

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

IEC
61158-6

First edition
1999-03

**Digital data communications for
measurement and control —
Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems**

**Part 6:
Application Layer protocol specification**

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Reference number
IEC 61158-6:1999(E)

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

IEC 61158-6

First edition
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Digital data communications for measurement and control — Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems

Part 6: Application Layer protocol specification

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International Electrotechnical Commission
Международная Электротехническая Комиссия

PRICE CODE **XH**

For price, see current catalogue

Contents

	Page
FOREWORD	10
INTRODUCTION	12
1 Scope	13
2 Normative references	14
3 Definitions	15
3.1 Definitions from other ISO/IEC Standards	15
3.1.1 Definitions from ISO/IEC 7498-1	15
3.1.2 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8822	15
3.1.3 Definitions from ISO/IEC 9545	15
3.1.4 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8824	15
3.1.5 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8825	15
3.2 Definitions from IEC 61158-5	16
3.3 Other definitions	16
3.3.1 called	16
3.3.2 calling	16
3.3.3 interoperability	16
3.3.4 management information	16
3.3.5 receiving	16
3.3.6 resource	16
3.3.7 sending	16
3.4 Abbreviations and symbols	16
3.5 Conventions	17
3.5.1 General Conventions	17
3.5.2 Conventions for Class Definitions	17
3.5.3 Abstract Syntax Conventions	17
3.6 Conventions used in State Machines	17
4 FAL Syntax Description	19
4.1 FAL-AR PDU Abstract Syntax 1	19
4.1.1 Confirmed Send Service	19
4.1.2 Unconfirmed Send Service	19
4.1.3 Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send Service	19
4.1.4 Idle Send Service	20
4.1.5 AR-XON-OFF Send Service	20
4.1.6 Establish Service	20
4.2 FAL-AR PDU Abstract Syntax 2	20
4.2.1 Confirmed Send Service	21
4.2.2 Unconfirmed Send Service	21
4.2.3 Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send Service	21
4.2.4 Idle Send Service	21
4.2.5 AR-XON-OFF Send Service	21
4.2.6 Establish Service	22
4.2.7 MaxOSCC	22
4.2.8 MaxOSCS	22
4.2.9 MaxUCSC	22
4.2.10 MaxUCSS	22
4.2.11 XON_OFF	22
4.2.12 CIU	22

Clause	Page
4.3 Abstract Syntax of PDUBody	23
4.3.1 Abort Service	23
4.3.2 InvokeID	23
4.3.3 ConfirmedServiceRequest	23
4.3.4 ConfirmedServiceResponse	24
4.3.5 ConfirmedServiceError	25
4.3.6 Error Type	25
4.3.7 Error Class	26
4.3.8 Unconfirmed PDUs	27
4.3.9 Management ASE	27
4.3.9.1 Begin Set Attributes Service	27
4.3.9.2 Create Service	27
4.3.9.3 Delete Service	27
4.3.9.4 End Set Attributes Service	28
4.3.9.5 Get Attributes List Service	28
4.3.9.6 Set Attributes Service	28
4.3.10 Application Process ASE	29
4.3.10.1 Get Status Service	29
4.3.10.2 Identify Service	29
4.3.10.3 Initiate Service	29
4.3.10.4 Status Notification Service	30
4.3.10.5 Subscribe Service	30
4.3.10.6 Reject Service	30
4.3.10.7 Conclude Service	30
4.3.11 Load Region ASE	30
4.3.11.1 Discard Service	30
4.3.11.2 Initiate Load Service	31
4.3.11.3 Pull Segment Service	31
4.3.11.4 Push Segment Service	32
4.3.11.5 Terminate Load Service	32
4.3.12 Function Invocation ASE	32
4.3.12.1 ActionInvoke Service	32
4.3.12.2 ActionReturn Service	32
4.3.12.3 Kill Service	32
4.3.12.4 Reset Service	33
4.3.12.5 Resume Service	33
4.3.12.6 Start Service	33
4.3.12.7 Stop Service	33
4.3.13 Variable Access ASE	33
4.3.13.1 Exchange Service	33
4.3.13.2 Exchange List Service	33
4.3.13.3 Information Report Service	34
4.3.13.4 Information Report with Type Service	34
4.3.13.5 Information List Report Service	34
4.3.13.6 Read Service	34
4.3.13.7 Read List Service	35
4.3.13.8 Write List Service	36
4.3.14 Event Management ASE	36
4.3.14.1 Confirmed Acknowledge Event service	36
4.3.14.2 EnableEvent Service	36
4.3.14.3 EnableEventList Service	37
4.3.14.4 Event Notification Service	37
4.3.14.5 Event Notification with Type Service	37
4.3.14.6 Get Event Summary Service	37
4.3.14.7 Get Event Summary List Service	38
4.3.14.8 Notification Recovery Service	38
4.3.14.9 Confirmed Acknowledge Event List Service	38
4.3.14.10 Query Event Summary List Service	39

Clause	Page
4.3.15 Type Definitions	39
4.3.15.1 AP ASE Types	39
4.3.15.2 AR ASE Types	39
4.3.15.3 Data Link Layer Types	40
4.3.15.4 Data Type ASE Types	40
4.3.15.5 Event ASE Types	40
4.3.15.6 Function Invocation ASE Types	42
4.3.15.7 General Types	43
4.3.15.8 Load Region ASE Types	47
4.3.15.9 Management ASE Types	48
4.3.15.10 Variable ASE Types	58
4.4 Data Types	58
4.4.1 Notation for the Boolean Type	58
4.4.2 Notation for the Integer Type	59
4.4.3 Notation for the Unsigned Type	59
4.4.4 Notation for the Floating Point Type	59
4.4.5 Notation for the BitString Type	59
4.4.6 Notation for the OctetString Type	59
4.4.7 Notation for VisibleString Type	59
4.4.8 Notation for the UNICODEString Type	59
4.4.9 Notation for the FieldbusTime Type	59
4.4.10 Notation for the Universal Time Type	59
4.4.11 Notation for Binary Time Type	59
4.4.12 Notation for BCD Type	59
4.4.13 Notation for Compact Boolean Array Type	60
4.4.14 Notation for Compact BCD Array Type	60
4.4.15 Notation for Date Type	60
4.4.16 Notation for TimeOfDay Type	60
4.4.17 Notation for TimeDifference Type	60
4.4.18 Notation for TimeValue Type	60
5 FAL Protocol State Machine	61
5.1 AP Context State Machine	62
5.1.1 Primitive Definitions	62
5.1.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between FAL-User and AP-Context	62
5.1.2 State Machine Description	62
5.1.3 AP-AP Context Initiation State Transitions	63
5.1.4 Functions	75
5.2 FAL Service Protocol Machine (FSPM)	78
5.2.1 Primitive Definitions	78
5.2.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between AP_Context and FSPM	78
5.2.1.2 Parameters of AP_Context /FSPM Primitives	79
5.2.2 FSPM State Tables	80
5.2.2.1 Functions	84
5.3 DLL Mapping Protocol Machine (DMPM)	85
5.3.1 Primitive Definitions	85
5.3.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between DMPM and ARPM	85
5.3.1.2 Parameters of ARPM/DMPM Primitives	86
5.3.1.3 Primitives Exchanged between Data Link Layer and DMPM	88
5.3.1.4 Parameters of DMPM/Data Link Layer Primitives	89
5.3.2 DMPM State Machine	90
5.3.2.1 DMPM States	90
5.3.2.2 DMPM State Table	90
5.3.2.3 Functions used by DMPM	98

Annex A (normative) FAL Header	100
A.1 Introduction	100
Annex B (normative) Reason Codes	102
B.1 Introduction	102
Annex C (normative) Data Link Layer Service Selection.....	103
C.1 Introduction	103
C.1.1 DL-Connect	103
C.1.2 DL-Connection-Established	103
C.1.3 DL-Disconnect	103
C.1.4 DL-Unitdata.....	103
C.1.5 DL-Data	103
C.1.6 DL-Put.....	103
C.1.7 DL-Get	103
C.1.8 DL-Buffer-Received	103
C.1.9 DL-Buffer-Sent.....	103
C.1.10 DL-Compel-Data.....	103
Annex D (normative) Compact Encoding Rule (CER).....	104
D.1 Compact Encoding Rule (CER)	104
D.1.1 Introduction.....	104
D.1.2 APDU Header Encoding	104
D.1.2.1 APDU Header Encoding	104
D.1.2.2 Encoding of Type Field.....	104
D.1.2.3 Encoding of InvokeID Field.....	105
D.1.2.4 APDU Body Encoding.....	105
D.1.3 Data Type Encoding Rules (Base Encoding)	107
D.1.3.1 Encoding of a NULL Value	107
D.1.3.2 Encoding of a Boolean Value	107
D.1.3.3 Encoding of a Variable-Length Integer Value	108
D.1.3.4 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Integer Value	108
D.1.3.5 Encoding of a Variable-Length Unsigned Value	108
D.1.3.6 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Unsigned Value	109
D.1.3.7 Encoding of a Floating Point Value.....	109
D.1.3.8 Encoding of a Variable-Length BitString value	109
D.1.3.9 Encoding of a Fixed-Length BitString Value	110
D.1.3.10 Encoding of a Variable-Length OctetString Value	110
D.1.3.11 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Octet String Value.....	110
D.1.3.12 Encoding of a Variable-Length VisibleString Value	110
D.1.3.13 Encoding of a Fixed-Length VisibleString Value.....	111
D.1.3.14 Encoding of an ISO10646String Value	111
D.1.3.15 Encoding of a UniversalTime Value.....	111
D.1.3.16 Encoding of Binary Time Value	111
D.1.3.17 Encoding of a CompactBCDArray Value	112
D.1.3.18 Encoding of an Array Value	112
D.1.3.19 Encoding of a Structure Value	112
D.1.3.20 Encoding of the ANY Type	112
D.1.3.21 Encoding of a BCD Value	113
D.1.3.22 Encoding of a FieldbusTime Value	113
D.1.3.23 Encoding of a Compact Boolean Array Value	113
D.1.3.24 Key words Encoding Rules.....	113
Annex E (normative) Traditional Encoding Rule (TER)	116
E.1 Traditional Encoding Rule (TER)	116
E.1.1 Introduction.....	116
E.1.2 TER Descriptions.....	116
E.1.2.1 Overview of Encoding.....	116

	Page
E.1.2.2 APDU Header Encoding	116
E.1.2.3 APDU Body Encoding.....	116
E.1.2.4 Encoding of Simple Variables.....	117
E.1.2.5 Encoding of Structured Types	121
E.2 Object Definition Parameter.....	122
E.2.1 ListHeader	122
E.2.2 DataTypeList	122
E.2.3 StaticList	123
E.2.4 VariableListDefinition.....	124
E.2.5 FunctionInvocationDefinition.....	124

Annex F (normative) Buffer-Oriented Encoding Rules (BER) and Messaging Encoding Rule (MER) 125

F.1 Encoding Rule for Buffer Services (BER).....	125
F.1.1 Introduction.....	125
F.1.2 Application Layer Encoding Rules	125
F.1.2.1 Overview of Encoding.....	125
F.1.2.2 APDU Header Encoding.....	125
F.1.2.3 APDU Body Encoding.....	125
F.2 Encoding Rule for Messaging Services (MER).....	125
F.2.1 Identification Octet.....	126
F.2.2 Contents length octets.....	126
F.2.3 ContentsOctets.....	126
F.3 Type Encoding Rules.....	126
F.3.1 Boolean.....	126
F.3.2 Integer.....	126
F.3.3 Bit string.....	127
F.3.4 Octet string.....	127
F.3.5 Visible string.....	127
F.3.6 SEQUENCE Types.....	128
F.3.7 SEQUENCE OF Types.....	128
F.3.8 CHOICE Types.....	128
F.3.9 Null.....	128
F.3.10 Tagged Types.....	128
F.3.11 IMPLICIT Types.....	128
F.3.12 OPTIONAL and DEFAULT Types	129
F.3.13 ANY Types.....	129
F.3.14 Encoding of APDU Header.....	129

Annex G (normative) Queued Usertriggered Unidirectional (QUU) ARPM 130

G.1 Primitive Definitions	130
G.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM.....	130
G.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives	130
G.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUU AREP Class	130
G.2.1.1 Attributes.....	131
G.2.1.2 DLL Services	132
G.3 QUU ARPM State Machine.....	133
G.3.1 QUU ARPM States	133
G.3.2 QUU ARPM state table.....	133
G.3.3 Functions used by QUU ARPM	135

Annex H (normative) Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Connection Oriented (QUB-CO) ARPM 136

H.1 Primitive Definitions	136
H.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM.....	136
H.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives.....	136

	Page
H.2 DLL Mapping of QUB AREP Class	137
H.2.1 Attributes.....	137
H.2.1.1 LocalDiscepAddress.....	137
H.2.1.2 RemoteAddressConfigurationType.....	138
H.2.1.3 Role	138
H.2.1.4 DisapRole	138
H.2.1.5 QosParameterSet	138
H.2.2 DLL Services	140
H.3 QUB AREP State Machine	140
H.3.1 QUB ARPM States	140
H.3.2 QUB ARPM state table.....	141
H.3.3 Functions used by QUB ARPM	149
Annex I (normative) Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Connectionless (QUB-CI) ARPM.....	151
I.1 Primitive Definitions	151
I.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM.....	151
I.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives.....	151
I.2 DLL Mapping of QUB-CL AREP Class	152
I.2.1 Attributes	152
I.2.1.1 LocalDisapAddress.....	152
I.2.1.2 RemoteDisapAddress.....	152
I.2.1.3 LocalDisapRole.....	152
I.2.1.4 DefaultQosAsSender	152
I.2.1.5 ExplicitQueue.....	153
I.2.2 DLL Services.....	153
I.3 QUB-CL ARPM State Machine.....	154
I.3.1 QUB-CL ARPM States	154
I.3.2 QUB-CL ARPM State Table.....	154
I.3.3 Functions used by QUB-CI ARPM.....	157
Annex J (normative) Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Segmentation (QUB-Seg) ARPM.....	159
J.1 Primitive Definitions	159
J.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM.....	159
J.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives	159
J.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUB-Seg AREP Class.....	160
J.2.1.1 Attributes.....	161
J.2.1.2 DLL Services	164
J.3 QUB-Seg ARPM State Machine	164
J.3.1 QUB-Seg ARPM States.....	164
J.3.2 QUB-Seg ARPM State Table	165
J.3.3 Functions used by QUB-Seg ARPM.....	177
Annex K (normative) Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Flow Control (QUB-FC) ARPM.....	180
K.1 QUB-FCPrimitive Definitions.....	180
K.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM	180
K.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives	181
K.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUB-FC AREP Class.....	181
K.2.1.1 Attributes.....	182
K.2.2 DLL Services	185
K.3 QUB-FC ARPM State Machine.....	185
K.3.1 QUB-FC ARPM States	185
K.3.2 QUB-FC ARPM State Table	186
K.3.3 Functions used by QUB-FC ARPM	207

Annex L (normative) Buffered Usertriggered Bidirectional (BUB) ARPM 211

- L.1 Primitive Definitions 211
 - L.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM 211
 - L.1.1.1 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives 212
- L.2 DLL Mapping of BUB AREP Class 212
 - L.2.1 Attributes 213
 - L.2.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress 213
 - L.2.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress 213
 - L.2.1.3 DlsapRole 214
 - L.2.1.4 QosParameterSet 214
 - L.2.1.5 DlcepClass 214
 - L.2.1.6 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures 214
 - L.2.1.7 FromRequestorToResponder 214
 - L.2.1.8 FromResponderToRequestor 214
 - L.2.1.9 Priority 214
 - L.2.1.10 DIIPriority 214
 - L.2.1.11 DIIPriorityNegotiated 214
 - L.2.1.12 DlpduAuthentication 214
 - L.2.1.13 ResidualActivityAsSender 214
 - L.2.1.14 ResidualActivityAsReceiver 214
 - L.2.1.15 MaxConfirmDelay 215
 - L.2.1.16 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect 215
 - L.2.1.17 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData 215
 - L.2.1.18 DISchedulingPolicy 215
 - L.2.1.19 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor 215
 - L.2.1.20 MaxDisduSizeFromResponder 215
 - L.2.1.21 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated 215
 - L.2.1.22 MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated 215
- L.3 BUB ARPM State Machine 215
 - L.3.1 BUB ARPM States 215
 - L.3.2 BUB ARPM State Table 216
 - L.3.3 Functions used by BUB ARPM 226

Annex M (normative) Buffered Networkscheduled Bidirectional (BNB) ARPM 227

- M.1 Primitive Definitions 227
 - M.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM 227
 - M.1.2 Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives 227
- M.2 DLL Mapping of BNB AREP Class 228
 - M.2.1 Attributes 229
 - M.2.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress 229
 - M.2.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress 229
 - M.2.1.3 DlsapRole 230
 - M.2.1.4 QosParameterSet 230
 - M.2.2 DLL Services 231
- M.3 BNB ARPM State Machine 231
 - M.3.1 BNB ARPM States 231
 - M.3.2 BNB ARPM State Table (Basic State Machine) 234
 - M.3.3 BNB ARPM State Table (Confirmed Service Sending and Receiving - Client) 245
 - M.3.4 BNB ARPM State Table (Confirmed Service Receiving and Responding - Server) 249
 - M.3.5 BNB ARPM State Table (Unconfirmed Service Sending - Client) 251
 - M.3.6 Functions used by BNB ARPM 252

Annex N (normative) Buffered Networkscheduled Unidirectional (BNU) ARPM.....	255
N.1 Primitive Definitions	255
N.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM	255
N.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives	255
N.2 DLL Mapping of BNU AREP Class	256
N.2.1 Attributes.....	257
N.2.1.1 PublisherDlcepAddress	257
N.2.1.2 Role	257
N.2.1.3 DisapRole	258
N.2.1.4 QosParameterSet	258
N.2.2 DLL Services	259
N.3 BNU AREP State Machine.....	259
N.3.1 BNU ARPM States.....	259
N.3.2 BNU ARPM State Table	261
N.3.3 Functions used by BNU ARPM.....	265
Annex O (normative) Buffered Networkscheduled Unidirectional-MP (BNU-MP) ARPM	267
O.1 Primitive Definitions	267
O.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM	267
O.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives	268
O.2 DLL Mapping of BNU-MP AREP Class.....	268
O.2.1 Attributes.....	269
O.2.1.1 PublisherDlcepAddress	269
O.2.1.2 DisapRole	269
O.2.1.3 QosParameterSet	269
O.2.2 DLL Services	271
O.3 BNU-MP ARPM State Machine	271
O.3.1 BNU-MP ARPM States.....	271
O.3.2 BNU-MP ARPM State Table.....	272
O.3.3 Functions used by BNU-MP ARPM.....	278
Annex P (informative) Protocol Option 1	280
P.1 Introduction	280
P.2 Abstract Syntax Selection.....	280
P.3 Protocol Machine Overview	280
P.4 Application Relationship Protocol Machine (ARPM) Selection	280
P.5 Encoding Rule Selection.....	281
Annex Q (informative) Protocol Option 2	282
Q.1 Introduction	282
Q.2 Abstract Syntax.....	282
Q.3 Protocol Machine Overview	282
Q.3.1 Application Relationship Protocol Machine (ARPM) Selections	283
Q.3.2 Encoding Rule Selection.....	283
Annex R (informative) Protocol Option 3	284
R.1 Introduction	284
R.2 Abstract Syntax.....	284
R.3 Protocol Machine Overview	284
R.3.1 Application Relationship Protocol Machine (ARPM) Selection	285
R.3.2 Encoding Rule Selection.....	285

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**DIGITAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL –
FIELD BUS FOR USE IN INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS –**

Part 6: Application Layer protocol specification

FOREWORD

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IEC 61158-6, which is a technical specification, has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Digital communications, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement and control.

The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
65C/200/FDIS	65C/208+208A/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

IEC 61158 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Digital data communications for measurement and control — Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems*:

- Part 1: Introductory guide (under preparation)
- Part 2: Physical layer specification and service definition
- Part 3: Data Link Service definition
- Part 4: Data Link Protocol specification
- Part 5: Application Layer service definition
- Part 6: Application Layer protocol specification
- Part 7: System management (under consideration)
- Part 8: Conformance testing (under consideration)

Annexes A to O form an integral part of this technical specification.

Annexes P to R are for information only.

This publication will be reviewed by the committee responsible for its preparation before 2002. Information relating to confirmation, amendment or revision of the publication is available from the IEC web site (<http://www.iec.ch>) or from IEC Central Office.

A bilingual version of this technical specification may be issued at a later date.

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INTRODUCTION

This technical specification describes the Fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) protocol that defines the information interchange and the interactions between Application Entity invocations (AE-Is) to support the services defined in IEC 61158-5.

An Application Process uses the Fieldbus Application Layer services to exchange information with other Application Processes. The services define the abstract interface between the application process and the Application Layer.

The Application Layer protocol is the set of rules that governs the format and meaning of the information exchange between the Application Layers in various devices. The Application Layer uses the protocol to implement the Application Layer services definitions.

The protocol machine defines the various states of an Application Layer and the valid transitions between the states. It may be considered as a finite state machine. The protocol machine is described using state tables. The information is exchanged between the application process and the protocol machine through application service data units. The protocol machine exchanges information with other protocol machines through application protocol data units (APDU).

This set of Application Layer standards does not specify individual implementations or products, nor does it constrain the implementations of Application Entities (AEs) and interfaces within the industrial automation system.

This set of Application Layer standards does not contain test procedures to ensure compliance with such requirements.

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DIGITAL DATA COMMUNICATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL – FIELDBUS FOR USE IN INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS –

Part 6: Application Layer protocol specification

1 Scope

The Fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) is an Application Layer communication standard designed to support the conveyance of time-critical application requests and responses among devices in an automation environment. The term “time-critical” is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This technical specification specifies interactions between remote applications in terms of

- the encoding rules that are applied to all the Application Layer Protocol Data Units (APDUs);
- the formal Abstract Syntax definitions of such APDUs;
- the protocol state machine descriptions that handle the APDUs and the primitives in the correct sequences;
- the mappings of the APDUs to and from the Data Link Layer services defined in IEC 61158-3.

The FAL encoding rules are designed assuming that both the encoder (sender) and the decoder (receiver) have the common knowledge of the abstract syntax. Wherever possible, data types identifiers are not encoded and transferred over the network.

NOTE This is why the Abstract Syntax Notation One / Basic Encoding Rule is not practical for the FAL.

The purpose of this part of this technical specification is to define the protocol provided

- a) to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer at the boundary between the Application and Data Link Layers of the Fieldbus Reference Model, and
- b) to the System Management at the boundary between the System Management and Application Layers of the Fieldbus Reference Model.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 61158. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 61158 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards

IEC 61158-3:1999, *Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems – Part 3: Data Link service definitions*

IEC 61158-4:1999, *Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems – Part 4: Data Link protocol specifications*

IEC 61158-5:1999, *Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems – Part 5: Application Layer service definitions*

ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO/IEC 8822:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Presentation service definition*

ISO/IEC 8824:1990, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*

ISO/IEC 8825:1990, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Specification of Basic Encoding Rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)*

ISO/IEC 9545:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Application Layer structure*

ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993, *Information technology – Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) – Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane*

ISO/IEC 10731:1994, *Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Basic Reference Model – Conventions for the definition of OSI services*

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3 Definitions

For the purpose of this technical specification the following definitions apply.

3.1 Definitions from other ISO/IEC Standards

3.1.1 Definitions from ISO/IEC 7498-1

- a) application entity;
- b) application process;
- c) application protocol data unit;
- d) application service element;
- e) application entity invocation;
- f) application process invocation;
- g) application transaction;
- h) real open system;
- i) transfer syntax.

3.1.2 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8822

- a) abstract syntax;
- b) presentation context.

3.1.3 Definitions from ISO/IEC 9545

- a) application-association;
- b) application-context;
- c) application context name;
- d) application-entity-invocation;
- e) application-entity-type;
- f) application-process-invocation;
- g) application-process-type;
- h) application-service-element;
- i) application control service element.

3.1.4 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8824

- a) object identifier;
- b) type;
- c) value;
- d) simple type;
- e) structured type;
- f) component type;
- g) tag;
- h) Boolean type;
- i) true;
- j) false;
- k) integer type;
- l) bitstring type;
- m) octetstring type;
- n) null type;
- o) sequence type;
- p) sequence of type;
- q) choice type;
- r) tagged type;
- s) any type;
- t) module;
- u) production.

3.1.5 Definitions from ISO/IEC 8825

- a) encoding (of a data value);
- b) data value;
- c) Identifier Octets (the singular form is used in this technical specification);
- d) Length Octet(s) (both singular and plural forms are used in this technical specification);
- e) Contents Octets.

3.2 Definitions from IEC 61158-5

- a) application relationship;
- b) conveyance path;
- c) client;
- d) dedicated AR;
- e) dynamic AR;
- f) error class;
- g) error code;
- h) name;
- i) numeric identifier;
- j) peer;
- k) pre-defined AR endpoint;
- l) pre-established AR endpoint;
- m) publisher;
- n) server.

3.3 Other definitions

The following definitions are used in this technical specification.

3.3.1 called

service user or a service provider that receives an indication primitive or a request APDU

3.3.2 calling

service user or a service provider that initiates a request primitive or a request APDU

3.3.3 interoperability

capability of User Layer entities to perform coordinated and cooperative operations using the services of the FAL

3.3.4 management information

network accessible information that supports the management of the Fieldbus environment

3.3.5 receiving

service user that receives a confirmed primitive or an unconfirmed primitive, or a service provider that receives a confirmed APDU or an unconfirmed APDU

3.3.6 resource

resource is a processing or information capability of a subsystem

3.3.7 sending

service user that sends a confirmed primitive or an unconfirmed primitive, or a service provider that sends a confirmed APDU or an unconfirmed APDU

3.4 Abbreviations and symbols

AE	Application Entity
AE-I	Application Entity Invocation
AL	Application Layer
AP	Application Process
Ap_	Prefix for Data types defined for AP ASE
Ar_	Prefix for Data types defined for AR ASE
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
AR	Application Relationship
AREP	Application Relationship End Point
ASE	Application Service Element
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
BCD	Binary Coded Decimal
BER	Basic Encoding Rule
cnf	confirmation primitive
DI_	Prefix for Data types defined for Data Link Layer types
DL	Data Link
DLC	Data Link Connection

DLCEP	Data Link Connection End Point
DLSAP	Data Link Service Access Point
DLSDU	Data Link Service Data Unit
Dt_	Prefix for Data types defined for Data Type ASE
Err	Error (used to indicate an APDU type)
Er_	Prefix for Error types defined
Ev_	Prefix for Data types defined for Event ASE
FAL	Fieldbus Application Layer
Fi_	Prefix for Data types defined for Function Invocation ASE
FIFO	First In First Out
Gn_	Prefix for Data Types defined for general use
ID	Identifier
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
in	input primitive
ind	indication primitive
ISA	Instrument Society of America
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LAS	Link Active Scheduler
Lr_	Prefix for Data types defined for Load Region ASE
lsb	least significant bit
Mn_	Prefix for Data Types defined for Management ASE
msb	most significant bit
out	output primitive
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
QoS	Quality Of Service
Req	Request (used to indicate an APDU type)
req	request primitive
Rsp	Response (used to indicate an APDU type)
rsp	response primitive
SAP	Service Access Point
SDU	Service Data Unit
ToS	Type Of Service
Vr_	Prefix for Data types defined for Variable ASE

3.5 Conventions

The FAL is defined as a set of object-oriented ASEs. Each ASE is specified in a separate clause. Each ASE specification is composed of three parts: its class definitions, its services, and its protocol specification. The first two are contained in IEC 61158-5. The protocol specification for each of the ASEs is defined in this technical specification.

The class definitions define the attributes of the classes supported by each ASE. The attributes are accessible from instances of the class using the Management ASE services specified in the ISA-S50.02-5 specification. The service specification defines the services that are provided by the ASE.

3.5.1 General Conventions

This technical specification uses the descriptive conventions given in ISO/IEC 10731.

3.5.2 Conventions for Class Definitions

The Data Link Layer mapping definitions are described using templates. Each template consists of a list of attributes for the class. The general form of the template is defined in IEC 61158-5.

3.5.3 Abstract Syntax Conventions

When the "optionalParametersMap" parameter is used, a bit number which corresponds to each OPTIONAL or DEFAULT production is given as a comment.

3.6 Conventions used in State Machines

The State Machines are described as follows:

Table 1 – Conventions used for State Machines

No.	Current State	Events Actions	Next state
Name of this transition.	The current state to which this state transition applies.	Events or conditions that trigger this state transaction. The actions that are taken when the above events or conditions are met. The actions are always indented below events or conditions.	The next state after the actions in this transition is taken.

The conventions used in the state machines are as follows:

:= Value of an item on the left is replaced by value of an item on the right. If an item on the right is a parameter, it comes from the primitive shown as an input event.

xxx A parameter name.

Example:

Identifier := reason

means value of a 'reason' parameter is assigned to a parameter called 'Identifier.'

"xxx" Indicates fixed value.

Example:

Identifier := "abc"

means value "abc" is assigned to a parameter named 'Identifier.'

= A logical condition to indicate an item on the left is equal to an item on the right.

< A logical condition to indicate an item on the left is less than the item on the right.

> A logical condition to indicate an item on the left is greater than the item on the right.

