/ private		
NOTE "/" means that any number or feature listed can be chosen.					

A.4.2 Detailed L7 services statement

A.4.2.1 Generalities

For each implemented L7 service according to EN 12834, the corresponding table shall be completed (i.e. Tables A.4 to A.11). The information is used to control the service tests.

A.4.2.2 INITIALIZATION

Table A.4 — INITIALIZATION.req, BST

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
rsu	BeaconID	
time	Time	
profile	Profile	
mandApplications	ApplicationList	
nonmandApplications	ApplicationList, OPTIONAL	
profileList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..127,...)) OF Profile	

Table A.5 — INITIALIZATION.rs, VST

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
profile	Profile	
applications	ApplicationList	
obeConfiguration	ObeConfiguration	

A.4.2.3 GET

Table A.6 — GET.req

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
attrIdList	AttributeIdList OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.7 — GET.rs

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
attributelist	AttributeList OPTIONAL	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.4.2.4 SET

Table A.8 — SET.req

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
attrList	AttributeList	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.9 — SET.rs

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.4.2.5 EVENT-REPORT

Table A.10 — EVENT-REPORT.req

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
eventType	EventType	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..127,..)) OPTIONAL	
eventParameter	Container OPTIONAL	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.11 — EVENT-REPORT.rs

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5 EFC Functions

A.5.1 Declaration of EFC functions implemented

The ISO 14906-implemented EFC functions (DSRC L7 ACTION-services) shall be declared by completing Table A.12.

Table A.12 — EFC Functions

EFC function	Implemented Yes/No	Restrictions and remarks
GET_STAMPED		
SET_STAMPED		
GET_SECURE		
SET_SECURE		
GET_INSTANCE		
SET_INSTANCE		
GET_NONCE		
SET_NONCE		
TRANSFER_CHANNEL		
COPY		
SET_MMI		
SUBTRACT		
ADD		
DEBIT		
CREDIT		
ECHO		

A.5.2 Detailed EFC functions statement

A.5.2.1 Generalities

For each implemented EFC function, the corresponding table shall be completed (i.e. Tables A.13 to A.44). The information is used to control the function tests.

A.5.2.2   GET STAMPED

Table A.13 — ACTION.rq (GET STAMPED)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 0	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	GetStampedRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    attributeIdList AttributeIdList,
	    nonce OCTET STRING,
	    keyRef INTEGER(0..255) }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.14 — ACTION.rs (GET STAMPED)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

responseParameter	GetStampedRs:: = SEQUENCE {
	    attributeList AttributeList,
	    authenticator OCTET STRING }	

ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The algorithm for calculation of the authenticator shall be described in the IXIT.

A.5.2.3   SET STAMPED

Table A.15 — ACTION.req (SET STAMPED)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 1	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	SetStampedRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    attributeList AttributeList,
	    nonce OCTET STRING,
	    keyRef INTEGER(0..255) }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.16 — ACTION.rs (SET STAMPED)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	OCTET STRING	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The algorithm for calculation of the authenticator in the responseParameter OCTET STRING shall be described in the IXIT.

A.5.2.4 GET SECURE

Table A.17 — ACTION.req (GET SECURE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 2	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
actionParameter	OCTET STRING	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.18 — ACTION.rs (GET SECURE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	OCTET STRING	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The content in the responseParameter OCTET STRING shall be described in the IXIT.

A.5.2.5 SET SECURE

Table A.19 — ACTION.req (SET SECURE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 3	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
actionParameter	OCTET STRING	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

The content in the actionParameter OCTET STRING shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.20 — ACTION.rs (SET SECURE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The content in the responseParameter OCTET STRING shall be described.

A.5.2.6 GET INSTANCE

Table A.21 — ACTION.req (GET INSTANCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 4	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	GetInstanceRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	  posOfFirstInstance INTEGER(0..255),
	  posOfLastInstance INTEGER(0..255),
	  attributeIdList AttributeIdList}	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.22 — ACTION.rs (GET INSTANCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

responseParameter	GetInstanceRs:: = SEQUENCE (0..127....) OF
	SEQUENCE {
	  attributeId INTEGER(0..127....),
	  attributeValues Container:: = OCTET STRING }	

ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.7   SET INSTANCE

Table A.23 — ACTION.req (SET INSTANCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 5	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	SetInstanceRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    posOfInstance INTEGER(0..255),
	    attribute Attributes}	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.24 — ACTION.rs (SET INSTANCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.8   GET NONCE

Table A.25 — ACTION.req (GET NONCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 6	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING n.a.	
actionParameter	NONE	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

Table A.26 — ACTION.rs (GET NONCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	OCTET STRING	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.9 SET NONCE

Table A.27 — ACTION.req (SET NONCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 7	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING n.a.	
actionParameter	OCTET STRING	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

Table A.28 — ACTION.rs (SET NONCE)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.10 TRANSFER CHANNEL

Table A.29 — ACTION.req (TRANSFER CHANNEL)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 8	
accessCredentials	NONE	

actionParameter	ChannelRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	  channelId ChannelID,
	  apdu OCTET STRING }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

Table A.30 — ACTION.rs (TRANSFER CHANNEL)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

responseParameter	ChannelRs:: = SEQUENCE {
	  channelId ChannelID,
	  apdu OCTET STRING }	

ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.11 COPY

Table A.31 — ACTION.req (COPY)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	

Table A.31 *(continued)*

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
actionType	ActionType = 9	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	
actionParameter	CopyRq:: = SEQUENCE { destinationEID INTEGER(0..127....), attributeIdList AttributeIdList, }	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.32 — ACTION.rs (COPY)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.12 SET MMI

Table A.33 — ACTION.req (SET MMI)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 10	
accessCredentials	NONE	
actionParameter	SetMMIRq:: = INTEGER { ok (0) nok (1) contactOperator (2) reservedForFutureCENUse (3..127), reservedForPrivateUse (128..255) } (0..255)	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

Table A.34 — ACTION.rs (SET MMI)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.13 SUBTRACT

Table A.35 — ACTION.req (SUBTRACT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 11	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	SubRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    attributeId INTEGER(0..127....),
	    value INTEGER }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.36 — ACTION.rs (SUBTRACT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.14 ADD

Table A.37 — ACTION.req (ADD)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 12	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	AddRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    attributeId INTEGER(0..127....),
	    value INTEGER }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.38 — ACTION.rs (ADD)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	NONE	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

A.5.2.15 DEBIT

Table A.39 — ACTION.req (DEBIT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 13	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	DebitRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	    debitPaymentFee PaymentFee,
	    nonce OCTET STRING,
	    keyRef INTEGER(0..255) }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.40 — ACTION.rs (DEBIT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

responseParameter	DebitRs:: = SEQUENCE {
	  debitResult ResultFin,
	  debitAuthenticator OCTET STRING }	

ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The algorithm for calculation of the authenticator shall be described in the IXIT.

A.5.2.16 CREDIT

Table A.41 — ACTION.req (CREDIT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN = TRUE	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 14	
accessCredentials	OCTET STRING OPTIONAL	

actionParameter	CreditRq:: = SEQUENCE {
	  refund PaymentFee,
	  nonce OCTET STRING,
	  keyRef INTEGER(0..255) }	

iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

If access credentials are used, the algorithm for how to calculate these shall be described in the IXIT.

Table A.42 — ACTION.rs (CREDIT)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

responseParameter	CreditRs:: = SEQUENCE {
	  creditResult ResultFin,
	  creditAuthenticator OCTET STRING }	

ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

The algorithm for calculation of the authenticator shall be described in the IXIT.

A.5.2.17 ECHO

Table A.43 — ACTION.req (ECHO)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
mode	BOOLEAN	
eid	Dsrc-EID	
actionType	ActionType = 15	
accessCredentials	NONE	
actionParameter	OCTET STRING	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	

Table A.44 — ACTION.rs (ECHO)

Data element	Data type	Used/not used, restrictions
eid	Dsrc-EID	
iid	DsrcEID OPTIONAL	
responseParameter	OCTET STRING	
ret	ReturnStatus OPTIONAL	

Annex B
(normative)

Implementation of extra information for testing proforma

B.1 Overview

The forms in this annex shall be completed by the supplier of the DUT (OBU) to define extended functionality and parameter settings that are necessary for performing the tests.

When the forms are completed (i.e. Tables B.1 to B.11), this annex forms the IXIT that shall be submitted to the test laboratory before the start of the tests.

B.2 Identification of OBU supplier

Table B.1 — Identification of OBU supplier

Company	
Postal address	
Telephone	
Contact person	
Email address	

B.3 Identification of OBU

Table B.2 — Identification of OBU

Brand	
Type, version	
ManufacturerID	
EquipmentClass	
Serial numbers on supplied units	

B.4 DSRC L1 implementation

B.4.1 DSRC L1 standards/specifications

Table B.3 — DSRC L1 standards/specifications

Standard/specification	Restrictions and remarks

B.4.2 DSRC L1 parameter settings

Table B.4 — DSRC L1 parameter settings

Parameter	Setting

B.5 DSRC L2 Implementation

B.5.1 DSRC L2 standards/specifications

Table B.5 — DSRC L2 standards/specifications

Standard/specification	Restrictions and remarks

B.5.2 DSRC L2 services implemented for transferring of L7 APDUs

Table B.6 — DSRC L2 services implemented for transferring of L7 APDUs

L7 APDU	DSRC L2 service implemented
INITIALIZATION.req	
INITIALIZATION.rs	
GET.req	
GET.rs	
SET.req	
SET.rs	
ACTION.req	
ACTION.rs	
EVENT_REPORT.req	
EVENT_REPORT.rs	

B.6 Security implementation

B.6.1 Security standards/specifications

Table B.7 — Security standards/specifications

Standard/specification	Restrictions and remarks

B.6.2 Calculation of access credentials

Table B.8 — Calculation of access credentials in different L7 services

L7 service	Algorithm for calculation of access credentials
GET.req	
SET.req	
ACTION.req	
EVENT_REPORT.req	

B.6.3 Calculation of authenticators

Table B.9 — Calculation of the authenticator in different EFC functions

L7 service	Algorithms for calculation of the authenticator
GET_STAMPED	
SET_STAMPED	
GET_SECURE	
SET_SECURE	
DEBIT	
CREDIT	

B.6.4   Test master key values

NOTE   More than one keyRef can be applicable for each function.

