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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Information technology – UPnP Device Architecture –  
Part 3-11: Audio Video Device Control Protocol – Connection Manager Service

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## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – UPNP DEVICE ARCHITECTURE –

### Part 3-11: Audio Video Device Control Protocol – Connection Manager Service

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The list of all currently available parts of the ISO/IEC 29341 series, under the general title *Universal plug and play (UPnP) architecture*, can be found on the IEC web site.

This International Standard has been approved by vote of the member bodies, and the voting results may be obtained from the address given on the second title page.

## ORIGINAL UPNP DOCUMENTS (informative)

Reference may be made in this document to original UPnP documents. These references are retained in order to maintain consistency between the specifications as published by ISO/IEC and by UPnP Implementers Corporation. The following table indicates the original UPnP document titles and the corresponding part of ISO/IEC 29341:

UPnP Document Title	ISO/IEC 29341 Part
UPnP Device Architecture 1.0	ISO/IEC 29341-1
UPnP Basic:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-2
UPnP AV Architecture:1	ISO/IEC 29341-3-1
UPnP MediaRenderer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-3-2
UPnP MediaServer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-3-3
UPnP AVTransport:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-10
UPnP ConnectionManager:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-11
UPnP ContentDirectory:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-12
UPnP RenderingControl:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-13
UPnP MediaRenderer:2 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-4-2
UPnP MediaServer:2 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-4-3
UPnP AV Datastructure Template:1	ISO/IEC 29341-4-4
UPnP AVTransport:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-10
UPnP ConnectionManager:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-11
UPnP ContentDirectory:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-12
UPnP RenderingControl:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-13
UPnP ScheduledRecording:1	ISO/IEC 29341-4-14
UPnP DigitalSecurityCamera:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-5-1
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraMotionImage:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-10
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraSettings:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-11
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraStillImage:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-12
UPnP HVAC_System:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-6-1
UPnP HVAC_ZoneThermostat:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-6-2
UPnP ControlValve:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-10
UPnP HVAC_FanOperatingMode:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-11
UPnP FanSpeed:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-12
UPnP HouseStatus:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-13
UPnP HVAC_SetpointSchedule:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-14
UPnP TemperatureSensor:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-15
UPnP TemperatureSetpoint:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-16
UPnP HVAC_UserOperatingMode:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-17
UPnP BinaryLight:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-7-1
UPnP DimmableLight:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-7-2
UPnP Dimming:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-7-10
UPnP SwitchPower:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-7-11
UPnP InternetGatewayDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-1
UPnP LANDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-2
UPnP WANDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-3
UPnP WANConnectionDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-4
UPnP WLANAccessPointDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-5
UPnP LANHostConfigManagement:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-10
UPnP Layer3Forwarding:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-11
UPnP LinkAuthentication:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-12
UPnP RadiusClient:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-13
UPnP WANCableLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-14
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UPnP WANEthernetLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-17
UPnP WANIPConnection:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-18
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UPnP Printer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-9-1
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UPnP Scan:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-9-13
UPnP QoS Architecture:1.0	ISO/IEC 29341-10-1
UPnP QoSDevice:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-10
UPnP QoSManager:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-11
UPnP QoSPolicyHolder:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-12
UPnP QoS Architecture:2	ISO/IEC 29341-11-1
UPnP QOS v2 Schema Files	ISO/IEC 29341-11-2

<b>UPnP Document Title</b>	<b>ISO/IEC 29341 Part</b>
UPnP QosDevice:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-10
UPnP QosManager:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-11
UPnP QosPolicyHolder:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-12
UPnP RemoteUIClientDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-12-1
UPnP RemoteUIServerDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-12-2
UPnP RemoteUIClient:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-12-10
UPnP RemoteUIServer:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-12-11
UPnP DeviceSecurity:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-13-10
UPnP SecurityConsole:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-13-11

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## 1. Overview and Scope

This service definition is compliant with the UPnP Device Architecture version 1.0.