<> A logical condition to indicate an item on the left is not equal to an item on the right.

&& Logical "AND"

|| Logical "OR"

```
for (Identifier := start_value to end_value)
  actions
endfor
```

This construct allows the execution of a sequence of actions in a loop within one transition. The loop is executed for all values from start_value to end_value.

```
If (condition)
  actions
else
  actions
endif
```

This construct allows the execution of alternative actions depending on some condition (which might be the value of some identifier or the outcome of a previous action) within one transition.

Readers are strongly recommended to refer to the clauses for the AREP attribute definitions, the local functions, and the FAL-PDU definitions to understand protocol machines. It is assumed that readers have sufficient knowledge of these definitions, and they are used without further explanations.

4 FAL Syntax Description

FalArHeader

```
FalArHeader ::= Unsigned8 {
  -- bit 8      FAL Protocol Specifier      (Always 0 for the protocol defined by this part of ISA-S50.02)
  -- bit 7 - 4  Protocol Identifier          (Identifies abstract syntax, revision, and encoding rules)
  -- bit 3      Protocol Specific bit       (Reserved for each protocol to use)
  -- bit 2-1    PDU Identifier              (Identifies a PDU type within a Protocol Identifier)
}
```

The FalArHeader shall be the first octet of all the FAL PDUs. It enables multiple protocols as well as encoding rules to coexist on the same network. "Annex-A FAL Header" defines the code points for the currently identified combinations of protocol and encoding rules.

4.1 FAL-AR PDU Abstract Syntax 1

The productions defined here shall be used with the Compact Encoding Rules, and it is strongly recommended that they be used with the messaging and buffered encoding rules to produce the shortest PDUs that are suitable for a limited bandwidth underlying layer.

```
FalArPDU ::=
  ConfirmedSend-CommandPDU
  || ConfirmedSend-AffirmativePDU
  || ConfirmedSend-NegativePDU
  || UnconfirmedSend-CommandPDU
  || UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU
  || UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU
  || Idle-CommandPDU
  || AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU
  || Establish-CommandPDU
  || Establish-AffirmativePDU
  || Establish-NegativePDU
  || Abort-PDU
```

4.1.1 Confirmed Send Service

```
ConfirmedSend-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  FalArHeader,
  InvokeID,
  ConfirmedServiceRequest
}
```

```
ConfirmedSend-AffirmativePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  FalArHeader,
  InvokeID,
  ConfirmedServiceResponse
}
```

```
ConfirmedSend-NegativePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  FalArHeader,
  InvokeID,
  ConfirmedServiceError
}
```

4.1.2 Unconfirmed Send Service

```
UnconfirmedSend-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  FalArHeader,
  InvokeID,
  UnconfirmedServiceRequest
}
```

4.1.3 Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send Service

```
UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  FalArHeader,
  unconfirmed-PDU [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    InvokeID,
    UnconfirmedServiceRequest
  }
}
```

```
UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU ::= {
    FalArHeader
}
```

4.1.4 Idle Send Service

```
IdleSend-CommandPDU ::= {
    FalArHeader
}
```

4.1.5 AR-XON-OFF Send Service

```
AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    AR-XON-OFFPDU [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        Invoke ID,
        XON-OFF
    }
}
```

4.1.6 Establish Service

```
Establish-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    RespondingAREP,
    RequestingAREP,
    MAXOSCC,
    MAXOSCS,
    MAXUCSC,
    MAXUCSS,
    CIU,
    InvokeID,
    Initiate-RequestPDU
}
```

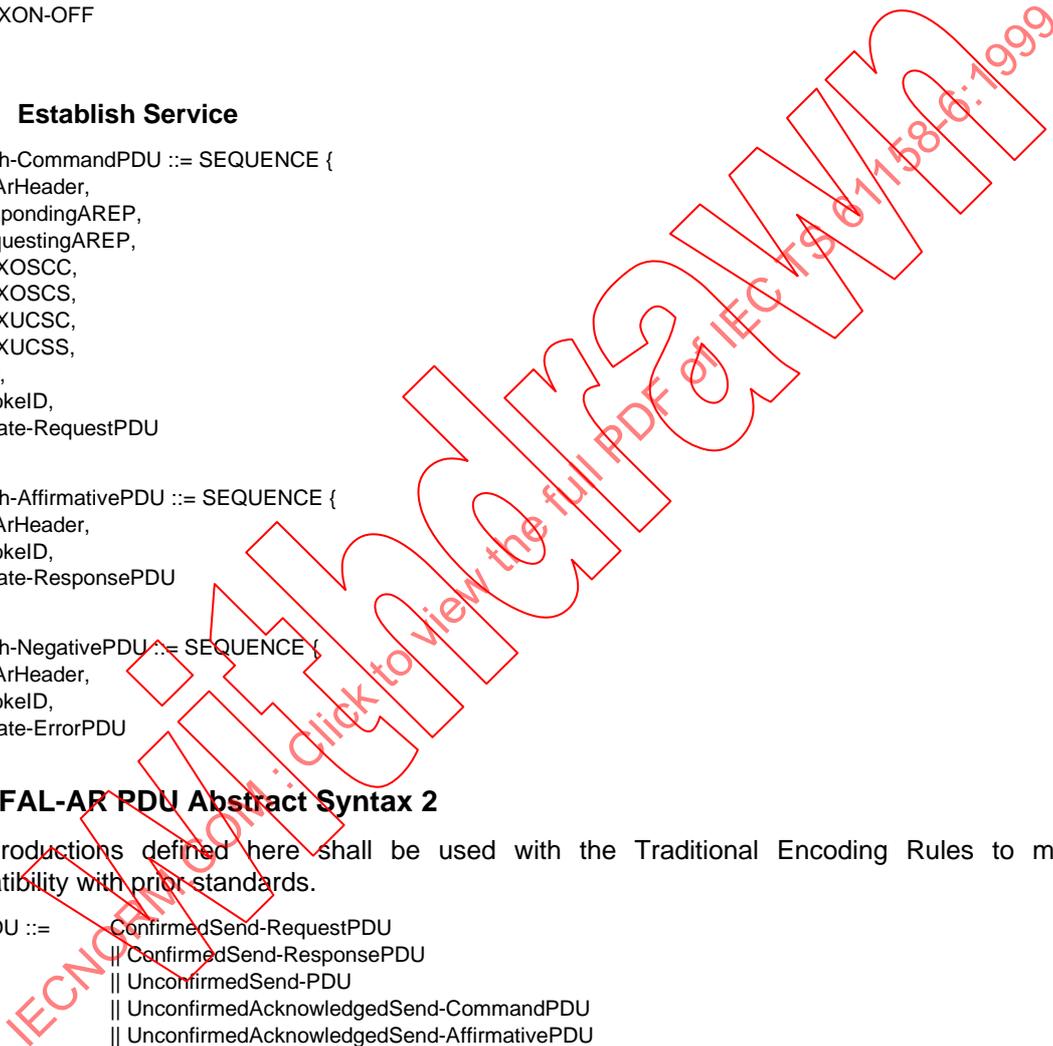
```
Establish-AffirmativePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    InvokeID,
    Initiate-ResponsePDU
}
```

```
Establish-NegativePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    InvokeID,
    Initiate-ErrorPDU
}
```

4.2 FAL-AR PDU Abstract Syntax 2

The productions defined here shall be used with the Traditional Encoding Rules to maintain compatibility with prior standards.

```
FalArPDU ::=
    ConfirmedSend-RequestPDU
  || ConfirmedSend-ResponsePDU
  || UnconfirmedSend-PDU
  || UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU
  || UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU
  || Idle-CommandPDU
  || AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU
  || Establish-RequestPDU
  || Establish-Request2PDU
  || Establish-ResponsePDU
  || Establish-ErrorPDU
  || Abort-PDU
```



4.2.1 Confirmed Send Service

```
ConfirmedSend-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    confirmed-RequestPDU          [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        InvokeID,
        ConfirmedServiceRequest
    }
}
```

```
ConfirmedSend-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    pduBody CHOICE {
        confirmed-ResponsePDU    [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
            InvokeID,
            ConfirmedServiceResponse
        },
        confirmed-ErrorPDU       [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
            InvokeID,
            ConfirmedServiceError
        }
    }
}
```

4.2.2 Unconfirmed Send Service

```
UnconfirmedSend-PDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    unconfirmed-PDU              [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        InvokeID,
        UnconfirmedServiceRequest
    }
}
```

4.2.3 Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send Service

```
UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    unconfirmed-PDU              [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        InvokeID,
        UnconfirmedServiceRequest
    }
}
```

```
UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU ::= {
    FalArHeader
}
```

4.2.4 Idle Send Service

```
IdleSend-CommandPDU ::= {
    FalArHeader
}
```

4.2.5 AR-XON-OFF Send Service

```
AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    AR-XON-OFFPDU                [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        Invoke ID,
        XON-OFF
    }
}
```

4.2.6 Establish Service

```
Establish-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    RespondingAREP,
    RequestingAREP,
    userData
    InvokelD,
    InitiateRequest
}
[6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
[0] IMPLICIT Initiate-RequestPDU
```

```
Establish-Request2PDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    RespondingAREP,
    RequestingAREP,
    AREPContext
    MaxOSCC,
    MaxOSCS,
    MAXUCSC,
    MAXUCSS,
    CIU
}
[5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
```

```
Establish-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    userData
    InvokelD,
    InitiateResponse
}
[6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
[1] IMPLICIT Initiate-ResponsePDU
```

```
Establish-ErrorPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    userData
    InvokelD,
    initiateError
}
[6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
[2] IMPLICIT Initiate-ErrorPDU
```

4.2.7 MaxOSCC

MaxOSCC ::= Unsigned8

4.2.8 MaxOSCS

MaxOSCS ::= Unsigned8

4.2.9 MaxUCSC

MaxUCC ::= Unsigned8

4.2.10 MaxUCSS

MaxUCS ::= Unsigned8

4.2.11 XON_OFF

XON_OFF ::= Unsigned8

4.2.12 CIU

CIU ::= Unsigned32

4.3 Abstract Syntax of PDUBody

4.3.1 Abort Service

```
Abort-PDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    FalArHeader,
    Identifier,
    ReasonCode,
    AdditionalDetail
}
```

4.3.2 InvokeID

```
InvokeID ::= Unsigned8
```

4.3.3 ConfirmedServiceRequest

```
ConfirmedServiceRequest ::= CHOICE {
    status-Request
    identify-Request
    read2-Request
    write-Request
    getAttributes2-Request
    readWithType-Request
    writeWithType-Request
    defineVariableList-Request
    deleteVariableList-Request
    initiateClientPullDownloadStatic-Request
    pullDownloadSegment-Request
    terminatePullDownload-Request
    initiateClientPullUploadStatic-Request
    pullUploadSegment-Request
    terminatePullUpload-Request
    initiateServerPullDownload-Request
    initiateServerPullUpload-Request
    createFunctionInvocation-Request
    deleteFunctionInvocation-Request
    start-Request
    stop-Request
    resume-Request
    reset-Request
    kill-Request
    enableEvent-Request
    acknowledgeEventNotification-Request
    physicalRead-Request
    physicalWrite-Request
    beginSetAttributes-Request
    setAttributes2-Request
    endSetAttributes-Request
    initiateClientPushDownload-Request
    pushDownloadSegment-Request
    terminatePushDownload-Request
    discard-Request
    readList-Request
    writeList-Request
    exchange-Request
    getEventSummary-Request
    getEventSummaryList-Request
    setAttributes1-Request
    getAttributes1-Request
    read1-Request
    conclude-Request
    subscribe-Request
    initiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-Request
    initiateClientPullUploadDynamic-Request
    exchangeList-Request
    enableEventList-Request
    confirmedAcknowledgeEventList-Request
    getAttributes3-Request
    queryEventSummaryList-Request
    [0] IMPLICIT Status-RequestPDU,
    [1] IMPLICIT Identify-RequestPDU,
    [2] IMPLICIT Read2-RequestPDU,
    [3] IMPLICIT Write-RequestPDU,
    [4] IMPLICIT GetAttributes2-RequestPDU,
    [5] IMPLICIT ReadWithType-RequestPDU,
    [6] IMPLICIT WriteWithType-RequestPDU,
    [7] IMPLICIT DefineVariableList-RequestPDU,
    [8] IMPLICIT DeleteVariableList-RequestPDU,
    [9] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullDownloadStatic-RequestPDU,
    [10] IMPLICIT PullDownloadSegment-RequestPDU,
    [11] IMPLICIT TerminateFullDownload-RequestPDU,
    [12] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullUploadStatic-Request,
    [13] IMPLICIT PullUploadSegment-RequestPDU,
    [14] IMPLICIT TerminatePullUpload-RequestPDU,
    [15] IMPLICIT InitiateServerPullDownload-RequestPDU,
    [16] IMPLICIT InitiateServerPullUpload-RequestPDU,
    [17] IMPLICIT CreateFunctionInvocation-RequestPDU,
    [18] IMPLICIT DeleteFunctionInvocation-RequestPDU,
    [19] IMPLICIT Start-RequestPDU,
    [20] IMPLICIT Stop-RequestPDU,
    [21] IMPLICIT Resume-RequestPDU,
    [22] IMPLICIT Reset-RequestPDU,
    [23] IMPLICIT Kill-RequestPDU,
    [24] IMPLICIT EnableEvent-RequestPDU,
    [25] IMPLICIT AcknowledgeEventNotification-RequestPDU,
    [26] IMPLICIT PhysicalRead-RequestPDU,
    [27] IMPLICIT PhysicalWrite-RequestPDU,
    [28] IMPLICIT BeginSetAttributes-RequestPDU,
    [29] IMPLICIT SetAttributes2-RequestPDU,
    [30] IMPLICIT EndSetAttributes-RequestPDU,
    [31] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPushDownload-RequestPDU,
    [32] IMPLICIT PushDownloadSegment-RequestPDU,
    [33] IMPLICIT TerminatePushDownload-RequestPDU,
    [34] IMPLICIT Discard-RequestPDU,
    [35] IMPLICIT ReadList-RequestPDU,
    [36] IMPLICIT WriteList-RequestPDU,
    [37] IMPLICIT Exchange-RequestPDU,
    [38] IMPLICIT GetEventSummary-RequestPDU,
    [39] IMPLICIT GetEventSummaryList-RequestPDU,
    [40] IMPLICIT SetAttributes1-RequestPDU,
    [41] IMPLICIT GetAttributes1-RequestPDU,
    [42] IMPLICIT Read1-RequestPDU,
    [43] IMPLICIT Conclude-RequestPDU,
    [44] IMPLICIT Subscribe-RequestPDU,
    [45] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-RequestPDU,
    [46] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullUploadDynamic-RequestPDU,
    [47] IMPLICIT ExchangeList-RequestPDU,
    [48] IMPLICIT EnableEventList-RequestPDU,
    [49] IMPLICIT ConfirmedAcknowledgeEventList-RequestPDU,
    [50] IMPLICIT GetAttributes3-RequestPDU,
    [51] IMPLICIT QueryEventSummaryList-RequestPDU
}
```

4.3.4 ConfirmedServiceResponse

```
ConfirmedServiceResponse ::= CHOICE {  
  status-Response [0] IMPLICIT Status-ResponsePDU,  
  identify-Response [1] IMPLICIT Identify-ResponsePDU,  
  read2-Response [2] IMPLICIT Read2-ResponsePDU,  
  write-Response [3] IMPLICIT Write-ResponsePDU,  
  getAttributes2-Response [4] IMPLICIT GetAttributes2-ResponsePDU,  
  readWithType-Response [5] IMPLICIT ReadWithType-ResponsePDU,  
  writeWithType-Response [6] IMPLICIT WriteWithType-ResponsePDU,  
  defineVariableList-Response [7] IMPLICIT DefineVariableList-ResponsePDU,  
  deleteVariableList-Response [8] IMPLICIT DeleteVariableList-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateClientPullDownloadStatic-Response [9] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullDownloadStatic-ResponsePDU,  
  pullDownloadSegment-Response [10] IMPLICIT PullDownloadSegment-ResponsePDU,  
  terminatePullDownload-Response [11] IMPLICIT TerminatePullDownload-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateClientPullUploadStatic-Response [12] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullUploadStatic-ResponsePDU,  
  pullUploadSegment-Response [13] IMPLICIT PullUploadSegment-ResponsePDU,  
  terminatePullUpload-Response [14] IMPLICIT TerminatePullUpload-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateServerPullDownload-Response [15] IMPLICIT InitiateServerPullDownload-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateServerPullUpload-Response [16] IMPLICIT InitiateServerPullUpload-ResponsePDU,  
  createFunctionInvocation-Response [17] IMPLICIT CreateFunctionInvocation-ResponsePDU,  
  deleteFunctionInvocation-Response [18] IMPLICIT DeleteFunctionInvocation-ResponsePDU,  
  start-Response [19] IMPLICIT Start-ResponsePDU,  
  stop-Response [20] IMPLICIT Stop-ResponsePDU,  
  resume-Response [21] IMPLICIT Resume-ResponsePDU,  
  reset-Response [22] IMPLICIT Reset-ResponsePDU,  
  kill-Response [23] IMPLICIT Kill-ResponsePDU,  
  enableEvent-Response [24] IMPLICIT EnableEvent-ResponsePDU,  
  acknowledgeEventNotification-Response [25] IMPLICIT AcknowledgeEventNotification-ResponsePDU,  
  physicalRead-Response [26] IMPLICIT PhysicalRead-ResponsePDU,  
  physicalWrite-Response [27] IMPLICIT PhysicalWrite-ResponsePDU,  
  beginSetAttributes-Response [28] IMPLICIT BeginSetAttributes-ResponsePDU,  
  setAttributes2-Response [29] IMPLICIT SetAttributes2-ResponsePDU,  
  endSetAttributes-Response [30] IMPLICIT EndSetAttributes-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateClientPushDownload-Response [31] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPushDownload-ResponsePDU,  
  pushDownloadSegment-Response [32] IMPLICIT PushDownloadSegment-ResponsePDU,  
  terminatePushDownload-Response [33] IMPLICIT TerminatePushDownload-ResponsePDU,  
  discard-Response [34] IMPLICIT Discard-ResponsePDU,  
  readList-Response [35] IMPLICIT ReadList-ResponsePDU,  
  writeList-Response [36] IMPLICIT WriteList-ResponsePDU,  
  exchange-Response [37] IMPLICIT Exchange-ResponsePDU,  
  getEventSummary-Response [38] IMPLICIT GetEventSummary-ResponsePDU,  
  getEventSummaryList-Response [39] IMPLICIT GetEventSummaryList-ResponsePDU,  
  setAttributes1-Response [40] IMPLICIT SetAttributes1-ResponsePDU,  
  getAttributes1-Response [41] IMPLICIT GetAttributes1-ResponsePDU,  
  read1-Response [42] IMPLICIT Read1-ResponsePDU,  
  conclude-Response [43] IMPLICIT Conclude-ResponsePDU,  
  subscribe-Response [44] IMPLICIT Subscribe-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-Response [45] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-ResponsePDU,  
  initiateClientPullUploadDynamic-Response [46] IMPLICIT InitiateClientPullUploadDynamic-ResponsePDU,  
  exchangeList-Response [47] IMPLICIT ExchangeList-ResponsePDU,  
  enableEventList-Response [48] IMPLICIT EnableEventList-ResponsePDU,  
  confirmedAcknowledgeEventList-Response [49] IMPLICIT ConfirmedAcknowledgeEventList-ResponsePDU,  
  getAttributes3-Response [50] IMPLICIT GetAttributes3-ResponsePDU,  
  queryEventSummaryList-Response [51] IMPLICIT QueryEventSummaryList-ResponsePDU  
}
```

4.3.5 ConfirmedServiceError

```
ConfirmedServiceError ::= CHOICE {
  status-Error                [0] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  identify-Error              [1] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  read2-Error                 [2] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  write-Error                 [3] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  getAttributes2-Error        [4] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  readWithType-Error          [5] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  writeWithType-Error         [6] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  defineVariableList-Error    [7] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  deleteVariableList-Error    [8] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateClientPullDownloadStatic-Error [9] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  pullDownloadSegment-Error   [10] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  terminatePullDownload-Error [11] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateClientPullUploadStatic-Error [12] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  pullUploadSegment-Error     [13] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  terminatePullUpload-Error   [14] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateServerPullDownload-Error [15] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateServerPullUpload-Error [16] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  createFunctionInvocation-Error [17] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  deleteFunctionInvocation-Error [18] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  start-Error                 [19] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  stop-Error                  [20] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  resume-Error                [21] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  reset-Error                 [22] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  kill-Error                  [23] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  enableEvent-Error           [24] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  acknowledgeEventNotification-Error [25] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  physicalRead-Error          [26] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  physicalWrite-Error         [27] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  beginSetAttributes-Error    [28] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  setAttributes2-Error        [29] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  endSetAttributes-Error      [30] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateClientPushDownload-Error [31] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  pushDownloadSegment-Error   [32] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  terminatePushDownload-Error [33] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  discard-Error               [34] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  readList-Error              [35] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  writeList-Error             [36] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  exchange-Error              [37] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  getEventSummary-Error       [38] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  getEventSummaryList-Error   [39] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  setAttributes1-Error        [40] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  getAttributes1-Error        [41] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  read1-Error                 [42] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  conclude-Error              [43] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  subscribe-Error             [44] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-Error [45] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  initiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-Error [46] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  exchangeList-Error          [47] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  enableEventList-Error       [48] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  confirmedAcknowledgeEventList-Error [49] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  getAttributes3-Error        [50] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  queryEventSummaryList-Error [51] IMPLICIT ErrorType,
  xon-off-Error               [52] IMPLICIT ErrorType
}
```

4.3.6 Error Type

```
ErrorType ::= SEQUENCE {
  errorClass                [0] IMPLICIT ErrorClass,
  optionalParametersMap     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  additionalCode             [1] IMPLICIT Integer16 OPTIONAL,
  additionalDescription      [2] IMPLICIT VisibleString OPTIONAL,
  serviceSpecificInfo       [3] IMPLICIT ANY OPTIONAL
}
```

4.3.7 Error Class

```

ErrorClass ::= CHOICE {
  vfdState [1] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0)
  },
  applicationReference [2] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    application-unreachable (1),
    application-reference-invalid (2),
    context-unsupported (3)
  },
  definition [3] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    object-undefined (1),
    object-attributes-inconsistent (2),
    name-already-exists (3),
    type-unsupported (4),
    type-inconsistent (5)
  },
  resource [4] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    memory-unavailable (1)
  },
  service [5] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    object-state-conflict (1),
    pdu-size (2),
    object-constraint-conflict (3),
    parameter-inconsistent (4),
    illegal-parameter (5)
  },
  access [6] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    object-invalidated (1),
    hardware-fault (2),
    object-access-denied (3),
    invalid-address (4),
    object-attribute-inconsistent (5),
    object-access-unsupported (6),
    object-non-existent (7),
    type-conflict (8),
    named-access-unsupported (9),
    access-to-element-unsupported (10)
  },
  objectDescription [7] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    name-length-overflow (1),
    od-overflow (2),
    od-write-protected (3),
    extension-length-overflow (4),
    od-description-length-overflow (5),
    operational-problem (6)
  },
  conclude [9] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0),
    further-communication-required (1)
  },
  other [8] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
    other (0)
  }
}
    
```

4.3.8 Unconfirmed PDUs

```

UnconfirmedServiceRequest ::= CHOICE {
  informationReport-Request          [0] IMPLICIT InformationReport-RequestPDU,
  unsolicitedStatus-Request         [1] IMPLICIT UnsolicitedStatus-RequestPDU,
  eventNotification-Request          [2] IMPLICIT EventNotification-RequestPDU,
  informationReportWithType          [3] InformationReportWithType-RequestPDU,
  eventNotificationWithType          [4] EventNotificationWithType-RequestPDU,
  actionInvoke-Request              [5] IMPLICIT ActionInvoke-RequestPDU,
  actionReturn-Request              [6] IMPLICIT ActionReturn-RequestPDU,
  informationReportList-Request      [7] IMPLICIT InformationReportList-RequestPDU,
  reject-Request                    [8] IMPLICIT Reject-RequestPDU
  notificationRecovery-Request      [9] IMPLICIT NotificationRecovery-RequestPDU,
  eventNotificationList-Request     [10] IMPLICIT EventNotificationList-RequestPDU
}

```

4.3.9 Management ASE

4.3.9.1 Begin Set Attributes Service

```

BeginSetAttributes-RequestPDU ::= Integer8 {
  loadingNonInteracting           (0),
  appendingInteracting            (1),
  freshLoadingInteracting         (2)
}

```

BeginSetAttributes -ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.9.2 Create Service

4.3.9.2.1 Create Function Invocation PDU

```

CreateFunctionInvocation-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  listOfRelatedObjects             [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
  accessPrivilege                  [1] IMPLICIT Fi_AccessPrivilege,
  optionalParametersMap            [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  fiName                           [2] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL,
  fiIndex                          [12] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  userDescription                  [3] IMPLICIT ANY OPTIONAL,
  reusable                         [4] IMPLICIT Gn_Reusable DEFAULT TRUE,
  deletable                        [5] IMPLICIT Gn_Deletable OPTIONAL,
  startServiceArgumentType         [6] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  stopServiceArgumentType          [7] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  resumeServiceArgumentType        [8] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  resetServiceArgumentType         [9] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  killServiceArgumentType          [11] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL
}

```

CreateFunctionInvocation-ResponsePDU ::= Gn_NumericID

4.3.9.2.2 Define Variable List PDU

```

DefineVariableList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  listOfVariables                  [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
  accessPrivilege                  [1] IMPLICIT Vr_AccessPrivilege,
  optionalParametersMap            [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  variableListName                 [2] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL,
  variableListIndex                [5] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,
  userDescription                  [3] IMPLICIT ANY OPTIONAL,
  deletable                        [4] IMPLICIT Gn_Deletable OPTIONAL
}

```

DefineVariableList-ResponsePDU ::= Gn_NumericID

4.3.9.3 Delete Service

4.3.9.3.1 Delete Function Invocation PDU

DeleteFunctionInvocation-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

DeleteFunctionInvocation-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.9.3.2 Delete Variable List PDU

DeleteVariableList-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

SetAttributes1-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

SetAttributes2-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.10 Application Process ASE

4.3.10.1 Get Status Service

Status-RequestPDU ::= NULL

```
Status-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  logicalStatus                               [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 {
    state-changes-allowed                    (0),
    no-state-changes-allowed                 (1),
    limited-services-permitted               (2),
    od-loading-non-interacting               (4),
    od-loading-interacting                   (5)
  },
  physicalStatus                             [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 {
    operational                              (0),
    partially-operational                    (1),
    inoperable                              (2),
    needs-commissioning                      (3)
  },
  optionalParametersMap                      [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  localDetail                               [2] IMPLICIT BitString OPTIONAL
}
--bit 1
```

4.3.10.2 Identify Service

Identify-RequestPDU ::= NULL

```
Identify-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  vendorName                               [0] IMPLICIT VisibleString,
  modelIdentifier                           [1] IMPLICIT VisibleString,
  vendorRevision                            [2] IMPLICIT VisibleString,
  optionalParametersMap                     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  serialNumber                              [3] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL
}
-- bit 1
```

4.3.10.3 Initiate Service

```
Initiate-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  versionObjectDefinitionsCalling           [0] IMPLICIT Integer16,
  apDescriptorCalling                       [1] IMPLICIT OctetString,
  accessProtectionSupportedCalling          [2] IMPLICIT Ap_AccessProtectionSupported,
  passwordAndAccessGroupsCalling           [3] IMPLICIT Ap_AccessControl,
  configuredMaxPduSizeSending               [4] IMPLICIT Unsigned8, -- See NOTE
  configuredMaxPduSizeReceiving            [5] IMPLICIT Unsigned8, -- See NOTE
  listOfSupportedServicesCalling            [6] IMPLICIT Mn_PduSupportedMap,
  configuredMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting [7] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  configuredMaxOutstandingServicesResponding [8] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  optionalParametersMap                     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  userDetail                                [11] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
  configuredNestingLevel                    [12] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 DEFAULT 1 -- bit 2
}

Initiate-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  versionObjectDefinitionsCalled            [0] IMPLICIT Integer16,
  profileNumberCalled                       [1] IMPLICIT OctetString,
  accessPrivilegeSupportedCalled            [2] IMPLICIT Ap_AccessProtectionSupported,
  passwordAndAccessGroupsCalled            [3] IMPLICIT Ap_AccessControl,
  negotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting [4] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  negotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesResponding [5] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  optionalParametersMap                     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  userDetail                                [11] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
  negotiatedNestingLevel                    [12] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 DEFAULT 1, -- bit 2
  negotiatedListOfServices                  [13] IMPLICIT Mn_PduSupportedMap OPTIONAL
}
-- bit 3
```

```

Initiate-ErrorPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    errorCode                               [0] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
        other                               (0),
        max-fal-pdu-size-insufficient      (1),
        service-not-supported              (2),
        version-obj-def-incompatible       (3),
        user-initiate-denied               (4),
        password-error                      (5),
        profile-number-incompatible        (6)
    },
    maxPduLengthSendingCalled              [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,           -- See NOTE
    maxPduLengthReceivingCalled            [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,           -- See NOTE
    listOfSupportedServicesCalled          [3] IMPLICIT Mn_PduSupportedMap
}
    
```