Table B.10 — Test master keys

L7 service that uses access credentials	keyRef	Test master key value
GET.request	n.a.	
SET.request	n.a.	
ACTION.request	n.a.	
EVENT_REPORT.request	n.a.	
EFC function that uses authenticator		
GET_STAMPED		
SET_STAMPED		
GET_SECURE		
SET_SECURE		
DEBIT		
CREDIT		

B.7 Return code

Table B.11 — Return code

Value	Description	Usage
0	noError: The requested operation was performed successfully.	
1	accessDenied: The requested operation was not performed for reasons pertinent to the security system.	
2	argumentError: One or more attribute values were not accessed because the identifier for the specified attribute was not recognized or the attribute value specified was out of range or otherwise inappropriate for one or more attributes, or the action or event-report invoked was not supported by the receiving entity.	
3	complexityLimitation: The requested operation was not performed because a parameter was too complex.	
4	processingFailure: A general failure in processing the operation was encountered.	
5	processing: The requested operation is being processed, and the result is not yet available.	
6	chainingError: The requested operation was not performed in accordance with the rule defined in EN 12834:2003, 6.3.8 (on concatenation with chaining).	

Annex C
(informative)

OBU test cases

C.1 Overview

In this annex, examples of test cases for DSRC and EFC functionality are presented. This annex does not intend to specify a complete test suite for a certain implementation. To compose a test suite for a specific EFC implementation, the test cases can be modified and new test cases can be defined and added in order for the conformance test to be complete.

Tables C.1 to C.4 provide an overview of the OBU test cases.

— Table C.1 contains a test suite for testing the basic application layer features as defined in EN 12834 (L7 standard).

— Table C.2 contains a test suite for testing the basic EFC functions as defined in ISO 14906.

— Table C.3 contains a test suite for testing an EFC transaction on an application and application interface level.

— Table C.4 contains a test suite for testing extended DSRC EFC features as defined in EN 12795 (L2 standard).

Each test suite is specified in terms of test group, test case ID, test case name and remarks.

Table C.1 — Overview of the basic application layer test suite

Test group	Test case ID	Test case name	Remarks
DSRC L7 INITIALIZATION	TC01-A	Profile handling	
	TC01-B	Application ID handling	
	TC01-C	Time handling	
	TC01-D	Beacon ID handling	
DSRC L7 EVENT_REPORT RELEASE	TC02-A	OBU Register/de-register application	
DSRC L7 GET	TC03-A		
DSRC L7 SET	TC04-A		

Table C.2 — Overview of the basic EFC functions test suite

Test group	Test case ID	Test case name	Remarks
EFC GET_STAMPED	TC10-A		
EFC GET-SECURE	TC12-A		
EFC SET-SECURE	TC13-A		

Table C.2 *(continued)*

Test group	Test case ID	Test case name	Remarks
EFC SET_MMI	TC20-A		
EFC ECHO	TC25-A		

NOTE   The numbering of the test cases in Table C.2 has been made considering future extensions to include test cases for all EFC functions defined in ISO 14906.

Table C.3 — Overview of an EFC transaction test suite

Test group	Test case ID	Test case name	Remarks
EFC transaction functionality	TC30-A	CARDME transaction	As defined in ISO 14906:2018, Annex B.

Table C.4 — Overview of the extended DSRC EFC test suite

Test group	Test case ID	Test case name	Remarks
DSRC INITIALIZATION recovery	TC40.A	Handling of INITIALIZATION. PrWRq, VST lost	
DSRC ACn recovery	TC41-A	Fast access ecovery Ffunctions: GET/SET-rs lost	
	TC41-B	Slow access recovery functions: GET/SET-rs lost	
DSRC Communication blocked — recovery	TC42-A	Communication blocked — recovery	
	TC42-B	Communication blocked (300 s) — new connection	

The test cases (TC) associated with Tables C.1 to C.4 are defined in the subsequent clauses in Tables C.5 to C.40.

Every test shall be repeated 10 times, unless otherwise explicitly specified.

C.2   Basic application layer test suite

C.2.1   TC01 DSRC (L7) INITIALIZATION

C.2.1.1   TC01-A profile handling

C.2.1.1.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the supported application(s), and

— the supported profile(s).

In this test case, it is assumed that the OBU:

— contains at least an EFC application,

— supports profiles P_a and $P_{b,}$ and

— does not support profiles P_c and P_d.

M_a is a manufacturerId defined in the test system.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.1.1.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Steps 1 and 2: Handling of profile P_a;

— Steps 3 and 4: Handling of profile P_b;

— Steps 5 and 6: Handling of multiple profiles P_a, P_c;

— Steps 7 and 8: Handling of multiple profiles P_b, P_d;

— Steps 9 and 10: Handling of multiple profiles P_c, P_d, P_a;

— Steps 11 and 12: Handling of profile P_d.