This service-type enables modeling of streaming capabilities of A/V devices, and binding of those capabilities between devices. Each device that is able to send or receive a stream according to the UPnP AV device model [ref to dev model] will have 1 instance of the ConnectionManager service. This service provides a mechanism for control points to:

1. Perform capability matching between source/server devices and sink/renderer devices,
2. Find information about currently ongoing transfers in the network,
3. Setup and teardown connections between devices (when required by the streaming protocol).

The ConnectionManager service is generic enough to properly abstract different kinds of streaming mechanisms, such as HTTP-based streaming, RTSP/RTP-based and 1394-based streaming.

The ConnectionManager enables control points to abstract from physical media interconnect technology when making connections. The term 'stream' used in this service template refers to both analog and digital data transfer.

### 1.1. External dependencies

This standard references the following external documents:

- Hypertext Connection Protocol – HTTP/1.1 (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>)
- MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions) (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1341.txt>)
- Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2326.txt>)
- Realtime Transport Protocol (RTP) (<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1889.txt>)
- IEC 61883 Consumer Audio/Video Equipment – Digital Interface - Part 1 to 5 (<http://www.iec.ch/>).
- IEC-PAS 61883 Consumer Audio/Video Equipment – Digital Interface - Part 6 (<http://www.iec.ch/>).

## 2. Service Modeling Definitions

### 2.1. ServiceType

The following service type identifies a service that is compliant with this template:

**urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:ConnectionManager:1**

### 2.2. State Variables

**Table 1: State Variables**

Variable Name	Req. or Opt. <sup>1</sup>	Data Type	Allowed Value	Default Value	Eng. Units
SourceProtocolInfo	R	string	CSV <sup>2</sup> (string)		
SinkProtocolInfo	R	string	CSV (string)		
CurrentConnectionIDs	R	string	CSV (ui4)		
A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionStatus	R	string	“OK”, “ContentFormatMismatch”, “InsufficientBandwidth”, “UnreliableChannel”, “Unknown”	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionManager	R	string		n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_Direction	R	string	“Output”, “Input”	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo	R	string		n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID	R	i4		n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_AVTransportID	R	i4		n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID	R	i4		n/a	n/a

<sup>1</sup> R = Required, O = Optional, X = Non-standard.

#### 2.2.1. SourceProtocolInfo

This variable contains a comma-separated list of information on protocols this ConnectionManager supports for “sourcing” (sending) data, in its current state. Besides the traditional notion of the term ‘protocol’, the protocol-related information provided by the connection also contains other information such as supported content formats. See the Theory of Operation (Section 2.5.2) for a general discussion on the notion of protocol info. See the table in Section 2.5.2 for specific allowed values for this state variable.

#### 2.2.2. SinkProtocolInfo

This variable contains a comma-separated list of information on protocols this ConnectionManager supports for “sinking” (receiving) data, in its current state. The format and allowed value list are the same as for the SourceProtocolInfo state variable.

<sup>2</sup> CSV stands for Comma-Separated Value list. The type between brackets denotes the UPnP data type used for the elements inside the list. CSV is defined more formally in the ContentDirectory service template.

### 2.2.3. CurrentConnectionIDs

Comma-separated list of references to current active Connections. This list may change without explicit actions invoked by Control points, for example, by out-of-band cleanup or termination of finished connections.

If optional action PrepareForConnection is not implemented then this state variable should be set to “0”.

### 2.2.4. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_ConnectionStatus

The current status of the Connection referred to by variable A\_ARG\_TYPE\_ConnectionID. This status may change dynamically due to changes in the network.

### 2.2.5. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_ConnectionManager

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “PeerConnectionManager” parameter in actions PrepareForConnection and GetCurrentConnectionInfo. A ConnectionManager reference takes the form of a UDN/Service-Id pair (the slash is the delimiter). A control point can use UPnP discovery (SSDP) to obtain a ConnectionManager’s description document from the UDN. Subsequently, the ConnectionManager’s service description can be obtained by using the serviceId part of the reference.

