
Tool holders with cylindrical shank —

Part 4:

Type C with rectangular axial seat

Porte-outil à queue cylindrique —

Partie 4: Porte-outil axial de type C



Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 10889-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*.

ISO 10889 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Tool holders with cylindrical shank*:

- *Part 1: Cylindrical shank, location bore — Technical delivery conditions*
- *Part 2: Type A, shanks for tool holders of special designs*
- *Part 3: Type B with rectangular radial seat*
- *Part 4: Type C with rectangular axial seat*
- *Part 5: Type D with more than one rectangular seat*
- *Part 6: Type E with cylindrical seat*
- *Part 7: Type F with taper seat*
- *Part 8: Type Z, accessories*

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Printed in Switzerland

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Part 4:

Type C with rectangular axial seat

1 Scope

ISO 10889 applies to tool holders with cylindrical shank for machine tools with non-rotating tools, preferably for turning machines.

This part of ISO 10889 specifies dimensions, designations and complementary technical delivery conditions for tool holders with rectangular axial seat of types C1 to C4 with cylindrical shank in accordance with ISO 10889-1. For non-standardized tool holders with rectangular axial seat, such as tool holders as shown in the drawings, it is recommended to apply the corresponding specifications of this part of ISO 10889.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 10889. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 10889 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 2768-1:1989, *General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications*.

ISO 10889-1:1997, *Tool holders with cylindrical shank — Part 1: Cylindrical shank, location bore — Technical delivery conditions*.

3 Dimensions

See figures 1 to 4 and table 1.

Unspecified details shall be chosen appropriately.

