
**Linux Standard Base (LSB) core
specification 3.1 —**

Part 7:

Specification for S390 architecture

Spécifications 3.1 relatives au noyau de base normalisé Linux (LSB) —

Partie 7: Spécifications pour l'architecture S390

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

© ISO/IEC 2006

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Linux Standard Base Core Specification for S390 3.1

ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006(E)

Copyright © 2006 ISO/IEC

This standard includes material that has been provided by the Free Standards Group under the GNU Free Documentation License Version 1.1 published by the Free Software Foundation.

Portions of the text are copyrighted by the following parties:

- The Regents of the University of California
- Free Software Foundation
- Ian F. Darwin
- Paul Vixie
- BSDI (now Wind River)
- Andrew G Morgan
- Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology

These excerpts are being used in accordance with their respective licenses.

Linux is the registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the U.S. and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

LSB is a trademark of the Free Standards Group in the United States and other countries.

AMD is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

Intel and Itanium are registered trademarks and Intel386 is a trademark of Intel Corporation.

PowerPC is a registered trademark and PowerPC Architecture is a trademark of the IBM Corporation.

S/390 is a registered trademark of the IBM Corporation.

OpenGL is a registered trademark of Silicon Graphics, Inc.

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

Contents

Foreword	vii
Introduction	viii
I Introductory Elements	0
1 Scope.....	1
1.1 General.....	1
1.2 Module Specific Scope.....	1
2 References	2
2.1 Normative References	2
2.2 Informative References/Bibliography	3
3 Requirements	6
3.1 Relevant Libraries	6
3.2 LSB Implementation Conformance	6
3.3 LSB Application Conformance.....	7
4 Definitions	9
5 Terminology	10
6 Documentation Conventions	12
II Executable and Linking Format (ELF).....	13
7 Introduction.....	14
8 Low Level System Information.....	15
8.1 Machine Interface.....	15
8.2 Function Calling Sequence.....	16
8.3 Operating System Interface	16
8.4 Process Initialization.....	17
8.5 Coding Examples	17
8.6 Debug Information.....	18
9 Object Format.....	19
9.1 Introduction	19
9.2 ELF Header	19
9.3 Sections	19
9.4 Symbol Table	20
9.5 Relocation.....	20
10 Program Loading and Dynamic Linking	21
10.1 Introduction	21
10.2 Program Loading	21
10.3 Dynamic Linking.....	21
III Base Libraries	22
11 Libraries	23
11.1 Program Interpreter/Dynamic Linker	23
11.2 Interfaces for libc	23
11.3 Data Definitions for libc	37
11.4 Interfaces for libm	49
11.5 Data Definitions for libm.....	54
11.6 Interfaces for libpthread.....	55
11.7 Data Definitions for libpthread	57
11.8 Interfaces for libgcc_s	58
11.9 Data Definitions for libgcc_s.....	59
11.10 Interface Definitions for libgcc_s.....	59
11.11 Interfaces for libdl	65
11.12 Data Definitions for libdl	66
11.13 Interfaces for libcrypt.....	66
IV Utility Libraries.....	67
12 Libraries	68

12.1 Interfaces for libz.....	68
12.2 Data Definitions for libz.....	68
12.3 Interfaces for libncurses.....	68
12.4 Data Definitions for libncurses.....	69
12.5 Interfaces for libutil.....	69
V Package Format and Installation.....	71
13 Software Installation	72
13.1 Package Dependencies	72
13.2 Package Architecture Considerations	72
A Alphabetical Listing of Interfaces.....	73
A.1 libgcc_s.....	73

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

List of Tables

2-1 Normative References	2
2-2 Other References	4
3-1 Standard Library Names	6
9-1 ELF Special Sections	19
9-2 Additional Special Sections	19
11-1 libc Definition	23
11-2 libc - RPC Function Interfaces	23
11-3 libc - System Calls Function Interfaces	24
11-4 libc - Standard I/O Function Interfaces	26
11-5 libc - Standard I/O Data Interfaces	27
11-6 libc - Signal Handling Function Interfaces	27
11-7 libc - Signal Handling Data Interfaces	28
11-8 libc - Localization Functions Function Interfaces	28
11-9 libc - Localization Functions Data Interfaces	28
11-10 libc - Socket Interface Function Interfaces	29
11-11 libc - Wide Characters Function Interfaces	29
11-12 libc - String Functions Function Interfaces	31
11-13 libc - IPC Functions Function Interfaces	32
11-14 libc - Regular Expressions Function Interfaces	32
11-15 libc - Character Type Functions Function Interfaces	32
11-16 libc - Time Manipulation Function Interfaces	33
11-17 libc - Time Manipulation Data Interfaces	33
11-18 libc - Terminal Interface Functions Function Interfaces	33
11-19 libc - System Database Interface Function Interfaces	34
11-20 libc - Language Support Function Interfaces	34
11-21 libc - Large File Support Function Interfaces	35
11-22 libc - Standard Library Function Interfaces	35
11-23 libc - Standard Library Data Interfaces	37
11-24 libm Definition	49
11-25 libm - Math Function Interfaces	50
11-26 libm - Math Data Interfaces	53
11-27 libpthread Definition	55
11-28 libpthread - Realtime Threads Function Interfaces	55
11-29 libpthread - Posix Threads Function Interfaces	56
11-30 libpthread - Thread aware versions of libc interfaces Function Interfaces	57
11-31 libgcc_s Definition	58
11-32 libgcc_s - Unwind Library Function Interfaces	58
11-33 libdl Definition	65
11-34 libdl - Dynamic Loader Function Interfaces	65
11-35 libcrypt Definition	66
11-36 libcrypt - Encryption Function Interfaces	66
12-1 libz Definition	68
12-2 libncurses Definition	69
12-3 libutil Definition	69
12-4 libutil - Utility Functions Function Interfaces	70
A-1 libgcc_s Function Interfaces	73

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any of all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO/IEC 23360-7 was prepared by the Free Standards Group and was adopted, under the PAS procedure, by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 22, *Programming languages, their environments and system software interfaces*.

ISO/IEC 23360 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Linux Standard Base (LSB) core specification 3.1*:

- *Part 1: Generic specification*
- *Part 2: Specification for IA32 architecture*
- *Part 3: Specification for IA64 architecture*
- *Part 4: Specification for AMD64 architecture*
- *Part 5: Specification for PPC32 architecture*
- *Part 6: Specification for PPC64 architecture*
- *Part 7: Specification for S390 architecture*
- *Part 8: Specification for S390X architecture*

Introduction

The LSB defines a binary interface for application programs that are compiled and packaged for LSB-conforming implementations on many different hardware architectures. Since a binary specification includes information specific to the computer processor architecture for which it is intended, it is not possible for a single document to specify the interface for all possible LSB-conforming implementations. Therefore, the LSB is a family of specifications, rather than a single one.

This document should be used in conjunction with the documents it references. This document enumerates the system components it includes, but descriptions of those components may be included entirely or partly in this document, partly in other documents, or entirely in other reference documents. For example, the section that describes system service routines includes a list of the system routines supported in this interface, formal declarations of the data structures they use that are visible to applications, and a pointer to the underlying referenced specification for information about the syntax and semantics of each call. Only those routines not described in standards referenced by this document, or extensions to those standards, are described in detail. Information referenced in this way is as much a part of this document as is the information explicitly included here.

The specification carries a version number of either the form $x.y$ or $x.y.z$. This version number carries the following meaning:

- The first number (x) is the major version number. All versions with the same major version number should share binary compatibility. Any addition or deletion of a new library results in a new version number. Interfaces marked as `deprecated` may be removed from the specification at a major version change.
- The second number (y) is the minor version number. Individual interfaces may be added if all certified implementations already had that (previously undocumented) interface. Interfaces may be marked as `deprecated` at a minor version change. Other minor changes may be permitted at the discretion of the LSB workgroup.
- The third number (z), if present, is the editorial level. Only editorial changes should be included in such versions.

Since this specification is a descriptive Application Binary Interface, and not a source level API specification, it is not possible to make a guarantee of 100% backward compatibility between major releases. However, it is the intent that those parts of the binary interface that are visible in the source level API will remain backward compatible from version to version, except where a feature marked as `deprecated` in one release may be removed from a future release.

Implementors are strongly encouraged to make use of symbol versioning to permit simultaneous support of applications conforming to different releases of this specification.

This is version 3.1 of the Linux Standard Base Core Specification. This specification is part of a family of specifications under the general title "Linux Standard Base (LSB) core specification 3.1". Developers of applications or implementations interested in using the LSB trademark should see the Free Standards Group Certification Policy for details.