### 2.2.6. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_Direction

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “Direction” parameter in action PrepareForConnection.

### 2.2.7. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_ProtocolInfo

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “Protocol” parameter in actions PrepareForConnection and GetCurrentConnectionInfo.

### 2.2.8. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_ConnectionID

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “ConnectionID” parameter in actions: PrepareForConnection, ConnectionComplete and GetCurrentConnectionInfo.

### 2.2.9. A\_ARG\_TYPE\_AVTransportID

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “AVTransportID” parameter in actions: PrepareForConnection and GetCurrentConnectionInfo. It identifies a logical instance of the AVTransport service associated with a Connection. See [ref to Device Model] for more information.

### 2.2.10.A\_ARG\_TYPE\_RcsID

This state variable is introduced to provide type information for the “RcsID” parameter in actions: PrepareForConnection and GetCurrentConnectionInfo. It identifies a logical instance of the Rendering Control service associated with a Connection. See [ref to Device Model] for more information.

## 2.3. Eventing and Moderation

**Table 2: Event Moderation**

Variable Name	Evented	Moderated Event	Max Event Rate <sup>1</sup>	Logical Combination	Min Delta per Event <sup>2</sup>
SourceProtocolInfo	Yes	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
SinkProtocolInfo	Yes	No	n/a	n/a	n/a
CurrentConnectionIDs	Yes	No	n/a	n/a	n/a

<sup>1</sup> Determined by N, where Rate = (Event)/(N secs).

<sup>2</sup> (N) \* (allowedValueRange Step).

## 2.4. Actions

Immediately following this table is detailed information about these actions, including short descriptions of the actions, the effects of the actions on state variables, and error codes defined by the actions.

**Table 3: Actions**

Name	Req. or Opt. <sup>1</sup>
GetProtocolInfo	R
PrepareForConnection	O
ConnectionComplete	O
GetCurrentConnectionIDs	R
GetCurrentConnectionInfo	R

<sup>1</sup> R = Required, O = Optional, X = Non-standard.

### 2.4.1. GetProtocolInfo

Returns the protocol-related info that this ConnectionManager supports in its current state, as a comma-separated list of strings according to Table 2.

#### 2.4.1.1. Arguments

**Table 4: Arguments for GetProtocolInfo**

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
Source	OUT	SourceProtocolInfo
Sink	OUT	SinkProtocolInfo

#### 2.4.1.2. Dependency on State (if any)

#### 2.4.1.3. Effect on State (if any)

#### 2.4.1.4. Errors

None.

## 2.4.2. PrepareForConnection

This action is used to allow the device to prepare itself to connect to the network for the purposes of sending or receiving media content (e.g. a video stream). The RemoteProtocolInfo parameter identifies the protocol, network, and format that should be used to transfer the content. Its value corresponds to one of the ProtocolInfo entries returned by the GetProtocolInfo() action from the remote device. If the remote device does not implement GetProtocolInfo(), then the RemoteProtocolInfo parameter should be set to one of the ProtocolInfo entries returned by the GetProtocolInfo() action on the local device.

### 2.4.2.1. Arguments

**Table 5: Arguments for PrepareForConnection**

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
RemoteProtocolInfo	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo
PeerConnectionManager	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_Connect ionManager
PeerConnectionID	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_Connect ionID
Direction	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_Directio n
ConnectionID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_Connect ionID
AVTransportID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_AVTran sportID
RcsID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID

### 2.4.2.2. Dependency on State (if any)

### 2.4.2.3. Effect on State (if any)

Prepares the device to stream content to or from the specified peer ConnectionManager, according to the specified direction and protocol information. The PeerConnectionManager identifies the ConnectionManager service on the other side of the connection. The PeerConnectionID identifies the specific connection on that ConnectionManager service. This information allows a control point to “link” a connection on device A to the corresponding connection on device B, via action GetCurrentConnectionInfo. If the PeerConnectionID is not known by a control point (e.g., this is the first of the two PrepareForConnection actions, or the peer device doesn’t implement PrepareForConnection) then this value should be set to reserved value ‘-1’.