General tolerances: ISO 2768-1 - mB

Dimensions in millimetres,
surface roughness in micrometres

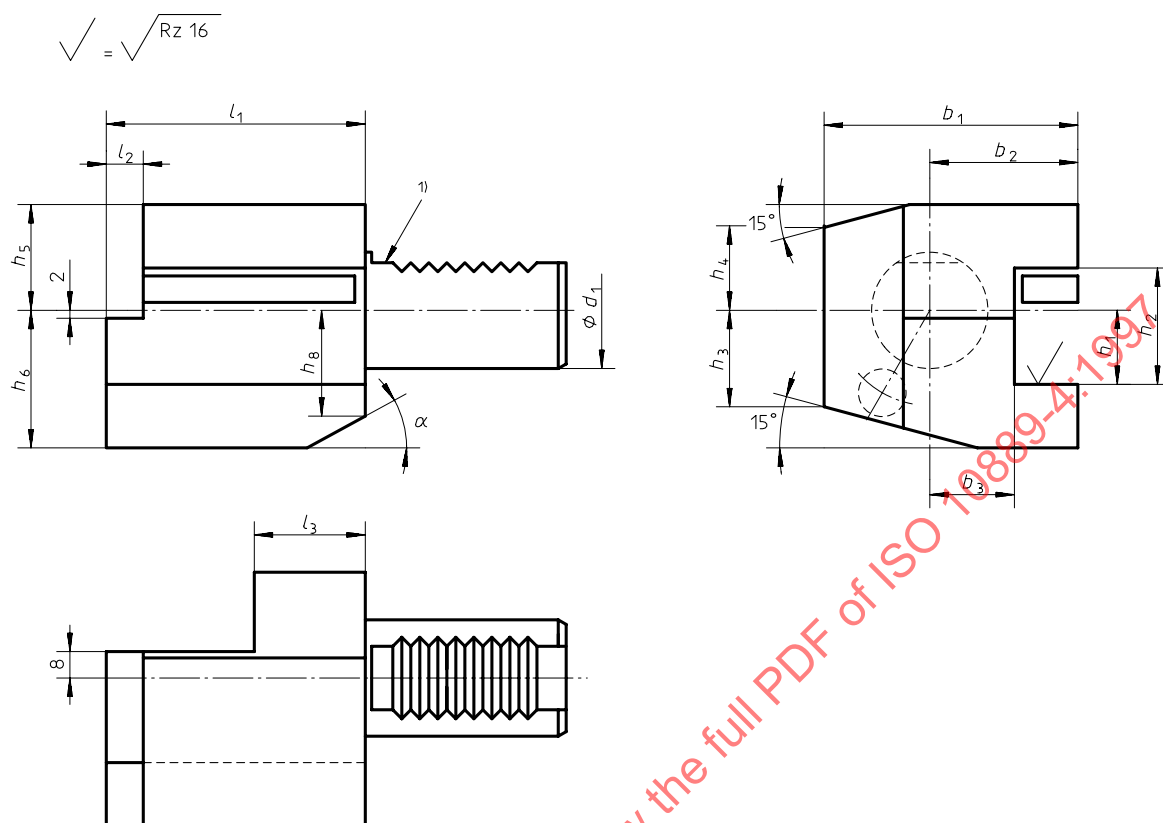