Table C.5 — Execution steps for TC01-A profile handling

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: mandatory application = EFC profile =P_a beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until an initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A, profile = P_a	Profile P_a expected from OBU.
3	Same as step 1 except for: profile = P_b.		
4	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A, profile = P_b	Profile P_b expected from OBU.
5	Same as step 1 except: profile = P_a profileList = P_c.		
6	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A, profile = P_a	Profile P_a expected from OBU.
7	Same as step 1 except: profile = P_b profileList = P_d.		
8	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A, profile = P_b	Profile P_b expected from OBU.
9	Same as step 1 except: profile = P_c profileList = P_d, P_a.		

Table C.5 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
10	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A, profile = P_a	Profile P_a expected from OBU.
11	Same as step 1 except: profile = P_c.		
12	Same as step 2.	None	Profile P_c not supported by the OBU.

C.2.1.1.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.6 — TC01-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	INITIALIZATION.rs,VST depending on profile(s) in BST.	VST with profile P_a in steps 2, 6 and 10. VST with profile P_b in steps 4 and 8. No VST in step 12.	

C.2.1.2 TC01-B application Id handling

C.2.1.2.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the application(s) supported, and

— the profile(s) supported.

In this test case, it is assumed that the OBU:

— contains an EFC application,

— does not contain any TTI or AVI application, and

— supports profile P_a.

M_a is a manufacturerId defined in the test system.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

NOTE   The OBU is expected to support at least the EFC application. Furthermore, the OBU can be configured with a single application (EFC) or multiple applications.

C.2.1.2.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Steps 1 and 2: Handling of mandatory application (= TTI);

— Steps 3 and 4: Handling of mandatory applications (= EFC, TTI);

— Steps 5 and 6: Handling of mandatory applications (= TTI, EFC);

— Steps 7 and 8: Handling of mandatory applications (= EFC) and non-mandatory applications (TTI and AVI);

— Steps 9 and 10: Handling of mandatory applications (= TTI) and non-mandatory applications (EFC and AVI).

Table C.7 — Execution steps for TC01-B application ID handling

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: profile = P_a mandatory applications = TTI beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	None	The TTI application is not supported by the OBU.
3	Same as step 1 except that mandatory applications = EFC, TTI.		
4	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: applications = EFC	
5	Same as step 1 except that mandatory applications = TTI, EFC.		
6	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: applications = EFC	
7	Same as step 1 except that mandatory applications = EFC non-mandatory applications = TTI, AVI.		
8	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: applications = EFC	
9	Same as step 1 except that mandatory applications = TTI non-mandatory applications = EFC, AVI.		
10	Same as step 2.	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: applications = EFC	

C.2.1.2.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.8 — TC01-B acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	INITIALIZATION.rs, VST depending on application(s) in BST.	No VST in step 2. VST with application EFC in steps 4, 6, 8 and 10.	

C.2.1.3 TC01-C time handling

C.2.1.3.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the application(s) supported, and

— the profile(s) supported.

In this test case, it is assumed that the OBU:

— contains an EFC application, and

— supports profile P_a.

M_a is a manufacturerId defined in the test system.

The time in the BST shall be UNIX-time. In the test, the time is instantly increased to a certain value to test the OBU behaviour. This corresponds to a certain elapsed time and will shorten the time for execution of the test.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.1.3.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Steps 1 to 4: Handling of time in BST = current UNIX-time;

— Steps 5 to 7: Handling of BST time set to current UNIX-time + 255 s;

— Steps 8 to 10: Handling of BST for 100 s, no BST for 100 s, BST for 100 s.

Table C.9 — Execution steps for TC01-C time handling

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: profile = P_a mandatory applications = EFC beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1. Time in BST = UNIX-time.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	t-ref is the time in the BST that was answered by the VST.
3	Send a GET/SET/ACTION request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE); select the L7 service according to the capabilities of the OBU.	Response to the request.	
4	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until 3 BSTs have been sent).	None	No answer shall be received from OBU.
5	Configure BST according to step 1. Time in BST = t-ref + 255.		

Table C.9 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
6	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A	Time in BST is now t-ref + 255 s; the OBU is expected to respond since Time – t-ref > 255 s
7	Send a GET/SET/ACTION request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE); select the L7 service according to the capabilities of the OBU.	Response to the request	
8	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms for 100 s.	None	
9	Send no BST for 100 s.	None	
10	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms for 100 s.	None	

C.2.1.3.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.10 — TC01-C acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	INITIALIZATION.rs, VST depending on time in BST	VST is sent in steps 2 and 6. No VST is sent in steps 4, 8 and 10.	

C.2.1.4 TC01-D beacon ID handling

C.2.1.4.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the application(s) supported, and

— the profile(s) supported.

In this test case, it is assumed that the OBU:

— contains an EFC application, and

— supports profile P_a.

M_a and M_b are different values of manufacturerId defined in the test system.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.1.4.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps comprise changing of Beacon ID according to the following steps:

— Steps 1 to 4: Handling of manufacturerId (unchanged) and IndividualID (unchanged);

— Steps 5 to 8: Handling of manufacturerId (changed) and IndividualID (unchanged);

— Steps 9 and 10: Handling of manufacturerId (unchanged) and IndividualID (changed).