Returns a locally unique ID for the established Connection (ConnectionID parameter), and adds that ID to state variable CurrentConnectionIDs. This ID might be used by a control point to manually terminate the established Connection through (optional) action ConnectionComplete. It can also be used to retrieve information associated with the Connection via action GetCurrentConnectionInfo. Value -1 is reserved, and should not be returned.

Optionally returns a virtual instance ID of a local AVTransport service (AVTransportID parameter). This ID should be passed as an input parameter to the local AVTransport service action invocations. If the returned ID is -1 (reserved value), then there is no AVTransport service on this device that can be used to control the established connection. This is dependent on the ‘push’ or ‘pull’ nature of the streaming protocol.

Optionally returns a virtual instance ID of a local RenderingControl service (RcsID parameter). This ID should be passed as an input parameter to the local RenderingControl service action invocations. If the returned ID is -1 (reserved value), then there is no RenderingControl service on this device, for example, because the device is a source device (MediaServer) rather than a sink device (MediaRenderer).

Due to local restrictions on the device running the ConnectionManager, variable “ProtocolInfo” may change (e.g., certain physical ports on the device are not available anymore for new connections) as a result of this action.

#### 2.4.2.4. Errors

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
402	Invalid Args	One of following: not enough IN arguments, too many IN arguments, no IN argument by that name, one or more IN arguments are of the wrong data type. See also the UPnP Device Architecture.
707	Not in network	The connection cannot be established because the ConnectionManagers are not part of the same physical network.
701	Incompatible protocol info	The connection cannot be established because the protocol info parameter is incompatible.
702	Incompatible directions	The connection cannot be established because the directions of the involved ConnectionManagers (source/sink) are incompatible.
703	Insufficient network resources	The connection cannot be established because there are insufficient network resources (bandwidth, channels, etc).
704	Local restrictions	The connection cannot be established because of local restrictions in the device. This might happen, for example, when physical resources on the device are already in use by other connections.
705	Access denied	The connection cannot be established because the client is not permitted to access the specified ConnectionManager.

#### 2.4.3. ConnectionComplete

A control point should call the ConnectionComplete action for all connections that it created via PrepareForConnection to ensure that all resources associated with the connection are freed up. In addition, a ConnectionManager may implemented ‘automatic’ or ‘autonomous’ closing of connections, in a protocol and vendor-specific way, see Annex A for details.

##### 2.4.3.1. Arguments

**Table 6: Arguments for ConnectionComplete**

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
ConnectionID	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID

##### 2.4.3.2. Dependency on State (if any)

##### 2.4.3.3. Effect on State (if any)

Remove the connection referenced by parameter ConnectionID by modifying state variable CurrentConnectionIDs, and (if necessary) perform any protocol-specific cleanup actions such as releasing network resources. See the Annex for protocol specifics.

Due to local restrictions on the device running the ConnectionManager, variables “SourceProtocolInfo” and “SinkProtocolInfo” may change (e.g., certain physical ports on the device are freed up for new connections).

##### 2.4.3.4. Errors

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
402	Invalid Args	One of following: not enough IN arguments, too many IN arguments, no IN argument by that name, one or more IN arguments are of the wrong data type. See also the UPnP Device Architecture.
706	Invalid connection reference	The connection reference argument does not refer to a valid connection established by this service.

### 2.4.4. GetCurrentConnectionIDs

Returns a comma-separated list of ConnectionIDs of currently ongoing Connections. A ConnectionID can be used to manually terminate a Connection via action ConnectionComplete, or to retrieve additional information about the ongoing Connection via action GetCurrentConnectionInfo.