Figure 1 — Type C1 tool holder, right-hand

Dimensions in millimetres,
surface roughness in micrometres

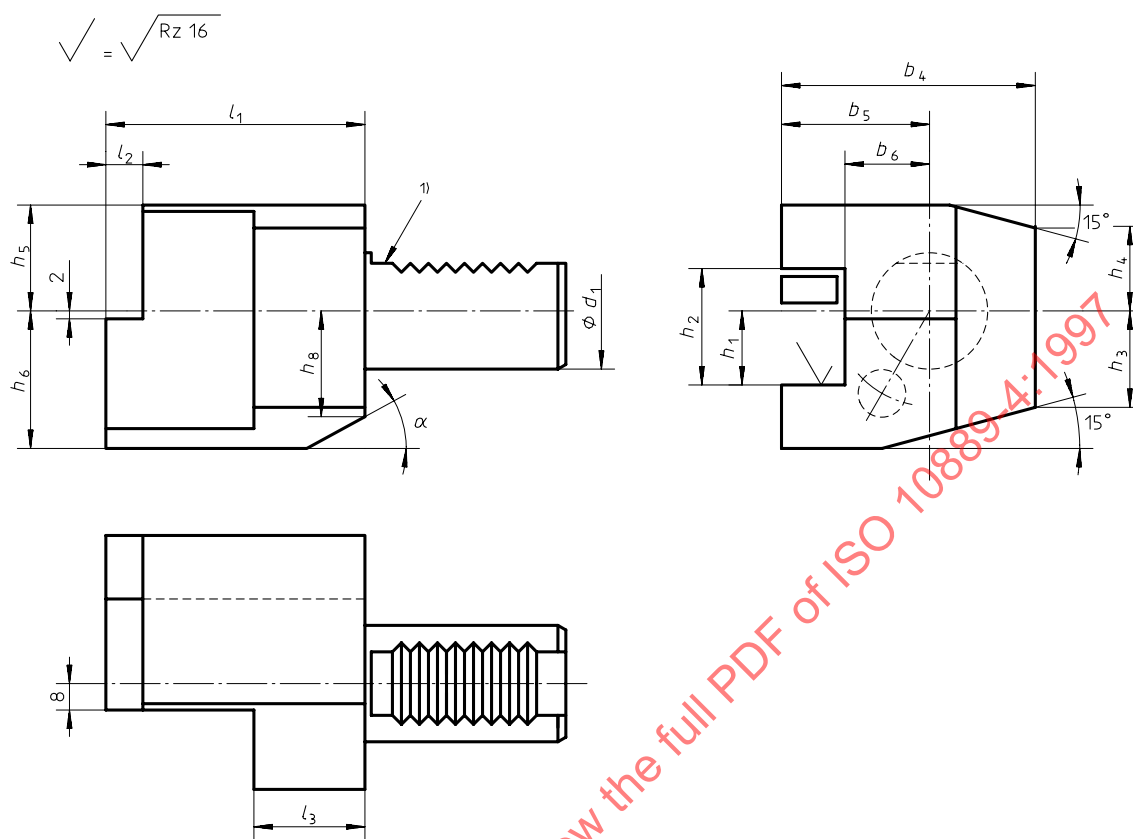


Figure 2 — Type C2 tool holder, left-hand

