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TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 4**

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**Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection —  
The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks**

**TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 4**

*Technologies de l'information — Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts (OSI) — L'annuaire: Cadre général des certificats de clé publique et d'attribut*

*RECTIFICATIF TECHNIQUE 4*

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD  
ITU-T RECOMMENDATIONInformation technology – Open Systems Interconnection –  
The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks

## Technical Corrigendum 4

(Covering resolution to defect reports 310, 311 and 314)

## 1) This corrects the defects reported in defect report 310

Replace Note 4 in 7.3 with the following text:

When an implementation processing a CRL encounters the serial number of the certificate of interest in a CRL entry, but does not recognize a critical extension in the **crlEntryExtensions** field from that CRL entry, that CRL cannot be used to determine the status of the certificate. When an implementation does not recognize a critical extension in the **crlExtensions** field, that CRL cannot be used to determine the status of the certificate, regardless of whether the serial number of the certificate of interest appears in that CRL or not.

NOTE 4 – In these cases local policy may dictate actions in addition to and/or stronger than those stated in this Specification, such as seeking revocation status information from other sources.

Certificates for which revocation status cannot be determined should not be considered valid certificates.

## 2) This corrects the defects reported in defect report 311

a) Replace Note 5 in 7.3 with the following text:

If an extension affects the treatment of the list (e.g., multiple CRLs need to be scanned to examine the entire list of revoked certificates, or an entry may represent a range of certificates), then either that extension or a related extension shall be indicated as critical in the **crlExtensions** field. Therefore, a critical extension in the **crlEntryExtensions** field of an entry shall affect only the certificate specified in that entry, unless there is a related critical extension in the **crlExtensions** field that advertises a special treatment for it. The only example of this situation defined in this Specification is the **certificateIssuer** CRL entry extension and the related **issuingDistributionPoint** CRL extension when the **indirectCRL** boolean from that extension is set to **TRUE**.

b) In 8.6.2.2, replace the first four paragraphs after the ASN.1 with:

The **distributionPoint** component contains the name of the distribution point in one or more name forms. If this field is absent, the CRL shall contain entries for all revoked certificates issued by the CRL issuer. After a certificate appears on a CRL, it may be deleted from a subsequent CRL after the certificate's expiry. If **onlyContainsUserCerts** is **TRUE**, the CRL only contains revocations for end-entity public-key certificates. If **onlyContainsAuthorityCerts** is **TRUE**, the CRL only contains revocations for CA certificates. If **onlyContainsAttributeCerts** is **TRUE**, the CRL only contains revocations for attribute certificates. At most one of **onlyContainsUserCerts**, **onlyContainsAuthorityCerts**, and **onlyContainsAttributeCerts** shall be set to **TRUE**. If **onlySomeReasons** is present, the CRL only contains revocations of certificates for the identified reason or reasons, otherwise the CRL contains revocations for all reasons. If **indirectCRL** is **TRUE**, then the CRL may contain revocation notifications for public-key certificates issued by authorities that have a name different from the name of the issuer of the CRL. The particular authority responsible for each entry is as indicated by the **certificateIssuer** CRL entry extension in that entry or in accordance with the defaulting rules described in 8.6.2.3. Consequently, a certificate using a system that is capable of processing a CRL in which **indirectCRL** is set to **TRUE** shall also be capable of processing the **certificateIssuer** CRL entry extension. In such a CRL, it is the responsibility of the CRL issuer to ensure that the CRL is complete in that it contains all revocation entries, consistent with **onlyContainsUserCerts**, **onlyContainsAuthorityCerts**,

**onlyContainsAttributeCerts** and **onlySomeReasons** indicators, from all authorities that identify this CRL issuer in their public-key certificates.

### 3) This corrects the defects reported in defect report 314

a) Replace the text in 8.4.2.2 with the following:

#### 8.4.2.2 Name constraints field

This field, which shall be used only in a CA certificate, indicates one or more name forms which have constraints placed upon their name spaces, and in which all subject names in the same name form in subsequent certificates in a certification path must be located. If this extension is absent, then no constraints are placed on any name form. If this extension is present but a name form is not included in the extension, then no constraints are imposed on that name form.

NOTE 1 – Because there can be an unbounded set of **registeredID** name forms, then, in general, it is not possible to constrain every possible name form of subject names with this extension.