#### 2.4.4.1. Arguments

**Table 7: Arguments for GetCurrentConnectionIDs**

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
ConnectionIDs	OUT	CurrentConnectionIDs

#### 2.4.4.2. Dependency on State (if any)

#### 2.4.4.3. Effect on State (if any)

#### 2.4.4.4. Errors

None.

### 2.4.5. GetCurrentConnectionInfo

Returns associated information of the connection referred to by the 'ConnectionID' parameter. The 'AVTransportID' and 'PeerConnectionManager' parameters may be NULL (empty string) in cases where the connection has been setup completely out of band, e.g., not involving a PrepareForConnection action.

If optional action PrepareForConnection is not implemented then (limited) connection information can be retrieved for ConnectionID 0. The device should return all known information:

- RcsID should be 0 or -1
- AVTransportID should be 0 or -1
- ProtocolInfo should contain accurate information if it is known, other it should be NULL (empty string)
- PeerConnectionManager should be NULL (empty string)
- PeerConnectionID should be -1
- Direction should be Input or Output
- Status should be OK or Unknown

**2.4.5.1. Arguments****Table 8: Arguments for GetCurrentConnectionInfo**

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
ConnectionID	IN	A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID
RcsID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID
AVTransportID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_AVTransportID
ProtocolInfo	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo
PeerConnectionManager	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionManager
PeerConnectionID	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID
Direction	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_Direction
Status	OUT	A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionStatus

**2.4.5.2. Dependency on State (if any)****2.4.5.3. Effect on State (if any)****2.4.5.4. Errors**

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
402	Invalid Args	One of following: not enough IN arguments, too many IN arguments, no IN argument by that name, one or more IN arguments are of the wrong data type. See also the UPnP Device Architecture.
706	Invalid connection reference	The connection reference argument does not refer to a valid connection established by this service.

### 2.4.6. Common Error Codes

The following table lists error codes common to actions for this service type. If an action results in multiple errors, the most specific error should be returned.

**Table 9: Common Error Codes**

<b>errorCode</b>	<b>errorDescription</b>	<b>Description</b>
401	Invalid Action	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
402	Invalid Args	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
404	Invalid Var	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
501	Action Failed	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
600-699	TBD	Common action errors. Defined by UPnP Forum Technical Committee.
701-799		Common action errors defined by the UPnP Forum working committees.
<i>800-899</i>	<i>TBD</i>	<i>(Specified by UPnP vendor.)</i>

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## 2.5. Theory of Operation

### 2.5.1. Purpose

The purpose of the ConnectionManager is to enable control points to:

1. perform capability matching between source/server devices and sink/renderer device. This involves both:
  - a. content-format matching (e.g., mp3 – mp3)
  - b. transport (streaming) protocol matching (e.g., http – http)
2. find information about currently ongoing streams in the network, e.g.
  - a. find the source device sending content to a given renderer device
  - b. find the renderer devices served by a given source device or content resource
  - c. find all streams going on in the network
3. setup and teardown connections between devices (when required by the streaming protocol)

### 2.5.2. ProtocolInfo Concept

While the UPnP Device Architecture describes, and prescribes, many aspects of devices that are required for a certain level of interoperability, it does not describe anything related to streaming between devices. The purpose of the ConnectionManager service is to make these aspects of devices explicit, so that control points are able to make intelligent choices, present intelligent user interfaces, and initiate (and terminate) streams between controlled devices via UPnP actions. While the actual stream of the data ‘packets’ occurs outside of a UPnP-defined protocol such as SOAP, SOAP is used to initiate (and terminate) the stream.