Dimensions in millimetres,
surface roughness in micrometres

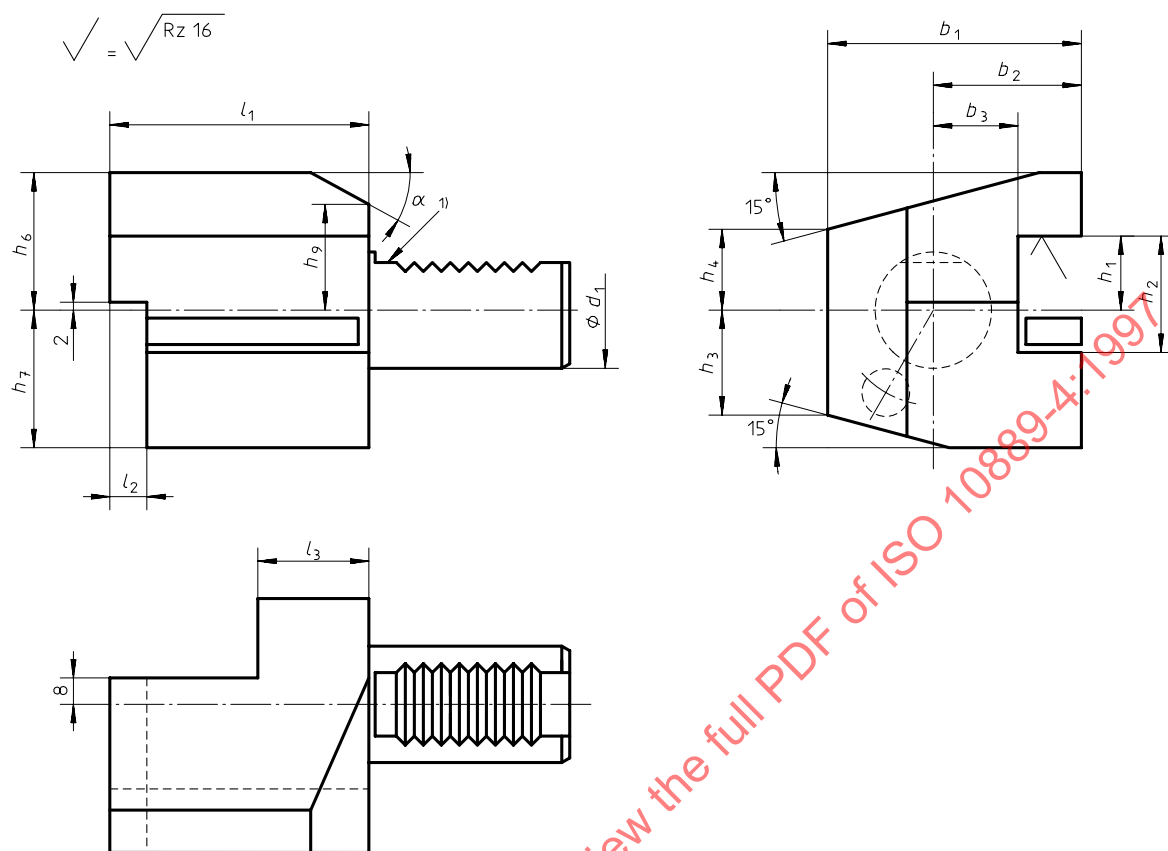
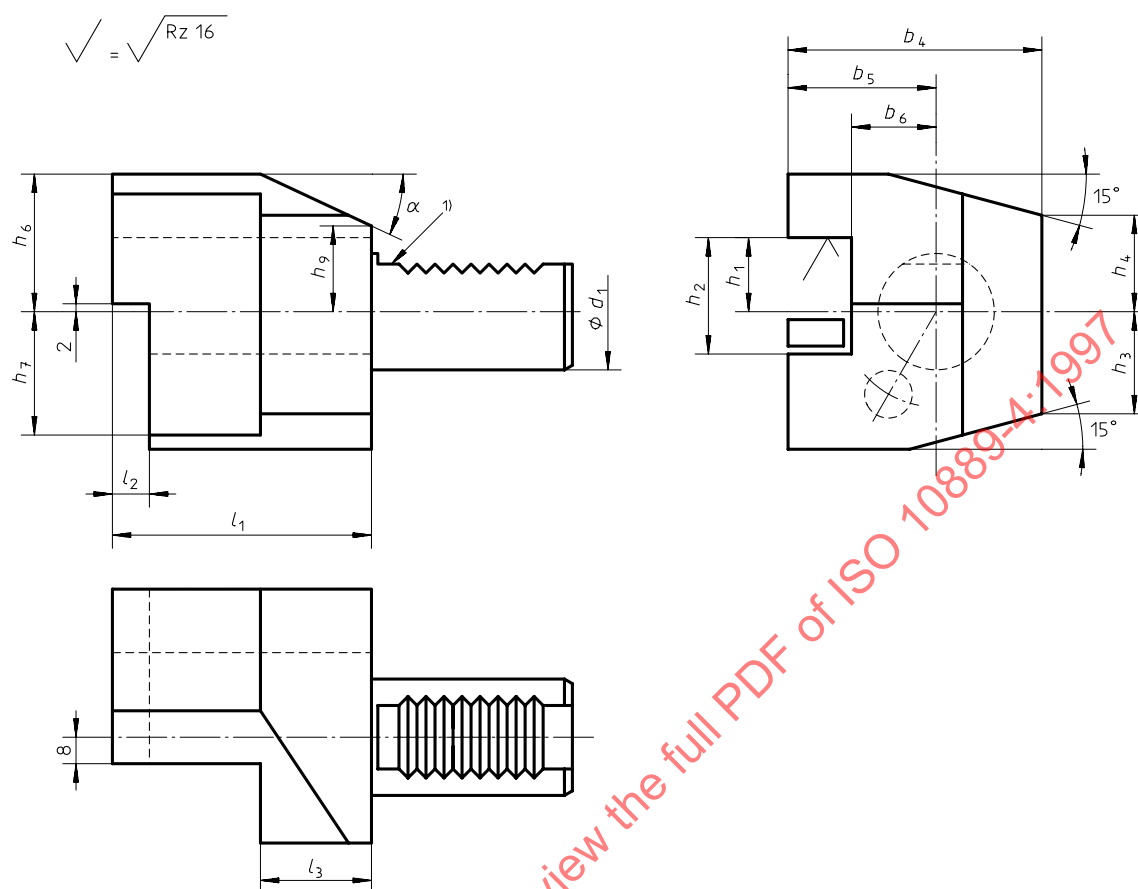