I Introductory Elements

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

Linux Standard Base (LSB) core specification 3.1 —

Part 7: Specification for S390 architecture

1 Scope

1.1 General

The Linux Standard Base (LSB) defines a system interface for compiled applications and a minimal environment for support of installation scripts. Its purpose is to enable a uniform industry standard environment for high-volume applications conforming to the LSB.

These specifications are composed of two basic parts: A common specification ("LSB-generic" or "generic LSB"), ISO/IEC 23360-1, describing those parts of the interface that remain constant across all implementations of the LSB, and an architecture-specific part ("LSB-arch" or "archLSB") describing the parts of the interface that vary by processor architecture. Together, the LSB-generic and the relevant architecture-specific part of ISO/IEC 23360 for a single hardware architecture provide a complete interface specification for compiled application programs on systems that share a common hardware architecture.

ISO/IEC 23360-1, the LSB-generic document, is used in conjunction with an architecture-specific part. Whenever a section of the LSB-generic specification is supplemented by architecture-specific information, the LSB-generic document includes a reference to the architecture part. Architecture-specific parts of ISO/IEC 23360 may also contain additional information that is not referenced in the LSB-generic document.

The LSB contains both a set of Application Program Interfaces (APIs) and Application Binary Interfaces (ABIs). APIs may appear in the source code of portable applications, while the compiled binary of that application may use the larger set of ABIs. A conforming implementation provides all of the ABIs listed here. The compilation system may replace (e.g. by macro definition) certain APIs with calls to one or more of the underlying binary interfaces, and may insert calls to binary interfaces as needed.

The LSB is primarily a binary interface definition. Not all of the source level APIs available to applications may be contained in this specification.

1.2 Module Specific Scope

This is the S390 architecture-specific Core part of the Linux Standard Base (LSB). It supplements the generic LSB Core module with those interfaces that differ between architectures.

Interfaces described in this part of ISO/IEC 23360 are mandatory except where explicitly listed otherwise. Core interfaces may be supplemented by other modules; all modules are built upon the core.

2 References

2.1 Normative References

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Note: Where copies of a document are available on the World Wide Web, a Uniform Resource Locator (URL) is given for informative purposes only. This may point to a more recent copy of the referenced specification, or may be out of date. Reference copies of specifications at the revision level indicated may be found at the Free Standards Group's Reference Specifications (<http://refspecs.freestandards.org>) site.

Table 2-1 Normative References

Name	Title	URL
ISO/IEC 23360-1	ISO/IEC 23360-1:2006, <i>Linux Standard Base (LSB) core specification 3.1 – Part 1: Generic Specification</i>	http://www.linuxbase.org/spec/
Enterprise Systems Architecture/390 Principles of Operation	Enterprise Systems Architecture/390 Principles of Operation	http://oss.software.ibm.com/linux390/documentation-2.2.shtml
ISO C (1999)	ISO/IEC 9899: 1999, <i>Programming Languages – C</i>	
ISO POSIX (2003)	ISO/IEC 9945-1:2003, <i>Information technology – Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) – Part 1: Base Definitions</i> ISO/IEC 9945-2:2003, <i>Information technology – Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) – Part 2: System Interfaces</i> ISO/IEC 9945-3:2003, <i>Information technology – Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) – Part 3: Shell and Utilities</i>	http://www.unix.org/version3/

Name	Title	URL
	ISO/IEC 9945-4:2003, <i>Information technology – Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) – Part 4: Rationale</i>	
Large File Support	Large File Support	http://www.UNIX-systems.org/version2/whatsnew/lfs20mar.html
LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement	LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement	http://oss.software.ibm.com/linux390/documentation-2.2.shtml
SUSv2	CAE Specification, January 1997, System Interfaces and Headers (XSH), Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-181-0, C606)	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm
SVID Issue 3	American Telephone and Telegraph Company, System V Interface Definition, Issue 3; Morristown, NJ, UNIX Press, 1989. (ISBN 0201566524)	
SVID Issue 4	System V Interface Definition, Fourth Edition	
System V ABI	System V Application Binary Interface, Edition 4.1	http://www.caldera.com/developers/devspecs/gabi41.pdf
System V ABI Update	System V Application Binary Interface - DRAFT - 17 December 2003	http://www.caldera.com/developers/gabi/2003-12-17/contents.html
X/Open Curses	CAE Specification, May 1996, X/Open Curses, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-171-3, C610), plus Corrigendum U018	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm

2.2 Informative References/Bibliography

In addition, the specifications listed below provide essential background information to implementors of this specification. These references are included for information only.

Table 2-2 Other References

Name	Title	URL
DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 2.0.0	DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 2.0.0 (July 27, 1993)	http://refspecs.freestdards.org/dwarf/dwarf-2.0.0.pdf
DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 3.0.0 (Draft)	DWARF Debugging Information Format, Revision 3.0.0 (Draft)	http://refspecs.freestdards.org/dwarf/
IEC 60559/IEEE 754 Floating Point	IEC 60559:1989, <i>Binary floating-point arithmetic for microprocessor systems</i>	http://www.ieee.org/
ISO/IEC TR 14652	ISO/IEC TR 14652:2004, <i>Information technology – Specification method for cultural conventions</i>	
ITU-T V.42	International Telecommunication Union Recommendation V.42 (2002): Error-correcting procedures for DCEs using asynchronous-to-synchronous conversion ITUV	http://www.itu.int/rec/recommendation.asp?type=folders&lang=e&parent=T-REC-V.42
Li18nux Globalization Specification	LI18NUNIX 2000 Globalization Specification, Version 1.0 with Amendment 4	http://www.li18nux.org/docs/html/LI18NUNIX-2000-amd4.htm
Linux Allocated Device Registry	LINUX ALLOCATED DEVICES	http://www.lanana.org/docs/device-list/devices.txt
PAM	Open Software Foundation, Request For Comments: 86.0, October 1995, V. Samar & R. Schemers (SunSoft)	http://www.opengroup.org/tech/rfc/mirror-rfc/rfc86.0.txt
RFC 1321: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	IETF RFC 1321: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt
RFC 1831/1832 RPC & XDR	IETF RFC 1831 & 1832	http://www.ietf.org/
RFC 1833: Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2	IETF RFC 1833: Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1833.txt

Name	Title	URL
RFC 1950: ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification	IETF RFC 1950: ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt
RFC 1951: DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification	IETF RFC 1951: DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt
RFC 1952: GZIP File Format Specification	IETF RFC 1952: GZIP file format specification version 4.3	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt
RFC 2440: OpenPGP Message Format	IETF RFC 2440: OpenPGP Message Format	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2440.txt
RFC 2821: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	IETF RFC 2821: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2821.txt
RFC 2822: Internet Message Format	IETF RFC 2822: Internet Message Format	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2822.txt
RFC 791: Internet Protocol	IETF RFC 791: Internet Protocol Specification	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc791.txt
RPM Package Format	RPM Package Format V3.0	http://www.rpm.org/max-rpm/s1-rpm-file-format-rpm-file-format.html
SUSv2 Commands and Utilities	The Single UNIX Specification (SUS) Version 2, Commands and Utilities (XCU), Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-191-8, C604)	http://www.opengroup.org/publications/catalog/un.htm
zlib Manual	zlib 1.2 Manual	http://www.gzip.org/zlib/

3 Requirements

3.1 Relevant Libraries

The libraries listed in Table 3-1 shall be available on S390 Linux Standard Base systems, with the specified runtime names. These names override or supplement the names specified in the generic LSB (ISO/IEC 23360-1) specification. The specified program interpreter, referred to as proginterp in this table, shall be used to load the shared libraries specified by DT_NEEDED entries at run time.

Table 3-1 Standard Library Names

Library	Runtime Name
libm	libm.so.6
libdl	libdl.so.2
libcrypt	libcrypt.so.1
libz	libz.so.1
libncurses	libncurses.so.5
libutil	libutil.so.1
libc	libc.so.6
libpthread	libpthread.so.0
proginterp	/lib/ld-lsb-s390.so.3
libgcc_s	libgcc_s.so.1

These libraries will be in an implementation-defined directory which the dynamic linker shall search by default.

3.2 LSB Implementation Conformance

A conforming implementation is necessarily architecture specific, and must provide the interfaces specified by both the generic LSB Core specification (ISO/IEC 23360-1) and the relevant architecture specific part of ISO/IEC 23360.

Rationale: An implementation must provide *at least* the interfaces specified in these specifications. It may also provide additional interfaces.