The ConnectionManager service defines the notion of “Protocol Info” as information needed by a control point in order to determine (a certain level of) compatibility between the streaming mechanisms of two UPnP controlled devices. For example, it contains the transport protocols supported by a device, for input or output, as well as other information such as the content formats (encodings) that can be sent, or received, via the transport protocols. Note that, while UPnP prescribes the use of HTTP for controlling devices via SOAP, it does not require HTTP to be used for all kinds (Audio and Video) streaming in a UPnP network.

In the context of this document, the term “protocol info” is used to describe as a string formatted as:

```
<protocol>?:? <network>?:? <contentFormat>?:? <additionalInfo>
```

where each of the 4 elements may be a ‘\*’. Control points can match protocol info by (protocol independent) string comparison operations on the <protocol>, <network> and <contentFormat> elements, taking into account the ‘\*’ wildcard which ‘matches’ with anything. The <additionalInfo> part does not need to match between source and sink. Its purpose is to convey any additional information needed to set up the out of band stream (e.g., 1394 addresses). The table below summarizes how the protocol info strings are defined for the protocols currently standardized by the ConnectionManager service, as well as for vendor-defined protocols. Section Annex A provides a more detailed explanation per protocol.

**Table 10: Defined Protocol Info for ConnectionManager:1**

Protocol	Network	Content Format	Additional Info	Reference
http-get	Not needed (use '*'), since all devices supporting http are part of the same IP network.	MIME-type.	Not needed, use '*'.	Section A.1
rtsp-rtp-udp	Not needed (use '*'), since all devices supporting rtsp are part of the same IP network.	Name of RTP payload type.	Not needed, use '*'.	Section A.2
internal	IP address of the device hosting the ConnectionManager.	Vendor-defined, may be '*'.	Vendor-defined, may be '*'.	Section A.3
iec61883	GUID of the 1394 bus' Isochronous Resource Manager.	Name standardized by IEC61883.	GUID and PCR index of the 1394 device.	Section A.4
<registered ICANN domain name of vendor >	Vendor-defined, may be '*'.	Vendor-defined, may be '*'.	Vendor-defined, may be '*'.	Section A.5

### 2.5.3. Typical Control Point Operations

This section briefly outlines some typical control point operations on a ConnectionManager service.

#### 2.5.3.1. Establishing a new Connection

The process for establishing a streaming connection involves:

1. finding ConnectionManager services via SSDP,
2. determining compatibility between a source (sending) and a sink (receiving) device,
3. when implemented, calling the PrepareForConnection action on both source and sink devices,
4. when implemented, calling the ConnectionComplete action on both source and sink devices (after the user is done with the connection).

Because a number of these steps are better described in a larger context involving specific device types and other services as well, we refer to the 'AV Framework' document [ref to device model] for more information.

#### 2.5.3.2. Dealing with ongoing Connections

A number of interesting scenarios require a control point to find information about all currently ongoing connections in the network, including those that it did not establish itself. This is supported by the ConnectionManager as follows. Each connection explicitly established by any control point in the network is identified by a 'connection Id' on both the source (sending) device and the sink (receiving) device. State variable 'CurrentConnectionIDs' holds a comma-separated list of these Ids. Given an Id, a control point can call GetConnectionInfo to obtain:

- The protocol info of the connection. This includes the streaming protocol and the content format.
- The 'other end' of the connection, expressed as a UDN/ServiceId pair. Using the UDN, a control point can use SSDP to find the device description of the other UPnP device involved in the connection. This way, a control point can find out, for example, that turning off a particular source device is going to affect 1 or more sink devices.
- The connection status.

- The AVTransportID of the connection, which indicates the AVTransport service instance controlling the playback and recording through the connection. This service can be used for many purposes, for example to:
  - subscribe to events in order to monitor the transport state
  - actually change the transport state, e.g., stopping or pausing an existing stream
  - obtain a URI reference to the content resource current flowing through the connection
  - obtain any meta data embedded in the content resource flowing through the connection.

See the AVTransport service description for more details.