-- NOTE For QUB-Seg the PDU length is given in multiples of 256 octets, i.e. value 4 means 4*256 = 1024 octets

4.3.10.4 Status Notification Service

UnsolicitedStatus-RequestPDU ::= Status-ResponsePDU

4.3.10.5 Subscribe Service

```

Subscribe-RequestPDU ::= CHOICE {
    joining                                [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        publishedObject                    Gn_KeyAttributes,
        scheduleInterval                   [11] IMPLICIT Dl_CyclicInterval,
        optionalParametersMap              [12] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
        maximumARs                         [13] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 DEFAULT 1 OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
        maximumPermissibleJitter           [14] IMPLICIT Dl_PermissibleJitter OPTIONAL,           -- bit 2
        desiredPublishingStartTime         [15] IMPLICIT FieldbusTime OPTIONAL,           -- bit 3
        earliestPublishingStartTime        [16] IMPLICIT FieldbusTime OPTIONAL,           -- bit 4
        latestPublishingStartTime          [17] IMPLICIT FieldbusTime OPTIONAL           -- bit 5
    },
    listOfLeavingAREPs                    [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericID
}

Subscribe-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    optionalParametersMap                  [0] Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    dataType                               [1] Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
    dataLength                             [2] Dl_SduSize OPTIONAL,           -- bit 2
    dedicated                              [3] Ar_Dedicated DEFAULT TRUE,           -- bit 3
    listOfArInformation                    [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
        publishingAREPid                   [0] Gn_NumericID,
        publishingDIMapping                [1] Gn_NumericID,
        scheduledStartTime                  [2] FieldbusTime
    } OPTIONAL,           -- bit 4
}
    
```

4.3.10.6 Reject Service

```

RejectPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    original-InvokeID                      [0] IMPLICIT Integer8,
    reject-code                            [1] IMPLICIT Integer8 {
        other                               (0),
        illegal-confirmed-service-request  (1),
        pdu-error                           (2),
        pdu-size                            (5)
    }
}
    
```

4.3.10.7 Conclude Service

Conclude-Request ::= Null

Conclude-Response ::= Null

4.3.11 Load Region ASE

4.3.11.1 Discard Service

Discard-RequestPDU ::= Gn_KeyAttribute -- Load Region LocalID

Discard-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2 Initiate Load Service

4.3.11.2.1 InitiateClientPullDownloadStatic PDUs

InitiateClientPullDownloadStatic-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

InitiateClientPullDownloadStatic-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2.2 InitiateClientPullDownloadDynamic PDUs

```
InitiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  loadRegionKeyAttribute      Gn_AccessSpecification,
  userData                    [0] OctetString,
  sharable                    [1] BOOLEAN,
  accessProtection            [2] Fi-AccessPrivilege
}
```

InitiateClientPullDownloadDynamic-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2.3 InitiateClientPullUploadStatic PDUs

InitiateClientPullUploadStatic-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

InitiateClientPullUploadStatic-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2.4 InitiateClientPullUploadDynamic PDUs

InitiateClientPullUploadDynamic-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

```
InitiateClientPullUploadDynamic-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  ulsmNumericID              [0] Gn_NumericID,
  userData                    [1] OctetString
}
```

4.3.11.2.5 InitiateServerPullDownload PDUs

```
InitiateServerPullDownload-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  loadRegionKeyAttribute      Gn_AccessSpecification,
  optionalParametersMap       [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  additionalInformation        [11] IMPLICIT VisibleString OPTIONAL
}
-- bit 1
```

InitiateServerPullDownload-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2.6 InitiateServerPullUpload PDUs

```
InitiateServerPullUpload-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  loadRegionKeyAttribute      Gn_AccessSpecification,
  optionalParametersMap       [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  additionalInformation        [2] IMPLICIT VisibleString OPTIONAL
}
-- bit 1
```

InitiateServerPullUpload-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.2.7 InitiateClientPushDownload PDUs

InitiateClientPushDownload-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

InitiateClientPushDownload-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.3 Pull Segment Service

4.3.11.3.1 PullDownloadSegment PDUs

```
PullDownloadSegment-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  loadRegionKeyAttribute      Gn_AccessSpecification
  optionalParametersMap       [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  segmentNumber               [11] IMPLICIT Fi_SegmentNumber OPTIONAL
}
-- bit 1
```

```
PullDownloadSegment-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  loadData                    [0] IMPLICIT OctetString,
  moreFollows                  [1] IMPLICIT Gn_MoreFollows
}
```

4.3.11.3.2 PullUploadSegment PDUs

PullUploadSegment-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

```
PullUploadSegment-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    loadData                               [0] IMPLICIT OctetString,
    moreFollows                            [1] IMPLICIT Gn_MoreFollows
}
```

4.3.11.4 Push Segment Service

4.3.11.4.1 PushDownloadSegment PDUs

```
PushDownloadSegment-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    loadRegionKeyAttribute                 Gn_AccessSpecification,
    loadData                               [2] IMPLICIT OctetString,
    moreFollows                            [3] IMPLICIT Gn_MoreFollows,
    optionalParametersMap                  [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    segmentNumber                          [11] IMPLICIT Fi_SegmentNumber OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

PushDownloadSegment-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.5 Terminate Load Service

4.3.11.5.1 TerminatePullDownload PDUs

```
TerminatePullDownload-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    loadRegionKeyAttribute                 Gn_AccessSpecification,
    terminateReason                        [2] IMPLICIT Lr_TerminateReason
}
```

TerminatePullDownload-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.11.5.2 TerminatePushDownload PDUs

TerminatePushDownload-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

TerminatePushDownload-ResponsePDU ::= Fi_TerminateReason

4.3.11.5.3 TerminatePullUpload PDUs

TerminatePullUpload-RequestPDU ::= Gn_AccessSpecification

TerminatePullUpload-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.12 Function Invocation ASE

4.3.12.1 ActionInvoke Service

```
ActionInvoke-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute                           Gn_KeyAttribute,
    actionInvocationID                     [6] IMPLICIT Fi_ActionInvokeID,
    optionalParametersMap                  [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument                       [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

4.3.12.2 ActionReturn Service

```
ActionReturn-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    actionInvocationID                     [0] IMPLICIT Fi_ActionInvokeID,
    actionResults CHOICE {
        actionSuccess                       [1] IMPLICIT ANY,
        actionFailure                       [2] IMPLICIT ErrorType
    }
}
```

4.3.12.3 Kill Service

```
Kill-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute                           Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap                  [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument                       [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

Kill-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.12.4 Reset Service

```

Reset-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute          Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument     [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL
}

```

```
Reset-ResponsePDU ::= NULL
```

4.3.12.5 Resume Service

```

Resume-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute          Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument     [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL
}

```

```
Resume-ResponsePDU ::= NULL
```

4.3.12.6 Start Service

```

Start-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute          Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument     [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL
}

```

```
Start-ResponsePDU ::= NULL
```

4.3.12.7 Stop Service

```

Stop-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute          Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    executionArgument     [7] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL
}

```

```
Stop-ResponsePDU ::= NULL
```

4.3.13 Variable Access ASE**4.3.13.1 Exchange Service**

```

Exchange-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    specifierForVariableToWrite [0] Gn_KeyAttribute,
    valueToWrite                 [1] IMPLICIT ANY,
    specifierForVariableToRead  [2] Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap       [2] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    objectRevisionForVariableWriting [3] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL,
    objectRevisionRequested     [4] IMPLICIT Gn_RequestFlag DEFAULT FALSE
}

```

```

Exchange-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    writeResult [0] IMPLICIT Vr_WriteResult,
    readResult CHOICE {
        status [1] IMPLICIT Er_Access,
        value [2] IMPLICIT ANY,
        valueWithRevision [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
            value [4] IMPLICIT ANY,
            objectRevision [5] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision
        }
    }
}

```

4.3.13.2 Exchange List Service

```

ExchangeList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    writeList-Request [0] IMPLICIT WriteList-RequestPDU,
    readList-Request [1] IMPLICIT ReadList-RequestPDU
}

```

```
ExchangeList-Response ::= SEQUENCE {
    writeList-Response      [0] IMPLICIT WriteList-ResponsePDU,
    readList-Response       [1] IMPLICIT ReadList-ResponsePDU
}
```

4.3.13.3 Information Report Service

```
InformationReport-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    value                    [4] IMPLICIT ANY,
    optionalParametersMap   [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    variableSpecifier       Gn_KeyAttribute OPTIONAL,                -- bit 1
    subIndex                [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL,      -- bit 2
    objectRevision          [11] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL -- bit 3
}
```

4.3.13.4 Information Report with Type Service

```
InformationReportWithType-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE{
    TypeDescription         [4] Gn_TypeDescription,
    value                   [5] IMPLICIT ANY,
    optionalParametersMap   [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    variableSpecifier       Gn_KeyAttribute OPTIONAL,                -- bit 1
    subIndex                [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL,      -- bit 2
    objectRevision          [11] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL -- bit 3
}
```

4.3.13.5 Information List Report Service

```
InformationReportList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    ListOfVariableSpecifier CHOICE {
        variableList        [0] IMPLICIT Gn_KeyAttribute,
        listOfVariable      [1] IMPLICIT Gn_ListOfVariableAccess
    },
    listOfDataType          [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription,
    listOfData              [8] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY,
    optionalParametersMap   [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8,
    userDetail              [11] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL,      -- bit 1
    listOfObjectRevision    [12] SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL -- bit 2
}
```

-- The listOfDataType should either contain one element per variable or should be empty. The listOfObjectRevision should contain one element per variable or should be absent.

4.3.13.6 Read Service

4.3.13.6.1 Read PDUs

```
Read1-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    variableSpecifier       Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap   [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    objectRevisionRequested [11] IMPLICIT Gn_RequestFlag DEFAULT FALSE OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

```
Read2-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    variableSpecifier       Gn_KeyAttribute,
    optionalParametersMap   [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    subIndex                [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

```
Read1-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    value                   [0] IMPLICIT ANY,
    optionalParametersMap   [1] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    objectRevision          [2] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}
```

Read2-ResponsePDU ::= ANY

4.3.13.6.2 PhysicalRead PDUs

```
PhysicalRead-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  local-address          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_PhysicalAddress,
  length                [1] IMPLICIT Gn_Length
}
```

```
PhysicalRead-ResponsePDU ::= ANY
```

4.3.13.6.3 ReadWithType PDUs

```
ReadWithType-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE{
  variableSpecifier          Gn_KeyAttribute,
  optionalParametersMap     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  subIndex                  [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL           -- bit 1
}
```

```
ReadWithType-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE{
  typeDescription           [0] Gn_TypeDescription,
  value                     [1] IMPLICIT ANY,
  optionalParametersMap     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  objectRevision            [11] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL   -- bit 1
}
```

4.3.13.7 Read List Service

```
ReadList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  ListOfVariableSpecifier CHOICE {
    variableList           [0] IMPLICIT Gn_KeyAttributes,
    listOfVariable         [1] IMPLICIT Gn_ListOfVariableAccess,
    listOfNumericAddress   [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericAddress
  },
  additionalInfoRequested BitString8 {
    typeDescriptionRequested (0),
    objectRevisionRequested  (1)
  }
}
```

```
ReadList-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  ListOfAccessResult       [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
  listOfDataType           [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription,
  listOfData               [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY,
  listOfObjectRevision     [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
}
```

-- The listOfAccessResult parameter specifies for each requested variable if the access was successful (bit = 1) or not (bit = 0).

-- The listOfDataType should either contain one element per variable or should be empty. The same applies for the listOfObjectRevision.

-- The listOfData parameter specifies for each requested variable the value of the variable if the access succeeds or an ErrorClass if it fails. The ErrorClass is coded as an unsigned16 where the most significant byte contains the "error class" and the least significant byte contains the "error code" (see ErrorClass definition).

4.3.13.7.1 Write Service**4.3.13.7.2 Write PDUs**

```
Write-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  variableSpecifier          Gn_KeyAttribute,
  value                     [4] IMPLICIT ANY,
  optionalParametersMap     [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  subIndex                  [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  objectRevision            [11] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL     -- bit 2
}
```

Write-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.13.7.3 PhysicalWrite PDUs

```
PhysicalWrite-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    local-address          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_PhysicalAddress,
    data                  [1] IMPLICIT ANY
}
```

PhysicalWrite-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.13.7.4 WriteWithType PDUs

```
WriteWithType-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE{
    VariableSpecifier      Gn_KeyAttribute,
    typeDescription       [4] Gn_TypeDescription,
    value                 [5] IMPLICIT ANY,
    optionalParametersMap [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    subIndex              [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex OPTIONAL,
    objectRevision        [11] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL - bit 1
} - bit 2
```

WriteWithType-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.13.8 Write List Service

```
WriteList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    ListOfVariableSpecifier CHOICE {
        variableList          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_KeyAttributes,
        listOfVariable        [1] IMPLICIT Gn_ListOfVariableAccess,
        listOfNumericAddress [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericAddress
    },
    listOfDataType           [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription,
    listOfValue             [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY,
    listOfObjectRevision    [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
}
```

-- The listOfDataType should either contain one element per variable or should be empty. The same applies for the listOfObjectRevision.

```
WriteList-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    ListOfAccessResult      [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
    listOfAccessError      [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ErrorClass
}
```

-- The listOfAccessResult parameter specifies for each requested variable if the access was successful (bit = 1) or not (bit = 0).

-- The listOfAccessError contains one error code for each failed access. If a variable access was successful, there is no corresponding error code in this list.

-- The ErrorClass is coded as an unsigned16 where the most significant byte contains the "error class" and the least significant byte contains the "error code" (see ErrorClass definition).

4.3.14 Event Management ASE

4.3.14.1 Confirmed Acknowledge Event service

```
AcknowledgeEventNotification-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute           Gn_AccessSpecification,
    reportedEventCount    [2] IMPLICIT Ev_EventCount
}
```

AcknowledgeEventNotification-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.14.2 EnableEvent Service

```
EnableEvent-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    keyAttribute           Gn_AccessSpecification,
    enabled                [2] IMPLICIT Gn_Enabled
}
```

EnableEvent-ResponsePDU ::= NULL

4.3.14.3 EnableEventList Service

```

EnableEventList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  listOfKeyAttribute          [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
  listOfEnabledFlags         [1] IMPLICIT BitString
}

```

```

EnableEventList-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  listOfEnableResult         [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
  listOfError                [1] IMPLICIT ErrorClass
}

```

4.3.14.4 Event Notification Service

```

EventNotificationList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  eventNotifierID           IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  eventDataContained        Boolean,
  notificationTypeInfo CHOICE {
    basic                   [0] NULL,
    sequenced               [1] Ev_SequenceNumber,
    time-of-notification    [2] Ev_TimeTag,
    compound                 [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
      sequence-number      Ev_SequenceNumber,
      time-tag              Ev_TimeTag
    }
  },
  listOfEventID             SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
  listOfEv_EventDataType    SEQUENCE OF Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription,
  listOfEventContents CHOICE {
    simple                  [0] SEQUENCE OF ANY, -- Null, Ev_EventData,
    reportedEventCount     [1] SEQUENCE OF ANY, -- Ev_EventCount, Ev_EventData
    eventDetectionTime     [2] SEQUENCE OF ANY, -- Ev_TimeTag, Ev_EventData
    composite               [3] SEQUENCE OF ANY -- Ev_EventCount, Ev_TimeTag, Ev_EventData
  }
}

```

-- If the eventDataContained parameter is TRUE, the Ev_EventData value shall be present.

-- The components of event contents shall be appended together without any gap.

```

EventNotification-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  KeyAttribute              Gn_KeyAttribute,
  eventNumber               [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  optionalParametersMap    [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  eventData                 [3] IMPLICIT ANY OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
  eventNotifierID          [11] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL, -- bit 2
  sequenceNumber           [12] IMPLICIT Ev_SequenceNumber OPTIONAL, -- bit 3
  notificationTime         [13] IMPLICIT Ev_TimeTag OPTIONAL, -- bit 4
}

```

4.3.14.5 Event Notification with Type Service

```

EventNotificationWithType-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  KeyAttribute              Gn_KeyAttribute,
  eventNumber               [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  typeDescription           [3] Gn_TypeDescription,
  optionalParametersMap    [10] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  value                     [4] IMPLICIT ANY OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
  eventNotifierID          [11] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL, -- bit 2
  sequenceNumber           [12] IMPLICIT Ev_SequenceNumber OPTIONAL, -- bit 3
  notificationTime         [13] IMPLICIT Ev_TimeTag OPTIONAL, -- bit 4
}

```

4.3.14.6 Get Event Summary Service

```

GetEventSummary-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  eventID                  [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  optionalParametersMap    [1] IMPLICIT OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  recoveredMessageRequested [2] IMPLICIT Gn_RequestFlag OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
  objectRevisionRequested  [3] IMPLICIT Gn_RequestFlag OPTIONAL, -- bit 2
}

```

```

GetEventSummary-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventStatus                [0] IMPLICIT Ev_EventStatus,
    optionalParametersMap      [1] IMPLICIT OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    objectRevision             [2] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL,      -- bit 1
    recoveredMessage           [3] IMPLICIT Ev_EventMessage OPTIONAL         -- bit 2
}
    
```

4.3.14.7 Get Event Summary List Service

```

GetEventSummaryList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    request events CHOICE {
        allEvents                [1] IMPLICIT Null,
        listOfEvents             [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification
    },
    additionalInfoRequest       [3] IMPLICIT BitString8 {
        recoveredMessageRequested (0), --true for requested
        objectRevisionRequested  (1) --true for requested
    }
}
    
```

```

GetEventSummaryList-ResponsePDU ::= CHOICE {
    listOfEvents                [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        listOfAccessResult      [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
        listOfEventMessage      Ev_ListOfEventResponse,
        listOfObjectRevision    [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
    },
    allEvents                   [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        listOfEventID           [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
        listOfEventMessage      Ev_ListOfEventResponse,
        listOfObjectRevision    [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
    }
}
    
```

-- The listOfAccessResult parameter specifies for each requested event, if the access was successful (bit=1) or not (bit=0).

4.3.14.8 Notification Recovery Service

```

NotificationRecovery-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    notifierID                  [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
    optionalParametersMap      [1] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
    numberToRecover            [2] IMPLICIT Ev_NumberToRecover DEFAULT 1 OPTIONAL, -- bit 1
    sequenceNumber             [3] IMPLICIT Ev_SequenceNumber OPTIONAL         -- bit 2
}
    
```

4.3.14.9 Confirmed Acknowledge Event List Service

```

ConfirmedAcknowledgedEventList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    acknowledgmentPolicy       [0] IMPLICIT Ev_AcknowledgmentPolicy,
    listOfEventID              [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
    listOfMessageSpecifier CHOICE {
        reportedEventCount      [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Ev_EventCount,
        eventDetectionTime       [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Ev_TimeTag,
        eventCountAndDetectionTime [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY -- Ev_EventCount, Ev_TimeTag
    },
    listOfAcknowledgmentData    [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF OctetString
}
    
```

```

ConfirmedAcknowledgedEventList-ResponsePDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    listOfAccessResult          [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
    listOfError                  [1] IMPLICIT ErrorClass
}
    
```

4.3.14.10 Query Event Summary List Service

```

QueryEventSummaryList-RequestPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
    eventselectionCriterion          [0] IMPLICIT BitString8,
    requestedEvent                   CHOICE {
        allEvents                    [1] IMPLICIT Null,
        listOfEvents                 [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification
    },
    additionalInfoRequested          [3] IMPLICIT BitString8 {
        recoveredMessageRequested    (0), --true for requested
        objectRevisionRequested      (1) --true for requested
    }
}

```

```

QueryEventSummaryList-ResponsePDU ::= CHOICE {
    listOfEvents                    [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        listOfAccessResult           [0] IMPLICIT BitString,
        listOfEventMessage          Ev_ListOfEventResponse,
        listOfObjectRevision        [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
    },
    allEvents                       [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
        listOfEventsID              [0] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification,
        listOfEventMessage          Ev_ListOfEventResponse,
        listOfObjectRevision        [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_ObjectRevision
    }
}

```

-- The listOfAccessResult parameter specifies for each event requested if the access was successful (bit=1) or not (bit=0).

4.3.15 Type Definitions

4.3.15.1 AP ASE Types

4.3.15.1.1 Ap_AccessProtectionSupported

Ap_AccessProtectionSupported ::= Boolean -- True means Access Protection is supported.
 -- False means Access Protection is not supported.

4.3.15.1.2 Ap_AccessControl

Ap_AccessControl ::= BitString { -- The Password (Unsigned8) is encoded as a bit string.

password_Bit1	(7),
password_Bit2	(6),
password_Bit3	(5),
password_Bit4	(4),
password_Bit5	(3),
password_Bit6	(2),
password_Bit7	(1),
password_Bit8	(0),
access_Groups-1	(15),
access_Groups-2	(14),
access_Groups-3	(13),
access_Groups-4	(12),
access_Groups-5	(11),
access_Groups-6	(10),
access_Groups-7	(9),
access_Groups-8	(8)

}

4.3.15.2 AR ASE Types

4.3.15.2.1 Ar_Dedicated

Ar_Dedicated ::= Boolean -- The value of TRUE means the AREP is dedicated.
 -- The value of FALSE means the AREP is not dedicated.

4.3.15.2.2 AREP

RespondingAREP ::= Unsigned32 -- Responding DLCEP address

RequestingAREP ::= Unsigned32 -- Requesting DLCEP address

4.3.15.2.3 Abort Types

4.3.15.2.3.1. Identifier

Identifier ::= Unsigned8 {
 user (1),
 nma (5)
}

4.3.15.2.3.2. Reason Code

ReasonCode ::= Unsigned8

4.3.15.2.3.3. Additional Detail

AdditionalDetail ::= OctetString

4.3.15.2.4 Ar_ServiceTimeOut

Ar_ServiceTimeOut ::= Unsigned8

4.3.15.3 Data Link Layer Types

4.3.15.3.1 DI_CyclicInterval

DI_CyclicInterval ::= Unsigned32 -- Granularity is defined in IEC 61158-3 and IEC 61158-4.

4.3.15.3.2 DI_DlsapAddress

DI_DlsapAddress ::= Unsigned32 -- The format of this type is defined in IEC 61158-4.

4.3.15.3.3 DI_PermissibleJitter

DI_PermissibleJitter ::= Unsigned16 -- Granularity is defined in IEC 61158-3 and IEC 61158-4.

4.3.15.3.4 DI_SduSize

DI_SduSize ::= Unsigned16

4.3.15.4 Data Type ASE Types

4.3.15.4.1 Dt_ListOfFields

Dt_ListOfFields ::= SEQUENCE {
 fieldDataType [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
 optionalParametersMap [2] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
 fieldName [0] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL -- bit 1
}

4.3.15.5 Event ASE Types

4.3.15.5.1 Ev_AcknowledgmentDataSpecifier

Ev_AcknowledgmentDataSpecifier ::= Ev_DataSpecifier

4.3.15.5.2 Ev_AcknowledgementPolicy

Ev_AcknowledgementPolicy ::= Boolean -- True means all messages are to be acknowledged.
-- False means only the specified message is to be acknowledged.

4.3.15.5.3 Ev_ContainedEventData

Ev_ContainedEventData ::= Boolean -- True means the event message contains event data.
-- False means the event message does not contain event data.

4.3.15.5.4 Ev_ContainedMessageType

Ev_ContainedMessageType ::= Unsigned8 {
 simple (1),
 reportedEventCount (2),
 eventDetectionTime (3),
 composite (4),
 any (5)
}

4.3.15.5.5 Ev_DataSpecifier

```
Ev_DataSpecifier ::= CHOICE {
  variableID           [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  dataTypeld          [1] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  dataLength          [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8
}
```

4.3.15.5.6 Ev_EventCount

```
En_EventCount ::= Unsigned8
```

4.3.15.5.7 Ev_EventData

```
Ev_EventData ::= ANY
```

-- Ev_EventData contains the data associated with the respective event. If the data is not to be included in the notification, its length is 0.

4.3.15.5.8 Ev_EventMessage

```
Ev_EventMessage ::= CHOICE {
  eventKeyAttributeOnly           [0] IMPLICIT Gn_KeyAttribute,
  eventKeyAttributeWithCount      [1] IMPLICIT Ev_KeyAttributeWithMessageCount,
  eventKeyAttributeWithTime       [2] IMPLICIT Ev_KeyAttributeWithData,
  eventKeyAttributeWithData       [3] IMPLICIT Ev_KeyAttributeWithData
}

Ev_ListOfEventResponse ::= CHOICE {
  simple
  recoveredCount                [1] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Ev_Status,
  recoveredDetectionTime         [2] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY,           --Ev_Status, RecoveredCount
  RecoveredDetectionTime         [3] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY,           --Ev_tStatus,
  composite
  RecoveredDetectionTime         [4] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF ANY           --Ev_Status, RecoveredCount,
  RecoveredDetectionTime
}
```

-- The components of Ev_Status & RecoveredCount shall be appended together without any gap.

-- The components of Ev_Status & RecoveredDetectionTime shall be appended together without any gap.

-- The components of Ev_Status & RecoveredCount & RecoveredDetectionTime shall be appended together without any gap.