A conforming implementation shall satisfy the following requirements:

- A processor architecture represents a family of related processors which may not have identical feature sets. The architecture specific parts of ISO/IEC 23360 that supplement this specification for a given target processor architecture describe a minimum acceptable processor. The implementation shall provide all features of this processor, whether in hardware or through emulation transparent to the application.
- The implementation shall be capable of executing compiled applications having the format and using the system interfaces described in this document.
- The implementation shall provide libraries containing the interfaces specified by this document, and shall provide a dynamic linking mechanism that allows

these interfaces to be attached to applications at runtime. All the interfaces shall behave as specified in this document.

- The map of virtual memory provided by the implementation shall conform to the requirements of this document.
- The implementation's low-level behavior with respect to function call linkage, system traps, signals, and other such activities shall conform to the formats described in this document.
- The implementation shall provide all of the mandatory interfaces in their entirety.
- The implementation may provide one or more of the optional interfaces. Each optional interface that is provided shall be provided in its entirety. The product documentation shall state which optional interfaces are provided.
- The implementation shall provide all files and utilities specified as part of this document in the format defined here and in other referenced documents. All commands and utilities shall behave as required by this document. The implementation shall also provide all mandatory components of an application's runtime environment that are included or referenced in this document.
- The implementation, when provided with standard data formats and values at a named interface, shall provide the behavior defined for those values and data formats at that interface. However, a conforming implementation may consist of components which are separately packaged and/or sold. For example, a vendor of a conforming implementation might sell the hardware, operating system, and windowing system as separately packaged items.
- The implementation may provide additional interfaces with different names. It may also provide additional behavior corresponding to data values outside the standard ranges, for standard named interfaces.

3.3 LSB Application Conformance

A conforming application is necessarily architecture specific, and must conform to both the generic LSB Core specification (ISO/IEC 23360-1) and the relevant architecture specific part of ISO/IEC 23360.

A conforming application shall satisfy the following requirements:

- Its executable files shall be either shell scripts or object files in the format defined for the Object File Format system interface.
- Its object files shall participate in dynamic linking as defined in the Program Loading and Linking System interface.
- It shall employ only the instructions, traps, and other low-level facilities defined in the Low-Level System interface as being for use by applications.
- If it requires any optional interface defined in this document in order to be installed or to execute successfully, the requirement for that optional interface shall be stated in the application's documentation.
- It shall not use any interface or data format that is not required to be provided by a conforming implementation, unless:
 - If such an interface or data format is supplied by another application through direct invocation of that application during execution, that application shall be in turn an LSB conforming application.

- The use of that interface or data format, as well as its source, shall be identified in the documentation of the application.
- It shall not use any values for a named interface that are reserved for vendor extensions.

A strictly conforming application shall not require or use any interface, facility, or implementation-defined extension that is not defined in this document in order to be installed or to execute successfully.

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

4 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following definitions, as specified in the *ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, 2004, 5th Edition*, apply:

can

be able to; there is a possibility of; it is possible to

cannot

be unable to; there is no possibility of; it is not possible to

may

is permitted; is allowed; is permissible

need not

it is not required that; no...is required

shall

is to; is required to; it is required that; has to; only...is permitted; it is necessary

shall not

is not allowed [permitted] [acceptable] [permissible]; is required to be not; is required that...be not; is not to be

should

it is recommended that; ought to

should not

it is not recommended that; ought not to

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

5 Terminology

For the purposes of this document, the following terms apply:

archLSB

The architectural part of the LSB Specification which describes the specific parts of the interface that are platform specific. The archLSB is complementary to the gLSB.

Binary Standard

The total set of interfaces that are available to be used in the compiled binary code of a conforming application.

gLSB

The common part of the LSB Specification that describes those parts of the interface that remain constant across all hardware implementations of the LSB.

implementation-defined

Describes a value or behavior that is not defined by this document but is selected by an implementor. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence of the value or behavior. An application that relies on such a value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations. The implementor shall document such a value or behavior so that it can be used correctly by an application.

Shell Script

A file that is read by an interpreter (e.g., awk). The first line of the shell script includes a reference to its interpreter binary.

Source Standard

The set of interfaces that are available to be used in the source code of a conforming application.

undefined

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not defined by this document which results from use of an invalid program construct or invalid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.

unspecified

Describes the nature of a value or behavior not specified by this document which results from use of a valid program construct or valid data input. The value or behavior may vary among implementations that conform to this document. An application should not rely on the existence or validity of the value or behavior. An application that relies on any particular value or behavior cannot be assured to be portable across conforming implementations.

Other terms and definitions used in this document shall have the same meaning as defined in Chapter 3 of the Base Definitions volume of [ISO POSIX \(2003\)](#).

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

6 Documentation Conventions

Throughout this document, the following typographic conventions are used:

`function()`

the name of a function

command

the name of a command or utility

CONSTANT

a constant value

parameter

a parameter

variable

a variable

Throughout this specification, several tables of interfaces are presented. Each entry in these tables has the following format:

name

the name of the interface

(symver)

An optional symbol version identifier, if required.

[refno]

A reference number indexing the table of referenced specifications that follows this table.

For example,

forkpty(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

refers to the interface named `forkpty()` with symbol version `GLIBC_2.0` that is defined in the `SUSv3` reference.

Note: Symbol versions are defined in the architecture specific parts of ISO/IEC 23360 only.

II Executable and Linking Format (ELF)

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

7 Introduction

Executable and Linking Format (ELF) defines the object format for compiled applications. This specification supplements the information found in [System V ABI Update](#) and [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#), and is intended to document additions made since the publication of that document.

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

8 Low Level System Information

8.1 Machine Interface

8.1.1 Processor Architecture

The ESA/390 Architecture is specified by the following documents

- [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#)
- [Enterprise Systems Architecture/390 Principles of Operation](#)

Only the features of ESA/390 processor instruction set and the following optional instructions may be assumed to be present:

- additional floating point facility
- compare and move extended facility
- immediate and relative instruction facility
- string instruction facility
- square-root facility

An application should determine if any additional instruction set features are available before using those additional features. If a feature is not present, then a conforming application shall not use it.

Conforming applications shall not invoke the implementations underlying system call interface directly. The interfaces in the implementation base libraries shall be used instead.

Rationale: Implementation-supplied base libraries may use the system call interface but applications must not assume any particular operating system or kernel version is present.

Applications conforming to this specification must provide feedback to the user if a feature that is required for correct execution of the application is not present. Applications conforming to this specification should attempt to execute in a diminished capacity if a required instruction set feature is not present.

This specification does not provide any performance guarantees of a conforming system. A system conforming to this specification may be implemented in either hardware or software.

8.1.2 Data Representation

LSB-conforming applications shall use the data representation as defined in Chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.1.2.1 Byte Ordering

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.1.2.2 Fundamental Types

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.1.2.3 Aggregates and Unions

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.1.2.4 Bit Fields

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2 Function Calling Sequence

LSB-conforming applications shall use the function calling sequence as defined in Chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2.1 Registers

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2.2 Stack Frame

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2.3 Parameter Passing

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2.4 Variable Argument Lists

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.2.5 Return Values

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3 Operating System Interface

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Operating System Interfaces as defined in Chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.1 Virtual Address Space

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.1.1 Page Size

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.1.2 Virtual Address Assignments

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.1.3 Managing the Process Stack

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.1.4 Coding Guidelines

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.2 Processor Execution Mode

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.3.3 Exception Interface

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.4 Process Initialization

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Process Initialization as defined in Chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.4.1 Registers

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.4.2 Process Stack

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5 Coding Examples

LSB-conforming applications may implement fundamental operations using the Coding Examples as defined in Chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.1 Code Model Overview

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.2 Function Prolog and Epilog

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.3 Data Objects

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.4 Function Calls

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.5 Branching

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.5.6 Dynamic Stack Space Allocation

See chapter 1 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

8.6 Debug Information

The LSB does not currently specify the format of Debug information.

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

9 Object Format

9.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming implementations shall support an object file, called Executable and Linking Format (ELF) as defined by the [System V ABI](#), [System V ABI Update](#), [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#) and as supplemented by the [ISO/IEC 23360-1](#) and this document.

9.2 ELF Header

9.2.1 Machine Information

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Machine Information as defined in Chapter 2 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

9.3 Sections

See chapter 2 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

9.3.1 Special Sections

The following sections are defined in the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

Table 9-1 ELF Special Sections

Name	Type	Attributes
.got	SHT_PROGBITS	SHF_ALLOC+SHF_WRITE
.plt	SHT_PROGBITS	SHF_ALLOC+SHF_EXECINSTR

.got

This section holds the global offset table

.plt

This section holds the Procedure Linkage Table

9.3.2 Additional Special Sections

The following additional sections are defined here.