Table C.11 — Execution steps for TC01-D beaconId handling

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: profile = P_a mandatory applications = EFC beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	
3	Send a GET/SET/ACTION request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE); select the L7 service according to the capabilities of the OBU.	Response to the request.	
4	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until 3 BSTs have been sent).	None.	No answer shall be received from OBU.
5	Same as step 1 except that beaconId manufacturerId = M_b.		
6	Send the BST according to step 1; send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until an uplink frame is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	It is assumed that this step is performed within the time 255 s from step 1. OBU responds to changed beaconId.
7	Send a GET/SET/ACTION request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE); select the L7 service according to the capabilities of the OBU.	Response to the request.	
8	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until 3 BSTs have been sent).	None.	No answer shall be received from OBU.
9	Same as step 1 except that beaconId manufacturerId = M_b IndividualId = 2.		
10	Send BST according to step 1; send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until an uplink frame is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	It is assumed that this step is performed within the time 255 s from step 6. OBU responds to changed beaconId.

C.2.1.4.3   Acceptance criteria

Table C.12 — TC01-D acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	INITIALIZATION.rs, VST depending on beaconId	VST is sent in steps 2, 6 and 10. No VST is sent in steps 4 and 8.	If a retransmission occurs during the test, the test shall be restarted.

C.2.2   TC02 DSRC L7 EVENT_REPORT RELEASE

C.2.2.1   TC02-A OBU register/de-register application

C.2.2.1.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the application(s) supported, and

— the profile(s) supported.

In this test case, it is assumed that the OBU:

— contains an EFC application, and

— supports profile P_a.

M_a is a manufacturerId defined in the test system.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.2.1.2   Main execution steps

The main execution steps comprise the handling of EN 12834 EVENT_REPORT Request.

Table C.13 — Execution steps for TC02-A OBU register/de-register application

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A with: profile = P_a mandatory applications = EFC beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	
3	Send a GET/SET/ACTION request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE); select the L7 service according to the capabilities of the OBU.	Response to the request.	This step will test that the OBU has registered the application and that it will answer to a request.
4	Send an EVENT_REPORT-(RELEASE). request: without accessCredentials, mode = FALSE, eventType = RELEASE according to ISO 14906:2018, Annex A.	None	Since the Release command is sent in non-confirmed mode (mode = FALSE) no response shall be sent from the OBU; the OBU shall de-register the application.
5	Send the same request as in step 3.	None	The OBU shall not answer to the request.

C.2.2.1.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.14 — TC02-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	Answer to the GET/SET/ACTION.request	Response in step 3. No response in step 5.	If a retransmission occurs during the test, the test shall be restarted.

C.2.3 TC03 DSRC L7 GET

C.2.3.1 TC03-A basic DSRC L7 GET

C.2.3.1.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— a set of correct (n1) and incorrect (n2) value for eid,

— a set of correct and incorrect values for accessCredentials (if implemented) and attributeIdList in the GET request test frames,

— a set of expected values and returnCode in the GET response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect values for Eid, accessCredentials and attributeIdList,

— algorithms and master keys values related to secure services inherent in the protocol (if implemented), and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.3.1.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization;

— Steps 2 and 3: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; correct values;

— Steps 4 and 5: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; incorrect value, AttributeIdList, correct values;

— Steps 6 and 7: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; non-existing attribute;

— Steps 8 and 9: Eid; non-existing Element, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; correct value.

Table C.15 — Execution steps for TC03-A basic DSRC L7 GET

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure a GET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributeIds.
3	Send GET.request.	Receive GET.response containing; (eid = n1 attributeList returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in GET.request. Requested attributes. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present.
4	Configure a GET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributeIds.
5	Send GET.request.	Receive GET.response containing (GET.response eid = n1 attributeList returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in GET.request. Requested attributes not present due to incorrect accessCredentials. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.
6	Configure a GET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate how to request an incorrect value for an attributeId.
7	Send GET.request.	Receive GET.response containing (GET.response eid = n1 attributeList returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in GET.request. The ICS shall indicate whether attributes are present or not due to an incorrect attributeId in the request. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.

Table C.15 (continued)

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
8	Configure a GET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for eid. ICS/IXITshall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributeIds.
9	Send GET.request.	Receive GET.response containing (GET.response eid = n1 attributeList returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in GET.request. The ICS shall indicate whether an attributeList is present or not. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.

C.2.3.1.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.16 — TC03-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance Criteria	Limit	Note
1	GET.response is sent from the OBU.	With a complete attributeList in step 3. Without any attribute values in step 5. Without or with an incomplete attribute list in step 7. Without any attribute values in step 9.	The returnCode shall be as used according to ICS/IXIT.

C.2.4 TC04 DSRC L7 SET

C.2.4.1 TC04-A basic DSRC L7 set

C.2.4.1.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct (n1) and incorrect (n2) value for eid,

— set of correct and incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials (if implemented) and attributeList in the SET request test frames,

— set of expected values for returnCode (if implemented) in the SET response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials and attributeList,

— algorithms and master keys values related to secure services inherent in the protocol (if implemented), and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.2.4.1.2   Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization;

— Steps 2 and 3: Confirmed mode, Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeList; correct values;

— Steps 4 and 5: Confirmed mode, Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; incorrect value, AttributeList, correct values;

— Steps 6 and 7: Confirmed mode, Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeList; non-existing attribute;

— Steps 8 and 9: Confirmed mode, Eid; non-existing Element, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeList; correct value.