This field is defined as follows:

```
nameConstraints EXTENSION ::= {
    SYNTAX          NameConstraintsSyntax
    IDENTIFIED BY id-ce-nameConstraints }
```

```
NameConstraintsSyntax ::= SEQUENCE {
    permittedSubtrees [0]  GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL,
    excludedSubtrees [1]  GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL }
```

(ALL EXCEPT ({ -- none; at least one component shall be present -- })))

```
GeneralSubtrees ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1..MAX) OF GeneralSubtree
```

```
GeneralSubtree ::= SEQUENCE {
    base                GeneralName,
    minimum              [0]  BaseDistance DEFAULT 0,
    maximum              [1]  BaseDistance OPTIONAL }
```

```
BaseDistance ::= INTEGER (0..MAX)
```

At least one of **permittedSubtrees** and **excludedSubtrees** shall be present.

If present, the **permittedSubtrees** component specifies one or more subtrees, for one or more name forms, within which subject names in acceptable certificates shall be contained. If present, the **excludedSubtrees** component specifies one or more subtrees for one or more name forms within which subject names in acceptable certificates shall not be contained. Subject names that are compared against specified subtrees include those present in both the **subject** field and the **subjectAltNames** extension of a certificate. Each subtree is defined by the name of the root of the subtree, the **base** component, and, optionally, within that subtree, an area that is bounded by upper and/or lower levels.

The **minimum** field specifies the upper bound of the area within the subtree. All names whose final name component is above the level specified are not contained within the area. A value of **minimum** equal to zero (the default) corresponds to the base, i.e., the top node of the subtree. For example, if **minimum** is set to one, then the subtree excludes the base node but includes subordinate nodes.

The **maximum** field specifies the lower bound of the area within the subtree. All names whose last component is below the level specified are not contained within the area. A value of **maximum** of zero corresponds to the base, i.e., the top of the subtree. An absent **maximum** component indicates that no lower limit should be imposed on the area within the subtree. For example, if **maximum** is set to one, then the subtree excludes all nodes except the subtree base and its immediate subordinates.

The set of all **permittedSubtrees** and **excludedSubtrees** for a name form together comprise the constrained name space for the name form. All subject names, in certificates issued by the subject CA and subsequent CAs in a certification path, which are of a constrained name form shall be located in the constrained name space for the certificate to be acceptable.

**permittedSubtrees**, if present, specifies the subtrees within which all the subject names that are of a constrained name form shall lie, for the certificate to be acceptable. If **excludedSubtrees** is present, any certificate issued by the subject CA or subsequent CAs in the certification path that has a subject name within these subtrees is unacceptable. If both **permittedSubtrees** and **excludedSubtrees** are present for a name form and the name spaces overlap, the exclusion statement takes precedence.

If none of the name forms of the subject name in the certificate is constrained by this extension, the certificate is acceptable.

In some situations, more than one certificate may need to be issued to satisfy the name constraints requirements. Annex G illustrates two of these situations. For example, if name constraints are defined for multiple name forms, but a certificate needs to meet the name constraints for only one of the name forms (logical OR on constraints), then multiple certificates should be issued, each constraining a single name form.

Of the name forms available through the **GeneralName** type, only those name forms that have a well-defined hierarchical structure may be used in these fields.

The **directoryName** name form satisfies this requirement; when using this name form a naming subtree corresponds to a DIT subtree. A **certificate** is considered subordinate to the **base** (and therefore a candidate to be within the subtree) if the **SEQUENCE** of **RDNs**, which forms the full DN in **base**, is identical to the initial **SEQUENCE** of the same number of **RDNs** which forms the first part of the DN of the subject (in the **subject** field or **directoryName** of **subjectAltNames** extension) of the **certificate**. The DN of the subject of the **certificate** may have additional trailing **RDNs** in its sequence that do not appear in the DN in **base**. The **distinguishedNameMatch** matching rule is used to compare the value of **base** with the initial sequence of **RDNs** in the DN of the subject of the certificate.

Conformant implementations are not required to recognize all possible name forms. If the extension is flagged critical and a certificate-using implementation does not recognize a name form used in any **base** component, the certificate shall be handled as if an unrecognized critical extension had been encountered. If the extension is flagged non-critical and a certificate-using implementation does not recognize a name form used in any **base** component, then that subtree may be ignored.

NOTE 2 – When testing certificate subject names for consistency with a name constraint, names in non-critical subject alternative name extensions shall be processed, not ignored.

This extension may, at the option of the certificate issuer, be either critical or non-critical. It is recommended that it be flagged critical, otherwise a certificate user may not check that subsequent certificates in a certification path are located in the constrained name spaces intended by the issuing CA.

If this extension is present and is flagged critical, then a certificate-using system shall check that the certification path being processed is consistent with the value in this extension.

Annex G contains examples of use of the name constraints extension.