Table 9-2 Additional Special Sections

Name	Type	Attributes
.rela.dyn	SHT_RELA	SHF_ALLOC
.rela.plt	SHT_RELA	SHF_ALLOC

.rela.dyn

This section holds RELA type relocation information for all sections of a shared library except the PLT

.rela.plt

This section holds RELA type relocation information for the PLT section of a shared library or dynamically linked application

9.4 Symbol Table

LSB-conforming applications shall use the Symbol Table as defined in Chapter 2 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

9.5 Relocation

LSB-conforming applications shall use Relocations as defined in Chapter 2 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

9.5.1 Relocation Types

See chapter 2 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

10 Program Loading and Dynamic Linking

10.1 Introduction

LSB-conforming implementations shall support the object file information and system actions that create running programs as specified in the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#) and as supplemented by the the generic LSB and this document. LSB-conforming implementations need not support tags related functionality. LSB-conforming applications must not rely on tags related funtionatliy.

10.2 Program Loading

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

10.3 Dynamic Linking

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

10.3.1 Dynamic Section

The following dynamic entries are defined in the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

DT_JMPREL

This entry is associated with a table of relocation entries for the procedure linkage table. This entry is mandatory both for executable and shared object files

DT_PLTGOT

This entry's `d_ptr` member gives the address of the first byte in the procedure linkage table

10.3.2 Global Offset Table

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

10.3.3 Shared Object Dependencies

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

10.3.4 Function Addresses

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

10.3.5 Procedure Linkage Table

See chapter 3 of the [LINUX for S/390 ELF Application Binary Interface Supplement](#).

III Base Libraries

IECNORM.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO/IEC 23360-7:2006

11 Libraries

An LSB-conforming implementation shall support base libraries which provide interfaces for accessing the operating system, processor and other hardware in the system.

Only those interfaces that are unique to the S390 platform are defined here. This section should be used in conjunction with the corresponding section in the Linux Standard Base Specification.

11.1 Program Interpreter/Dynamic Linker

The Program Interpreter shall be `/lib/ld-lsb-s390.so.3`.

11.2 Interfaces for libc

Table 11-1 defines the library name and shared object name for the libc library

Table 11-1 libc Definition

Library:	libc
SONAME:	libc.so.6

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

[LFS] [Large File Support](#)

[LSB] [ISO/IEC 23360-1](#)

[SUSv2] [SUSv2](#)

[SUSv3] [ISO POSIX \(2003\)](#)

[SVID.3] [SVID Issue 3](#)

[SVID.4] [SVID Issue 4](#)

11.2.1 RPC

11.2.1.1 Interfaces for RPC

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for RPC specified in Table 11-2, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-2 libc - RPC Function Interfaces

<code>authnone_create(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_create(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_pcreateerror(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_pereno(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]
<code>clnt_perror(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_screateerror(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_sperrno(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]	<code>clnt_sperror(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.4]
<code>key_decryptsession(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SVID.3]	<code>pmap_getport(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]	<code>pmap_set(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]	<code>pmap_unset(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]
<code>svc_getreqset(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SVID.3]	<code>svc_register(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]	<code>svc_run(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]	<code>svc_sendreply(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [LSB]

svcerr_auth(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svcerr_decode(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svcerr_noproc(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svcerr_noprog(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
svcerr_progvers(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svcerr_systemerr(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svcerr_weakauth(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	svctcp_create(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
svcdup_create(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	xdr_accepted_reply(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_array(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_bool(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_bytes(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_callhdr(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_callmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_char(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_double(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_enum(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_float(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_free(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_int(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_long(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_opaque(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_opaque_auth(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_pointer(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_reference(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_rejected_reply(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_replymsg(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_short(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_string(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_u_char(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_u_int(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
xdr_u_long(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_u_short(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_union(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_vector(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdr_void(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdr_wrapstring(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdrmem_create(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]	xdrrec_create(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]
xdrrec_eof(GLIBC_2.0) [SVID.3]			

11.2.2 System Calls

11.2.2.1 Interfaces for System Calls

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for System Calls specified in Table 11-3, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-3 libc - System Calls Function Interfaces

__fxstat(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__getpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__lxstat(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__xmknod(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__xstat(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	access(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	acct(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	alarm(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
brk(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	chdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	chmod(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	chown(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
chroot(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	clock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	close(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	closedir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

creat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	dup(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	dup2(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	execl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
execle(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	execlp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	execv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	execve(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
execvp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	exit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fchdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fchmod(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
fchown(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fcntl(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	fdatasync(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	flock(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
fork(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fstatvfs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fsync(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ftime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ftruncate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getcontext(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getegid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	geteuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getgid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getgroups(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getitimer(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getloadavg(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
getpagesize(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	getpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getppid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpriority(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getrlimit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getrusage(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getsid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getwd(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	initgroups(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
ioctl(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	kill(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	killpg(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lchown(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
link(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	lockf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lseek(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mkdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
mkfifo(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mlock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mlockall(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mmap(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
mprotect(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	msync(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	munlock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	munlockall(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
munmap(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nanosleep(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nice(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	open(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
opendir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pathconf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pause(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pipe(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
poll(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	read(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	readdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	readdir_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
readlink(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	readv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rename(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rmdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	sched_get_priority_max(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sched_get_priority_min(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sched_getparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sched_getscheduler(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sched_rr_get_interval(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sched_setparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sched_setscheduler(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sched_yield(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	select(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setcontext(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setegid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

BC_2.0) [SUSv3]) [SUSv3]	C_2.0) [SUSv3]	0) [SUSv3]
seteuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setgid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setitimer(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setpgid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setpriority(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setregid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setreuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setrlimit(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	setrlimit64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	setsid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sleep(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	statvfs(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	stime(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	symlink(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sync(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sysconf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	time(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	times(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
truncate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ulimit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	umask(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	uname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
unlink(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	utime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	utimes(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	vfork(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wait(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wait4(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	waitpid(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	write(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
writew(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]			

11.2.3 Standard I/O

11.2.3.1 Interfaces for Standard I/O

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Standard I/O specified in Table 11-4, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-4 libc - Standard I/O Function Interfaces

_IO_feof(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_IO_getc(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_IO_putc(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_IO_puts(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
asprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	clearerr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ctermid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fclose(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fdopen(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	feof(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ferror(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fflush(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
fflush_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	fgetc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fgetpos(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	fgets(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
fgetwc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	fileno(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	flockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fopen(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fputc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fputs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fread(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
freopen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	fseek(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fseeko(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fsetpos(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ftell(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ftello(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fwrite(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

2) [SUSv3]	[SUSv3]	[SUSv3]) [SUSv3]
getc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getchar(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getchar_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getw(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	pclose(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	popen(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	printf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
putc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	putc_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	putchar(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	putchar_unlocked(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
puts(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	putw(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	remove(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rewind(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
rewinddir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	scanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	seekdir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setbuf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setbuffer(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	setvbuf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	snprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	telldir(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tempnam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ungetc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
vasprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	vdprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	vfprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	vprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
vsnprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	vsprintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]		

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Standard I/O specified in Table 11-5, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-5 libc - Standard I/O Data Interfaces

stderr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	stdin(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	stdout(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	
---------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	--

11.2.4 Signal Handling

11.2.4.1 Interfaces for Signal Handling

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Signal Handling specified in Table 11-6, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-6 libc - Signal Handling Function Interfaces

__libc_current_sigrtmax(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	__libc_current_sigrtmin(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	__sigsetjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__sysv_signal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
bsd_signal(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	psignal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	raise(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigaction(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sigaddset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigaltstack(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigandset(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	sigdelset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sigemptyset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigfillset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sighold(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigignore(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

BC_2.0) [SUSv3]	2.0) [SUSv3]	.1) [SUSv3]	_2.1) [SUSv3]
siginterrupt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigisemptyset(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	sigismember(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	siglongjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
signal(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigorset(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	sigpause(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigpending(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sigprocmask(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigqueue(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sigrelse(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sigreturn(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
sigset(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sigsuspend(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sigtimedwait(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sigwait(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sigwaitinfo(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]			

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Signal Handling specified in Table 11-7, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-7 libc - Signal Handling Data Interfaces

_sys_siglist(GLIBC_2.3.3) [LSB]			
---------------------------------	--	--	--

11.2.5 Localization Functions

11.2.5.1 Interfaces for Localization Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Localization Functions specified in Table 11-8, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-8 libc - Localization Functions Function Interfaces

bind_textdomain_codeset(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	bindtextdomain(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	catclose(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	catgets(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
catopen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	dcgettext(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	dcngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	dgettext(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
dngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	gettext(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	iconv(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	iconv_close(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
iconv_open(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	localeconv(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	ngettext(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	nl_langinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setlocale(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	textdomain(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]		