Table C.17 — Execution steps for TC04-A basic DSRC L7 SET

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure a SET.request confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeList)		ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributes.
3	Send SET.request.	Receive SET.response containing;(eid = n1 returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in SET.request. ICS shall indicate whether returnCode is present.
4	Configure a SET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeList)		ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributes.
5	Send SET.request.	Receive SET.response containing;(eid = n1 returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in SET.request. ICS/IXIT shall indicate how this situation is handled and how returnCode is used.

Table C.17 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
6	Configure a SET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeList)		ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for an attribute.
7	Send SET.request.	Receive SET.response containing;(eid = n1 returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in SET.request. ICS/IXIT shall indicate how this situation is handled and how returnCode is used.
8	Configure a SET.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeList)		ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for eid. If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributes.
9	Send SET.request.	Receive SET.response containing;(eid = n2 returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in SET.request. ICS/IXIT shall indicate how this situation is handled and how returnCode is used.

C.2.4.1.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.18 — TC04-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	SET.response is sent from the OBU.	Step 3 Step 5 Step 7 Step 9	Check that the OBU handles the different cases and uses the returnCode according to ICS/IXIT.

C.3   Basic EFC functions test suite

C.3.1   TC10 EFC GET STAMPED

C.3.1.1   TC10-A basic EFC GET STAMPED

C.3.1.1.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct and incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials (if implemented), attributeIdList and keyReference in the ACTION request test frames,

— set of expected values for responseParameter and returnCode (if implemented) in the ACTION response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials and attributeIdList,

— algorithms and master keys values related to secure services inherent in the protocol (if implemented),

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.3.1.1.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization;

— Steps 2 and 3: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; correct values, KeyRef; correct value;

— Steps 4 and 5: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; incorrect value, AttributeIdList, correct values, KeyRef; correct value;

— Steps 6 and 7: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; non-existing attribute, KeyRef; correct value;

— Steps 8 and 9: Eid; non-exiting Element, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; correct value, KeyRef; correct value; and

— Steps 10 and 11: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, AttributeIdList; correct values, KeyRef; incorrect value.

Table C.19 — Execution steps for TC10-A basic EFC GET STAMPED

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 0 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList keyRef = K_1)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_STAMPED If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributeIds. ICS/IXIT shall indicate correct values for keyRef.
3	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 attributeList authenticator returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. Requested attributes. ICS/IXIT shall specify how the authenticator is calculated. ICS shall indicate whether returnCode is present.
4	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 0 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList keyRef = K_1)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_STAMPED If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate correct values for attributeIds. ICS shall indicate correct values for keyRef.
5	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 attributeList authenticator returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. Requested attributes not present due to incorrect accessCredentials. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content in the authenticator. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and its value.

Table C.19 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
6	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 0 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList keyRef = K_1)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_STAMPED If present, ICS shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for attributeIds. ICS shall indicate correct values for keyRef.
7	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 attributeList authenticator returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. The ICS shall indicate whether attributes are present or not due to an incorrect attributeId in the request. ICS/IXIT shall specify how the authenticator is calculated. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and its value.
8	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n2 actionType = 0 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList keyRef = K_1)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for eid. GET_STAMPED If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for attributeIds. ICS shall indicate correct values for keyRef.
9	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n2 attributeList authenticator returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. The ICS shall indicate whether an attributeList is present or not. ICS shall specify whether the authenticator is present or not. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and its value.

Table C.19 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
10	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 0 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING attributeIdList keyRef = K_2)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_STAMPED If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for attributeIds. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for keyRef.
11	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 attributeList authenticator returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. The ICS shall indicate whether an attributeList is present or not. ICS shall specify whether the authenticator is present or not. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and its value.

C.3.1.1.3   Acceptance criteria

Table C.20 — TC10-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	ACTION.response is sent from the OBU.	With a complete attributeList and a correct authenticator in step 3. Without any attribute values in step 5. Without or with an incomplete attribute list in step 7. Without any attribute values in step 9. Without any attribute values in step 11.	The return code shall be used according to ICS/IXIT.

C.3.2   TC12 EFC GET SECURE

C.3.2.1   TC12-A Basic EFC GET SECURE

C.3.2.1.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct and incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials (if implemented) and actionParameter in the ACTION request test frames,

— set of expected values for responseParameter and returnCode (if implemented) in the ACTION response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials and actionParameter,

— algorithms and master keys values related to secure services inherent in the protocol (if implemented), and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.3.2.1.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization of OBU;

— Steps 2 and 3: Eid; incorrect value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; correct value;

— Steps 4 and 5: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; incorrect value, ActionParameter; correct value;

— Steps 6 and 7: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; incorrect value;

— Steps 8 and 9: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; correct value.

Table C.21 — Execution steps for TC12-A basic EFC GET SECURE

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n2 actionType = 2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for eid. GET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
3	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n2 responseParameter PRESENT returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.
4	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.

Table C.21 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
5	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter PRESENT returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and its value.
6	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for actionParameter.
7	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter PRESENT returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.
8	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 2 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Mode is always true. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. GET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
9	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter PRESENT returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present.