```
Ev_Status ::= BitString8 {
  active           (0), --true for active
  detected         (1), --true for detected
  enabled          (2), --true for enabled
  acknowledged    (3) --true for acked
}
```

```
RecoveredCount ::= Unsigned8
```

```
RecoveredDetectionTime ::= Ev_TimeTag
```

4.3.15.5.9 Ev_EventStatus

```
Ev_EventStatus ::= SEQUENCE {
  active           [0] IMPLICIT Boolean,           -- True means active
  detected         [1] IMPLICIT Boolean,           -- True means detected
  enabled          [2] IMPLICIT Boolean,           -- True means enabled
  acknowledgmentSupported [3] IMPLICIT Boolean,   -- True means supported
  acknowledged    [4] IMPLICIT Boolean,           -- True means acknowledged
}
```

4.3.15.5.10 Ev_ErrorStatus

```
Ev_ErrorStatus ::= Boolean
-- True means the underlying condition is active.
-- False means the underlying condition is not active.
```

4.3.15.5.11 Ev_LastReportedEventInfo

```
Ev_LastReportedEventInfo ::= SEQUENCE {  
  optionalParametersMap [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,  
  count [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL, -- bit 1  
  detectionTime [2] IMPLICIT Ev_TimeTag OPTIONAL -- bit 2  
}
```

4.3.15.5.12 Ev_MessageType

```
Ev_MessageType ::= Unsigned8 {  
  simpleMessage (1),  
  reportedEventCount (2),  
  eventDetectionTime (3),  
  composite (4),  
  simpleMessageWithData (5),  
  reportedEventCountWithData (6),  
  eventDetectionTimeWithData (7),  
  compositeWithData (8)  
}
```

4.3.15.5.13 Ev_NotificationType

```
Ev_NotificationType ::= Unsigned8 {  
  basic (1),  
  sequenced (2),  
  timeOfNotification (3),  
  compound (4)  
}
```

4.3.15.5.14 Ev_NumberToRecover

```
Ev_NumberToRecover ::= Unsigned8
```

4.3.15.5.15 Ev_SequenceNumber

```
Ev_SequenceNumber ::= Unsigned8
```

4.3.15.5.16 Ev_SelectionCriterion

```
Ev_SelectionCriterion ::= SEQUENCE {  
  enabled [0] IMPLICIT Boolean,  
  detected [1] IMPLICIT Boolean,  
  acked [2] IMPLICIT Boolean,  
  active [3] IMPLICIT Boolean  
}
```

4.3.15.5.17 Ev_TimeTag

```
Ev_TimeTag ::= Unsigned16
```

4.3.15.6 Function Invocation ASE Types

4.3.15.6.1 Fi_ActionInvokeID

```
Fi_ActionInvokeID ::= Unsigned8
```



4.3.15.6.2 Fi_AccessPrivilege

```

Fi_AccessPrivilege ::= BitString {
    rightToStartPassword          (23),
    rightToStopPassword           (22),
    rightToDeletePassword         (21),
    rightToStartAccessGroup       (19),
    rightToStopAccessGroup        (18),
    rightToDeleteAccessGroup      (17),
    rightToStartAllPartner        (31),
    rightToStopAllPartner         (30),
    rightToDeleteAllPartner       (29),
    password_Bit1                 (7), -- The Password (Unsigned8) is encoded as a bit string.
    password_Bit2                 (6),
    password_Bit3                 (5),
    password_Bit4                 (4),
    password_Bit5                 (3),
    password_Bit6                 (2),
    password_Bit7                 (1),
    password_Bit8                 (0),
    access_Groups-1               (15),
    access_Groups-2               (14),
    access_Groups-3               (13),
    access_Groups-4               (12),
    access_Groups-5               (11),
    access_Groups-6               (10),
    access_Groups-7               (9),
    access_Groups-8               (8)
}

```

4.3.15.6.3 Fi_SegmentNumber

```

Fi_SegmentNumber ::= Unsigned32 -- The first segment number shall be one(1).

```

4.3.15.6.4 Fi_State

```

Fi_State ::= Unsigned8 {
    unrunnable                    (1),
    idle                          (2),
    running                       (3),
    stopped                       (4),
    starting                      (5),
    stopping                      (6),
    resuming                      (7),
    resetting                     (8)
}

```

4.3.15.7 General Types**4.3.15.7.1 Gn_AccessSpecification**

```

Gn_AccessSpecification ::= CHOICE {
    index                        [0] IMPLICIT Index,
    name                         [1] IMPLICIT Name
}

```

4.3.15.7.2 Gn_Deletable

```

Gn_Deletable ::= Boolean -- True means deletable.
                  -- False means not deletable.

```

4.3.15.7.3 Gn_Enabled

```

Gn_Enabled ::= Boolean -- True means enabled.
                  -- False means disabled.

```

4.3.15.7.4 Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription

```
Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription ::= CHOICE {
  Boolean [1] Gn_Length,
  integer8 [2] Gn_Length,
  integer16 [3] Gn_Length,
  integer32 [4] Gn_Length,
  unsigned8 [5] Gn_Length,
  unsigned16 [6] Gn_Length,
  unsigned32 [7] Gn_Length,
  float32 [8] Gn_Length,
  float64 [15] Gn_Length,
  binaryDate [11] Gn_Length,
  timeOfDay [12] Gn_Length,
  timeDifference [13] Gn_Length,
  universalTime [16] Gn_Length,
  fieldbusTime [17] Gn_Length,
  time [21] Gn_Length,
  bitstring8 [22] Gn_Length,
  bitstring16 [23] Gn_Length,
  bitstring32 [24] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring1 [25] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring2 [26] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring4 [27] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring8 [28] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring16 [29] Gn_Length,
  octetstring1 [30] Gn_Length,
  octetstring2 [31] Gn_Length,
  octetstring4 [32] Gn_Length,
  octetstring8 [33] Gn_Length,
  octetstring16 [34] Gn_Length,
  bcd [35] Gn_Length,
  iso10646char [36] Gn_Length,
  binarytime0 [40] Gn_Length,
  binarytime1 [41] Gn_Length,
  binarytime2 [42] Gn_Length,
  binarytime3 [43] Gn_Length,
  binarytime4 [44] Gn_Length,
  binarytime5 [45] Gn_Length,
  binarytime6 [46] Gn_Length,
  binarytime7 [47] Gn_Length,
  binarytime8 [48] Gn_Length,
  binarytime9 [49] Gn_Length,
  visiblestring [9] Gn_Length,
  octetstring [10] Gn_Length,
  bitstring [14] Gn_Length,
  compactBooleanArray [37] Gn_Length,
  compactBCDArray [38] Gn_Length,
  iso646string [39] Gn_Length,
  array [55] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    number-of-elements [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
    element-type [1] Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription
  },
  structure [56] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription
}
```

4.3.15.7.5 Gn_KeyAttribute

```
Gn_KeyAttribute ::= CHOICE {
-- When this type is specified, only the key attributes of the class referenced are valid.
  numericID [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  name [1] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
  listName [2] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
  numericAddress [4] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericAddress,
  symbolicAddress [5] IMPLICIT Gn_SymbolicAddress
}
```

4.3.15.7.6 Gn_Length

Gn_Length ::= Unsigned8

4.3.15.7.7 Gn_ListOfVariableAccess

```
Gn_ListOfVariableAccess ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE {
  numericID          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  name               [1] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
  listName           [2] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
  symbolicAddress    [5] IMPLICIT Gn_SymbolicAddress,
  partialNumericID   [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    numericID        [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
    partialAccess    Gn_PartialAccess
  },
  partialName        [7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    name             [0] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
    partialAccess    Gn_PartialAccess
  },
  partialListName    [8] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    listName         [0] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
    partialAccess    Gn_PartialAccess
  }
}
```

4.3.15.7.8 Gn_MoreFollows

Gn_MoreFollows ::= Boolean

4.3.15.7.9 Gn_Name

Gn_Name ::= OctetString

4.3.15.7.10 Gn_NameWithComponent

```
Gn_NameWithComponent ::= SEQUENCE {
  name               [0] IMPLICIT Gn_Name,
  component          [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned16
}
```

4.3.15.7.11 Gn_NumericAddress

```
Gn_NumericAddress ::= SEQUENCE {
  startAddress       [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned32, -- physical address of the starting location
  length             [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned16 -- octet length of a memory block
}
```

4.3.15.7.12 Gn_NumericID

Gn_NumericID ::= Unsigned16 -- The values of this parameter are unique within an AP.

4.3.15.7.13 Gn_NumericIDWithComponent

```
Gn_NumericIDWithComponent ::= SEQUENCE {
  numericID          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  component          [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned16
}
```

4.3.15.7.14 Gn_ObjectDefinition

Gn_ObjectDefinition ::= OctetString -- The semantics of this parameter are application specific.

4.3.15.7.15 Gn_ObjectRevision

Gn_ObjectRevision ::= Unsigned8
 -- bits 8 - 5 are used as the Major Revision
 -- bits 4 - 1 are used as the Minor Revision
 -- each may have a value between zero and 15 inclusive

4.3.15.7.16 Gn_OptionalParametersMaps

Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 ::= BitString8

Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 ::= BitString16

Gn_OptionalParametersMap32 ::= BitString32

- The above types have special semantics to represent which optional parameters are included
- in the transfer syntax. Bit 1 corresponds to the first optional parameter of a given primitive,
- bit 2 corresponds to the second optional parameter, up to bit "n" corresponds to the "n-th"
- optional parameters. The value of one indicates that the corresponding optional parameter is
- present in the transfer syntax, and the value of zero indicates that it is not present.

4.3.15.7.17 Gn_PartialAccess

```
Gn_PartialAccess ::= CHOICE {
  componentID                [3] IMPLICIT Gn_SubIndex,
  componentList              [20] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE {
    nestingLevel              [1] Unsigned8,
    accessedElements          [2] SEQUENCE OF Gn_Sub-Index
  }
}
```

- The componentID of the partial access selects a single element on the first level of nesting for access. The componentList specifies one possibly complex base element on a specified level of nesting and, if necessary, selects a number of subelements from this base element. The first elements (their number is given by nestingLevel) of the accessedElements list define the path to the base element. The rest of the list selects a number of subelements to be accessed. If the rest of the list is empty, the complete base element is accessed.

4.3.15.7.18 Gn_PhysicalAddress

```
Gn_PhysicalAddress ::= Unsigned32
```

4.3.15.7.19 Gn_RequestFlag

```
Gn_RequestFlag ::= Boolean
-- TRUE means the specified parameter is requested in the response.
-- FALSE means the specified parameter is not requested in the response.
```

4.3.15.7.20 Gn_Reusable

```
Gn_Reusable ::= Boolean
-- True means reusable.
-- False means not reusable.
```

4.3.15.7.21 Gn_SubIndex

```
Gn_SubIndex ::= Unsigned8
```

4.3.15.7.22 Gn_SymbolicAddress

```
Gn_SymbolicAddress ::= VisibleString
```

4.3.15.7.23 Gn_TypeDescription

```
Gn_TypeDescription ::= SEQUENCE OF CHOICE {
  simple                [1] IMPLICIT ANY,
  -- Octet1: High byte Data Type Gn_NumericID
  -- Octet2: Low byte Data Type Gn_NumericID
  -- Octet3: Length
  array                [2] IMPLICIT ANY,
  -- Octet1: High byte Data Type Gn_NumericID
  -- Octet2: Low byte Data Type Gn_NumericID
  -- Octet3: Length
  -- Octet4: Number of Elements
  structure            [3] IMPLICIT ANY
  -- Octet 1 : High byte Data Type Index (Element 1)
  -- Octet 2 : Low byte Data Type Index (Element 1)
  -- Octet 3 : Length (Element 1)
  -- Octet 3n-2 : High byte Data Type Index (Element n)
  -- Octet 3n-1 : Low byte Data Type Index (Element n)
  -- Octet 3n-0 : Length (Element n)
}
```

4.3.15.7.24 Gn_ObjectClass

```
Gn_ObjectClass ::= Unsigned8 {
  anyObject                (0),
  loadRegion                (2),
  functionInvocation        (3),
  event                     (4),
  fixedLength&StringDataType (5),
  structuredDataType        (6),
  fixedLength&StringVariable (7),
  arrayVariable             (8),
  dataStructureVariable     (9),
  variableList              (10),
  arrayDataType             (12),
  eventList                 (17),
  notifier                  (18),
  action                    (19)
}
```

4.3.15.8 Load Region ASE Types**4.3.15.8.1 Lr_FixedLengthSegment**

```
Lr_FixedLengthSegment ::= Boolean
-- True means LR supports fixed-length segments only.
-- False means LR supports variable-length segments.
```

4.3.15.8.2 Lr_LocalAddress

```
Lr_LocalAddress ::= Unsigned32
```

4.3.15.8.3 Lr_Size

```
Lr_Size ::= Unsigned32
```

4.3.15.8.4 Lr_State

```
Lr_State ::= Unsigned8 {
  NotDownLoadable         (1),
  downLoadable            (2),
  downloading             (3),
  downloadFailure         (4),
  downloadSuccess         (5),
  loaded                  (6),
  inUse                   (7)
}
```

4.3.15.8.5 Lr_TerminateReason

```
Lr_TerminateReason ::= Boolean
-- True means the load process was successfully completed.
-- False means the load process was completed with failure.
```

4.3.15.8.6 Lr_UploadState

```
Lr_UploadState ::= Unsigned8 {
  notUploadable          (1),
  uploadable             (2),
  uploading              (3),
  completingUpload      (4)
}
```

4.3.15.9 Management ASE Types

4.3.15.9.1 Attribute Maps

4.3.15.9.1.1. Mn_ActionAttrMap

```
Mn_ActionAttrMap ::= BitString16 {
    commonAttrValues           (1),
    listOfSupportedAttributes  (2),
    listOfOperationalServices  (3),
    reusable                   (4),
    listOfRelatedObjects       (5),
    actionInvokeServiceArgumentDataType (6),
    actionReturnServiceArgumentDataType (7)
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.2. Mn_ApAttrMap

```
Mn_ApAttrMap ::= BitString16 {
    commonAttrValues           (1),
    listOfSupportedAttributes  (2),
    listOfSupportedServices    (3),
    manufacturerIdentifier     (4),
    ApdescriptorReference      (5),
    networkAccessState        (6),
    listOfArEndpointInfo      (7),
    listOfInuseArEndpointInfo  (8),
    listOfSupportedApoClassAndObjects (9),
    listOfDisapAddresses       (10),
    listOfEventSummarySelectionCriteria (11)
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.3. Mn_AttributeMap

```
Mn_AttributeMap ::= SEQUENCE {
    Mn_CommonAttrMap,
    attributeMap CHOICE {
        apAttrMap [1] IMPLICIT Mn_ApAttrMap,
        dataTypeAttrMap [2] IMPLICIT Mn_DataTypeAttrMap,
        variableAttrMap [3] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableAttrMap,
        variableListAttrMap [4] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableListAttrMap,
        eventAttrMap [5] IMPLICIT Mn_EventAttrMap,
        eventListAttrMap [6] IMPLICIT Mn_EventListAttrMap,
        notifierAttrMap [7] IMPLICIT Mn_NotifierAttrMap,
        loadRegionAttrMap [8] IMPLICIT Mn_LoadRegionAttrMap,
        functionInvocationAttrMap [9] IMPLICIT Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrMap,
        actionAttrMap [10] IMPLICIT Mn_ActionAttrMap
    }
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.4. Mn_CommonAttrMap

```
Mn_CommonAttrMap ::= BitString8 {
    numericID (1),
    name (2),
    instanceOf (3),
    parentClass (4),
    userDescription (5),
    objectRevision (6)
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.5. Mn_DataTypeAttrMap

```

Mn_DataTypeAttrMap ::= BitString16 {
  commonAttrValues          (1),
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),
  dataTypeNumericId        (3),
  dataTypeName              (4),
  format                    (5),
  octetLength               (6),
  numberOfFields            (7),
  listOfFields              (8),
  numberOfArrayElements    (9),
  arrayElementDataType     (10)
}

```

4.3.15.9.1.6. Mn_EventAttrMap

```

Mn_EventAttrMap ::= BitString16 {
  commonAttrValues          (1),
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),
  listOfOperationalServices (3),
  eventStatus               (4),
  messageType               (5),
  accessPrivilege           (6),
  lastReportedEventInfo    (7),
  eventDataSpecifier        (8),
  acknowledgmentDataSpecifier (9)
}

```

4.3.15.9.1.7. Mn_EventListAttrMap

```

Mn_EventListAttrMap ::= BitString8 {
  commonAttrValues          (1),
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),
  listOfOperationalServices (3),
  numberOfEntries           (4),
  listOfEvents              (5)
}

```

4.3.15.9.1.8. Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrMap

```

Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrMap ::= BitString16 {
  commonAttrValues          (1),
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),
  listOfOperationalServices (3),
  accessPrivilege           (4),
  deletable                  (5),
  reusable                   (6),
  functionInvocationState    (7),
  numberOfRelatedObjectsInUse (8),
  listOfRelatedObjects       (9),
  startArgumentDataTypes    (10),
  stopServiceArgumentDataTypes (11),
  resumeServiceArgumentDataTypes (12),
  resetServiceArgumentDataTypes (13),
  killServiceArgumentDataTypes (14),
  executionArgument          (15)
}

```

4.3.15.9.1.9. Mn_LoadRegionAttrMap

```
Mn_LoadRegionAttrMap ::= BitString16 {  
  commonAttrValues (1),  
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),  
  listOfOperationalServices (3),  
  loadRegionSize (4),  
  accessPrivilege (5),  
  localAddress (6),  
  loadRegionState (7),  
  uploadState (8),  
  numberOfRelatedObjectsInUse (9),  
  listOfRelatedObjects (10),  
  contentsSize (11),  
  loadImageName (12),  
  fixedLengthSegment (13),  
  fixedSegmentLength (14),  
  intersegmentRequestTimeout (15),  
  loadRegionSharable (16)  
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.10. Mn_NotifierAttrMap

```
Mn_NotifierAttrMap ::= BitString16 {  
  commonAttrValues (1),  
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),  
  listOfOperationalServices (3),  
  enabled (4),  
  notificationArepClass (5),  
  notificationArep (6),  
  notificationType (7),  
  containedMessageType (8),  
  containedEventData (9),  
  lastNotificationSequenceNumber (10),  
  listOfEvents (11)  
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.11. Mn_VariableAttrMap

```
Mn_VariableAttrMap ::= BitString16 {  
  commonAttrValues (1),  
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),  
  listOfOperationalServices (3),  
  symbolicAddress (4),  
  dataType (5),  
  length (6),  
  variableLengthConveyance (7),  
  numberOfArrayElements (8),  
  accessPrivilege (9),  
  localDetail (10),  
  fullyNestedTypeDescription (11)  
}
```

4.3.15.9.1.12. Mn_VariableListAttrMap

```
Mn_VariableListAttrMap ::= BitString8 {  
  commonAttrValues (1),  
  listOfSupportedAttributes (2),  
  listOfOperationalServices (3),  
  numberOfEntries (4),  
  listOfVariables (5),  
  deletable (6),  
  accessPrivilege (7)  
}
```



4.3.15.9.2 Attribute Values**4.3.15.9.2.1. Mn_ActionAttrValues**

Mn_ActionAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {		
optionalParametersMap	[0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,	
commonAttrValues	[1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,	-- bit 1
listOfSupportedAttributes	[2] IMPLICIT Mn_ActionAttrMap OPTIONAL,	-- bit 2
listOfOperationalServices	[3] IMPLICIT Mn_ActionServiceMap OPTIONAL,	-- bit 3
reusable	[4] IMPLICIT Gn_Reusable DEFAULT TRUE,	-- bit 4
listOfRelatedObjects	[5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_KeyAttribute OPTIONAL,	-- bit 5
actionInvokeServiceArgumentDataType	[6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,	-- bit 6
actionActionServiceArgumentDataType	[7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,	-- bit 7
}		

4.3.15.9.2.2. Mn_ApAttrValues

Mn_ApAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {		
optionalParametersMap	[0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,	
commonAttrValues	[1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,	-- bit 1
listOfSupportedAttributes	[2] IMPLICIT Mn_ApAttrMap OPTIONAL,	-- bit 2
listOfSupportedServices	[3] IMPLICIT Mn_ApServiceMap OPTIONAL,	-- bit 3
manufacturerIdentifier	[4] IMPLICIT Mn_ManufacturerIdentifier OPTIONAL,	-- bit 4
ApdescriptorReference	[5] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL,	-- bit 5
networkAccessState	[6] IMPLICIT Mn_NetworkAccessState OPTIONAL,	-- bit 6
listOfArEndpointInfo	[7] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Mn_ArEndpointInfo OPTIONAL,	-- bit 7
listOfInuseArEndpointInfo	[8] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Mn_InuseArEndpointInfo OPTIONAL,	-- bit 8
listOfSupportedApoClassAndObjects	[9] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Mn_ApoClassAndObjects OPTIONAL,	-- bit 9
listOfDisapAddresses	[10] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Dl_DisapAddress OPTIONAL,	-- bit 10
listOfEventSummarySelectionCriteria	[11] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Ev_SelectionCriterion OPTIONAL,	-- bit 11
}		

4.3.15.9.2.3. Mn_AttributeValues

Mn_AttributeValues ::= CHOICE {	
ApAttrValues	[1] IMPLICIT Mn_ApAttrValues,
dataTypeAttrValues	[2] IMPLICIT Mn_DataTypeAttrValues,
variableAttrValues	[3] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableAttrValues,
variableListAttrValues	[4] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableListAttrValues,
eventAttrValues	[5] IMPLICIT Mn_EventAttrValues,
eventListAttrValues	[6] IMPLICIT Mn_EventListAttrValues,
notifierAttrValues	[7] IMPLICIT Mn_NotifierAttrValues,
loadRegionAttrValues	[8] IMPLICIT Mn_LoadRegionAttrValues,
functionInvocationAttrValues	[9] IMPLICIT Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrValues,
actionAttrValues	[10] IMPLICIT Mn_ActionAttrValues
}	

4.3.15.9.2.4. Mn_CommonAttrValues

Mn_CommonAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {		
optionalParametersMap	[0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,	
numericID	[1] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,	-- bit 1
name	[2] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL,	-- bit 2
instanceOf	[3] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,	-- bit 3
parentClass	[4] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,	-- bit 4
userDescription	[5] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL,	-- bit 5
objectRevision	[6] IMPLICIT Gn_ObjectRevision OPTIONAL,	-- bit 6
}		

4.3.15.9.2.5. Mn_DataTypeAttrValues

```
Mn_DataTypeAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_DataTypeAttrMap OPTIONAL,           -- bit 2
  dataTypeNumericId         [3] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                -- bit 3
  dataTypeName              [4] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL,                     -- bit 4
  format                    [5] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                -- bit 5
  octetLength               [6] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 6
  numberOfFields            [7] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 7
  listOfFields              [8] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Dt_ListOfFields OPTIONAL  -- bit 8
  numberOfArrayElements     [9] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                -- bit 9
  arrayElementType         [10] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL                 -- bit 10
}
```

4.3.15.9.2.6. Mn_EventAttrValues

```
Mn_EventAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_EventAttrMap OPTIONAL,               -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [3] IMPLICIT Mn_EventServiceMap OPTIONAL,           -- bit 3
  eventStatus               [4] IMPLICIT Ev_EventStatus OPTIONAL,               -- bit 4
  messageType              [5] IMPLICIT Ev_MessageType OPTIONAL,                -- bit 5
  accessPrivilege          [6] IMPLICIT Vr_VariableListAccessPrivilege OPTIONAL, -- bit 6
  lastReportedEventInfo    [7] IMPLICIT Ev_LastReportedEventInfo OPTIONAL,      -- bit 7
  eventDataSpecifier       [8] IMPLICIT Ev_DataSpecifier OPTIONAL,               -- bit 8
  acknowledgmentDataSpecifier [9] IMPLICIT EV_AcknowledgementDataSpecifier OPTIONAL -- bit 9
}
```

4.3.15.9.2.7. Mn_EventListAttrValues

```
Mn_EventListAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_EventListAttrMap OPTIONAL,           -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [3] IMPLICIT Mn_EventListServiceMap OPTIONAL,       -- bit 3
  numberOfEntries           [4] IMPLICIT Unsigned16 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 4
  listOfEvents              [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL      -- bit 5
}
```

4.3.15.9.2.8. Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrValues

```
Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_FunctionInvocationAttrMap OPTIONAL,  -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [3] IMPLICIT Mn_FunctionInvocationServiceMap OPTIONAL, -- bit 3
  accessPrivilege          [4] IMPLICIT Vr_AccessPrivilege OPTIONAL,             -- bit 4
  deletable                [5] IMPLICIT Mn_Deletable OPTIONAL,                  -- bit 5
  reusable                 [6] IMPLICIT Mn_Reusable DEFAULT TRUE OPTIONAL,       -- bit 6
  functionInvocationState   [7] IMPLICIT Fi_State OPTIONAL,                     -- bit 7
  numberOfRelatedObjectsInUse [8] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 8
  listOfRelatedObjects      [9] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_KeyAttribute OPTIONAL,  -- bit 9
  startArgumentDataTypes    [10] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 10
  stopServiceArgumentDataTypes [11] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,             -- bit 11
  resumeServiceArgumentDataTypes [12] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,           -- bit 12
  resetServiceArgumentDataTypes [13] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,            -- bit 13
  killServiceArgumentDataTypes [14] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,             -- bit 14
  executionArgument         [15] IMPLICIT OctetString OPTIONAL                   -- bit 15
}
```

4.3.15.9.2.9. Mn_LoadRegionAttrValues

```

Mn_LoadRegionAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_LoadRegionAttrValues OPTIONAL,       -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [3] IMPLICIT Mn_LoadRegionServiceMap OPTIONAL,       -- bit 3
  loadRegionSize            [4] IMPLICIT Lr_Size OPTIONAL,                       -- bit 4
  accessPrivilege           [5] IMPLICIT Vr_AccessPrivilege OPTIONAL,            -- bit 5
  localAddress              [6] IMPLICIT Lr_LocalAddress OPTIONAL,                -- bit 6
  loadRegionState           [7] IMPLICIT Lr_State OPTIONAL,                       -- bit 7
  uploadState               [8] IMPLICIT Lr_UploadState OPTIONAL,                -- bit 8
  numberOfRelatedObjectsInUse [9] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                  -- bit 9
  listOfRelatedObjects      [10] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification OPTIONAL, -- bit 10
  contentsSize              [11] IMPLICIT Lr_Size OPTIONAL,                      -- bit 11
  loadImageName             [12] IMPLICIT Gn_Name OPTIONAL,                      -- bit 12
  fixedLengthSegment        [13] IMPLICIT Lr_FixedLengthSegment OPTIONAL,        -- bit
13
  fixedSegmentLength        [14] IMPLICIT Lr_Size OPTIONAL,                       -- bit 14
  intersegmentRequestTimeout [15] IMPLICIT Ar_ServiceTimeOut OPTIONAL,           -- bit
15
  loadRegionSharable        [16] IMPLICIT Boolean OPTIONAL                       -- bit 16
}

```

4.3.15.9.2.10. Mn_NotifierAttrValues

```

Mn_NotifierAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_NotifierAttrMap OPTIONAL,             -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [3] IMPLICIT Mn_NotifierServiceMap OPTIONAL,         -- bit 3
  enabled                   [4] IMPLICIT Gn_Enabled OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 4
  notificationArepClass     [5] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 5
  notificationArep          [6] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 6
  notificationType          [7] IMPLICIT Ev_NotificationType OPTIONAL,           -- bit 7
  containedMessageType      [8] IMPLICIT Ev_ContainedMessageType OPTIONAL,       -- bit 8
  containedEventData        [9] IMPLICIT Ev_ContainedEventData OPTIONAL,        -- bit 9
  lastNotificationSequenceNumber [10] IMPLICIT Ev_SequenceNumber OPTIONAL,      -- bit
10
  listOfEvents              [11] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL                  -- bit 11
}

```

4.3.15.9.2.11. Mn_VariableAttrValues

```

Mn_VariableAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap      [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  commonAttrValues          [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes [2] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableAttrMap OPTIONAL,            -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices [5] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableServiceMap OPTIONAL,        -- bit 3
  symbolicAddress           [4] IMPLICIT Gn_SymbolicAddress OPTIONAL,            -- bit 4
  dataType                  [5] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 5
  length                    [6] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                    -- bit 6
  variableLengthConveyance [7] IMPLICIT Vr_variableLengthConveyance OPTIONAL,    -- bit 7
  numberOfArrayElements     [8] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                    -- bit 8
  accessPrivilege           [9] IMPLICIT Vr_AccessPrivilege OPTIONAL,            -- bit 9
  localAddress              [10] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericAddress OPTIONAL,            -- bit
10
  fullyNestedTypeDescription [11] IMPLICIT Gn_FullyNestedTypeDescription OPTIONAL -- bit 11
}

```

4.3.15.9.2.12. Mn_VariableListAttrValues

```

Mn_VariableListAttrValues ::= SEQUENCE {
  optionalParametersMap          [0] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap8,
  commonAttrValues              [1] IMPLICIT Mn_CommonAttrValues OPTIONAL,           -- bit 1
  listOfSupportedAttributes      [2] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableListAttrMap OPTIONAL,       -- bit 2
  listOfOperationalServices      [3] IMPLICIT Mn_VariableListServiceMap OPTIONAL,    -- bit 3
  numberOfEntries               [4] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 4
  listOfVariables               [5] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Gn_AccessSpecification OPTIONAL, -- bit 5
  deletable                    [6] IMPLICIT Gn_Deletable OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 6
  accessPrivilege               [7] IMPLICIT Vr_AccessPrivilege OPTIONAL             -- bit 7
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.3 Mn_ApoClassAndObjects

```

Mn_ApoClassAndObjects ::= SEQUENCE {
  numericIdentifier             [0] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID,
  romRamFlag                   [1] IMPLICIT Gn_RomRamFlag,
  maxNameLength                [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  accessProtectionSupported     [3] IMPLICIT Gn_AccessProtection,
  versionOfList                [4] IMPLICIT Mn_Version,
  localReference               [5] IMPLICIT Unsigned32,
  optionalParametersMap        [6] IMPLICIT Gn_OptionalParametersMap16 OPTIONAL,
  numericIdentifier             [7] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 1
  numberOfObjects              [8] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                   -- bit 2
  localReference               [9] IMPLICIT Unsigned32 OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 3
  numericIdentifier            [10] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,               -- bit 4
  numberOfObjects              [11] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                  -- bit 5
  localReference               [12] IMPLICIT Unsigned32 OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 6
  numericIdentifier            [13] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,               -- bit 7
  numberOfObjects              [14] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                  -- bit 8
  localReference               [15] IMPLICIT Unsigned32 OPTIONAL,                 -- bit 9
  numericIdentifier            [16] IMPLICIT Gn_NumericID OPTIONAL,               -- bit 10
  numberOfObjects              [17] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 OPTIONAL,                  -- bit 11
  localReference               [18] IMPLICIT Unsigned32 OPTIONAL                  -- bit 12
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.4 Mn_ArEndpointInfo

```

Mn_ArEndpointInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
  configuredMaxPduSizeSending   [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  configuredMaxPduSizeReceiving [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  configuredMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  configuredMaxOutstandingServicesResponding [3] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  listOfSupportedServices       [4] IMPLICIT Mn_ServiceMap,
  configuredMaxDataStructureNestingLevel [5] IMPLICIT Unsigned8
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.5 Mn_Deletable

```

Mn_Deletable ::= Boolean
-- The value of TRUE means the object is remotely deletable.
-- The value of FALSE means the object is not remotely deletable.
    
```

4.3.15.9.6 Mn_InuseArEndpointInfo

```

Mn_InuseArEndpointInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
  negotiatedMaxPduSizeSending   [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  negotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  negotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting [2] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  negotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesResponding [3] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  outstandingServicesRequestingCounter [4] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  outstandingServicesRespondingCounter [5] IMPLICIT Unsigned8,
  negotiatedMaxDataStructureNestingLevel [6] IMPLICIT Unsigned8
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.7 Mn_ManufacturerIdentifier

```
Mn_ManufacturerIdentifier ::= SEQUENCE {  
  vendorName                [0] IMPLICIT OctetString,  
  modelIdentifier           [1] IMPLICIT OctetString,  
  vendorRevision            [2] IMPLICIT OctetString,  
  serialNumber              [3] IMPLICIT OctetString  
}
```

4.3.15.9.8 Mn_NetworkAccessState

```
Mn_NetworkAccessState ::= SEQUENCE {  
  serviceAccessStatus       [0] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 {  
    readyForCommunication   (1),  
    limitedNumberOfServices (2),  
    loadingNonInteracting   (3),  
    loadingInteracting      (4)  
  },  
  operationalStatus         [1] IMPLICIT Unsigned8 {  
    operational              (1),  
    partiallyOperational    (2),  
    notOperational          (3),  
    needsMaintenance        (4)  
  }  
}
```

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4.3.15.9.9 Mn_PduSupportedMap