- b) In 10.5.2, delete item c) which was added by TC1 and which starts with:
  - c) If the **nameConstraints** extension with a **requiredNameForms** component is present in the certificate, set the *required-name-forms* variable to the union of its previous value and the set consisting of the set of name forms...
- c) In 10.5.2, rename item d), e), f), g), h) to c), d), e), f), g) respectively.
- d) Replace the following ASN.1 definitions associated with the **nameConstraints** extension in Annex A.2 from TC1:

```
nameConstraints EXTENSION ::= {
  SYNTAX      NameConstraintsSyntax
  IDENTIFIED BY  id-ce-nameConstraint }
```

```
NameConstraintsSyntax ::= SEQUENCE {
  permittedSubtrees [0]  GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL,
  excludedSubtrees [1]  GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL,
  requiredNameForms [2]  NameForms OPTIONAL }
```

```
GeneralSubtrees ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1..MAX) OF GeneralSubtree
```

```
GeneralSubtree ::= SEQUENCE {
  base          GeneralName,
  minimum [0]   BaseDistance DEFAULT 0,
  maximum [1]   BaseDistance OPTIONAL }
```

**BaseDistance ::= INTEGER (0..MAX)**

**NameForms ::= SEQUENCE {**  
     **basicNameForms**        [0]    **BasicNameForms OPTIONAL,**  
     **otherNameForms**       [1]    **SEQUENCE SIZE (1..MAX) OF OBJECT IDENTIFIER OPTIONAL }**  
**(ALL EXCEPT ({ -- none; i.e.: at least one component shall be present -- })))**

**BasicNameForms ::= BIT STRING {**  
     **rfc822Name**               (0),  
     **dnsName**                 (1),  
     **x400Address**            (2),  
     **directoryName**         (3),  
     **ediPartyName**           (4),  
     **uniformResourceIdentifier** (5),  
     **iPAddress**               (6),  
     **registeredID (7) }** (SIZE (1..MAX))

with the following:

**nameConstraints EXTENSION ::= {**  
     **SYNTAX**                **NameConstraintsSyntax**  
     **IDENTIFIED BY id-ce-nameConstraints }**

**NameConstraintsSyntax ::= SEQUENCE {**  
     **permittedSubtrees** [0]    **GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL,**  
     **excludedSubtrees** [1]    **GeneralSubtrees OPTIONAL }**

**(ALL EXCEPT ({ -- none; at least one component shall be present -- })))**

**GeneralSubtrees ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1..MAX) OF GeneralSubtree**

**GeneralSubtree ::= SEQUENCE {**  
     **base**                    **GeneralName,**  
     **minimum**                [0]    **BaseDistance DEFAULT 0,**  
     **maximum**                [1]    **BaseDistance OPTIONAL }**

**BaseDistance ::= INTEGER (0..MAX)**

e)        Replace the following object identifier assignment in Annex A.2 from TCI:

**id-ce-nameConstraint OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-ce 30 1}**

with:

**id-ce-nameConstraints OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-ce 30}**

f)        Replace the following set of OIDs not used in this Specification in Annex A.2 from TCI:

-- The following OBJECT IDENTIFIERS are not used by this Specification:

-- {id-ce 2}, {id-ce 3}, {id-ce 4}, {id-ce 5}, {id-ce 6}, {id-ce 7},  
 -- {id-ce 8}, {id-ce 10}, {id-ce 11}, {id-ce 12}, {id-ce 13},  
 -- {id-ce 22}, {id-ce 25}, {id-ce 26}, {id-ce 30}

with:

-- The following OBJECT IDENTIFIERS are not used by this Specification:

-- {id-ce 2}, {id-ce 3}, {id-ce 4}, {id-ce 5}, {id-ce 6}, {id-ce 7},  
 -- {id-ce 8}, {id-ce 10}, {id-ce 11}, {id-ce 12}, {id-ce 13},  
 -- {id-ce 22}, {id-ce 25}, {id-ce 26}

g)        Remove Annex G.2 "Example 2: Use of name constraints".

h)        Move Annex G.3 "Example 3: Use of policy mapping and policy constraints" to Annex G.2 "Example 2: Use of policy mapping and policy constraints".

i) Add a new Annex G.3 as follows:

**G.3 Use of Name Constraints Extension**

**G.3.1 Examples of Certificate Format with Name Constraints Extension**

CAs can impose various restrictions on the subject names (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) of subsequent certificates in the certification path, by including the Name Constraints extension in CA-certificates they issue. This subclause describes examples of CA-certificates including the Name Constraints extension, along with an indication of the requirements for subsequent certificates to be acceptable in a related certification path.

To simplify these examples, only the DN (directoryName) name form is used in the Name Constraints extension.