C.3.2.1.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.22 — TC12-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	ACTION.response	'0001'B	
2	eid	According to C.3.2.1.2 and ISO 14906:2018, 5.3.2.	
3	responseParameter	According to C.3.2.1.2.	ICS/IXIT shall specify valid responseParameter value limit.
4	returnCode	According to EN 12834.	ICS/IXIT shall specify how returnCode is implemented.

C.3.3   TC13 EFC SET SECURE

C.3.3.1   TC13-A basic EFC GET SECURE

C.3.3.1.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct and incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials (if implemented) and actionParameter in the ACTION request test frames,

— set of expected values for responseParameter and returnCode (if implemented) in the ACTION response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect values for eid, accessCredentials and actionParameter,

— algorithms and master keys values related to secure services inherent in the protocol (if implemented), and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.3.3.1.2   Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization of OBU;

— Steps 2 and 3: Confirmed mode: Eid; incorrect value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; correct value;

— Steps 4 and 5: Confirmed mode: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; incorrect value, ActionParameter; correct value;

— Steps 6 and 7: Confirmed mode: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; incorrect value;

— Steps 8 and 9: Confirmed mode: Eid; correct value, AccessCredentials; correct value, ActionParameter; correct value.

Table C.23 — Execution steps for TC13-A basic EFC GET SECURE

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n2 actionType = 3 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Confirmed mode. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for eid. SET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.

Table C.23 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
3	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n2 responseParameter OPTIONAL returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. The ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.
4	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 3 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Confirmed mode. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. SET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present an incorrect value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
5	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter OPTIONAL returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.
6	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = # accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Confirmed mode. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. SET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate an incorrect value for actionParameter.
7	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter OPTIONAL returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present and the value.

Table C.23 *(continued)*

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
8	Configure an ACTION.request in confirmed mode (mode = True eid = n1 actionType = 3 accessCredentials = OCTET STRING actionParameter = Container)		Confirmed mode. ICS shall indicate a correct value for eid. SET_SECURE If present, ICS/IXIT shall indicate how to present a correct value for accessCredentials. ICS shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
9	Send ACTION.request.	Receive ACTION.response containing;(eid = n1 responseParameter OPTIONAL returnCode OPTIONAL)	Same as in ACTION.request. ICS/IXIT shall specify the content of the responseParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate whether returnCode is present.

C.3.3.1.3   Acceptance criteria

Table C.24 — TC14-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	ACTION.response	'0001'B	
2	EID	According to C.3.3.1.2 and ISO 14906:2018, 5.3.2.	
3	responseParameter	According to C.3.3.1.2.	ICS/IXIT shall specify content of responseParameter.

C.3.4   TC20 A basic EFC SET MMI

C.3.4.1   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct and incorrect values for actionParameter and in the ACTION request test frames,

— set of expected values for returnCode (if implemented) in the ACTION response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect value for the actionParameter, and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.3.4.2   Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization;

— Steps 2 and 3: Non-confirmed mode; ActionParameter "correct";

— Steps 4 and 5: Confirmed mode; ActionParameter "correct";

— Steps 6 and 7: Confirmed Mode; ActionParameter "not correct".

Table C.25 — Execution steps for TC20-A basic EFC SET MMI

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure an ACTION.req in non-confirmed mode (action-Request mode = False eid = 0 actionType = 10 actionParameter)		Non-confirmed mode. SET_MMI Declaration shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
3	Send frame as specified in step 2.	None	Check that the OBU responds correctly to the EFC function.
4	Configure an ACTION.req in confirmed mode (action-Request mode = True eid = 0 actionType = 10 actionParameter)		Confirmed mode. Declaration shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
5	Send frame as specified in step 4.	ACTION.rs, eid = 0, returnCode)	ICS/IXIT shall indicate what returnCode is present. Check that the OBU responds correctly to the EFC function.
6	Configure an ACTION.req in confirmed mode (action-Request mode = True eid = 0 actionType = 10 actionParameter)		Confirmed mode. Declaration shall indicate an incorrect value for actionParameter.
7	Send frame as specified in step 6.	ACTION.rs, eid = 0, returnCode)	ICS/IXIT shall indicate what returnCode is present.

C.3.4.3 Acceptance criteria

Table C.26 — TC20-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance Criteria	Limit	Note
1	ACTION.response is not sent from the OBU.	In step 3.	The returnCode shall be as used according to ICS/IXIT. The OBU shall react correctly on the EFC function.
2	ACTION.response is sent from the OBU.	With a returnCode indication success in step 5. With a returnCode indicating error in step 7.	ICS/IXIT shall specify how returnCode is implemented.

C.3.5 TC25 A basic EFC ECHO

C.3.5.1 Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— set of correct and incorrect values for actionParameter and in the ACTION request test frames,

— set of expected values for responseParameter and returnCode (if implemented) in the ACTION response test frames related to above possible correct/incorrect value for the actionParameter, and

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.3.5.2 Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Step 1: Initialization;

— Steps 2 and 3: Non-confirmed mode; ActionParameter "correct";

— Steps 4 and 5: Confirmed mode; ActionParameter "correct";

— Steps 6 and 7: Confirmed Mode; ActionParameter "not correct".