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Localization Functions specified in Table 11-9, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-9 libc - Localization Functions Data Interfaces

_nl_msg_cat_cntr (GLIBC_2.0)			
------------------------------	--	--	--

[LSB]			
-------	--	--	--

11.2.6 Socket Interface

11.2.6.1 Interfaces for Socket Interface

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Socket Interface specified in Table 11-10, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-10 libc - Socket Interface Function Interfaces

__h_errno_location(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	accept(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	bind(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	bindresvport(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
connect(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gethostid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gethostname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpeername(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getsockname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getsockopt(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	if_freenameindex(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	if_indextoname(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
if_nameindex(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	if_nametoindex(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	listen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	recv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
recvfrom(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	recvmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	send(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sendmsg(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sendto(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setsockopt(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	shutdown(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	socketatmark(GLIBC_2.2.4) [SUSv3]
socket(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	socketpair(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]		

11.2.7 Wide Characters

11.2.7.1 Interfaces for Wide Characters

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Wide Characters specified in Table 11-11, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-11 libc - Wide Characters Function Interfaces

__wcstod_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__wcstof_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__wcstol_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__wcstold_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__wcstoul_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	btowc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fgetwc(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	fgetws(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
fputwc(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	fputws(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	fwide(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	fwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
fwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	getwc(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	getwchar(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	mblen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

mbrlen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mbrtowc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mbsinit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mbsnrtowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
mbsrtowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mbstowcs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mbtowc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	putwc(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
putwchar(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	swprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	swscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	towctrans(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
towlower(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	towupper(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ungetwc(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	vfwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
vfwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	vswprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	vswscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	vwprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
vwscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	wcpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	wcpncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	wcrtomb(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wcscasecmp(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	wcscat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcschr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcscmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wcscoll(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcscpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcscspn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsdup(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
wcsftime(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	wcslen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsncasecmp(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	wcsncat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wcsncmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsnlen(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	wcsnrtombs(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
wcspbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsrchr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsrtombs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcsspn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wcsstr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctod(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctof(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcstoimax(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
wcstok(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctol(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctold(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctoll(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
wcstombs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcstoq(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	wctoul(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctoull(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
wcstoumax(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	wcstouq(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	wcswcs(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	wcswidth(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wcsxfrm(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctob(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctomb(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wctrans(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wctype(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wcwidth(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wmemchr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wmemcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
wmemcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wmemmove(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wmemset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	wprintf(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
wscanf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]			

11.2.8 String Functions

11.2.8.1 Interfaces for String Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for String Functions specified in Table 11-12, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-12 libc - String Functions Function Interfaces

__memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__rawmemchr(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	__stpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strdup(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__strtod_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtof_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtok_r(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtol_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__strtold_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtoll_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtoul_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__strtoull_internal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
bcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	bcopy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	bzero(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ffs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
index(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memchr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
memcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memmove(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memchr(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	memset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
rindex(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	stpcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	stpncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strcasecmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strcasestr(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	strcat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strchr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strcmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strcoll(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strcpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strcspn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strdup(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strerror(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strerror_r(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strfmon(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strftime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strlen(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strncasecmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strncat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strncmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strncpy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strndup(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strnlen(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strpbrk(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strptime(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strrchr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strsep(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strsignal(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
strspn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strstr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtof(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtoimax(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
strtok(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtok_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtold(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtoll(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strtoq(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	strtoull(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtoumax(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	strtouq(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
strxfrm(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	swab(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]		

11.2.9 IPC Functions

11.2.9.1 Interfaces for IPC Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for IPC Functions specified in Table 11-13, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-13 libc - IPC Functions Function Interfaces

ftok(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	msgctl(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	msgget(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	msgrcv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
msgsnd(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	semctl(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	semget(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	semop(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
shmat(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	shmctl(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	shmdt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	shmget(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

11.2.10 Regular Expressions

11.2.10.1 Interfaces for Regular Expressions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Regular Expressions specified in Table 11-14, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-14 libc - Regular Expressions Function Interfaces

regcomp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	regerror(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	regexexec(GLIBC_2.3.4) [LSB]	regfree(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
----------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

11.2.11 Character Type Functions

11.2.11.1 Interfaces for Character Type Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Character Type Functions specified in Table 11-15, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-15 libc - Character Type Functions Function Interfaces

__ctype_get_mb_cur_max(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_tolower(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	_toupper(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isalnum(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
isalpha(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isascii(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isctrl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
isgraph(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	islower(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isprint(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ispunct(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
isspace(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isupper(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswalnum(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswalpha(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
iswblank(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	iswcntrl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswctype(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
iswgraph(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswlower(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswprint(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswpunct(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

iswspace(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswupper(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	iswxdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isxdigit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
toascii(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tolower(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	toupper(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	

11.2.12 Time Manipulation

11.2.12.1 Interfaces for Time Manipulation

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Time Manipulation specified in Table 11-16, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-16 libc - Time Manipulation Function Interfaces

adjtime(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	asctime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	asctime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ctime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ctime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	difftime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gmtime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gmtime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
localtime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	localtime_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mktime(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tzset(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ualarm(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]			

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Time Manipulation specified in Table 11-17, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-17 libc - Time Manipulation Data Interfaces

__daylight(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__timezone(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__tzname(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	daylight(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
timezone(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tzname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]		

11.2.13 Terminal Interface Functions

11.2.13.1 Interfaces for Terminal Interface Functions

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Terminal Interface Functions specified in Table 11-18, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-18 libc - Terminal Interface Functions Function Interfaces

cfgetispeed(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cfgetospeed(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cfmakeraw(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	cfsetispeed(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
cfsetospeed(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cfsetspeed(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	tcdrain(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcflow(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
tcflush(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcgetattr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcgetpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcgetsid(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
tcsendbreak(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcsetattr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tcsetpgrp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	

BC_2.0) [SUSv3]	2.0) [SUSv3]	_2.0) [SUSv3]	
-----------------	--------------	---------------	--

11.2.14 System Database Interface

11.2.14.1 Interfaces for System Database Interface

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for System Database Interface specified in Table 11-19, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-19 libc - System Database Interface Function Interfaces

endgrent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	endprotoent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	endpwent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	endservent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
endutent(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	endutxent(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	getgrent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getgrgid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getgrgid_r(GLIBC_2.1.2) [SUSv3]	getgrnam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getgrnam_r(GLIBC_2.1.2) [SUSv3]	getgrouplist(GLIBC_2.2.4) [LSB]
gethostbyaddr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gethostbyname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getprotobyname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getprotobynumber(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getprotoent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpwent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpwnam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpwnam_r(GLIBC_2.1.2) [SUSv3]
getpwuid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getpwuid_r(GLIBC_2.1.2) [SUSv3]	getservbyname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getservbyport(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getservent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getutent(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	getutent_r(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	getutxent(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
getutxid(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	getutxline(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pututxline(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	setgrent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setgroups(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	setprotoent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setpwent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setservent(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
setutent(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	setutxent(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	utmpname(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	

11.2.15 Language Support

11.2.15.1 Interfaces for Language Support

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Language Support specified in Table 11-20, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-20 libc - Language Support Function Interfaces

__libc_start_main(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]			
------------------------------------	--	--	--

11.2.16 Large File Support

11.2.16.1 Interfaces for Large File Support

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Large File Support specified in Table 11-21, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-21 libc - Large File Support Function Interfaces

__fxstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	__lxstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	__xstat64(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	creat64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]
fgetpos64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	fopen64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	freopen64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	fseeko64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]
fsetpos64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	fstatvfs64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	ftello64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	ftruncate64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]
ftw64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	getrlimit64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	lockf64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	mkstemp64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]
mmap64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	nftw64(GLIBC_2.3) [LFS]	readdir64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	statvfs64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]
tmpfile64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]	truncate64(GLIBC_2.1) [LFS]		

11.2.17 Standard Library

11.2.17.1 Interfaces for Standard Library

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Standard Library specified in Table 11-22, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-22 libc - Standard Library Function Interfaces