Figure 3 — Type C3 tool holder, overhead, right-hand

Dimensions in millimetres,
surface roughness in micrometres



1) Cylindrical shank in accordance with ISO 10889-1.

Figure 4 — Type C4 tool holder, overhead, left-hand

Table 1

Dimensions in millimetres

d_1	b_1	b_2	b_3 $+0,3$ 0	b_4	b_5	b_6 $+0,3$ 0	h_1 0 $-0,1$	h_2 max.	h_3	h_4	h_5	h_6	h_7	h_8	h_9	l_1	l_2	l_3	α
	Types C1 and C3			Types C1 and C4															
16	43	24	13	43	24	13	12	17	15	15	20	22	20	19	19	44	5	20	30°
20	52	27	13	—	—	—	16	22	19	19	25	30	25	23	23	55	7	30	30°
	65	40	26	65	40	26										50	—		
25	58	33	19	58	33	29	16	22	22,5	22,5	25	30	25	25	25	55	7	20	30°
30	70	35	17	76	41	23	20	29	26	22	28	38	35	30	28	70	10	30	25°
40	85	42,5	21	90	47,5	25,5	25	34	35	30	32,5	48	42,5	—	—	85	12,5	30	—
50	100	50	26	105	55	30,5	32	41	42	35	35	60	50	—	—	100	16	40	—
60	125	62,5	33	125	62,5	33	32	41	46	42,5	42,5	62,5	62,5	—	—	125	16	40	—
80	160	80	42	160	78	42	40	53	60	55	55	80	80	—	—	160	20	40	—

4 Geometrical tolerances

See figure 5.

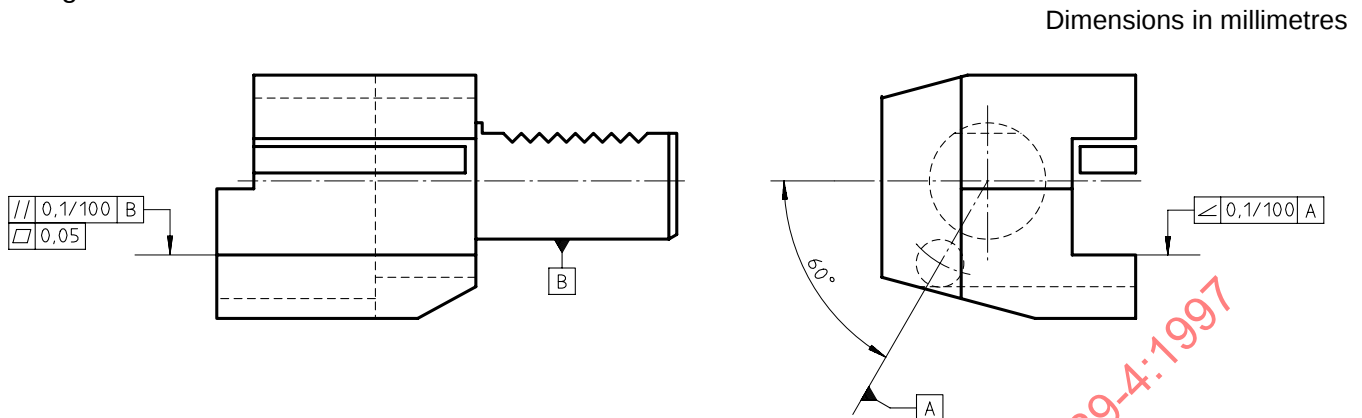


Figure 5 — Geometrical tolerances

5 Designation

A type C tool holder with rectangular axial seat in accordance with this part of ISO 10889 shall be designated by

- "Tool holder";
- reference to this part of ISO 10889, i.e. ISO 10889-4;
- type (C1 to C4);
- nominal diameter, d_1 , in millimetres;
- nominal height, h_1 , in millimetres;
- nominal length, l_1 , in millimetres, only if $d_1 = 20$ mm.

EXAMPLES

A tool holder with rectangular axial seat of type C1 with a nominal diameter $d_1 = 60$ mm and a nominal diameter $h_1 = 32$ mm is designated as follows:

Tool holder ISO 10889-4 - C1 - 60 × 32

A tool holder with rectangular axial seat of type C1 with a nominal diameter $d_1 = 20$ mm, a nominal diameter $h_1 = 16$ mm and a nominal length $l_1 = 55$ mm is designated as follows:

Tool holder ISO 10889-4 - C1 - 20 × 16 × 55

6 Technical delivery conditions

As a complement to the requirements of ISO 10889-1 the following applies.

6.1 Design

Tool holders with rectangular axial seat are equipped with a coolant outlet with adjustable direction; the design is at the discretion of the manufacturer, e.g. ball-type nozzle.