Table C.27 — Execution steps for TC25-A basic EFC ECHO

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Perform Initialization according to TC01 steps 1 and 2.		
2	Configure an ACTION.req in non-confirmed mode (action-Request mode = False eid = 0 actionType = 15 actionParameter)		Non-confirmed mode. ECHO Declaration shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
3	Send frame as specified in step 5.	None	
4	Configure an ACTION.req in confirmed mode (action-Request mode = True eid = 0 actionType = 15 actionParameter)		Confirmed mode. Declaration shall indicate a correct value for actionParameter.
5	Send frame as specified in step 4.	ACTION.rs, eid = 0, responseParameter returnCode)	Same as actionParameter. ICS/IXIT shall indicate what returnCode is present.
6	Configure an ACTION.req in confirmed mode (action-Request mode = True eid = 0 actionType = 15 actionParameter)		Confirmed mode. Declaration shall indicate an incorrect value for actionParameter.
7	Send frame as specified in step 4.	ACTION.rs, eid = 0, responseParameter returnCode)	ICS/IXIT shall indicate what returnCode is present.

C.3.5.3   Acceptance criteria

Table C.28 — TC25-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	ACTION.response is not sent from the OBU.	In step 3.	The returnCode shall be as used according to ICS/IXIT.
2	ACTION.response is sent from the OBU.	With a correct responseParameter in step 3. Without a correct responseParameter in step 7.	The returnCode shall be as used according to ICS/IXIT.

C.4   EFC transaction test suite

C.4.1   TC30 EFC A CARDME TRANSACTION FUNCTIONALITY

The purpose of the test is to verify the OBU conformance to the CARDME transaction as defined in ISO 14906:2018, Annex B.

C.4.2   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— which profile(s) are supported, and

— the implementation of the CARDME transaction.

In this test case, it is assumed that:

— L2 services according to EN 12795 are implemented in the OBU, and

— the OBU supports profiles P_a and P_b.

The equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.4.3   Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Steps 1 and 2: Initialization phase;

— Step 3: Presentation phase;

— Step 4: Presentation phase for foreign OBUs;

— Step 5: Receipt phase;

— Step 6: Echo phase;

— Step 7: Closing phase.

Table C.29 — Execution steps for TC30-A CARDME transaction

Step	Action	Expected response	Note
1	Configure BST according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.2.1 with: profile = P_a mandatory applications = EFC beaconId manufacturerId = M_a IndividualId = 1.		It is assumed that the OBU has not received any BST with this beaconId during the last 255 s.
2	Send BST every 5 to 10 ms (until initialization is performed and a VST is received).	VST according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.2.4.	t-ref is the time in the BST that was answered by the VST.
3	Perform the presentation phase by invocation GET_STAMPED.request concatenated with GET.request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE) according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.3.1.	Response to the request according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.3.2.	
4	Perform the presentation phase for foreign OBU by invocation of GET_STAMPED.request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE) according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.4.1.	Response to the request according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.4.2.	
5	Perform the receipt phase by invocation of SET.request concatenated with and SET_MMI in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE) according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.5.1.	Response to the request according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.5.2.	
6	Perform the echo phase by invocation of ECHO.request in confirmed mode (mode = TRUE) according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.6.1.	Response to the request according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.6.2.	
7	Perform the closing phase by invocation of EVENT_REPORT (Release) in non-confirmed mode (mode = FALSE) according to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.6.3.	No response.	

C.4.4   Acceptance criteria

Table C.30 — TC30-A acceptance criteria

Item	Acceptance criteria	Limit	Note
1	INITIALIZATION.rs, VST	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.2.4; sent in step 2.	
2	GET_STAMPED.response	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.3.2; sent in step 3.	
3	GET.response	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.3.2; sent in step 3.	
4	GET_STAMPED.response	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.4.2; sent in step 4.	
5	SET.response	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.5.2; sent in step 5.	
6	SET_MMI.response AND correct signalling via the OBU's MMI	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.5.2; sent in step 5.	
7	ECHO.response	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.6.2; sent in step 6.	
8	Behaviour upon reception of EVENT_REPORT(Release)	According to ISO 14906:2018, B.4.6.3; sent in step 7.	

C.5   Extended DSRC EFC test suite

C.5.1   TC40 DSRC initialization recovery, A handling of initialization PrWRq — VST lost

C.5.1.1   General

The purpose of the test is to verify the OBU behaviour in case of lost frames in the initialization phase.

C.5.1.2   Equipment and set-up

The test set-up shall be according to Clause 6.

OBUs defined in Clause 5 shall be used. The supplier's ICS and IXIT shall include information on:

— L2 services that are used for transmission of the L7 APDUs,

— the application(s) supported, and

— the profile(s) supported.

In this test case, it is assumed that:

— L2 services according to EN 12795 are implemented in the OBU,

— the OBU contains at least an EFC application and supports profiles P_a and P_b, and

— the equipment shall be placed in such a way that optimal communication can be foreseen.

C.5.1.3   Main execution steps

The main execution steps include:

— Steps 1 to 3: Handling of initialization when PrWRq is lost;

— Step 4: Handling of initialization when VST is lost.