```

Mn_PduSupportedMap ::= BitString {
  getAttributes2PDU (1), --All mandatory
  unsolicitedStatusPDU (2),
  setAttributes2PDU (3),
  clientPulledDownloadPDU (4),
  clientPullUploadPDU (5),
  serverPullDownloadPDU (6),
  serverPulledUploadPDU (7),
  createFunctionInvocationPDU (8),
  deleteFunctionInvocationPDU (8),
  startPDU (9),
  stopPDU (9),
  resumePDU (9),
  resetPDU (9),
  kill PDU (10),
  read2PDU (11),
  writePDU (12),
  physicalReadPDU (15),
  physicalWritePDU (16),
  informationReportPDU (17),
  createVariableListPDU (19),
  deleteVariableListPDU (19),
  eventNotificationPDU (20),
  confirmedAcknowledgeEventPDU (22),
  enableEventPDU (23),
  clientPushDownloadPDU (25),
  getAttributesPDU (26), -- Selective
  getAttributesListPDU (27),
  subscribePDU (28),
  readListPDU (29),
  writeListPDU (30),
  informationReportListPDU (31),
  exchangePDU (32),
  unconfirmedAcknowledgeEventsPDU (33),
  getEventSummaryPDU (34),
  getEventSummaryListPDU (35),
  queryEventSummaryPDU (36),
  notificationRecoveryPDU (37),
  discardPDU (38),
  actionInvokePDU (39),
  actionReturnPDU (40),
  setAttributes1PDU (41),
  read1PDU (42),
  getAttributes1PDU (43),
  concludePDU (44)
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.10 Mn_SelectedAttributes

```

Mn_SelectedAttributes ::= Unsigned8 {
  allMandatory (0), -- All mandatory attributes
  userSpecified (128), -- Specified by the AttributeMap
  minimumMandatory (255) -- Minimum mandatory attributes
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.11 Mn_ServiceMap

4.3.15.9.11.1 Mn_ActionServiceMap

```

Mn_ActionServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
  actionInvoke (1),
  actionReturn (2)
}
    
```

4.3.15.9.11.2. Mn_ApServiceMap

```

Mn_ApServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    subscribe                (1),
    identify                 (2),
    getStatus                (3),
    statusNotification      (4),
    initiate                 (5),
    terminate                (6),
    conclude                 (7)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.3. Mn_EventServiceMap

```

Mn_EventServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    unconfirmedAcknowledgeEvents (1),
    confirmedAcknowledgeEvents  (2),
    enableEvents                (3),
    getEventSummary             (4),
    getEventSummaryList        (5),
    queryEventSummary           (6)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.4. Mn_EventListServiceMap

```

Mn_EventListServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    getEventSummary           (1),
    queryEventSummary         (2)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.5. Mn_FunctionInvocationServiceMap

```

Mn_FunctionInvocationServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    start                     (1),
    stop                      (2),
    resume                    (3),
    reset                     (4),
    kill                      (5)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.6. Mn_LoadRegionServiceMap

```

Mn_LoadRegionServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    initiateLoad              (1),
    pushSegment               (2),
    pullSegment               (3),
    terminateLoad             (4),
    discard                   (5)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.7. Mn_NotifierServiceMap

```

Mn_NotifierServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    EventNotification         (1),
    notificationRecovery      (2)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.8. Mn_VariableListServiceMap

```

Mn_VariableListServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    read                      (1),
    write                     (2),
    readList                  (3),
    writeList                 (4),
    exchange                  (5),
    informationReport         (6),
    informationReportList     (7)
}

```

4.3.15.9.11.9. Mn_VariableServiceMap

```
Mn_VariableListServiceMap ::= BitString8 {
    read                (1),
    write               (2),
    readList            (3),
    writeList           (4),
    exchange            (5),
    informationReport   (6),
    informationReportList (7)
}
```

4.3.15.10 Variable ASE Types

4.3.15.10.1 Vr_AccessPrivilege

```
Vr_AccessPrivilege ::= BitString {
    rightToReadPassword      (23),
    rightToWritePassword     (22),
    rightToDeletePassword    (21),
    rightToReadAccessGroup   (19),
    rightToWriteAccessGroup  (18),
    rightToDeleteAccessGroup (17),
    rightToReadAllPartners   (31),
    rightToWriteAllPartners  (30),
    rightToDeleteAllPartners (29),
    password_Bit1            (7), -- The Password (Unsigned8) is encoded as a bit
string.
    password_Bit2            (6),
    password_Bit3            (5),
    password_Bit4            (4),
    password_Bit5            (3),
    password_Bit6            (2),
    password_Bit7            (1),
    password_Bit8            (0),
    access_Groups-1          (15),
    access_Groups-2          (14),
    access_Groups-3          (13),
    access_Groups-4          (12),
    access_Groups-5          (11),
    access_Groups-6          (10),
    access_Groups-7          (9),
    access_Groups-8          (8)
}
```

4.3.15.10.2 Vr_VariableLengthConveyance

```
Vr_VariableLengthConveyance ::= Boolean -- True means only the octets that are in use in a string are conveyed.
-- False means all the octets in a string are conveyed.
```

4.3.15.10.3 Vr_WriteResult

```
Vr_WriteResult ::= CHOICE {
    success                [0] IMPLICIT NULL,
    service                 [5] IMPLICIT Er_Service,
    access                  [6] IMPLICIT Er_Access,
    others                  [8] IMPLICIT Er_Other
}
```

4.4 Data Types

4.4.1 Notation for the Boolean Type