_Exit(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	__assert_fail(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__cxa_atexit(GLIBC_2.1.3) [LSB]	__errno_location(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__fpending(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	__getpagesize(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__isinf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__isinf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__isnandl(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__isnan(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__isnanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	__isnanl(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
__sysconf(GLIBC_2.2) [LSB]	_exit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	_longjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	_setjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
a64l(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	abort(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	abs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	atof(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
atoi(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	atol(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	atoll(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	basename(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
bsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	calloc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	closelog(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	confstr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
cuserid(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	daemon(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	dirname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	div(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

drand48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ecvt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	erand48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	err(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
error(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	errx(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	fcvt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fmtmsg(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fnmatch(GLIBC_2.2.3) [SUSv3]	fpathconf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	free(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	freeaddrinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ftrylockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ftw(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	funlockfile(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gai_strerror(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
gcvt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getaddrinfo(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getcwd(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getdate(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
getenv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getlogin(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getlogin_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	getnameinfo(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
getopt(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	getopt_long(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	getopt_long_only(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	getsubopt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
gettimeofday(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	glob(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	glob64(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	globfree(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
globfree64(GLIBC_2.1) [LSB]	grantpt(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	hcreate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	hdestroy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
hsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	htonl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	htons(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	imaxabs(GLIBC_2.1.1) [SUSv3]
imaxdiv(GLIBC_2.1.1) [SUSv3]	inet_addr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	inet_ntoa(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	inet_ntop(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
inet_pton(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	initstate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	insque(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	isatty(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
isblank(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	jrand48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	l64a(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	labs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
lcong48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ldiv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lfind(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	llabs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
lldiv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	longjmp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lrand48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
makecontext(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	malloc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	memmem(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	mkstemp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
mktemp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	mrnd48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nftw(GLIBC_2.3) [SUSv3]	nrnd48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ntohl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ntohs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	openlog(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	perror(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
posix_memalign(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	posix_openpt(GLIBC_2.2.1) [SUSv3]	ptsname(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	putenv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
qsort(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rand(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rand_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	random(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
realloc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	realpath(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	remque(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	seed48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

0) [SUSv3]	2.3) [SUSv3]	.0) [SUSv3]	0) [SUSv3]
setenv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sethostname(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	setlogmask(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	setstate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
srand(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	srand48(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	srandom(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtod(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
strtol(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	strtoul(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	swapcontext(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	syslog(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
system(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	tdelete(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tfind(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tmpfile(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
tmpnam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tsearch(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ttyname(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ttyname_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
twalk(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	unlockpt(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	unsetenv(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	usleep(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
verrx(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	vfscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	vscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	vsscanf(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]
vsyslog(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	warn(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	warnx(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	wordexp(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
wordfree(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]			

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Standard Library specified in Table 11-23, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-23 libc - Standard Library Data Interfaces

__environ(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_environ(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_sys_errlist(GLIBC_2.3) [LSB]	environ(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
getdate_err(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	optarg(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	opterr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	optind(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
optopt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]			

11.3 Data Definitions for libc

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libc. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content. Where an interface is defined as requiring a particular system header file all of the data definitions for that system header file presented here shall be in effect.

This section gives data definitions to promote binary application portability, not to repeat source interface definitions available elsewhere. System providers and application developers should use this ABI to supplement - not to replace - source interface definition specifications.

This specification uses the [ISO C \(1999\)](#) C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language

description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

11.3.1 ctype.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.2 dirent.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.3 errno.h

```
#define EDEADLOCK      EDEADLK
```

11.3.4 fcntl.h

```
#define F_GETLK64      12
#define F_SETLK64      13
#define F_SETLKW64     14
```

11.3.5 fnmatch.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.6 ftw.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.7 getopt.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.8 glob.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.9 iconv.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.10 inttypes.h

```

typedef unsigned long long int uint64_t;
typedef long long int intmax_t;
typedef unsigned long long int uintmax_t;
typedef unsigned int uintptr_t;

```

11.3.11 langinfo.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.12 limits.h

```

#define ULONG_MAX      0xFFFFFFFFFUL
#define LONG_MAX       2147483647

#define CHAR_MIN       0
#define CHAR_MAX       255

#define PTHREAD_STACK_MIN 16384

```

11.3.13 locale.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.14 net/if.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.15 netdb.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.16 netinet/in.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral

```

```
* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/
```

11.3.17 netinet/ip.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.18 netinet/tcp.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.19 netinet/udp.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.20 nl_types.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.21 pwd.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.22 regex.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.23 rpc/auth.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.24 rpc/clnt.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
```

```
* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/
```

11.3.25 rpc/rpc_msg.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.26 rpc/svc.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.27 rpc/types.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.28 rpc/xdr.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.29 sched.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.30 search.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.3.31 setjmp.h

```
typedef int __jmp_buf[14];
```

11.3.32 signal.h

```
#define __NUM_ACRS 16
#define __NUM_FPRS 16
#define __NUM_GPRS 16
```

```
typedef struct {
```

```

        unsigned long int mask;
        unsigned long int addr;
    } __attribute__ ((aligned(8)))
    _psw_t;
typedef struct {
    _psw_t psw;
    unsigned long int gprs[__NUM_GPRS];
    unsigned int acrs[__NUM_ACRS];
} _s390_regs_common;

#define SIGEV_PAD_SIZE ((SIGEV_MAX_SIZE/sizeof(int))-3)

#define SI_PAD_SIZE ((SI_MAX_SIZE/sizeof(int))-3)

struct sigaction {
    union {
        sighandler_t _sa_handler;
        void (*_sa_sigaction) (int, siginfo_t *, void *);
    } __sigaction_handler;
    sigset_t sa_mask;
    unsigned long int sa_flags;
    void (*sa_restorer) (void);
};

#define MINSIGSTKSZ 2048
#define SIGSTKSZ 8192

typedef struct {
    unsigned int fpc;
    double fprs[__NUM_FPRS];
} _s390_fp_regs;
typedef struct {
    _s390_regs_common regs;
    _s390_fp_regs fpregs;
} _sigregs;

struct sigcontext {
    unsigned long int oldmask[2];
    _sigregs *sregs;
};

```

11.3.33 stddef.h

```

typedef unsigned long int size_t;
typedef int ptrdiff_t;

```

11.3.34 stdio.h

```

#define __IO_FILE_SIZE 152

```

11.3.35 stdlib.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.36 sys/file.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral

```

```

* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/

```

11.3.37 sys/ioctl.h

```

#define TIOCGWINSZ      0x5413
#define FIONREAD        0x541B
#define TIOCNOTTY      21538

```

11.3.38 sys/ipc.h

```

struct ipc_perm {
    key_t __key;
    uid_t uid;
    gid_t gid;
    uid_t cuid;
    uid_t cgid;
    unsigned short mode;
    unsigned short __pad1;
    unsigned short __seq;
    unsigned short __pad2;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
};

```

11.3.39 sys/mman.h

```

#define MCL_CURRENT      1
#define MCL_FUTURE      2

```

11.3.40 sys/msg.h

```

typedef unsigned long int msglen_t;
typedef unsigned long int msgqnum_t;

```

```

struct msqid_ds {
    struct ipc_perm msg_perm;
    time_t msg_stime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t msg_rtime;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
    time_t msg_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    unsigned long int __msg_cbytes;
    msgqnum_t msg_qnum;
    msglen_t msg_qbytes;
    pid_t msg_lspid;
    pid_t msg_lrpid;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
};

```

11.3.41 sys/param.h

```

/*
* This header is architecture neutral
* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/

```

11.3.42 sys/poll.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.43 sys/resource.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.44 sys/sem.h

```

struct semid_ds {
    struct ipc_perm sem_perm;
    time_t sem_otime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t sem_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
    unsigned long int sem_nsems;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
};

```

11.3.45 sys/shm.h

```

#define SHMLBA (__getpagesize())

typedef unsigned long int shmatt_t;

struct shmid_ds {
    struct ipc_perm shm_perm;
    size_t shm_segsz;
    time_t shm_atime;
    unsigned long int __unused1;
    time_t shm_dtime;
    unsigned long int __unused2;
    time_t shm_ctime;
    unsigned long int __unused3;
    pid_t shm_cpid;
    pid_t shm_lpid;
    shmatt_t shm_nattch;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
};

```

11.3.46 sys/socket.h

```

typedef uint32_t __ss_aligntype;

#define SO_RCVLOWAT 18
#define SO_SNDLOWAT 19
#define SO_RCVTIMEO 20
#define SO_SNDTIMEO 21

```

11.3.47 sys/stat.h