**G.3.1.1 Examples of permittedSubtrees**

(1-1) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be equal to or subordinate to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}}}	(void)

(1-2) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be equal to or immediately subordinate to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}, maximum 1}}	(void)

(1-3) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be subordinate to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}, minimum 1}}	(void)

(1-4) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be equal to or subordinate to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}), or equal to or subordinate to the Acme Ltd. in U.K. (i.e., {C=UK, O=Acme Ltd}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}}, {base(directoryName) {C=UK, O=Acme Ltd}}}	(void)

G.3.1.2 Examples of *excludedSubtrees*

- (2-1) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall not be equal to nor subordinate to the Acme Corp. in Canada. (i.e., {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
(void)	{{base(directoryName) {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}}

- (2-2) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall not be subordinate to each immediately subordinate of the Acme Corp. in Canada (i.e., {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
(void)	{{base(directoryName) {C=CA, O=Acme Corp, minimum 2}}

- (2-3) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall not be equal to the Acme Corp. in Canada (i.e., {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
(void)	{{base(directoryName) {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}, maximum 0}}

- (2-4) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall not be equal to nor subordinate to the Acme Corp. in Canada (i.e., {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}), nor equal to nor subordinate to the Asia Acme in Japan (i.e., {C=JP, O=Asia Acme}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
(void)	{{base(directoryName) {C=CA, O=Acme Corp}}, {base(directoryName) {C=JP, O=Asia Acme}}}

**G.3.1.3 Examples of permittedSubtrees and excludedSubtrees**

(3-1) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be equal to or subordinate to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}) except the R&D organization unit of Acme Inc. and the R&D organization's subordinates for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}}}	{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=R&D}}}

(3-2) If the CA-certificate contains the following Name Constraints extension, for all subsequent certificates in the certification path, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form, if it exists, shall be equal to one of immediately subordinates to the Acme Inc. in U.S. (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc}) except the Purchasing organization unit (i.e., {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}) for that certificate to be acceptable.

nameConstraints extension	
permittedSubtrees	excludedSubtrees
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}, minimum 1, maximum 1}}}	{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}}}

**G.3.2 Examples of Certificate Handling with Name Constraint Extension**

This subclause describes examples of how subject names (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) are validated during certificate processing with the path processing state variables, namely *permitted-subtrees* and *excluded-subtrees*.

To simplify these examples, only the DN (**directoryName**) and rfc822 name (**rfc822Name**) name forms are used in the Name Constraints extension.

**G.3.2.1 Name Spaces Constraints by permitted-subtrees in DN Name Form**

In this case, for the certificate to be acceptable, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form appearing in the certificate in question shall satisfy the constraint imposed by path processing state variable *permitted-subtrees*.

(1-1) One permitted subtree for DN is present.

Path Processing State Variables	
<i>permitted-subtrees</i>	<i>excluded-subtrees</i>
{{base(directoryName) {C=US, O=Acme Inc}}}	NONE

Acceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
2	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
3	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
4	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
5	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
6	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Accounting}

Unacceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Purchasing}
2	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Purchasing}
3	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
4	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Accounting}

(1-2) Two permitted subtrees for DN are present.

Path Processing State Variables	
<i>permitted-subtrees</i>	<i>excluded-subtrees</i>
{{ <b>base(directoryName)</b> {C=US, O=Acme Inc}}, { <b>base(directoryName)</b> {C=US, O=Acme Ltd}} }	NONE

Acceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Purchasing}
2	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Purchasing}
3	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme-ltd.com
4	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
5	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Ltd, OU=Accounting}
6	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com

## Unacceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme International</u> , OU=Accounting}
2	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme International</u> , OU=Accounting}
3	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme International</u> , OU=Accounting} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
4	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme International</u> , OU=Accounting} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Corp</u> , OU=Accounting}
5	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme International</u> , OU=Accounting} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com

G.3.2.2 Name Spaces Constraints by *excluded-subtrees* in DN Name Form

In this case, for the certificate to be acceptable, each subject name (in the **subject** field or **subjectAltName** extension) in DN name form appearing in the certificate in question shall satisfy the constraint by path processing state variable *excluded-subtrees*.

- (2-1) One excluded subtree for DN is present.

Path Processing State Variables	
<i>permitted-subtrees</i>	<i>excluded-subtrees</i>
NONE	{{ <b>base(directoryName)</b> {C=US, O=Acme Ltd}}}

## Acceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
2	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing}
3	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
4	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com
5	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Accounting}
6	<b>subject</b> = {} <b>subjectAltName(rfc822Name)</b> = manager@purchasing.acme.com

## Unacceptable Certificate Examples

1	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Purchasing}
2	<b>subject</b> = {C=US, O=Acme Inc, OU=Purchasing} <b>subjectAltName(directoryName)</b> = {C=US, O= <u>Acme Ltd</u> , OU=Accounting}