```
Boolean ::= BOOLEAN -- TRUE if the value is non-zero.
-- FALSE if the value is zero.
```

4.4.2 Notation for the Integer Type

Integer ::= INTEGER -- any integer
 Integer8 ::= INTEGER (-128..+127) -- range $-2^7 \leq i \leq 2^7-1$
 Integer16 ::= INTEGER (-32768..+32767) -- range $-2^{15} \leq i \leq 2^{15}-1$
 Integer32 ::= INTEGER -- range $-2^{31} \leq i \leq 2^{31}-1$

4.4.3 Notation for the Unsigned Type

Unsigned ::= INTEGER -- any non-negative integer
 Unsigned8 ::= INTEGER (0..255) -- range $0 \leq i \leq 2^8-1$
 Unsigned16 ::= INTEGER (0..65535) -- range $0 \leq i \leq 2^{16}-1$
 Unsigned32 ::= INTEGER -- range $0 \leq i \leq 2^{32}-1$

4.4.4 Notation for the Floating Point Type

Floating32 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (4) -- IEEE-754 Single precision
 Floating64 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (8) -- IEEE-754 Double precision

4.4.5 Notation for the BitString Type

BitString ::= BIT STRING -- For generic use
 BitString8 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (8) -- Fixed eight bits bitstring
 BitString16 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (16) -- Fixed 16 bits bitstring
 BitString32 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (32) -- Fixed 32 two bits bitstring

4.4.6 Notation for the OctetString Type

OctetString ::= OCTET STRING -- For generic use
 OctetString2 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (2) -- Fixed two-octet octet string
 OctetString4 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (4) -- Fixed four-octet octet string
 OctetString6 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (6) -- Fixed six-octet octet string
 OctetString7 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (7) -- Fixed seven-octet octet string
 OctetString8 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (8) -- Fixed eight-octet octet string
 OctetString16 ::= OCTET STRING SIZE (16) -- Fixed 16 octet octet string

4.4.7 Notation for VisibleString Type

VisibleString2 ::= VisibleString SIZE (2) -- Fixed two-octet visible string
 VisibleString4 ::= VisibleString SIZE (4) -- Fixed four-octet visible string
 VisibleString8 ::= VisibleString SIZE (8) -- Fixed eight-octet visible string
 VisibleString16 ::= VisibleString SIZE (16) -- Fixed 16 octet visible string

4.4.8 Notation for the UNICODEString Type

UNICODEString ::= UNICODEString -- 16-bit character code set defined in ISO 10646.

4.4.9 Notation for the FieldbusTime Type

FieldbusTime -- Format and granularity are defined in IEC 61158-3 and IEC 61158-4.

4.4.10 Notation for the Universal Time Type

UniversalTime ::= VisibleString SIZE (12) -- YYMMDDhhmmss

4.4.11 Notation for Binary Time Type

BinaryTime0 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (16) -- 10 μ s resolution
 BinaryTime1 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (16) -- .1 ms resolution
 BinaryTime2 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (16) -- 1 ms resolution
 BinaryTime3 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (16) -- 10 ms resolution
 BinaryTime4 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (32) -- 10 μ s resolution
 BinaryTime5 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (32) -- .1 ms resolution
 BinaryTime6 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (32) -- 1 ms resolution
 BinaryTime7 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (32) -- 10 ms resolution
 BinaryTime8 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (48) -- 10 μ s resolution
 BinaryTime9 ::= BIT STRING SIZE (48) -- .1 ms resolution

4.4.12 Notation for BCD Type

BCD ::= Unsigned8 (0..9) -- Lower four bits are used to express one BCD value.

4.4.13 Notation for Compact Boolean Array Type

CompactBooleanArray ::= BitString

- Each zero bit representing Boolean value FALSE.
- Each one bit representing Boolean value TRUE.
- Unused bits, if any, shall be placed in bits 6-0 of the last octet.

4.4.14 Notation for Compact BCD Array Type

CompactBCDArray ::= OctetString

- One BCD value is represented by four bits, an unused nibble, if any, shall be placed in bits 3-0 of the last octet,
- and shall be set to 1111.

4.4.15 Notation for Date Type

Date ::= OctetString7

4.4.16 Notation for TimeOfDay Type

TimeOfDay ::= OctetString6

4.4.17 Notation for TimeDifference Type

TimeDifference ::= OctetString6

4.4.18 Notation for TimeValue Type

TimeValue ::= OctetString8

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5 FAL Protocol State Machine

Interface to FAL services and protocol machines are specified in this section.

NOTE The state machines defined in this section and ARPMS defined in the annexes only define the valid events for each. It is a local matter to handle these invalid events.

The behavior of the FAL is described by three integrated protocol machines. Specific sets of these protocol machines are defined for different AREP types. The three protocol machines are: FAL Service Protocol Machine (FSPM), the Application Relationship Protocol Machine (ARPM), and the Data Link Layer Mapping Protocol Machine (DMPM). The relationship among these protocol machines as well as primitives exchanged among them are depicted in the following figure:

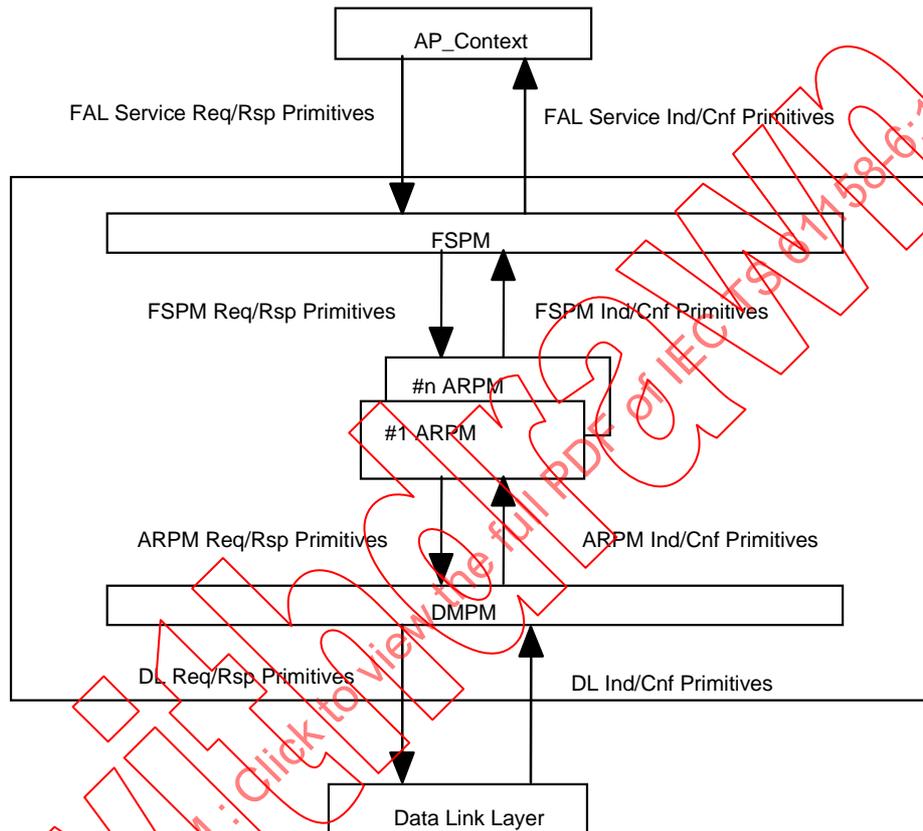


Figure 1 – Relationships among Protocol Machines and Adjacent Layers

- The FSPM describes the service interface between the AP_Context and a particular AREP. The FSPM is common to all the AREP classes and does not have any state changes. The FSPM is responsible for the following activities:
 - a) to accept service primitives from the FAL service user and convert them into FAL internal primitives;
 - b) to select an appropriate ARPM state machine based on the AREP Identifier parameter supplied by the AP_Context and send FAL internal primitives to the selected ARPM;
 - c) to accept FAL internal primitives from the ARPM and convert them into service primitives for the AP_Context;
 - d) to deliver the FAL service primitives to the AP_Context based on the AREP Identifier parameter associated with the primitives.
- The ARPM describes the establishment and release of an AR and exchange of FAL-PDUs with a remote ARPM(s). The ARPM is responsible for the following activities:

- a) to accept FAL internal primitives from the FSPM and create and send other FAL internal primitives to either the FSPM or the DMPM, based on the AREP and primitive types;
- b) to accept FAL internal primitives from the DMPM and send them to the FSPM as a form of FAL internal primitives;
- c) if the primitives are for the Establish or Abort service, it shall try to establish or release the specified AR.

Since the ARPMs vary among different AREP types and new types may be added later, their definitions are provided in the normative annexes A to O of this technical specification.

- The DMPM describes the mapping between the FAL and the DLL. It is common to all the AREP types and does not have any state changes. The DMPM is responsible for the following activities:
 - a) to accept FAL internal primitives from the ARPM, prepare DLL service primitives, and send them to the DLL;
 - b) to receive DLL indication or confirmation primitives from the DLL and send them to the ARPM in a form of FAL internal primitives.

5.1 AP Context State Machine

5.1.1 Primitive Definitions

5.1.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between FAL-User and AP-Context

Table 2 – Primitives issued by FAL-User to AP-Context

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters and Functions
Terminate.req	FAL-User	Refer to FAL Service Definition (ISA-S50.02-5)
Initiate.req	FAL-User	
Initiate.rsp(+)	FAL-User	
Initiate.rsp(-)	FAL-User	
ConfirmedService.req	FAL-User	
ConfirmedService.rsp	FAL-User	
UnconfirmedService.req	FAL-User	

Table 3 – Primitives issued by AP-Context to FAL-User

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters and Functions
Terminate.ind	AP-Context	Refer to FAL Service Definition (ISA-S50.02-5)
Initiate.ind	AP-Context	
Initiate.cnf(+)	AP-Context	
Initiate.cnf(-)	AP-Context	
ConfirmedService.ind	AP-Context	
ConfirmedService.cnf	AP-Context	
UnconfirmedService.ind	AP-Context	

5.1.2 State Machine Description

The attributes used in this state machine are defined as elements of the AP attribute *List Of In-Use AR Endpoint Info*.

CLOSED

The AP Context for an AR is not open. Only the service primitives Initiate.req, Establish.ind, Terminate.req and Abort.ind are allowed. All other service primitives shall be rejected with the Terminate service.

OPENING-REQUESTING (REQ)

The local FAL user wishes to open the AP Context for an AR. Only the service primitives Establish.cnf(+), Establish.cnf(-), Terminate.req and Abort.ind are allowed. All other services shall be rejected with the Terminate service.

OPENING-RESPONDING (RSP)

The remote AP_Context wishes to open the AP Context for an AR. Only the service primitives Initiate.rsp(+), Initiate.rsp(-), Terminate.req and Abort.ind are allowed. All other service primitives shall be rejected with the Terminate service.

OPEN

The AP Context for an AR is open. The service primitives Initiate.req, Initiate.rsp(+), Initiate.rsp(-) are not allowed and shall be rejected with the Terminate service. The following actions shall be taken to reset the AP Context for an AR.

- Set the *Outstanding Services Requesting Counter* and *Outstanding Services Responding Counter* to 0.
- Set the *Context State* to "CLOSED"

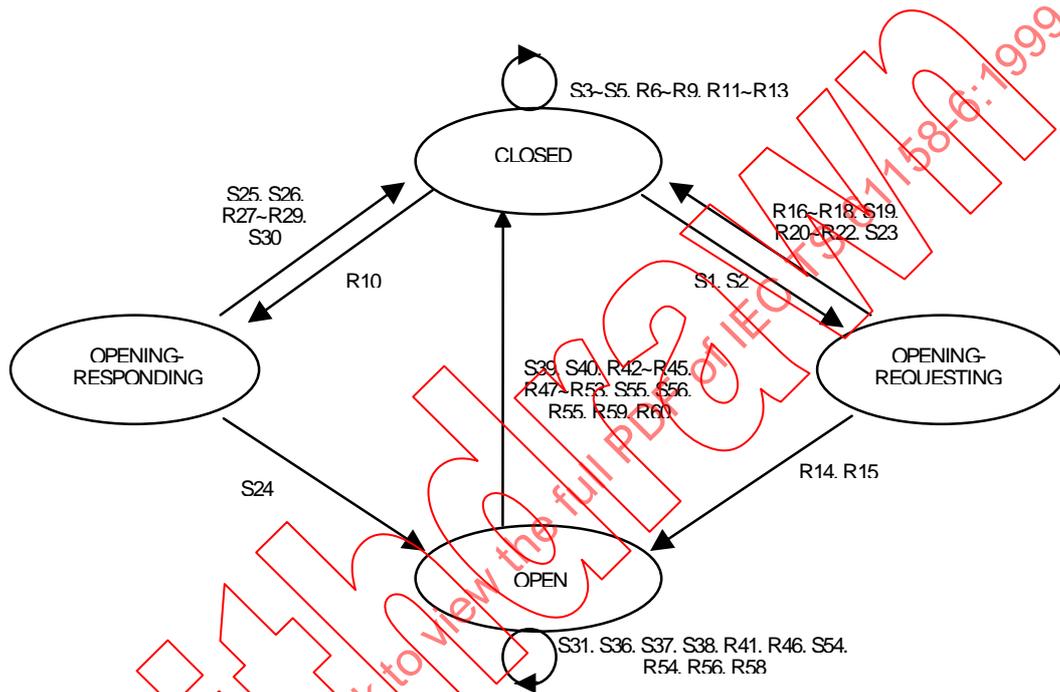


Figure 2 – AP-AP Context Initiation State Machine

5.1.3 AP-AP Context Initiation State Transitions

In the tables of this subclause "Data" parameter for FAL Service Protocol Machine is expressed by "FalApduBody" to emphasize its semantics.

Table 4 – FAL State Machine Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
S1	CLOSED	Initiate.req && ApContextTest = "True" && ApExplicitConnection = "True" EST.req { FalApuBody := "Initiate-RequestPDU" }	REQ
S2	CLOSED	Initiate.req && ApContextTest = "True" && ApExplicitConnection = "False" EST.req { FalApuBody := "NULL" }	REQ
S3	CLOSED	Initiate.req && ApContextTest = "False" Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Context error" }	CLOSED
S4	CLOSED	Terminate.req (no actions taken)	CLOSED
S5	CLOSED	FAL service.primitive <> "Initiate" && FAL service.primitive <> "Terminate" Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" }	CLOSED
S19	REQ	Terminate.req Abort.req { Originator := "TerminateIdentifier of Terminate.req", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Terminate.req" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
S23	REQ	FAL service.primitive <> "Initiate.rsp" && FAL service.primitive <> "Terminate.req" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
S24	RSP	Initiate.rsp(+) EST.rsp(+) { FalApuBody = "Initiate-ResponsePDU" }	OPEN

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
S25	RSP	Initiate.rsp(-) EST.rsp(-) { FalA pduBody = "Initiate-ErrorPDU", ErrorCode = "ErrorCode of Initiate.rsp" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
S26	RSP	Terminate.req Abort.req { Originator := "Terminateldentifier of Terminate.req", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Terminate.req" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
S30	RSP	FAL service.primitive <> "Initiate.rsp" && FAL service.primitive <> "Terminate.req" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", Terminateldentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
S31	OPEN	ConfirmedService.req && ConfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && OutstandingServicesRequestingCounter < NegotiatedMaxOutstanding-ServicesRequesting && InvokeldExistent = "False" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeSending && RequestedServiceSupportedTest = "True" CS.req { FalA pduBody := "Confirmed-RequestPDU" }, OutstandingServicesRequestingCounter := OutstandingServicesRequestingCounter+1	OPEN
S36	OPEN	UnconfirmedService.req && UnconfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeSending && RequestedServiceSupportedTest = "True" && ImmediateAcknowledge = "False" UCS.req { FalA pduBody := "Unconfirmed-PDU" }	OPEN
S37	OPEN	UnconfirmedService.req && UnconfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeSending && RequestedServiceSupportedTest = "True" && ImmediateAcknowledge = "True" UCA.req { FalA pduBody := "Unconfirmed-PDU" }	OPEN

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
S38	OPEN	<p>AR_ASE service request && ArServiceCheck = "True" && RequestedServiceSupportedTest = "True"</p> <p>ArFspmService</p> <p>NOTE This state is provided to access the FSPM direct from the FAL User. The function ArFspmService generates an FSPM primitive as defined later in this section.</p>	OPEN
S39	OPEN	<p>Terminate.req</p> <p>Abort.req { Originator := "TerminatIdentifier of Terminate.req", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Terminate.req" },</p> <p>ResetArep</p>	CLOSED
S40	OPEN	<p>Faulty, unknown or not-allowed FAL service.primitive</p> <p>Abort.req { AbortIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" },</p> <p>Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminatIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "User error" },</p> <p>ResetArep</p>	CLOSED
S54	OPEN	<p>ConfirmedService.rsp && ConfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && InvokeldExistent = "True" && SameService = "True" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeSending</p> <p>CS.rsp { FalA pduBody := "Confirmed-ResponsePDU" },</p> <p>OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter := OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter-1</p>	OPEN
S55	OPEN	<p>ConfirmedService.rsp && ConfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && InvokeldExistent = "False"</p> <p>Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "InvokeID-error-response" },</p> <p>Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminatIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "InvokeID-error-response" },</p> <p>ResetArep</p>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
S56	OPEN	<pre>ConfirmedService.rsp && ConfirmedServiceCheck = "True" && InvokeldExistent = "True" && SameService = "False" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Service-error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", Terminateldentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Service-error" }, ResetArep</pre>	CLOSED

Table 5 – FAL State Machine Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R6	CLOSED	<pre>Abort.ind (no actions taken)</pre>	CLOSED
R7	CLOSED	<pre>Faulty or unknown AR_FSPM service primitive Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }</pre>	CLOSED
R8	CLOSED	<pre>AR_FSPM service primitive <> "EST.ind" && AR_FSPM service.primitive <> "Abort.ind" Abort.req { Originator:= "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection State Conflict" }</pre>	CLOSED
R9	CLOSED	<pre>EST.ind && FalApduBody = not allowed, unknown or faulty FAL PDU Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "FAL PDU error" }</pre>	CLOSED
R10	CLOSED	<pre>EST.ind && FalApduBody = "Initiate-RequestPDU" && ApContextTest = "True" && MaxFalPduLengthTest = "True" && ServicesSupportedTest = "True" NegotiateOutstandingServices, Initiate.ind { }</pre>	RSP
R11	CLOSED	<pre>EST.ind && FalApduBody = "Initiate-RequestPDU" && ApContextTest = "False" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR error" }</pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R12	CLOSED	<pre> EST.ind && FalApuBody = "Initiate-RequestPDU" && ApContextTest = "True" && MaxFalPduLengthTest = "False" EST.rsp(-) { FalApuBody := "Initiate-ErrorPDU", ErrorCode := "Max-Fal-Fdu-Size-Insufficient" } </pre>	CLOSED
R13	CLOSED	<pre> EST.ind && FalApuBody = "Initiate-RequestPDU" && ApContextTest = "True" && MaxFalPduLengthTest = "True" && ServicesSupportedTest = "False" EST.rsp(-) { FalApuBody := "Initiate-ErrorPDU", ErrorCode := "Service-Not-Supported" } </pre>	CLOSED
R14	REQ	<pre> EST.cnf(+) && FalApuBody = "Initiate-ResponsePDU" && ApExplicitConnection = "True" Initiate.cnf(+) { } </pre>	OPEN
R15	REQ	<pre> EST.cnf(+) && FalApuBody = "NULL" && ApExplicitConnection = "False" Initiate.cnf(+) { } </pre>	OPEN
R16	REQ	<pre> EST.cnf(-) && FalApuBody = "Initiate-ErrorPDU" && ApExplicitConnection = "True" "Initiate.cnf(-) { ErrorCode := "Errorcode of EST.cnf" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED
R17	REQ	<pre> EST.cnf(-) && FalApuBody = "NULL" && ApExplicitConnection = "False" Initiate.cnf(-) { ErrorCode := "Errorcode in EST.cnf" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED
R18	REQ	<pre> Abort.ind Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "LocallyGenerated of Abort.ind", TerminateIdentifier := "Originator of Abort.ind", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Abort.ind" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R20	REQ	Faulty or unknown AR_FSPM service primitive Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminatIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R21	REQ	AR_FSPM service.primitive <> "EST.cnf" && AR_FSPM service.primitive <> "Abort.ind" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection State Conflict" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminatIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection State Conflict" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R22	REQ	EST.cnf && FalApuBody = " not allowed, unknown or faulty FAL PDU" Abort.req { AbortIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "FAL PDU error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminatIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "FAL PDU error" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R27	RSP	Abort.ind Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "LocallyGenerated of Abort.ind", TerminatIdentifier := "Originator of Abort.ind", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Abort.ind" }, ResetArep	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R28	RSP	<p>Faulty or unknown AR_FSPM service primitive</p> <pre> Abort.req { AbortIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED
R29	RSP	<p>AR_FSPM service primitive <> "Abort.ind"</p> <pre> Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "State Conflict with AR_ASE" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "AP_ASE", ReasonCode := "Connection State Conflict with AR_ASE" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED
R41	OPEN	<pre> CS.ind && FalA pduBody = "Confirmed-ServicePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter < NegotiatedMaxOutstanding- ServicesResponding && InvokedExistent = "False" && IndicatedServiceSupportedTest = "True" ConfirmedService.ind { }, OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter := OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter+1 </pre>	OPEN
R42	OPEN	<pre> CS.ind && FalA pduBody = "Confirmed-ServicePDU" && PDU length > NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" }, ResetArep </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R43	OPEN	CS.ind && FalApduBody = "Confirmed-ServicePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && OutstandingServicesResponding ≥ NegotiatedMaxOutstanding-ServicesResponding Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Max-services-overflow" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Max-Services-Overflow" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R44	OPEN	CS.ind && FalApduBody = "Confirmed-ServicePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter < NegotiatedMaxOutstanding-ServicesResponding && InvokeldExistent = "True" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "InvokeID-error-request" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "InvokeID-error-request" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R45	OPEN	CS.ind && FalApduBody = "Confirmed-ServicePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && OutstandingServicesRespondingCounter < NegotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesResponding && InvokeldExistent = "False" && IndicatedServiceSupportedTest = "False" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Feature-not-supported" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Feature-not-supported" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R46	OPEN	UCS.ind && FalApduBody = "Unconfirmed-PDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && IndicatedServiceSupportedTest = "True" UnconfirmedService.ind { }	OPEN

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R47	OPEN	UCS.ind && FalApduBody = "Unconfirmed-PDU" && PDU length > NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R48	OPEN	UCS.ind && FalApduBody = "Unconfirmed-PDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && IndicatedServiceSupportedTest = "False" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Feature-not-supported" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Feature-not-supported" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R49	OPEN	Abort.ind Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "LocallyGenerated of Abort.ind", TerminateIdentifier := "Originator of Abort.ind", ReasonCode := "ReasonCode of Abort.ind" }, ResetArep	CLOSED
R50	OPEN	EST.ind && FalApduBody = "Initiate-RequestPDU" Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection-State-Conflict" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection-State-Conflict" }, ResetArep	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R51	OPEN	Faulty or unknown AR_FSPM service primitive <pre>Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "AR_ASE error" }, ResetArep</pre>	CLOSED
R52	OPEN	Not-allowed AR_FSPM service primitive <pre>Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection-State-Conflict" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Connection-State-Conflict" }, ResetArep</pre>	CLOSED
R53	OPEN	valid AR_FSPM Send Service primitive (one of CS, US, UCA) && FalApduBody = not-allowed, unknown or faulty FAL PDU && ArAccessSupported = "False" <pre>Abort.req { Originator := "AP_ASE", ReasonCode := "FAL-PDU-error" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "FAL-PDU-error" }, ResetArep</pre>	CLOSED
R54	OPEN	UCA.ind && ArAccessSupported = "True" && FalApduBody = "Unconfirmed-PDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving <pre>UnconfirmedService.ind { }</pre>	OPEN

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R55	OPEN	<p>UCA.ind && ArAccessSupported = "True" && FalApuBody = "Unconfirmed-PDU" && PDU length > NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving</p> <p>Abort.req { Originator := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" },</p> <p>Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" },</p> <p>ResetArep</p>	CLOSED
R56	OPEN	<p>AR_ASE service indication</p> <p>ArFspmService</p> <p>NOTE This state is provided to access the FSPM direct from the FAL User. The function ArFspmService generates an FSPM primitive as defined later in this section.</p>	OPEN
R58	OPEN	<p>CS.cnf && FalApuBody = "Confirmed-ResponsePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && InvokeldExistent = "True" && SameService = "True"</p> <p>ConfirmedService.cnf { },</p> <p>OutstandingServicesRequestingCounter := OutstandingServicesRequestingCounter-1</p>	OPEN
R59	OPEN	<p>CS.cnf && FalApuBody = "Confirmed-ResponsePDU" && PDU length > NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving</p> <p>Abort.req { AbortIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" },</p> <p>Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "PDU-size" },</p> <p>ResetArep</p>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Events Actions	Next State
R60	OPEN	CS.cnf && FalApuBody = "Confirmed-ResponsePDU" && PDU length ≤ NegotiatedMaxPduSizeReceiving && InvokeldExistent = "False" Abort.req { AbortIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Invokeld-error-responding" }, Terminate.ind { LocallyGenerated := "True", TerminateIdentifier := "FAL", ReasonCode := "Invokeld-error-responding" }, ResetArep	CLOSED

5.1.4 Functions

This subclause defines internal functions that are used by the AP AR Context state machine.

Table 6 – Function ResetArep

Name	ResetArep		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Closes the AP AR Context and initializes all elements of the AP attribute <i>List Of In-Use AR Endpoint Info</i> to zero (0).		

Table 7 – Function ApContextTest

Name	ApContextTest		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Locates the entry for the Selected AREP in the AP attribute <i>List Of In-Use AR Endpoint Info</i> , verifies its contents, and ensures that there is a matching AREP defined for the AR_ASE. The way in which the verification is carried out is dependent on implementation.		

Table 8 – Function ServicesSupportedTest

Name	ServicesSupportedTest		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Upon receipt of an Initiate-RequestPDU the called AP_ASE shall compare the Local List of Supported Services against those contained in the Initiate PDU. The ServicesSupportedTest fails if either the Local FAL does not support all the services as a responder that the remote FAL supports as a requestor, or the remote FAL does not support all the services as a responder that the local FAL supports as a requestor.		

Table 9 – Function ApExplicitConnection

Name	ApExplicitConnection		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Refer to AREP to determine if this AP_ASE supports explicit connection between APs.		

Table 10 – Function ImmediateAcknowledge

Name	ImmediateAcknowledge		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Refer to AREP to determine if this AP_ASE requires immediate acknowledge in the underlying layer.		

Table 11 – Function ConfirmedServiceCheck

Name	ConfirmedServiceCheck		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Determines if the called FAL service is a confirmed service except for AR ASE services.		

Table 12 – Function UnconfirmedServiceCheck

Name	UnconfirmedServiceCheck		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Determines if the called FAL service is an unconfirmed service except AR ASE services.		

Table 13 – Function ArServiceCheck

Name	ArServiceCheck		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Determines if the called service is an AR ASE service (FAL service or AR FSPM service).		

Table 14 – Function ArFspmService

Name	ArFspmService																						
Input	Arep_Id	Output	FAL Service or AR FSPM Service																				
Function	<p>Generate an AR ASE service primitive. Relationship between FAL Services and AR FSPM Services shall be as follows:</p> <table border="0"> <tr><td>AR-Unconfirmed Send</td><td>UCS</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Confirmed Send</td><td>CS</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Establish</td><td>EST</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Abort</td><td>Abort</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Compel</td><td>FCMP</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Get Buffered Message</td><td>GBM</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-Status</td><td>FSTS</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-XON-OFF</td><td>AR_XON_OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-RemoteRead</td><td>RR</td></tr> <tr><td>AR-RemoteWrite</td><td>RW</td></tr> </table>			AR-Unconfirmed Send	UCS	AR-Confirmed Send	CS	AR-Establish	EST	AR-Abort	Abort	AR-Compel	FCMP	AR-Get Buffered Message	GBM	AR-Status	FSTS	AR-XON-OFF	AR_XON_OFF	AR-RemoteRead	RR	AR-RemoteWrite	RW
AR-Unconfirmed Send	UCS																						
AR-Confirmed Send	CS																						
AR-Establish	EST																						
AR-Abort	Abort																						
AR-Compel	FCMP																						
AR-Get Buffered Message	GBM																						
AR-Status	FSTS																						
AR-XON-OFF	AR_XON_OFF																						
AR-RemoteRead	RR																						
AR-RemoteWrite	RW																						

Table 15 – Function ArAcceeSupported

Name	ArAcceeSupported		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	Determines if the AP accepts AR ASE Send (ConfirmedSend or UnconfirmedSend) services.		

Table 16 – Function MaxFalPduLengthTest

Name	MaxFalPduLengthTest		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of an Initiate-RequestPDU, the called AP_ASE shall check the requested maximum PDU length against its defined context. The following tests are performed:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If (ConfiguredMaxPDUSizeSending > MaxPDUSizeReceiving of the Initiate PDU), this test fails; 2. If (ConfiguredMaxPDUSizeReceiving < MaxPDUSizeSending of the Initiate PDU), this test fails. 		

Table 17 – Function NegotiateOutstandingServices

Name	NegotiateOutstandingServices		
Input	Arep_Id	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of an Initiate-RequestPDU, the called AP_ASE shall perform the following negotiation:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If ConfiguredMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting > MaxOutstandingServicesResponding of the Initiate-RequestPDU then NegotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting = MaxOutstandingServicesResponding of the Initiate-RequestPDU else NegotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting = ConfiguredMaxOutstandingServicesRequesting; If ConfiguredMaxOutstandingServicesResponding < MaxOutstandingServicesRequesting of the Initiate PDU then NegotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesResponding = ConfiguredMaxOutstandingServicesResponding else NegotiatedMaxOutstandingServicesResponding = MaxOutstandingServicesRequesting of the Initiate PDU; 		

Table 18 – Function RequestedServicesSupportedTest

Name	RequestedServicesSupportedTest		
Input	Arep_Id, Service.primitive	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of a service request from FAL user, the called AP_ASE shall compare the Local List of Supported Services against the requested service primitive. This test fails if the service primitive is not contained in the Local List of Supported Services.</p>		

Table 19 – Function IndicatedServicesSupportedTest

Name	IndicatedServicesSupportedTest		
Input	Arep_Id, service.primitive	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of a service indication from AR_ASE, the called AP_ASE shall compare the Local List of Supported Services against the indicated service primitive. This test fails if the service primitive is not contained in the Local List of Supported Services.</p>		

Table 20 – Function InvokeldExistent

Name	InvokeldExistent		
Input	Arep_Id, Invoke_Id	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of a service primitive, the called AP_ASE shall</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> compare the local list of invoke IDs in use against the requested Invoke ID if the service primitive is request; compare the local list of invoke IDs in use against the responded invoke ID if the service primitive is response. <p>This test fails if the invoke ID does not exist in the local list of Invoke IDs in use.</p>		

Table 21 – Function SameService

Name	SameService		
Input	Arep_Id, Invoke_Id	Output	True or False
Function	<p>Upon receipt of a service primitive the called AP_ASE shall</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> compare the local list of outstanding services (responding) against the service if the service primitive is response; compare the local list of outstanding services (requesting) against the service if the service primitive is confirmation. <p>This test fails if the service is not the same as that in the local list of outstanding services.</p>		

5.2 FAL Service Protocol Machine (FSPM)

The FAL Service Protocol Machine is common to all the AREP types. Only applicable primitives are different among different AREP types. It has one state called "ACTIVE."

5.2.1 Primitive Definitions

5.2.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between AP_Context and FSPM

Table 22 – Primitives issued by AP_Context FAL User to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data, Remote_DLCEP_Address	This primitive is used to convey an Establish request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
EST.rsp(+)	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
EST.rsp(-)	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
Abort.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Identifier, Reason_Code, Additional_Detail	This primitive is used to convey an Abort request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
CS.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
CS.rsp	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
UCS.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Remote_DLSAP_Address, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
FCMP.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id	This primitive is used to convey an FAL-Compel (FCMP) request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
GBM.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id	This primitive is used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) request primitive from the AP_Context to the FSPM.
RW.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Data, Priority	This primitive is used to remotely write the contents of a buffer.
RR.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Priority	This primitive is used to get the contents of a remote buffer.
UCA.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Remote_Disap_Address, Data	This primitive is used to send an unconfirmed service request.
AR_XON_OFF.req	AP_Context	Arep_Id, Remote_Disap_Address, Data	This primitive is used to perform flow control.

Table 23 – Primitives issued by FSPM to AP_Context

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
EST.cnf(+)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Establish result(+) primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
EST.cnf(-)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey an Establish result(-) primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
Abort.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Locally_Generated, Identifier, Reason_Code, Additional_Detail	This primitive is used to convey an Abort indication primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
CS.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
CS.cnf	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data	This primitive is used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
UCS.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Remote_DLSAP_Address, Duplicate_FAL-SDU, Data, Local_Timeliness, Remote_Timeliness	This primitive is used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
FCMP.cnf	FSPM	Arep_Id, Status	This primitive is used to convey an FAL-Compel (FCMP) confirmation primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
GBM.cnf(+)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Duplicate_FAL-SDU, Data, Local_Timeliness, Remote_Timeliness	This primitive is used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) positive confirmation primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
GBM.cnf(-)	FSPM	Arep_Id	This primitive is used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) negative confirmation primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
FSTS.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Reported_Status	This primitive is used to convey an FAL-Status (FSTS) indication primitive from the FSPM to the AP_Context.
UCA.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Remote_DLSAP_Address, Duplicate_FAL-SDU, Data	This primitive is used to convey an unconfirmed service indication.
AR_XON_OFF.ind	FSPM	Arep_Id, Remote_DLSAP_Address, Data	This primitive is used to convey a flow control indication.
RW.cnf(+)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Status	This primitive is used to convey a Remote_Write (RW) positive confirmation primitive.
RW.cnf(-)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Status	This primitive is used to convey a Remote_Write (RW) negative confirmation primitive.
RR.cnf(+)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Data, Local_Timeliness, Remote_Timeliness	This primitive is used to convey a Remote_Read (RR) positive confirmation primitive.
RR.cnf(-)	FSPM	Arep_Id, Status	This primitive is used to convey a Remote_Read (RR) negative confirmation primitive.

5.2.1.2 Parameters of AP_Context /FSPM Primitives

All the parameters used in the primitives exchanged between the AP_Context and the FSPM are identical to those defined in the “Operational Services” clause.

5.2.2 FSPM State Tables

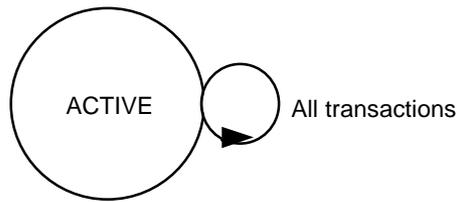


Figure 3 – State Transition Diagram of FSPM

Table 24 – FSPM State Table – Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	ACTIVE	EST.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" EST_req { user_data := Data, remote_dlcep_address := Remote_DLCEP_Address }	ACTIVE
S2	ACTIVE	EST.rsp(+) && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" EST_rsp(+) { user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S3	ACTIVE	EST.rsp(-) && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" EST_rsp(-) { user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S4	ACTIVE	UCS.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" UCS_req { remote_dlsap_address := Remote_DLSAP_Address, user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S5	ACTIVE	CS.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" CS_req { user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S6	ACTIVE	CS.rsp && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" CS_rsp { user_data := Data }	ACTIVE

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S7	ACTIVE	Abort.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" Abort_req { identifier := Identifier, reason_code := Reason_Code, additional_detail := Additional_Detail }	ACTIVE
S8	ACTIVE	FCMP.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" FCMP_req { }	ACTIVE
S9	ACTIVE	GBM.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" GBM_req { }	ACTIVE
S10	ACTIVE	RW.req && SelectArep(Arep_Id) = "True" RW_req{ user_data := Data, priority := Priority }	ACTIVE
S11	ACTIVE	RR.req && SelectArep(Arep_Id) = "True" RR_req { priority := Priority }	ACTIVE
S12	ACTIVE	UCA.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" UCA_req { remote_dlsap_address := Remote_DLSAP_Address, user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S13	ACTIVE	AR_XON_OFF.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "True" AR_XON_OFF_req { remote_dlsap_address := Remote_DLSAP_Address, user_data := Data }	ACTIVE
S14	ACTIVE	Any FSPM.req && SelectArep (Arep_Id) = "False" (no actions defined by the protocol, see notes 1 and 2.)	ACTIVE
<p>NOTE 1 A primitive generated in the FSPM sender state machine is sent to an appropriate ARPM that is selected by the FSPM using the SelectArep function. The Arep_Id parameter supplied by the AP_Context is the argument of this function.</p> <p>NOTE 2 If the SelectArep function returns the value of False, it is a local matter to report such instance and the FSPM does not generate any primitives for the ARPM.</p>			

Table 25 – FSPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	ACTIVE	EST_ind EST.ind { Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data }	ACTIVE
R2	ACTIVE	EST_cnf(+) EST.cnf(+){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data }	ACTIVE
R3	ACTIVE	EST_cnf(-) EST.cnf(-){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data }	ACTIVE
R4	ACTIVE	UCS_ind UCS.ind { Arep_Id := arep_id, Remote_DLSAP_Address := remote_dlsap_address, Duplicate_FAL-SDU := duplicate_fal_sdu, Data := user_data, Local_Timeliness := local_timeliness, Remote_Timeliness := remote_timeliness }	ACTIVE
R5	ACTIVE	CS_ind CS.ind { Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data }	ACTIVE
R6	ACTIVE	CS_cnf CS.cnf { Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data }	ACTIVE
R7	ACTIVE	Abort_ind Abort.ind { Arep_Id := arep_id, Locally_Generated := locally_generated, Identifier := identifier, Reason_Code := reason_code, Additional_Detail := additional_detail }	ACTIVE
R8	ACTIVE	FCMP_cnf FCMP.cnf { Arep_Id := arep_id, Status := status }	ACTIVE

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R9	ACTIVE	GBM_cnf(+) <pre> GBM.cnf(+){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Duplicate_FAL-SDU := duplicate_fal_sdu, Data := user_data, Local_Timeliness := local_timeliness, Remote_Timeliness := remote_timeliness } </pre>	ACTIVE
R10	ACTIVE	GBM_cnf(-) <pre> GBM.cnf(-){ Arep_Id := arep_id, } </pre>	ACTIVE
R11	ACTIVE	FSTS_ind <pre> FSTS.ind{ Arep_Id := arep_id, Reported_Status := reported_status } </pre>	ACTIVE
R12	ACTIVE	RW_cnf(-) <pre> RW.cnf(-){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Status := status } </pre>	ACTIVE
R13	ACTIVE	RW_cnf(+) <pre> RW.cnf(+){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Status := status } </pre>	ACTIVE
R14	ACTIVE	RR_cnf(-) <pre> RR.cnf(-){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Status := status } </pre>	ACTIVE
R15	ACTIVE	RR_cnf(+) <pre> RR.cnf(+){ Arep_Id := arep_id, Data := user_data, Local_Timeliness := local_timeliness, Remote_Timeliness := remote_timeliness } </pre>	ACTIVE
R16	ACTIVE	UCA_ind <pre> UCA.ind{ Arep_Id := arep_id, Remote_DLSAP_Address := remote_dlsap_address, Duplicate_FAL-SDU := duplicate_fal_sdu, Data := user_data, } </pre>	ACTIVE

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R17	ACTIVE	AR_XON_OFF_ind AR_XON_OFF.ind { Arep_Id := arep_id, Remote_DLSAP_Address := remote_dlsap_address, Data := user_data, }	ACTIVE

5.2.2.1 Functions

Table 26 – Function SelectArep

Name	SelectArep	Used in	FSPM
Input		Output	
Arep_Id		True False	
Function	Looks for the AREP entry that is specified by the Arep_Id parameter. The Arep_Id parameter is provided with the AR_Context service primitives.		

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 Withdrawn

5.3 DLL Mapping Protocol Machine (DMPM)

The DLL Mapping Protocol Machine is common to all the AREP types. Only applicable primitives are different among different AREP types.

Remarks about dl identifiers:

1. The ISA Data Link Layer specification defines two types of identifiers to distinguish each DL-primitive or to match one DL outgoing primitive with its mate incoming primitive. They are suffixed as dl-identifier or DLS-user-identifier. In a real implementation of an FAL-DL interface, these identifications may be achieved by means of a pointer to memory location or a return value of a function call, or something else. Since they are purely a local matter, it is not testable over the Fieldbus network. For this reason, they are not included as parameters of the DMPM primitives.
2. “dl-identifiers” and “dls-user-identifiers” are mandatory in the DL-services. The FAL assumes that the values of these parameters are provided from DLSAPs or DLCEPs by a local means.

A remark about DLS-user identification:

1. It is assumed that a connection between one ARPM instance and one DMPM instance is established locally other than a protocol means. Therefore, DLS-user_identification parameters are not used in the DMPM primitives.

A remark about buffer or queue identifiers:

The ISA Data Link Layer specification uses parameters to identify a queue or a buffer that are shared between the Data Link Layer and the DLS-user. Although they are useful to clarify the operations of the Data Link Layer, none of them affects protocol behavior of the FAL and DL. In a real implementation, these parameters are implementation dependent. Therefore, this specification does not include parameters that directly correspond to these buffer or queue identifiers. A means for identifying the buffers and queues between the FAL and the DL is a local matter.

A remark about initialization of the Data Link Layer:

The ISA Data Link Layer specification defines services to setup resources within the layer, such as DL-Create or DL-Bind services. Although they are useful to clarify the operations of the Data Link Layer, none of them affects protocol behavior of the FAL and DL. Therefore, the FAL assumes that such initialization procedures have been executed prior to the operations of the FAL state machines. For the same reason, these DL-services are not listed in annex C.

5.3.1 Primitive Definitions

5.3.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between DMPM and ARPM

Table 27 – Primitives issued by ARPM to DMPM

Primitive Names	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
FAL-PDU_req	ARPM	dmpm_service_name, arep_id, called_address, calling_address, responding_address, local_dlcep_address, reason, action_class, remote_dlsap_address, dll_priority, dls_user_data_timeliness, dlsdu	This primitive is used to request the DMPM to transfer an FAL-PDU, or to request an abort without transferring an FAL-PDU. It passes the FAL-PDU to the DMPM as a DLSDU. It also carries some of the Data Link Layer parameters that are referenced there.

Table 28 – Primitives issued by DMPM to ARPM

Primitive Names	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
FAL-PDU_ind	DMPM	dmpm_service_name, originator, reason, duplicate_dlsdu, calling_address, calling_dlsap_address, dll_priority, fal_pdu, local_dle_timeliness, remote_dle_timeliness, sender_time_of_production	This primitive is used to pass an FAL-PDU received as a Data Link Layer service data unit to a designated ARPM. It also carries some of the Data Link Layer parameters that are referenced in the ARPM.
Connect_ind	DMPM	calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, called_address, calling_address, dlcep_class, delivery_from_responder, delivery_from_requestor, dll_priority, max_confirm_delay_on_connect, max_confirm_delay_on_data, dlpdu_authentication, residual_activity_as_sender, residual_activity_as_receiver, dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dlsdu_size_from_responder, sender_dl_timeliness_class, sender_time_of_production, receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dls_user_data	This primitive is used to convey a DL_Connect.ind primitive to the ARPM to process connection establishment. All the parameters that are associated with the DL_Connect.ind primitive are carried with this primitive.
Connect_cnf	DMPM	responding_address, dlcep_class, delivery_from_responder, delivery_from_requestor, dll_priority, max_confirm_delay_on_connect, max_confirm_delay_on_data, dlpdu_authentication, residual_activity_as_sender, residual_activity_as_receiver, dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dlsdu_size_from_responder, sender_dl_timeliness_class, receiver_dl_timeliness_class, sender_time_of_production, dls_user_data	This primitive is used to convey a DL_Connect.cnf primitive to the ARPM. All the parameters that are associated with the DL_Connect.cnf are carried with this primitive.
ErrorToARPM	DMPM	originator, reason	This primitive is used to convey selected communication errors reported by the Data Link Layer to a designated ARPM.

5.3.1.2 Parameters of ARPM/DMPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the ARPM and the DMPM are described in table 29.

Table 29 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and DMPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter carries a local identifier to specify the associated AR instance.
action_class	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_action_class parameter.
calling_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_calling_address.
calling_dlcep_address	This parameter conveys the value of the RequestingAREP parameter supplied with the EST_ReqPDU.
called_dlcep_address	This parameter conveys the value of the RespondingAREP parameter supplied with the EST_ReqPDU.
called_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_called_address parameter.
dmpm_service_name	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer service name. Possible values are all the DL-XXXX.yyy primitives defined in this section and are represented as DMPM_XXXX.yyy.
dlcep_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dlcep_address parameter.
duplicate_dlsdu	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_duplicate_dlsdu parameter of the received primitive.
dlcep_class	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dlcep_class parameter.
dll_priority	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dll_priority parameter.
delivery_from_responder	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_delivery_from_responder parameter.
delivery_from_requestor	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_delivery_from_requestor parameter.
dlsdu_size_from_requestor	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor parameter.
dlsdu_size_from_responder	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder parameter.
dls_user_data	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dls_user_data parameter.
dlsdu	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dls_user_data parameter.
dlpdu_authentication	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dlpdu_authentication parameter.
fal_pdu	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dls_user_data parameter.
local_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_local_dlsap_address parameter.
remote_dle_timeliness	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_sender_and_remote_dle_timeliness parameter.
local_dle_timeliness	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_dle_timeliness parameter.
max_confirm_delay_on_connect	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect parameter.
max_confirm_delay_on_data	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data parameter.
originator	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_originator parameter.
reason	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_reason parameter.
responding_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_responding_address parameter.
residual_activity_as_sender	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_residual_activity_as_sender parameter.
residual_activity_as_receiver	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_residual_activity_as_receiver parameter.
sender_dl_timeliness_class	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class parameter.
receiver_dl_timeliness_class	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class parameter.
sender_time_of_production	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_time_of_production parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys the value of the dl_remote_dlsap_address parameter.

5.3.1.3 Primitives Exchanged between Data Link Layer and DMPM

NOTE The following primitives and their parameters are defined in IEC 61158-3.

Table 30 – Primitives Exchanged between Data Link Layer and DMPM

Primitive Names	Source	Associated Parameters and Their Types
DL_Connect.ind	Data Link Layer	dl_called_address, dl_calling_address, dl_dlcep_class, dl_delivery_from_requestor, dl_delivery_from_responder, dl_dll_priority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dl_dlpdu_authentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, dl_sender_time_of_production, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Connect.req(out)	Data Link Layer	(none)
DL_Connect.cnf	Data Link Layer	dl_responding_address, dl_dlcep_class, dl_delivery_from_requestor, dl_delivery_from_responder, dl_dll_priority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dl_dlpdu_authentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, dl_sender_time_of_production, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Connection_Established.ind	Data Link Layer	(none)