```

#define _STAT_VER      3

struct stat {
    dev_t st_dev;
    unsigned int __pad1;
    ino_t st_ino;
    mode_t st_mode;
    nlink_t st_nlink;
    uid_t st_uid;
    gid_t st_gid;
    dev_t st_rdev;
    unsigned int __pad2;
    off_t st_size;
    blksize_t st_blksize;
    blkcnt_t st_blocks;
    struct timespec st_atim;
    struct timespec st_mtim;
    struct timespec st_ctim;
    unsigned long int __unused4;
    unsigned long int __unused5;
};

struct stat64 {
    dev_t st_dev;
    int __pad1;
    ino_t __st_ino;
    mode_t st_mode;
    nlink_t st_nlink;
    uid_t st_uid;
    gid_t st_gid;
    dev_t st_rdev;
    int __pad2;
    off64_t st_size;
    blksize_t st_blksize;
    blkcnt64_t st_blocks;
    struct timespec st_atim;
    struct timespec st_mtim;
    struct timespec st_ctim;
    ino64_t st_ino;
};

```

11.3.48 sys/statvfs.h

```

struct statvfs {
    unsigned long int f_bsize;
    unsigned long int f_frsize;
    fsblkcnt_t f_blocks;
    fsblkcnt_t f_bfree;
    fsblkcnt_t f_bavail;
    fsfilcnt_t f_files;
    fsfilcnt_t f_ffree;
    fsfilcnt_t f_favail;
    unsigned long int f_fsid;
    int __f_unused;
    unsigned long int f_flag;
    unsigned long int f_namemax;
    int __f_spare[6];
};

struct statvfs64 {
    unsigned long int f_bsize;
    unsigned long int f_frsize;
    fsblkcnt64_t f_blocks;
    fsblkcnt64_t f_bfree;

```

```

    fsblkcnt64_t f_bavail;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_files;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_ffree;
    fsfilcnt64_t f_favail;
    unsigned long int f_fsid;
    int __f_unused;
    unsigned long int f_flag;
    unsigned long int f_namemax;
    int __f_spare[6];
};

```

11.3.49 sys/time.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.50 sys/timeb.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.51 sys/times.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.52 sys/types.h

```

typedef long long int int64_t;

typedef int32_t ssize_t;

#define __FDSET_LONGS 32

```

11.3.53 sys/un.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.54 sys/utsname.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.55 sys/wait.h

```

/*

```

```

* This header is architecture neutral
* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/

```

11.3.56 syslog.h

```

/*
* This header is architecture neutral
* Please refer to the generic specification for details
*/

```

11.3.57 termios.h

```

#define OLCUC      0000002
#define ONLCR     0000004
#define XCASE     0000004
#define NLDLY     0000400
#define CR1       0001000
#define IUCLC     0001000
#define CR2       0002000
#define CR3       0003000
#define CRDLY     0003000
#define TAB1      0004000
#define TAB2      0010000
#define TAB3      0014000
#define TABDLY    0014000
#define BS1       0020000
#define BSDLY     0020000
#define VT1       0040000
#define VTDLY     0040000
#define FF1       0100000
#define FFDLY     0100000

#define VSUSP     10
#define VEOL      11
#define VREPRINT  12
#define VDISCARD  13
#define VWERASE   14
#define VEOL2     16
#define VMIN      6
#define VSWTC     7
#define VSTART    8
#define VSTOP     9

#define IXON      0002000
#define IXOFF     0010000

#define CS6       0000020
#define CS7       0000040
#define CS8       0000060
#define CSIZE     0000060
#define CSTOPB    0000100
#define CREAD     0000200
#define PARENB    0000400
#define PARODD    0001000
#define HUPCL     0002000
#define CLOCAL    0004000
#define VTIME     5

#define ISIG      0000001
#define ICANON    0000002
#define ECHOE     0000020
#define ECHOK     0000040
#define ECHONL    0000100

```

```

#define NOFLSH 0000200
#define TOSTOP 0000400
#define ECHOCTL 0001000
#define ECHOPRT 0002000
#define ECHOKE 0004000
#define FLUSHO 0010000
#define PENDIN 0040000
#define IEXTEN 0100000

```

11.3.58 ucontext.h

```

#define NGREG 36

typedef union {
    double d;
    float f;
} fpreg_t;

typedef struct {
    unsigned int fpc;
    fpreg_t fprs[16];
} fpregset_t;

typedef struct {
    _psw_t psw;
    unsigned long int gregs[16];
    unsigned int aregs[16];
    fpregset_t fpregs;
} mcontext_t;

typedef struct ucontext {
    unsigned long int uc_flags;
    struct ucontext *uc_link;
    stack_t uc_stack;
    mcontext_t uc_mcontext;
    sigset_t uc_sigmask;
} ucontext_t;

```

11.3.59 ulimit.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.60 unistd.h

```

typedef int intptr_t;

```

11.3.61 utime.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.62 utmp.h

```

struct lastlog {
    time_t ll_time;

```

```

    char ll_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ll_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
};

struct utmp {
    short ut_type;
    pid_t ut_pid;
    char ut_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ut_id[4];
    char ut_user[UT_NAMESIZE];
    char ut_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
    struct exit_status ut_exit;
    long int ut_session;
    struct timeval ut_tv;
    int32_t ut_addr_v6[4];
    char __unused[20];
};

```

11.3.63 utmpx.h

```

struct utmpx {
    short ut_type;
    pid_t ut_pid;
    char ut_line[UT_LINESIZE];
    char ut_id[4];
    char ut_user[UT_NAMESIZE];
    char ut_host[UT_HOSTSIZE];
    struct exit_status ut_exit;
    long int ut_session;
    struct timeval ut_tv;
    int32_t ut_addr_v6[4];
    char __unused[20];
};

```

11.3.64 wctype.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.3.65 wordexp.h

```

/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */

```

11.4 Interfaces for libm

Table 11-24 defines the library name and shared object name for the libm library

Table 11-24 libm Definition

Library:	libm
SONAME:	libm.so.6

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

[ISOC99] [ISO C \(1999\)](#)
 [LSB] [ISO/IEC 23360-1](#)
 [SUSv2] [SUSv2](#)
 [SUSv3] [ISO POSIX \(2003\)](#)
 [SVID.3] [SVID Issue 3](#)

11.4.1 Math

11.4.1.1 Interfaces for Math

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Math specified in Table 11-25, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-25 libm - Math Function Interfaces

<code>__finite(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [ISOC99]	<code>__finitef(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [ISOC99]	<code>__finitel(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [ISOC99]	<code>__fpclassify(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [LSB]
<code>__fpclassifyf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [LSB]	<code>acos(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>acosf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>acosh(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>acoshf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>acoshl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>acosl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>asin(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>asinf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>asinh(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>asinhf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>asinhf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>asinl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atan(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atan2(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atan2f(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>atan2l(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atanf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atanh(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atanhf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>atanhl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>atanl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cabs(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cabsf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>cabsl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cacos(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cacosf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cacosh(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>cacoshf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cacoshl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cacosl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>carg(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>cargf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cargl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>casin(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>casinf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>casinh(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>casinhf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>casinhf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>casinhf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>catan(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>catanf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>catanh(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>catanhf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>catanhl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>catanl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cbrt(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>cbrtf(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>cbrtl(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ccos(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ccosf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ccosh(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>ccoshf(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ccoshl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ccosl(GLIBC_2.1)</code> [SUSv3]	<code>ceil(GLIBC_2.0)</code> [SUSv3]
<code>ceilf(GLIBC_2.0)</code>	<code>ceil(GLIBC_2.0)</code>	<code>cexp(GLIBC_2.1)</code>	<code>cexpf(GLIBC_2.1)</code>

[SUSv3]	[SUSv3]	[SUSv3]) [SUSv3]
cexpl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cimag(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cimagf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cimagl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
clog(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	clog10(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	clog10f(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	clog10l(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]
clogf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	clogl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	conj(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	conjf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
conjl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	copysign(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	copysignf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	copysignl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
cos(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cosf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cosh(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	coshf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
coshl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cosl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	cpow(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cpowf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
cpowl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cproj(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cprojf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	cprojl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
creal(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	crealf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	creall(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csin(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
csinf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csinh(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csinhf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csinhl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
csinl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csqrt(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csqrtf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	csqrtl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
ctan(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	ctanf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	ctanh(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	ctanhf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
ctanhl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	ctanl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	dremf(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	dreml(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]
erf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	erfc(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	erfcf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	erfcl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
erff(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	erfl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	exp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	exp2(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
exp2f(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	expf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	expl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	expm1(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
expm1f(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	expm1l(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fabs(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fabsf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
fabsl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fdim(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fdimf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fdiml(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
feclearexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fegetenv(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fegetexceptflag(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fegetround(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
feholdexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	feraiseexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fesetenv(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fesetexceptflag(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fesetround(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fetestexcept(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	feupdateenv(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	finite(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]

finitf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	finitel(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	floor(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	floorf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
floorl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fma(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmaf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmal(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fmax(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmaxf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmaxl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmin(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
fminf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fminl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	fmod(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	fmodf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
fmodl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	frexp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	frexpf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	frexpl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
gamma(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv2]	gammaf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	gammal(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	hypot(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
hypotf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	hypotl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ilogb(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ilogbf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ilogbl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	j0(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	j0f(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	j0l(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
j1(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	j1f(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	j1l(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	jn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
jnf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	jnl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ldexp(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ldexpf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
ldexpl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lgamma(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lgamma_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lgammaf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
lgammaf_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lgammal(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	lgammal_r(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	llrint(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
llrintf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	llrintl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	llround(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	llroundf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
llroundl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	log(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	log10(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	log10f(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
log10l(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	log1p(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	log1pf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	log1pl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
log2(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	log2f(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	log2l(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	logb(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
logbf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	logbl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	logf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	logl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
lrint(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	lrintf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	lrintl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	lround(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
lroundf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	lroundl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	matherr(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	modf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
modff(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	modfl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nan(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	nanf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
nanl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	nearbyint(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	nearbyintf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	nearbyintl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]

nextafter(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nextafterf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nextafterl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	nexttoward(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
nexttowardf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	nexttowardl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pow(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pow10(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]
pow10f(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	pow10l(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	powf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	powl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
remainder(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	remainderf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	remainderl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	remquo(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
remquof(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	remquol(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	rint(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	rintf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
rintl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	round(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	roundf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	roundl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
scalb(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	scalbf(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	scalbl(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	scalbln(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
scalblnf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	scalblnl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	scalbn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	scalbnf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
scalbnl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	significand(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	significandf(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	significandl(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]
sin(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sincos(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	sincosf(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]	sincosl(GLIBC_2.1) [ISOC99]
sinf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sinh(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sinhf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sinhl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sinl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sqrt(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sqrtf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	sqrtl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
tan(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tanf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tanh(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tanhf(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
tanh(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tanl(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	tgamma(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	tgammaf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
tgamma(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	trunc(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	truncf(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	truncl(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
y0(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	y0f(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	y0l(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	y1(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
y1f(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	y1l(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]	yn(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	ynf(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]
ynl(GLIBC_2.0) [ISOC99]			

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific data interfaces for Math specified in Table 11-26, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-26 libm - Math Data Interfaces

signgam(GLIBC_			
----------------	--	--	--

11.5 Data Definitions for libm

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libm. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content. Where an interface is defined as requiring a particular system header file all of the data definitions for that system header file presented here shall be in effect.

This section gives data definitions to promote binary application portability, not to repeat source interface definitions available elsewhere. System providers and application developers should use this ABI to supplement - not to replace - source interface definition specifications.

This specification uses the [ISO C \(1999\)](#) C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language description of these data objects does not preclude their use by other programming languages.

11.5.1 complex.h