- The RcsID of the connection, which indicates the RenderingControl service instance controlling the rendering properties of the content. This can be used, for example, to implement a 'mute all streams' function in a control point.

#### **2.5.4. Relation to Devices without ConnectionManagers**

In some cases, it is desirable to establish a stream connection between devices where one device implements a UPnP ConnectionManager service, and the other device doesn't implement this service or isn't even a UPnP device. In such cases, a control point can only call PrepareForConnection and ConnectionComplete actions on first device. The 'PeerConnectionManager' input parameter to PrepareForConnection is defined as the UDN of the connecting UPnP device followed by a slash ('/') and the service ID of the connecting device's ConnectionManager service. In case the connecting UPnP device has no ConnectionManager service, the service ID part of the parameter is left blank. In case the connecting device is no UPnP device (e.g., an Internet streaming server), the whole PeerConnectionManager parameter is left blank.

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### 3. XML Service Description

```

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<scpd xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:service-1-0">
  <specVersion>
    <major>1</major>
    <minor>0</minor>
  </specVersion>
  <actionList>
    <action>
      <name>GetProtocolInfo</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>Source</name>
          <direction>out</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>SourceProtocolInfo</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>SinkProtocolInfo</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>Sink</name>
          <direction>out</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>SinkProtocolInfo</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>PrepareForConnection</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>RemoteProtocolInfo</name>
          <direction>in</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>PeerConnectionManager</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>PeerConnectionID</name>
          <direction>in</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>Direction</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>ConnectionID</name>
          <direction>out</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>AVTransportID</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>AVTransportID</name>
          <direction>out</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_AVTransportID</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
    <action>
      <name>RcsID</name>
      <argumentList>
        <argument>
          <name>RcsID</name>
          <direction>out</direction>
        </argument>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID</relatedStateVariable>
      </argumentList>
    </action>
  </actionList>
</scpd>

```

```

        <name>ConnectionComplete</name>
        <argumentList>
            <argument>
                <name>ConnectionID</name>
                <direction>in</direction>
            </argument>
        </argumentList>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</relatedStateVariable>
    </action>
    <action>
        <name>GetCurrentConnectionIDs</name>
        <argumentList>
            <argument>
                <name>ConnectionIDs</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
        </argumentList>
        <relatedStateVariable>CurrentConnectionIDs</relatedStateVariable>
    </action>
    <action>
        <name>GetCurrentConnectionInfo</name>
        <argumentList>
            <argument>
                <name>ConnectionID</name>
                <direction>in</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>RcsID</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>AVTransportID</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>ProtocolInfo</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>PeerConnectionManager</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>PeerConnectionID</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>Direction</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
            <argument>
                <name>Status</name>
                <direction>out</direction>
            </argument>
        </argumentList>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_AVTransportID</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionManager</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_Direction</relatedStateVariable>
        <relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionStatus</relatedStateVariable>
    </action>
</actionList>
<serviceStateTable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">

```

```

        <name>SourceProtocolInfo</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">
        <name>SinkProtocolInfo</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">
        <name>CurrentConnectionIDs</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionStatus</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
        <allowedValueList>
            <allowedValue>OK</allowedValue>
            <allowedValue>ContentFormatMismatch</allowedValue>
            <allowedValue>InsufficientBandwidth</allowedValue>
            <allowedValue>UnreliableChannel</allowedValue>
            <allowedValue>Unknown</allowedValue>
        </allowedValueList>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionManager</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_Direction</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
        <allowedValueList>
            <allowedValue>Input</allowedValue>
            <allowedValue>Output</allowedValue>
        </allowedValueList>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_ProtocolInfo</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_ConnectionID</name>
        <dataType>i4</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_AVTransportID</name>
        <dataType>i4</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_RcsID</name>
        <dataType>i4</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
</serviceStateTable>
</scpd>

```

## 4. Test

No semantics tests have been defined for this service.

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