```
/*
 * This header is architecture neutral
 * Please refer to the generic specification for details
 */
```

11.5.2 fenv.h

```
#define FE_INEXACT      0x08
#define FE_UNDERFLOW   0x10
#define FE_OVERFLOW    0x20
#define FE_DIVBYZERO   0x40
#define FE_INVALID     0x80

#define FE_ALL_EXCEPT \
    (FE_INEXACT | FE_DIVBYZERO | FE_UNDERFLOW | FE_OVERFLOW |
FE_INVALID)

#define FE_TONEAREST    0
#define FE_TOWARDZERO  0x1
#define FE_UPWARD      0x2
#define FE_DOWNWARD    0x3

typedef unsigned int fexcept_t;

typedef struct {
    fexcept_t fpc;
    void *ieee_instruction_pointer;
} fenv_t;

#define FE_DFL_ENV      ((__const fenv_t *) -1)
```

11.5.3 math.h

```
#define fpclassify(x) \
```

```

        (sizeof (x) == sizeof (float) ? __fpclassifyf (x) :
__fpclassify (x) )
#define signbit(x) \
        (sizeof (x) == sizeof (float)? __signbitf (x): __signbit (x))

#define FP_ILOGB0      -2147483647
#define FP_ILOGBNAN   2147483647

```

11.6 Interfaces for libpthread

Table 11-27 defines the library name and shared object name for the libpthread library

Table 11-27 libpthread Definition

Library:	libpthread
SONAME:	libpthread.so.0

The behavior of the interfaces in this library is specified by the following specifications:

[LFS] [Large File Support](#)

[LSB] [ISO/IEC 23360-1](#)

[SUSv3] [ISO POSIX \(2003\)](#)

11.6.1 Realtime Threads

11.6.1.1 Interfaces for Realtime Threads

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Realtime Threads specified in Table 11-28, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-28 libpthread - Realtime Threads Function Interfaces

pthread_attr_getinheritsched(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_getschedpolicy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_getscope(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_setinheritsched(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_attr_setschedpolicy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_setscope(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_getschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_setschedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

11.6.2 Advanced Realtime Threads

11.6.2.1 Interfaces for Advanced Realtime Threads

No external functions are defined for libpthread - Advanced Realtime Threads in this part of the specification. See also the generic specification, ISO/IEC 23360-1.

11.6.3 Posix Threads

11.6.3.1 Interfaces for Posix Threads

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Posix Threads specified in Table 11-29, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-29 libpthread - Posix Threads Function Interfaces

_pthread_cleanu p_pop(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	_pthread_cleanu p_push(GLIBC_2.0) [LSB]	pthread_attr_des troy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_get detachstate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_attr_get guardsize(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_get schedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_get stack(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_get stackaddr(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
pthread_attr_get stacksize(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_init (GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_set detachstate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_set guardsize(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
pthread_attr_sets chedparam(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_sets tackaddr(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_attr_sets tacksize(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_cancel(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_cond_br oadcast(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_cond_de stroy(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_cond_in it(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_cond_si gnal(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]
pthread_cond_ti medwait(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_cond_w ait(GLIBC_2.3.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_condattr _destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_condattr _getpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
pthread_condattr _init(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_condattr _setpshared(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_create(G LIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_detach(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_equal(G LIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_exit(GLI BC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_getconc urrency(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_getspeci fic(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_join(GLI BC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_key_cre ate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_key_del ete(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_kill(GLI BC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_mutex_ destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutex_i nit(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutex_l ock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutex_t rylock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_mutex_ unlock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutexat tr_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutexat tr_getpshared(G LIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutexat tr_gettype(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
pthread_mutexat tr_init(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutexat tr_setpshared(G LIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_mutexat tr_settype(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_once(GL IBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_rwlock_ destroy(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ init(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ rdlock(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ timedrdlock(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]
pthread_rwlock_ timedwrlock(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ tryrdlock(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ trywrlock(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlock_ unlock(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
pthread_rwlock_ wrlock(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlockat tr_destroy(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlockat tr_getpshared(G LIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pthread_rwlockat tr_init(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]

1) [SUSv3]	C_2.1) [SUSv3]	LIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	1) [SUSv3]
pthread_rwlockattr_setpshared(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_self(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_setcancelstate(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_setcanceltype(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
pthread_setconcurrency(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	pthread_setspecific(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_sigmask(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]	pthread_testcancel(GLIBC_2.0) [SUSv3]
sem_close(GLIBC_2.1.1) [SUSv3]	sem_destroy(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sem_getvalue(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sem_init(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
sem_open(GLIBC_2.1.1) [SUSv3]	sem_post(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]	sem_timedwait(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	sem_trywait(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]
sem_unlink(GLIBC_2.1.1) [SUSv3]	sem_wait(GLIBC_2.1) [SUSv3]		

11.6.4 Thread aware versions of libc interfaces

11.6.4.1 Interfaces for Thread aware versions of libc interfaces

An LSB conforming implementation shall provide the architecture specific functions for Thread aware versions of libc interfaces specified in Table 11-30, with the full mandatory functionality as described in the referenced underlying specification.

Table 11-30 libpthread - Thread aware versions of libc interfaces Function Interfaces

lseek64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	open64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]	pread(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pread64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]
pwrite(GLIBC_2.2) [SUSv3]	pwrite64(GLIBC_2.2) [LFS]		

11.7 Data Definitions for libpthread

This section defines global identifiers and their values that are associated with interfaces contained in libpthread. These definitions are organized into groups that correspond to system headers. This convention is used as a convenience for the reader, and does not imply the existence of these headers, or their content. Where an interface is defined as requiring a particular system header file all of the data definitions for that system header file presented here shall be in effect.

This section gives data definitions to promote binary application portability, not to repeat source interface definitions available elsewhere. System providers and application developers should use this ABI to supplement - not to replace - source interface definition specifications.

This specification uses the [ISO C \(1999\)](#) C Language as the reference programming language, and data definitions are specified in ISO C format. The C language is used here as a convenient notation. Using a C language