DL_Disconnect.ind	Data Link Layer	dl_originator, dl_reason, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Data.ind	Data Link Layer	dl_dls_user_data
DL_Data.cnf	Data Link Layer	dl_status
DL_Buffer_Received.ind	Data Link Layer	dl_duplicate_dlsdu
DL_Unitdata.ind	Data Link Layer	dl_called_address, dl_calling_address, dl_dll_priority, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Unitdata.cnf	Data Link Layer	dl_status
DL_Buffer_Sent.ind	Data Link Layer	(none)
DL_Get.req(out)	Data Link Layer	dl_status, dl_reported_service_identification_class, dl_calling_dlsap_address, dl_dll_priority, dl_dls_user_data, dl_local_dle_timeliness, dl_sender_and_remote_dle_timeliness, dl_sender_time_of_production
DL_Put.req(out)	Data Link Layer	dl_status
DL_Compel_Service.req(out)	Data Link Layer	dl_status

DL_Connect.req(in)	DMPM	dl_called_address, dl_calling_address, dl_dlcep_address, dl_dlcep_class, dl_delivery_from_requestor, dl_delivery_from_responder, dl_dll_priority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dl_dpdu_authentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dl_scheduling_policy, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, dl_sender_time_window_size, dl_sender_synchronizing_dlcep, dl_sender_time_of_production, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dl_receiver_time_window_size, dl_receiver_synchronizing_dlcep, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Connect.rsp	DMPM	dl_responding_address, dl_dlcep_address, dl_dlcep_class, dl_delivery_from_requestor, dl_delivery_from_responder, dl_dll_priority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dl_dpdu_authentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dl_scheduling_policy, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, dl_sender_time_window_size, dl_sender_synchronizing_dlcep, dl_sender_time_of_production, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dl_receiver_time_window_size, dl_receiver_synchronizing_dlcep, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Unitdata.req	DMPM	dl_called_address, dl_calling_address, dl_dll_priority, dl_max_confirm_delay, dl_remote_dle_confirmed, dl_dls_user_data
DL_Disconnect.req	DMPM	dl_reason dl_dls_user_data
DL_Data.req	DMPM	dl_dls_user_data
DL_Get.req(in)	DMPM	(none)
DL_Put.req(in)	DMPM	dl_dls_user_data, dl_dls_user_data_timeliness
DL_Compel_Service.req(in)	DMPM	dl_action_class, dl_remote_dlsap_address, dl_priority

5.3.1.4 Parameters of DMPM/Data Link Layer Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the DMPM and the Data Link Layer are identical to those defined in the Data Link Layer Service Definition (IEC 61158-3). They are prefixed by “dl_” to indicate that they are used by the FAL.

5.3.2 DMPM State Machine

5.3.2.1 DMPM States

The defined state of the DMPM together with its description are listed in table 31.

Table 31 – DMPM State Descriptions

State Name	Description
ACTIVE	The DMPM in the ACTIVE state is ready to transmit or receive primitives to or from the Data Link Layer and the ARPM.

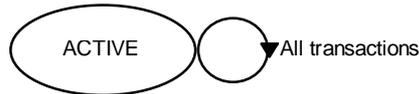


Figure 4 – State Transition Diagram of DMPM

5.3.2.2 DMPM State Table

NOTE 1 Although each primitive contains all the available parameters, only those applicable to particular ARPM are relevant.

NOTE 2 Parameters starting with a capital letter, "DlcepClass" for instance, refer to those defined in the attribute list of each ARPM. Therefore, they are not conveyed by the service primitives defined here.

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Table 32 – DMPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connect_req"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <pre>DL_Connect.req(in) { dl_called_address := called_address, dl_calling_address := calling_address, dl_dlcep_address := local_dlcep_address, dl_dlcep_class := DlcepClass, dl_delivery_from_requestor := FromRequestorToResponder, dl_delivery_from_responder := FromResponderToRequestor, dl_dll_priority := DIIPriority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect := MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data := MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData, dl_dlpdu_authentication := DlpduAuthentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender := ResidualActivityAsSender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver := ResidualActivityAsReceiver, dl_scheduling_policy := DISchedulingPolicy, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor := MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestor, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder := MaxDlsduSizeFromResponder, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class := PublisherDITimelinessClass, dl_sender_time_window_size := PublisherTimeWindowSize, dl_sender_synchronizing_dlcep := PublisherSynchronizingDlcep, dl_time_of_production := TimeOfProduction, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class := SubscriberDITimelinessClass, dl_receiver_time_window_size := SubscriberTimeWindowSize, dl_receiver_synchronizing_dlcep := SubscriberSynchronizingDlcep, dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu }</pre>	ACTIVE
S2	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connect_rsp"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <pre>DL_Connect.rsp { dl_responding_address := responding_address, dl_dlcep_address := local_dlcep_address, dl_dlcep_class := DlcepClass, dl_delivery_from_requestor := FromRequestorToResponder, dl_delivery_from_responder := FromResponderToRequestor, dl_dll_priority := DIIPriority, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect := MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect, dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data := MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData, dl_dlpdu_authentication := DlpduAuthentication, dl_residual_activity_as_sender := ResidualActivityAsSender, dl_residual_activity_as_receiver := ResidualActivityAsReceiver, dl_scheduling_policy := DISchedulingPolicy, dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor := MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated, dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder := MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated, dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class := PublisherDITimelinessClass, dl_sender_time_window_size := PublisherTimeWindowSize, dl_sender_synchronizing_dlcep := PublisherSynchronizingDlcep, dl_sender_time_of_production := TimeOfProduction, dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class := SubscriberDITimelinessClass, dl_receiver_time_window_size := SubscriberTimeWindowSize, dl_receiver_synchronizing_dlcep := SubscriberSynchronizingDlcep, dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu }</pre>	ACTIVE

S3	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_req"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <p>DL_Disconnect.req { dl_reason := reason, dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu } </p>	ACTIVE
S4	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_req"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <p>DL_Data.req { dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu } </p>	ACTIVE
S5	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_req"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <p>DL_Unitdata.req { dl_called_address := RemoteDisapAddress, dl_calling_address := LocalDisapAddress, dl_dll_priority := DIIPriority, dl_max_confirm_delay := MaxConfirmDelayOnUnitdata, dl_remote_dle_confirmed := DleRemoteConf, *1 dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu } </p> <p>*1: Default "False"</p>	ACTIVE
S6	ACTIVE	<p>FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Put_req"</p> <p>PickArep (arep_id),</p> <p>DL_Put.req(in) { dl_dls_user_data := dlsdu, dl_dls_user_data_timeliness := dls_user_data_timeliness } </p> <p>DL_Put.req(out) && dl_status = "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Put_cnf", reason := dl_status } </p> <p>DL_Put.req(out) && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Put_cnf", reason := dl_status } </p> <p>ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status } </p>	ACTIVE

S7	ACTIVE	<pre> FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Get_req" PickArep (arep_id), DL_Get.req(in) { } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_reported_service_identification_class = "NONE" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Get_cnf", reason := dl_status, calling_dlsap_address := dl_calling_dlsap_address, fal_pdu := dl_, local_dle_timeliness := dl_local_dle_timeliness, remote_dle_timeliness := dl_sender_and_remote_dle_timeliness, sender_time_of_production := dl_sender_time_of_production } </pre>	ACTIVE
S8	ACTIVE	<pre> FAL-PDU_req && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Compel_req" PickArep (arep_id), DL_Compel_Service.req(in) { dl_action_class := action_class dl_remote_dlsap_address := remote_dlsap_address, dl_priority := dll_priority } DL_Compel_Service.req(out) FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Compel_Service_cnf", reason := dl_status } </pre>	ACTIVE

Table 33 – DMPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	ACTIVE	<pre> DL_Connect.ind && LocateArep (dl_dls_user_data) = "NOT FOUND" DL_Disconnect.req { dl_reason := "AREP Not Found", dl_dls_user_data := "null" } </pre>	ACTIVE
R2	ACTIVE	<pre> DL_Connect.ind && LocateArep (dl_dls_user_data) = "NOT Relevant" DL_Disconnect.req { dl_reason := "Invalid AREP Type", dl_dls_user_data := "null" } </pre>	ACTIVE

R3	ACTIVE	<p>DL_Connect.ind && LocateArep (dl_dls_user_data) = "True"</p> <pre> Connect_ind { calling_dlcep_address := RequestingAREP, ; from dlsdu of DL_Connect.ind called_dlcep_address := RespondingAREP, ; from dlsdu of DL_Connect.ind called_address := dl_called_address, calling_address := dl_calling_address, dlcep_class := dl_dlcep_class, delivery_from_requestor := dl_delivery_from_requestor, delivery_from_responder := dl_delivery_from_responder, dll_priority := dl_dll_priority, max_confirm_delay_on_connect := dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, max_confirm_delay_on_data := dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dlpdu_authentication := dl_dlpdu_authentication, residual_activity_as_sender := dl_residual_activity_as_sender, residual_activity_as_receiver := dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dlsdu_size_from_requestor := dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dlsdu_size_from_responder := dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, sender_dl_timeliness_class := dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, sender_time_of_production := dl_sender_time_of_production, receiver_dl_timeliness_class := dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dls_user_data := dl_dls_user_data } </pre>	ACTIVE
R4	ACTIVE	<p>DL_Connect.cnf && FindAREP () = "False"</p> <pre> DL_Disconnect.req { dl_reason := "DLCEP Not Found", dl_dls_user_data := "null" } </pre>	ACTIVE
R5	ACTIVE	<p>DL_Connect.cnf && FindAREP () = "True"</p> <pre> Connect_cnf { responding_address := dl_responding_address, dlcep_class := dl_dlcep_class, delivery_from_requestor := dl_delivery_from_requestor, delivery_from_responder := dl_delivery_from_responder, dll_priority := dl_dll_priority, max_confirm_delay_on_connect := dl_max_confirm_delay_on_connect, max_confirm_delay_on_data := dl_max_confirm_delay_on_data, dlpdu_authentication := dl_dlpdu_authentication, residual_activity_as_sender := dl_residual_activity_as_sender, residual_activity_as_receiver := dl_residual_activity_as_receiver, dlsdu_size_from_requestor := dl_dlsdu_size_from_requestor, dlsdu_size_from_responder := dl_dlsdu_size_from_responder, sender_dl_timeliness_class := dl_sender_dl_timeliness_class, sender_time_of_production := dl_sender_time_of_production, receiver_dl_timeliness_class := dl_receiver_dl_timeliness_class, dls_user_data := dl_dls_user_data } </pre>	ACTIVE
R6	ACTIVE	<p>DL_Connection_Established.ind && FindAREP () = "False"</p> <p>(no actions taken)</p>	ACTIVE

R7	ACTIVE	DL_Connection_Established.ind && FindAREP () = "True" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind", fal_pdu := "null" }	ACTIVE
R8	ACTIVE	DL_Disconnect.ind && FindAREP () = "False" (no actions taken)	ACTIVE
R9	ACTIVE	DL_Disconnect.ind && FindAREP () = "True" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_ind", originator := dl_originator, reason := dl_reason, fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data }	ACTIVE
R10	ACTIVE	DL_Unitdata.ind && FindAREP (dl_called_address) = "False" (no actions taken)	ACTIVE
R11	ACTIVE	DL_Unitdata.ind && FindAREP (dl_called_address) = "True" && ExplicitQueue = "False" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_ind", calling_address := dl_calling_address, dll_priority := dl_dll_priority, fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data }	ACTIVE

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R12	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Unitdata.ind && FindAREP (dl_called_address) = "True" && ExplicitQueue = "True" DL_Get.req(in) { } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status = "success" && dl_reported_service_identification_class = "DL(SAP)-ADDRESS" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_ind", calling_address := dl_calling_dlsap_address, dll_priority := dl_dll_priority, fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data, local_dle_timeliness := dl_local_dle_timeliness, remote_dle_timeliness := dl_sender_and_remote_dle_timeliness, sender_time_of_production := dl_sender_time_of_production } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_ind", reason := dl_status } ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status }</pre>	ACTIVE
R13	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Unitdata.cnf && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_cnf", reason := dl_status } ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status }</pre>	ACTIVE
R14	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Unitdata.cnf && dl_status = "success" FAL-PDU ind { dmpm service name := "DMPM_Unidata_cnf", reason := dl_status }</pre>	ACTIVE
R15	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Data.ind && FindAREP () = "False" (no actions taken)</pre>	ACTIVE

R16	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Data.ind && FindAREP () = "True" && ExplicitQueue = "False" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_ind", fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data }</pre>	ACTIVE
R17	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Data.ind && FindAREP () = "True" && ExplicitQueue = "True" DL_Get.req(in) { } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status = "success" && dl_reported_service_identification_class = "DLCEP" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_ind", fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Get_cnf", reason := dl_status } ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status }</pre>	ACTIVE
R18	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Data.cnf && dl_status = "success" (no actions taken)</pre>	ACTIVE
R19	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Data.cnf && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_cnf", reason := dl_status } ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status }</pre>	ACTIVE
R20	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Buffer_Received.ind && FindAREP () = "False" (no actions taken)</pre>	ACTIVE

R21	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Buffer_Received.ind && FindAREP () = "True" DL_Get.req(in) { } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status = "success" && dl_reported_service_identification_class = "NONE" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind", duplicate_dlsdu := dl_duplicate_dlsdu, ; from DL_Buffer_Received.ind fal_pdu := dl_dls_user_data, local_dle_timeliness := dl_local_dle_timeliness, remote_dle_timeliness := dl_sender_and_remote_dle_timeliness, sender_time_of_production := dl_sender_time_of_production } DL_Get.req(out) && dl_status <> "success" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Get_cnf", reason := dl_status } ErrorToARPM { originator := "local_dls", reason := dl_status } </pre>	ACTIVE
R22	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Buffer_Sent.ind && FindAREP () = "False" (no actions taken) </pre>	ACTIVE
R23	ACTIVE	<pre>DL_Buffer_Sent.ind && FindAREP () = "True" FAL-PDU_ind { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Buffer_Sent_ind" } </pre>	ACTIVE

5.3.2.3 Functions used by DMPM

Table 34 – Function PickArep

Name	PickArep	Used in	DMPM
Input	arep_id	Output	(all the attributes of the specified AREP)
Function	Selects the attributes for the AREP specified by the arep_id parameter. After this function is executed, the attributes of the selected AREP are available to the state machine.		

Table 35 – Function FindAREP

Name	FindAREP	Used in	DMPM
Input	dl_called_address (local mapping)	Output	True False
Function	This function identifies the AREP that shall be bound with an active DMPM. True means the AREP exists. If it does, this function also returns a means to send a DMPM primitive to that AREP.		

Table 36 – Function LocateArep

Name	LocateArep	Used in	DMPM
Input		Output	
	dl_dls_user_data (of DL_Connect.ind)	True Not Found Not Relevant	Access to attributes of the located AREP.
Function	<p>This function returns the value of True and a means to get access to the attributes of the located AREP if all of the following conditions are met. Otherwise, it returns the value of either "Not Found" or "Not Relevant."</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Decodes the dlsdu that is conveyed by the dl_dls_user_data argument and checks if the FAL PDU type is "EST_ReqPDU." Decodes the FAL-PDU and extracts the RequestingAREP and RespondingAREP parameters. Looks for the AREPs that can accept a peer-to-peer connection, such as a QUB AREP, whose LocalDlcepAddress attribute value is equal to the RespondingAREP. 		

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Annex A (normative)

FAL Header

A.1 Introduction

All the FAL PDUs shall have the common PDU-header called FalArHeader. The FalArHeader identifies abstract syntax, transfer syntax, and each of the PDUs. This normative annex defines how this header shall be used.

NOTE The structure of the FalArHeader is defined in the main text of this technical specification.

FAL Protocol Specifier (Bit 8) is always zero (0) for the protocol defined by this technical specification.

Table A.1 – FAL Header

Bit position of the FalArHeader		Abstract Syntax	Encoding Rule	PDU Type	Revision	
8	7 6 5 4 3 2 1					
0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0	FAL AS2	TER	Establish-RequestPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 0	0 1	FAL AS2	TER	Establish-ResponsePDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0	FAL AS2	TER	Establish-ErrorPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 0	1 1	FAL AS2	TER	AbortPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 1	0 0	FAL AS2	TER	ConfirmedSend-RequestPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 1	0 1	FAL AS2	TER	ConfirmedSend-ResponsePDU	Revision1
0	0 0 0 0 1	1 0	FAL AS2	TER	UnconfirmedSendPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0	FAL AS1	CER	Establish-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 0	0 1	FAL AS1	CER	Establish-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 0	1 0	FAL AS1	CER	Establish-NegativePDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 0	1 1	FAL AS1	CER	AbortPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 1	0 0	FAL AS1	CER	ConfirmedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 1	0 1	FAL AS1	CER	ConfirmedSend-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 1	1 0	FAL AS1	CER	ConfirmedSend-NegativePDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 0 1	1 1	FAL AS1	CER	UnconfirmedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 1 0	0 0	FAL AS1	CER	UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 1 0	0 1	FAL AS1	CER	UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 1 0	1 0	FAL AS1	CER	IdleSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 0 0 1 0	1 1	FAL AS1	CER	AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 0	0 0	FAL AS1	MER	Establish-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 0	0 1	FAL AS1	MER	Establish-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 0	1 0	FAL AS1	MER	Establish-NegativePDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 0	1 1	FAL AS1	MER	AbortPDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 1	0 0	FAL AS1	MER	ConfirmedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 1	0 1	FAL AS1	MER	ConfirmedSend-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 1	1 0	FAL AS1	MER	ConfirmedSend-NegativePDU	Revision1
0	0 1 0 S 1	1 1	FAL AS1	MER	UnconfirmedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	1 1 0 S 0	0 0	FAL AS1	BER	BufferedDataTransferPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 1 0 0	0 0	FAL AS2	TER	UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 1 0 0	0 1	FAL AS2	TER	UnconfirmedAcknowledgedSend-AffirmativePDU	Revision1
0	0 0 1 0 0	1 0	FAL AS2	TER	IdleSend-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 1 0 0	1 1	FAL AS2	TER	AR-XON-OFF-CommandPDU	Revision1
0	0 0 1 0 1	0 0	FAL AS2	TER	Establish-Request2PDU	Revision1
1	X X X X X	X X			Reserved	

- All other code points are reserved for additional protocols and future revisions.
- S-bit (bit4) is used for segmentation purposes only. It indicates to the receiver of an FAL PDU, if this PDU is the last segment (S = 0) or not (S = 1).

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Annex B
(normative)

Reason Codes

B.1 Introduction

This annex specifies the values of the Reason parameter of the Data Link Layer DL-Disconnect service that are supplied by the FAL.

Table B.1 – Reason Codes

FAL Reason parameter	Value
Invalid FAL-PDU	31 (Hex)
Remote Address Mismatch	32 (Hex)
Multiple Initiators	33 (Hex)
Invalid DL-Event	34 (Hex)
AREP Busy	35 (Hex)
AREP Not Found	36 (Hex)
Invalid AREP Type	37 (Hex)
DLCEP Not Found	38 (Hex)
Invalid DI PDU	39 (Hex)
Not allowed AREP primitive in connection establishment	3A (Hex)
Number of parallel services exceeded	3B (Hex)
Not allowed service as server	3C (Hex)
Not allowed service as client	3D (Hex)
Context Check Negative	3E (Hex)
Invalid FAL-PDU	3F (Hex)
Invalid Event for Role	40 (Hex)
UCA_AckPDU received and UCC=0	41 (Hex)
RCTimer expired	42 (Hex)
RSTimer expired	43 (Hex)
MCTimer expired	44 (Hex)
MSTimer expired	45 (Hex)
Execution error in cyclic data transfer	46 (Hex)

Annex C (normative)

Data Link Layer Service Selection

C.1 Introduction

This annex briefly describes the Data Link Layer services utilized by the FAL. These Data Link Layer services are fully defined in the Data Link Layer specification (IEC 61158-3).

NOTE The FAL assumes that resources, such as buffers or queues, are set up prior to any operations of FAL protocol machines by a local means. DL services such as Create or Bind may be used for this purpose, the use of these services is not required by the FAL. Therefore, these local services are not listed in this annex.

C.1.1 DL-Connect

This service is used to establish a new connection or join in an existing one, and refers to the Connect service.

C.1.2 DL-Connection-Established

The DL-Connection-Established service is used to inform the FAL which has sent an ASC.rsp(+) primitive that a Data Link Layer connection is ready to use.

C.1.3 DL-Disconnect

This service is used to release an existing connection or leave from it and refers to the Disconnect service.

C.1.4 DL-Unitdata

This service is used for the connectionless data transfer mode and refers to the Unitdata service. It is used to transmit an FAL-PDU from one AREP.

C.1.5 DL-Data

This service is used for connection-oriented data transfer mode and refers to the Data service. This service is used to transfer an FAL-PDU from one AREP.

C.1.6 DL-Put

This service is used to copy an FAL-PDU to a buffer. It refers to the Put service.

C.1.7 DL-Get

This service is used to read an FAL-PDU from a buffer, or to attempt to remove an FAL-PDU from a FIFO queue, which has been bound to a DLSAP. It refers to the Get service.

C.1.8 DL-Buffer-Received

The DL-Buffer-Received service is used to inform the FAL of a new update on the specified receive buffer.

C.1.9 DL-Buffer-Sent

The DL-Buffer-Sent service is used to inform the FAL that the specified buffer content has just been sent.

C.1.10 DL-Compel-Data

The DL-Compel-Data service is used to compel transmission of the content of the buffer of the specified DLCEP.

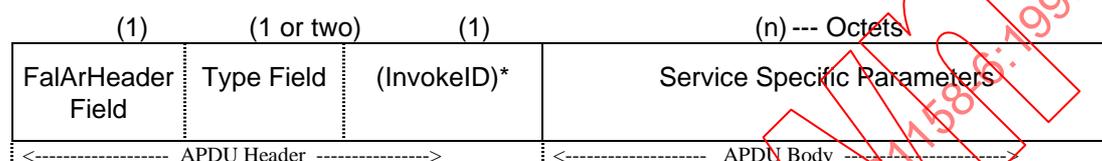
Annex D (normative)

Compact Encoding Rule (CER)

D.1 Compact Encoding Rule (CER)

D.1.1 Introduction

The APDUs that conform to this technical specification shall be encoded in a uniform format as shown in the figure below. The APDUs consist of two major parts: the "APDU Header" part and the "APDU Body" part.



NOTE The presence of the InvokeID Field depends on the APDU type.

Figure D.1 – APDU Overview

In order to realize an efficient APDU while maintaining flexible encoding, different encoding rules are used for the APDU Header part and the APDU Body part.

NOTE The ISA Data Link layer service provides a DLSDU parameter which implies the length of the APDU. Hence, the APDU length information is not included in the APDU.

D.1.2 APDU Header Encoding

The APDU Header part is always present in all APDUs which conform to this technical specification. It consists of three fields: the AR Control Field, the Type Field, and the optional InvokeID Field. They are shown in figure D.1.

D.1.2.1 APDU Header Encoding

Refer to annex A for the encoding rule of the FalArHeader field.

D.1.2.2 Encoding of Type Field

- 1) Both the APDU type and the service type are encoded in the Type Field that is always the second of the APDUs.
- 2) All bits of the Type Field are used to encode the service type.
 - 2.1) The service types are encoded in bits 8 to 1 of the Type Field, with bit 8 the most significant bit and bit 1 the least significant bit. The range of the service type shall be between 0 (zero) and 254, inclusive.
 - 2.2) The value of 255 is reserved for future extensions to this standard.
 - 2.3) The service types are specified in the abstract syntax as a positive integer value. This positive integer value shall be encoded in the bits described in 2.1), where the most significant bit of a positive integer value shall be aligned to bit 8 and its least significant bit to bit 1.
- 3) Figure D.2 illustrates the encoding of the Type Field.

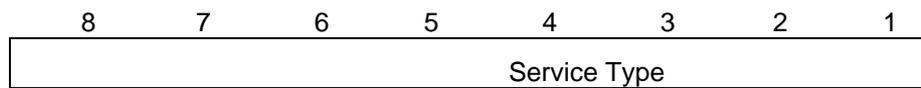


Figure D.2 – Type Field

D.1.2.3 Encoding of InvokeID Field

- 1) The InvokeID Field shall be present if it is indicated in the abstract syntax. Otherwise, this field shall not be present. If present, the Invoke ID parameter supplied by a service primitive shall be placed in this field.

D.1.2.4 APDU Body Encoding

The FAL encoding rules are based on terms and conventions defined in ISO/IEC 8825. The encoding consists of three components in the following order:

- An Identifier Octet
- Length Octet(s)
- The Contents Octets

The Identifier Octet or Length Octet(s), or both, may be removed from the encoding, depending data type of the field of the APDUs being encoded. The rules for removal are defined later.

D.1.2.4.1 Identifier Octet

- 1) The Identifier Octet shall encode the tag defined in the FAL Abstract Syntax and shall consist of one octet.
 - 1.1) The Identifier Octet comprises a class and a number. The class encodes the class of the FAL tag, whereas a number encodes a number associated to each tag.
 - 2) Two classes are defined for the Identifier Octet: The Context-Specific class and the FAL-Specific class.
 - 2.1) The scope of a Context-Specific class is limited to the construction in which it is used. The same tag may be used to represent different types in different productions.
 - 2.2) The scope of an FAL-Specific identifier is global to the module definitions of the Abstract Syntax definition. The same tag shall designate the same type within the same module.
 - 2.3) Bit 8 of the Identifier Octets shall indicate its class. If it is set to zero (0), the class shall be Context-Specific. If it is set to one (1), the class shall be FAL-Specific.
 - 3) The bits 7 to 1 of the Identifier Octet shall represent the value of the tag, with bit 7 being the most significant bit and bit 1 the least significant bit. This gives tags with the possible values of 0 (zero) through 126 inclusive, for each of the classes.
 - 4) The value of 127 is reserved for future extensions this technical specification.
 - 5) The convention for expressing an FAL-specific identifier with a tagged value of two shall be FAL-Specific 2.
 - 6) When necessary, the abstract syntax shall explicitly specify which class shall be used. The default class shall be "Context Specific."
 - 7) Figures D.3 and D.4 depict encoding examples of Identifier Octets.

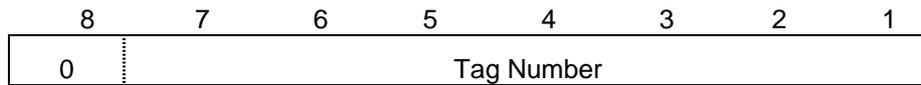


Figure D.3 – Identifier Octet (Context-Specific)

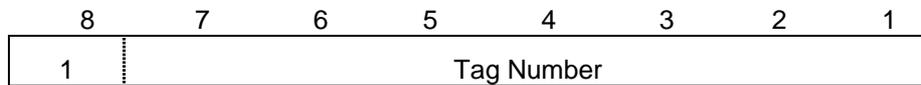


Figure D.4 – Identifier Octet (FAL-Specific)

D.1.2.4.2 Length Octet(s)

- 1) The Length Octet(s) shall consist of one octet or three octets.
 - 1.1) If the value of the first Length Octet is other than 255, there shall be no subsequent Length Octets and the first octet shall contain the value for the Length Octet defined later.
 - 1.2) If the value of the first Length Octet is 255, there shall be two subsequent Length Octets that shall contain the value for the Length Octets defined later. In this case, the length information of the Contents Octets shall be represented by the last two octets of the Length Octets, where the most significant bit of the second of three Length Octet(s) shall be the most significant bit of the length value and the least significant bit of the third of the three Length Octet(s) shall be the least significant bit of the length value.
- 2) It shall be the sender's option to use either of the Length Octet(s) formats. The three octets format may be used to convey a length value of one, for instance.
- 3) The meaning of the Length Octet(s) depends on the type of the value being encoded. If the encoding of the Contents Octets is primitive, the Length Octet(s) shall contain the number of octets in the Contents Octets. If the encoding of the Contents Octets is constructed, the Length Octet(s) shall contain the number of the first level components of the Contents Octets.
- 4) Figures D.5 and D.6 depict encoding examples of the Length Octet(s):

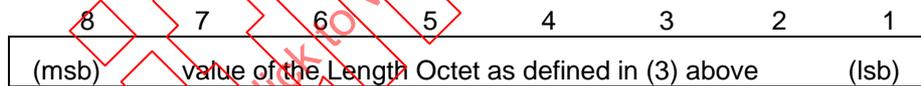


Figure D.5 – Length Octet (one-octet format)

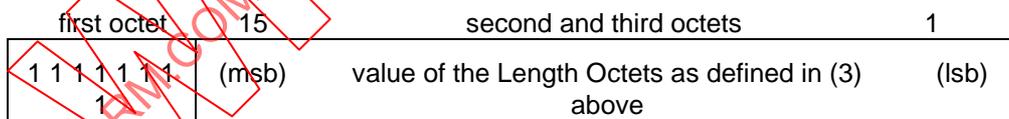


Figure D.6 – Length Octet (three-octet format)

D.1.2.4.3 Contents Octets

- 1) The Contents Octets shall encode the data value according to the encoding rule defined for its type.
- 2) The Contents Octets shall have either of the following two forms: a primitive encoding or a constructed encoding.
 - 2.1) If the Contents Octets contain a primitive encoding, they represent an encoding of one value.
 - 2.2) If the Contents Octets contain a constructed encoding, they represent an enumerated encoding of more than one value.

D.1.3 Data Type Encoding Rules (Base Encoding)

The base encoding rules of the following primitive data types defined in IEC 61158-5 are specified in this subclause:

- Boolean
- NULL
- Integer, Integer8, Integer16, Integer32
- Unsigned, Unsigned8, Unsigned16, Unsigned32
- Floating32, Floating64
- BitString, BitString8, BitString16, BitString32
- OctetString, OctetString2, OctetString4, OctetString8, OctetString16
- VisibleString, VisibleString2, VisibleString4, VisibleString8, VisibleString16
- ISO10646String
- UniversalTime
- BinaryTime0, BinaryTime1, BinaryTime2, BinaryTime3, BinaryTime4
- BinaryTime5, BinaryTime6, BinaryTime7, BinaryTime8, BinaryTime9
- CompactBCDArray
- BCD
- FieldbusTime
- CompactBooleanArray
- ANY

The base encoding rules of the following constructed data types are also provided:

- Array
- Structure

D.1.3.1 Encoding of a NULL Value

- 1) The encoding of a NULL value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall be present, and the class number of the NULL value shall be FAL-Specific 2.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall be omitted.
- 4) The Contents Octet shall be omitted.
- 5) The NULL type shall not be used to represent that there is no data value present. It may be used in the following two cases:
 - a) An APDU which has no associated parameters:
 Example: NoEffectReqPDU ::= NULL
 - b) In the CHOICE type

D.1.3.2 Encoding of a Boolean Value

- 1) The encoding of a Boolean value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.

- 3) If a Boolean parameter is mandatory in an abstract syntax, then a fixed-length BitString value shall be placed where the Boolean parameter is first present in the abstract syntax and the value of the Boolean parameter and all the subsequent mandatory Boolean parameters shall be encoded in the BitString value in the order they appear. The first Boolean value shall be placed in the most significant bit of the BitString value and the following Boolean values shall be placed in the descending bits, consequently.
- 4) If a Boolean parameter is optional in an abstract syntax, then its value shall be encoded in the next lower order bit of the OptionalParametersMap parameter whose higher order bit is used to indicate the presence of this parameter.
- 5) If the Boolean value is FALSE, the corresponding bit shall be 0 (zero). If the Boolean value is TRUE, the bit shall be 1 (one).

D.1.3.3 Encoding of a Variable-Length Integer Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable-length Integer value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate the number of octets in the Contents Octets that are actually encoded.
- 4) The Contents Octets shall be a two's complement binary number equal to the integer value, and consist of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.

NOTE The value of a two's complement binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the Contents Octets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the above numbering sequence. The value of the two's complement binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one, excluding bit 8 of the first octet, and then reducing this value by the numerical value assigned to bit 8 of the first octet if that bit is set to one.

- 4.1) If the Contents Octets of a variable length Integer value encoding consist of more than one octet, and if the bits of the first octet and bit 8 of the second octet are all ones or zeros, it shall be the sender's option to remove the first octet or not. This process may be repeated to eliminate all such octets. The receivers shall be able to decode the value whether or not such an octet(s) is removed.

D.1.3.4 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Integer Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length Integer value of Integer8, Integer16, and Integer32 types shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly one, two, or four octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be a two's complement binary number equal to the integer value, and consist of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.

NOTE The value of a two's complement binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the Contents Octets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the above numbering sequence. The value of the two's complement binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one, excluding bit 8 of the first octet, and then reducing this value by the numerical value assigned to bit 8 of the first octet if that bit is set to one.

D.1.3.5 Encoding of a Variable-Length Unsigned Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable-length Unsigned value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.

- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate the number of octets in the Contents Octets that are actually encoded.
- 4) The Contents Octets shall be a binary number equal to the Unsigned value, and consisting of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.

NOTE The value of a binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the Contents Octets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the above numbering sequence. The value of the binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one.

- 4.1) If the Contents Octets of an Unsigned value encoding consist of more than one octet, and if the bits of the first octet are all zeros, it shall be the sender's option to remove the first octet or not. This process may be repeated to eliminate such octets. The receivers shall be able to decode the value whether or not such an octet(s) is removed.

D.1.3.6 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Unsigned Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length Unsigned value of Unsigned8, Unsigned16, and Unsigned32 types shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly one, two, or four octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be a binary number equal to the Unsigned value, and consist of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.

NOTE The value of a binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the Contents Octets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the above numbering sequence. The value of the binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one.

D.1.3.7 Encoding of a Floating Point Value

- 1) The encoding of a Floating32 or Floating64 value shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly four or eight octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall contain floating point values defined in conformance with ANSI/IEEE Standard 754. The sign is encoded by using bit 8 of the first octet. It is followed by the exponent starting from bit 7 of the first octet, and then the mantissa starting from bit 7 of the second octet for Floating32 and from bit 4 of the second octet for Floating64.

D.1.3.8 Encoding of a Variable-Length BitString value

- 1) The encoding of a variable-length BitString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate the number of octets in the BitString encoding, which is the number of octets used to encode a BitString value plus one for the "Number of Unused Bits" field (see (4)).
- 3.1) If the BitString is empty (no BitString value at all), there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.
- 4) If the BitString is not empty, the Contents Octets shall encode the Number of Unused Bits and the BitString value as follows:

- 4.1) The Number of Unused Bits field shall follow the Length Octet(s) and shall always be one octet. It shall encode as an Unsigned8 type the number of unused bits in the final octet of the Contents Octets. This number shall be in the range zero to seven, inclusive.

NOTE 1 The Number of Unused Bits field is provided for the service user.

NOTE 2 The Number of Unused Bits is selected in accordance with ISO/IEC 8825.

- 4.2) The value of the BitString, commencing with the first bit and proceeding to the trailing bit, shall be placed in bits 8 to 1 of the first octet which follows the Number of Unused Bits field, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets. The unused bits shall be placed in bits 7 to 1 of the last octet, and their values are not specified.

D.1.3.9 Encoding of a Fixed-Length BitString Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length Bitstring value of BitString8, BitString16, and BitString32 types shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly one, two, or four octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) A BitString value, commencing with the first bit and proceeding to the trailing bit, shall be placed in bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.10 Encoding of a Variable-Length OctetString Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable-length OctetString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the OctetString value.
- 3.1) If the OctetString is of zero length, there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.
- 4) If the OctetString is not of zero length, the Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.11 Encoding of a Fixed-Length Octet String Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length OctetString value of OctetString2, OctetString4, OctetString8, and OctetString16 types shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly two, four, eight, or 16 octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.12 Encoding of a Variable-Length VisibleString Value

- 1) The encoding of a VisibleString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the VisibleString value.
- 3.1) If the VisibleString is of zero length, there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.

- 4) If the VisibleString is not of zero length, the Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.13 Encoding of a Fixed-Length VisibleString Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length VisibleString value of VisibleString2, VisibleString4, VisibleString8, and VisibleString16 types shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of exactly two, four, eight, or 16 octets, respectively.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.14 Encoding of an ISO10646String Value

- 1) The encoding of an ISO10646String value shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of zero or an even number of octets.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the Contents Octets.
 - 3.1) If the ISO10646String is of zero length, there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.
 - 4) If an ISO10646String value is not of zero length, the Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value.
 - 4.1) Each ISO10646 character shall be placed in two octets in the Contents Octets, with the high order byte placed in the first octet and the low-order byte in the subsequent octet, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.

D.1.3.15 Encoding of a UniversalTime Value

- 1) The encoding of a UniversalTime value shall be primitive, and the Contents Octets shall consist of 12 octets.
- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the Contents Octets.
 - 3.1) The first "D" of a UniversalTime value shall be placed in the first octet of the Contents Octets, followed by the second "D" in the second octet, up to the second "s" in the 12th octet of the Contents Octets.
 - 3.2) A UniversalTime value consists of two sets, each of six characters. The first set is YYMMDD, where YY is the two low-order digits of the Gregorian calendar, MM is the month (counting January as 01 and December as 12), and DD is the day of the month (01 to 31). The second set is hhmmss, where hh is hour (00 to 23), mm is minutes (00 to 59), and ss is seconds (00 to 59).
 - 3.2) In countries where the Gregorian calendar is not adapted, it is possible to substitute the Gregorian YYMM with their local calendar convention. If a local calendar system is adopted, YY shall be the two low-order digits of that calendar system and MM shall be the month counting the first month of the calendar system as 01.

D.1.3.16 Encoding of Binary Time Value

- 1) The encoding of a BinaryTime0, BinaryTime1, BinaryTime2, BinaryTime3, BinaryTime4, BinaryTime5, BinaryTime6, BinaryTime7, BinaryTime8 and BinaryTime9 value shall be primitive.

- 2) The Identifier Octet and Length Octet(s) shall not be present.
- 3) The Contents Octets shall be a binary number equal to the binary time value, and consisting of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets.
 - 3.1) The Contents Octets of a BinaryTime0, BinaryTime1, BinaryTime2, and BinaryTime3 value shall consist of two octets.
 - 3.2) The Contents Octets of a BinaryTime4, BinaryTime5, BinaryTime6, and BinaryTime7 value shall consist of four octets.
 - 3.3) The Contents Octets of a BinaryTime8 and BinaryTime9 value shall consist of six octets.

NOTE The value of the granularity of each BinaryTime type is defined in IEC 61158-5.

D.1.3.17 Encoding of a CompactBCDArray Value

- 1) The encoding of a CompactBCDArray value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the array.
 - 3.1) If the number of BCD values is zero, there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.
 - 4) The Contents Octets shall encode the BCD values as the first BCD value shall be placed as a binary number in bits 8 to 5 of the first Contents Octets, the second BCD value shall be placed in bits 4 to 1 of the first Contents Octets. This will be repeated for the remaining BCD values and Contents Octets up to and including the last octet of the Contents Octets. The values of any unused bits in the last Contents Octets shall be set to F16.

D.1.3.18 Encoding of an Array Value

- 1) An Array value shall be encoded as a SEQUENCE OF value.

D.1.3.19 Encoding of a Structure Value

- 1) A Structure value shall be encoded as a SEQUENCE value.

D.1.3.20 Encoding of the ANY Type

NOTE 1 The ANY type is used to convey a value of an APO, such as a data value to be written to a variable object. Since an APO is not managed by the FAL, it does not provide any encoding means for this type of value. It is assumed that the service users know the data types of such data values.

- 1) The encoding of the ANY type shall be primitive or constructed.
- 2) The Length Octet(s) shall be present and shall indicate the number of octets in the Contents Octets.

NOTE 2 This ensures that the first octet in the ANY type always indicates the total octets of the ANY type.

- 3) The Contents Octets shall be the encoding of a data value.
 - 3.1) The data value shall be encoded by the service user so that the resultant encoding is identical to what is defined in this technical specification.

NOTE 3 If a data to be encoded as ANY is of type Integer, for example, the service user is responsible for providing octets that represent the value of the Integer value based on the Integer encoding rule defined in this specification.

- 3.2) If the encoding of a data value is primitive, the Length Octet(s) of the data value, if it is present, shall be omitted.
- 3.3) If an Integer value is encoded as ANY, the Contents Octets of ANY include only the Contents Octets of the Integer value. Its Length Octet(s) shall be omitted.

- 3.4) If the encoding of a data value is constructed, the Length Octet(s) of the data value, if it is present, shall be present in the Contents Octets of ANY.

D.1.3.21 Encoding of a BCD Value

- 1) A BCD value shall be encoded as an Unsigned8 value.
- 2) A BCD value shall be placed in bits 4 to 1 of the Contents Octets of an Unsigned8 value. The values of the bits 8 to 5 shall be zero (0).

D.1.3.22 Encoding of a FieldbusTime Value

- 1) A FieldbusTime value shall be encoded as a BitString32 value.

D.1.3.23 Encoding of a Compact Boolean Array Value

- 1) A Compact Boolean Array value shall be encoded as a BitString value.

D.1.3.24 Key words Encoding Rules

The encoding rules for the following key words are defined:

- SEQUENCE
- SEQUENCE OF
- CHOICE
- TAGGEDTYPE
- IMPLICIT
- OPTIONAL
- DEFAULT

D.1.3.24.1 Encoding of a SEQUENCE Value

- 1) The encoding of a SEQUENCE value shall be constructed.
- 2) The Identifier Octet, if it is present, shall have the class number of FAL -Specific 1.
 - 2.1) The Identifier Octet shall be omitted from the encoding of the SEQUENCE value used in the FAL syntax descriptions specified in clause 4.
- 3) The Length Octet(s), if it is present, shall indicate, as a binary number, the number of productions (not the number of octets) in the SEQUENCE value to be encoded.
 - 3.1) If there are zero data values, there shall be no subsequent octets, and the Length Octet(s) shall be zero.
 - 3.2) The Length Octet(s) shall be omitted from the encoding of the SEQUENCE value used in the FAL syntax descriptions specified in clause 4.

NOTE Rules 2.1) and 3.2), and the fact that all the APDU abstract syntax definitions are referenced with the IMPLICIT key word, ensure that the encoding of the APDU body starts with the encoding of the first component of each APDU productions, not with the encoding of SEQUENCE or SEQUENCE OF key words that envelop the productions.

- 4) The Contents Octets shall consist of the complete encoding of one data value from each of the types listed in the SEQUENCE type, in the order of their appearance in the definition, unless the type was referenced with the keyword "OPTIONAL" or the keyword "DEFAULT."

D.1.3.24.2 Encoding of a SEQUENCE OF Value

- 1) The encoding of a SEQUENCE OF value shall be constructed.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall be present. The class number of the SEQUENCE OF value shall be FAL-Specific 1.

D.1.3.24.5 Encoding of a Tagged Value

- 1) The encoding of a Tagged value shall be primitive if the referenced encoding is primitive and constructed if it is constructed.
- 2) The Identifier Octet shall contain the value of the tag and its class.
- 2.1) The Identifier Octet for the tagged value shall not be encoded unless those used with the CHOICE type.
- 3) The Length Octet(s) may or may not be present.

NOTE These rules ensure that the Length Octet(s) of the Tagged value always indicates the number of octets of the Contents Octet(s) of the Tagged value.

- 3.1) If the referenced encoding is primitive and does not have the Length Octet(s), the Length Octet(s) of the Tagged value shall indicate the number of octets of the Contents Octet(s) of the referenced encoding.
- 3.2) If the referenced encoding is primitive and has the Length Octet(s), the Length Octet(s) of the referenced encoding shall be placed in the Length Octet(s) of the Tagged value.
- 3.3) If the referenced encoding is constructed, the Length Octet(s) of the Tagged value shall indicate the number of components of the referenced encoding.
- 4) The Contents Octet(s) shall be those of the referenced encoding.

D.1.3.24.6 Encoding of an IMPLICIT Value

- 1) The IMPLICIT keyword shall only be used with a Tagged type value, or one of the APDU class specifiers defined in the "Encoding of Type Field" clause.
- 2) If the IMPLICIT keyword is used, the Identifier Octet of the type which immediately follows the keyword shall not be present.

NOTE If a base encoding does not have the Identifier Octet and/or Length Octet(s), the IMPLICIT keyword does not affect the encoding.

Annex E (normative)

Traditional Encoding Rule (TER)

E.1 Traditional Encoding Rule (TER)

E.1.1 Introduction

The Traditional Encoding Rule (TER) is a preferable encoding rule that is compatible with existing standards.

E.1.2 TER Descriptions

E.1.2.1 Overview of Encoding

The FAL-PDUs encoded with the TER shall have a uniform format. The FAL-PDUs shall consist of two major parts, the "APDU Header" part and the "APDU Body" part as shown in the figure below:

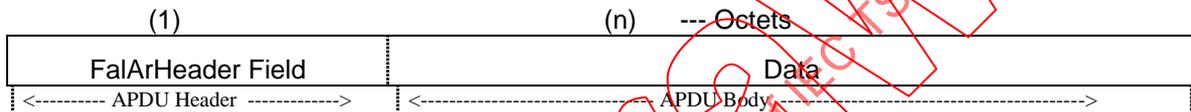


Figure E.1 – APDU Overview

E.1.2.2 APDU Header Encoding

The APDU Header part is always present in all APDUs which conform to this technical specification. It consists of one field: the FalArHeader Field. Refer to annex A for the encoding rule of the FalArHeader field.

E.1.2.3 APDU Body Encoding

The FAL-PDUs are encoded with the TER in the following manner:

```

FAL-PDU ::= {Components}
Components ::=
    UserData ||
    IdentificationInformation ContentsOctets
IdentificationInformation ::=
    P/C Flag Tag Length
ContentsOctets ::=
    OCTETSTRING
  
```

E.1.2.3.1 Structure of the Identification Information

The Identification Information consists of the P/C flag, the Tag field, and the Length field as shown in the following figure:

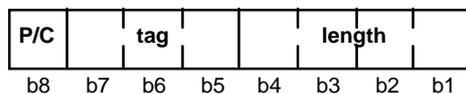


Figure E.2 – Identification Information (format 1)

The P/C flag indicates either the ContentsOctets is a simple component (primitive types, such as Integer8), or a structured component (constructed, such as SEQUENCE, SEQUENCE OF types).

- P/C Flag =0 means the ContentsOctets is a simple component.
- P/C Flag =1 means the ContentsOctets is a structured component.

The Tag field identifies the semantics of the ContentsOctets.

The Length field indicates the length of the ContentsOctets in octets if it is a primitive type and the number of contained components if it is a structured type.

The three components of the Identification Information are allotted in one octet as follows:

P/C flag bit8
 Tag field bit7 - bit5, where bit7 is the msb and bit5 is the lsb.
 Length field bit3 - bit1, where bit4 is the msb and bit1 is the lsb.

If the number of the Tag is greater than six, or the number of the Length is greater than 14, the extension octet for each of the fields shall be used.

If the extension octet for the Tag is used, the Tag field in the Identification Information shall be set to seven. The Tag Extension octet that immediately follows the Identification Information shall contain the number of the Tag, with bit8 of the extension octet as the msb and bit1 the lsb as shown below:



Figure E.3 – Identification Information (format 2)

If the extension octet for the Length is used, the Length field in the Identification Information shall be set to 15. The Length Extension octet that immediately follows the Identification Information shall contain the number of the Length, with bit8 of the extension octet as the msb and bit1 the lsb as shown below:



Figure E.4 – Identification Information (format 3)

If both the Tag and the Length fields are extended, the Tag Extension octet follows the Identification Information and is followed by the Length Extension octet as shown below:



Figure E.5 – Identification Information (format 4)

If the abstract syntax does not contain a tag for a data item, then no Identification Information is encoded. The semantics and length of this data item are implicitly known by the abstract syntax.

E.1.2.4 Encoding of Simple Variables

E.1.2.4.1 Encoding of a Boolean Value

- 1) The encoding of a Boolean value shall be primitive. The ContentsOctets shall consist of a single octet.
- 2) If the Boolean value is FALSE, the ContentsOctets shall be 0 (zero). If the Boolean value is TRUE, the ContentsOctets shall be FFh.

E.1.2.4.2 Encoding of an Integer Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length Integer value of Integer8, Integer16, and Integer32 types shall be primitive, and the ContentsOctets shall consist of exactly one, two, or four octets, respectively.
- 2) The ContentsOctets shall be a two's complement binary number equal to the integer value, and consist of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the ContentsOctets.

NOTE The value of a two's complement binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the ContentsOctets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the

above numbering sequence. The value of the two's complement binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one, excluding bit 8 of the first octet, and then reducing this value by the numerical value assigned to bit 8 of the first octet if that bit is set to one.

E.1.2.4.3 Encoding of an Unsigned Value

- 1) The encoding of a fixed-length Unsigned value of Unsigned8, Unsigned16, and Unsigned32 types shall be primitive, and the ContentsOctets shall consist of exactly one, two, or four octets, respectively.
- 2) The ContentsOctets shall be a binary number equal to the Unsigned value, and consist of bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet in turn up to and including the last octet of the ContentsOctets.

NOTE The value of a binary number is derived by numbering the bits in the ContentsOctets, starting with bit 1 of the last octet as bit zero and ending the numbering with bit 8 of the first octet. Each bit is assigned a numerical value of 2^N , where N is its position in the above numbering sequence. The value of the binary number is obtained by adding the numerical values assigned to each bit for those bits which are set to one.

E.1.2.4.4 Encoding of a Floating-Point Value

- 1) The encoding of a Floating32 or Floating64 value shall be primitive, and the ContentsOctets shall consist of exactly four or eight octets, respectively.
- 2) The ContentsOctets shall contain floating-point values defined in conformance with ANSI/IEEE Standard 754. The sign is encoded in bit 8 of the first octet. It is followed by the exponent starting from bit 7 of the first octet, and then the mantissa starting from bit 7 of the second octet for Floating32 and from bit 4 of the second octet for Floating64.

E.1.2.4.5 Encoding of a Visible String Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable length VisibleString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the VisibleString value.
 - 2.1) If the VisibleString is of zero length, there shall be no ContentsOctets, and the Length shall be zero.
- 3) If the VisibleString is not of zero length, the ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the ContentsOctets.

E.1.2.4.6 Encoding of an Octet String Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable length OctetString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the OctetString value.
 - 2.1) If the OctetString is of zero length, there shall be no ContentsOctets, and the Length shall be zero.
- 3) If the OctetString is not of zero length, the ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, in the order they appear in the data value, and with the most significant bit of an octet of the data value aligned with the most significant bit of an octet of the ContentsOctets.

E.1.2.4.7 Encoding of a Date Value

- 1) The encoding of a Date value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the Date value.
- 3) The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, as shown in the figure below:

bits	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
octets									
1	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	0...59 999 ms
2	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	
3	0	0	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	0...59 min
4	SU	0	0	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	0...23 hours
5	day of week			day of month				2^0	1...7 d. of w. 1...31 d. of m.
6	0	0	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	1...12 months
7	0	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	0...99 years
	MSB								

Figure E.6 – Encoding of Date Value

E.1.2.4.8 Encoding of a Time Of Day Value

- 1) The encoding of a Time Of Day value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the Time Of Day value.
- 3) The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, as shown in the figure below:

bits	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
octets									
1	0	0	0	0	2^{27}	2^{26}	2^{25}	2^{24}	number of milliseconds since midnight
2	2^{23}	2^{22}	2^{21}	2^{20}	2^{19}	2^{18}	2^{17}	2^{16}	
3	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	
4	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	
5	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	number of days since 01.01.84
6	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	optional
	MSB								

Figure E.7 – Encoding of Time Of Day Value

E.1.2.4.9 Encoding of a Time Difference Value

- 1) The encoding of a Time Difference value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the Time Difference value.
- 3) The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, as shown in the figure below:

bits	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
octets					2^{27}	2^{26}	2^{25}	2^{24}	number of milliseconds
1	0	0	0	0					
2	2^{23}	2^{22}	2^{21}	2^{20}	2^{19}	2^{18}	2^{17}	2^{16}	
3	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	
4	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	number of days
5	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	
6	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	optional
	MSB								

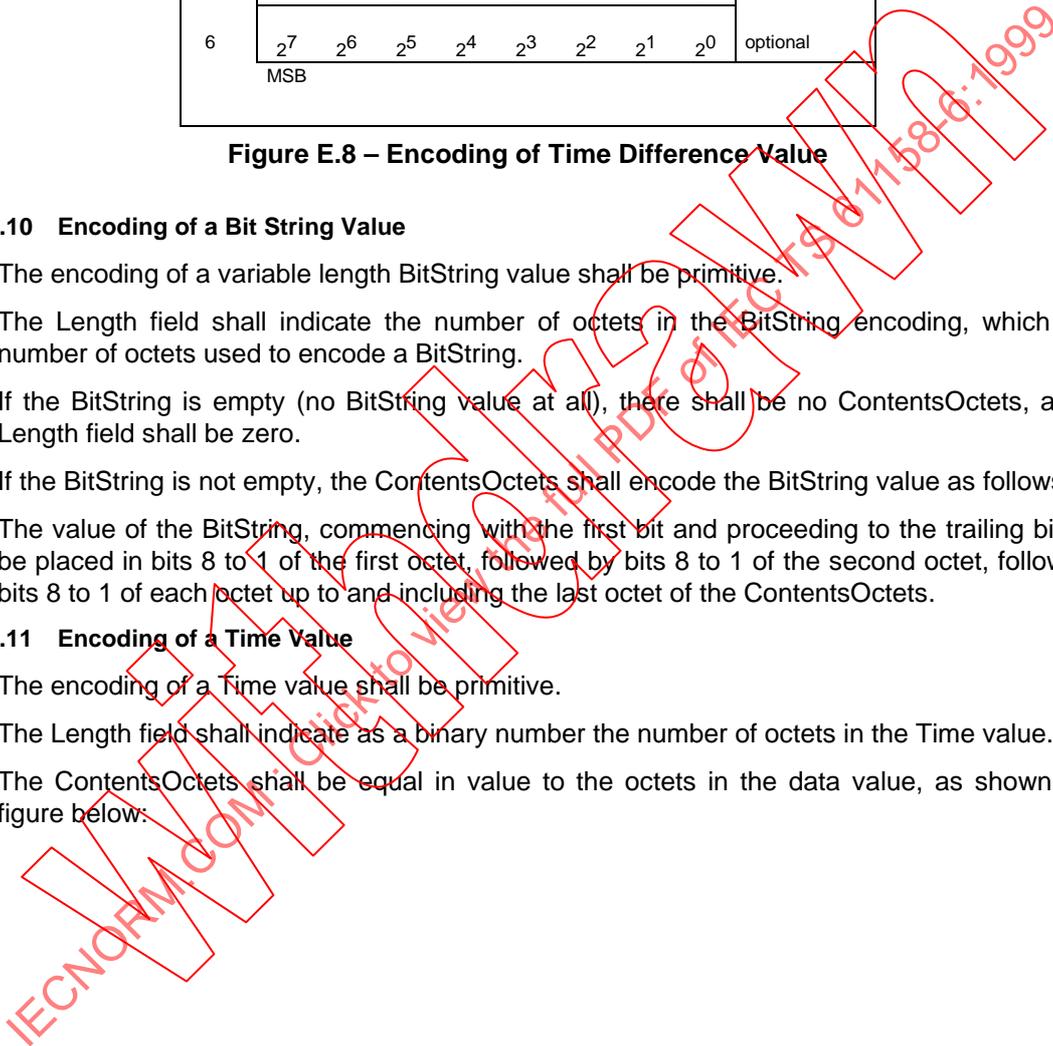
Figure E.8 – Encoding of Time Difference Value

E.1.2.4.10 Encoding of a Bit String Value

- 1) The encoding of a variable length BitString value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate the number of octets in the BitString encoding, which is the number of octets used to encode a BitString.
 - 2.1) If the BitString is empty (no BitString value at all), there shall be no ContentsOctets, and the Length field shall be zero.
 - 3) If the BitString is not empty, the ContentsOctets shall encode the BitString value as follows:
 - 3.1) The value of the BitString, commencing with the first bit and proceeding to the trailing bit, shall be placed in bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of each octet up to and including the last octet of the ContentsOctets.

E.1.2.4.11 Encoding of a Time Value

- 1) The encoding of a Time value shall be primitive.
- 2) The Length field shall indicate as a binary number the number of octets in the Time value.
- 3) The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value, as shown in the figure below:



bits	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
octets									
1	SN	2^{62}	2^{61}	2^{60}	2^{59}	2^{58}	2^{57}	2^{56}	
2	2^{55}	2^{54}	2^{53}	2^{52}	2^{51}	2^{50}	2^{49}	2^{48}	
3	2^{47}	2^{46}	2^{45}	2^{44}	2^{43}	2^{42}	2^{41}	2^{40}	
4	2^{39}	2^{38}	2^{37}	2^{36}	2^{35}	2^{34}	2^{33}	2^{32}	
5	2^{31}	2^{30}	2^{29}	2^{28}	2^{27}	2^{26}	2^{25}	2^{24}	
6	2^{23}	2^{22}	2^{21}	2^{20}	2^{19}	2^{18}	2^{17}	2^{16}	
7	2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8	signed integer of 8 bytes length of 1/32ms unit
8	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	
	MSB								

Figure E.9 – Encoding of TimeValue

E.1.2.4.12 Encoding of a Null Value

- 1) The encoding of a NULL value shall be primitive.
- 2) The ContentsOctet shall be omitted.

E.1.2.4.13 Encoding of an ANY Value

The Data Type ANY contains one or more data elements of the Data Types which are chained together without any gap. The composition is known implicitly.

E.1.2.5 Encoding of Structured Types

When a structured type is encoded, the P/C flag of the Identification Information shall be set to one. The Length field, whether or not it is extended, shall contain the number of components of the structured type being encoded.

E.1.2.5.1 Encoding of a SEQUENCE Value

The SEQUENCE type is comparable to a record. It represents a collection of user data of the same or of different Data Types.

A SEQUENCE type value may contain a simple variable or a further structured variable as its components. If a SEQUENCE type contains another structured type value, it shall be counted as a single component even if it contains several components.

E.1.2.5.2 Encoding of a SEQUENCE OF Value

The SEQUENCE OF type represents a succession of components. It is comparable to an array.

A SEQUENCE OF type value may contain one or more simple or constructed variables. If a SEQUENCE OF type contains another structured type value, it shall be counted as a single component even if it contains several components.

The encoding is as for the structure SEQUENCE. For the statement of the number of components the number of repetitions shall be taken into account.

E.1.2.5.3 Encoding of a CHOICE Value

A CHOICE type represents a selection from a set of predefined values. The components of a CHOICE construct shall have different tags to allow proper identification. Instead of the CHOICE construct, the actually selected component is encoded. Only one component shall be encoded for a CHOICE.

E.2 Object Definition Parameter

The mapping of the individual object definitions onto the parameters "List Of Objects and Attributes" (data type Gn_ObjectDefinition) of the GetAttributes2 and SetAttributes2 PDUs is shown in this clause.

NOTE The semantics of the Object Definition Parameter of type Gn_ObjectDefinition is application specific and the FAL does not encode or decode it. However, since prior standards defined standard semantics of this parameter, and it is used with the TER, its definition is placed here. Readers are advised that this clause is not for the FAL, but for the FAL user.

The object class is the identifier of the object and indicates the class to which this object belongs. The other object attributes are object specific and shall be coded as a string of octets. In addition to the object attributes, the object class shall be transmitted in the GetAttributes and SetAttributes services, except List Header, whose numeric ID is zero.

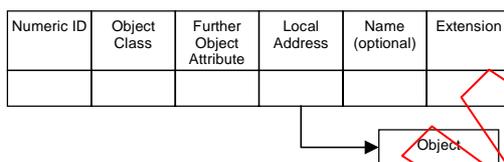


Figure E.10 – Structure of an Object Definition

```
Object-Definition ::= ListHeader
                    || DataTypeList
                    || StaticList
                    || VariableListDefinition
                    || FunctionInvocationDefinition
```

E.2.1 ListHeader

```
ListHeader ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,           -- numericId
    Boolean,             -- romRamFlag
    Unsigned8,           -- maxNameLength
    Boolean,             -- accessProtectionSupported
    Integer16,           -- versionOfObjectDefinition
    Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfListHeader
    Unsigned16,          -- numberOfEntriesInDataTypeList
    Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfDataTypeList
    Unsigned16,          -- firstNumericIdOfStaticList
    Unsigned16,          -- numberOfEntriesInStaticList
    Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfStaticList
    Unsigned16,          -- firstNumericIdOfVariableListDefinition
    Unsigned16,          -- numberOfEntriesInVariableListDefinition
    Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfVariableListDefinition
    Unsigned16,          -- firstNumericIdOfFunctionInvocationDefinition
    Unsigned16,          -- numberOfEntriesInFunctionInvocationDefinition
    Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfFunctionInvocationDefinition
}
```

E.2.2 DataTypeList

```
DataTypeList ::= DataTypeDefinition
                || StructuredDataTypeDefinition

DataTypeDefinition ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,           -- numericId
    Integer8,            -- objectClass
    Unsigned8,           -- dataTypeNameLength
    VisibleString,       -- dataTypeName
}
```

```

StructuredDataTypeDefinition ::= ANY {
  Unsigned16,           -- numericId
  Integer8,            -- objectClass
  Unsigned8,           -- numberOfElements
  recordList SEQUENCE OF {
    Unsigned16,        -- numericIdOfDataTypeDefinition
    Unsigned8,         -- dataLength
  }
}

```

E.2.3 StaticList

```

StaticList ::= VariableDefinition
  || ArrayDefinition
  || StructureDefinition
  || LoadRegionDefinition
  || EventDefinition

```

```

VariableDefinition ::= ANY {
  Unsigned16,           -- numericId
  Integer8,            -- objectClass
  Unsigned16,           -- numericIdOfDataTypeDefinition
  Unsigned8,           -- dataLength
  Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
  Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfVariable
  VisibleString,      -- variableName
  Unsigned8,           -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                      -- of this field shall be zero
  OctetString         -- extension
}

```

```

ArrayDefinition ::= ANY {
  Unsigned16,           -- numericId
  Integer8,            -- objectClass
  Unsigned16,           -- numericIdOfDataTypeDefinition
  Unsigned8,           -- dataLength
  Unsigned8,           -- numberOfElements
  Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
  Unsigned32,          -- localReferenceOfArray
  VisibleString,      -- arrayName
  Unsigned8,           -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                      -- of this field shall be zero.
  OctetString         -- extension
}

```

```

StructureDefinition ::= ANY {
  Unsigned16,           -- numericId
  Integer8,            -- objectClass
  Unsigned16,           -- numericIdOfDataTypeDefinition
  Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
  VisibleString,      -- structureName
  Unsigned8,           -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                      -- of this field shall be zero.
  OctetString         -- extension
  SEQUENCE OF Unsigned32 -- localReferenceOfElement
}

```

```

LoadRegionDefinition ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,          -- numericId
    Integer8,           -- objectClass
    Unsigned16,         -- loadRegionSize
    Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
    Unsigned32,         -- localReferenceOfLoadRegion
    Unsigned8,          -- loadRegionState
    Unsigned8,          -- uploadState
    Integer16,          -- numberOfRelatedObjectsInUse
    VisibleString,      -- loadRegionName
    Unsigned8,          -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                        -- of this field shall be zero.
    OctetString         -- extension
}
    
```

```

EventDefinition ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,          -- numericId
    Integer8,           -- objectClass
    Unsigned16,         -- numericIdOfEventData
    Unsigned8,          -- eventDataLength
    Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
    Boolean,            -- enabled
    VisibleString,      -- eventName
    Unsigned8,          -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                        -- of this field shall be zero.
    OctetString         -- extension
}
    
```

E.2.4 VariableListDefinition

```

VariableListDefinition ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,          -- numericId
    Integer8,           -- objectClass
    Unsigned16,         -- numericIdOfElements
    Vr_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
    Boolean,            -- deletable
    SEQUENCE OF Unsigned32,
    VisibleString,      -- variableListName
    Unsigned8,          -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                        -- of this field shall be zero.
    OctetString         -- extension
}
    
```

E.2.5 FunctionInvocationDefinition

```

FunctionInvocationDefinition ::= ANY {
    Unsigned16,          -- numericId
    Integer8,           -- objectClass
    Unsigned8,          -- numberOfRelatedObjects
    Fi_AccessPrivilege, -- accessPrivilege
    Boolean,            -- deletable
    Boolean,            -- reusable
    Unsigned8,          -- functionInvocationState
    SEQUENCE OF Unsigned16,
    VisibleString,      -- functionInvocationName
    Unsigned8,          -- Length of the extension field. If the extension field is not present, the value
                        -- of this field shall be zero.
    OctetString         -- extension
}
    
```

Annex F (normative)

Buffer-Oriented Encoding Rules (BER) and Messaging Encoding Rule (MER)

F.1 Encoding Rule for Buffer Services (BER)

F.1.1 Introduction

The Compact Encoding Rules (BER) is an encoding rule for new implementation where Time critical transfer is selected.

F.1.2 Application Layer Encoding Rules

F.1.2.1 Overview of Encoding

The PDUs that conform to this technical specification shall be encoded in a uniform format as shown in the figure below. The PDUs consist of two major parts: the "APDU Header" part and the "APDU Body" part.

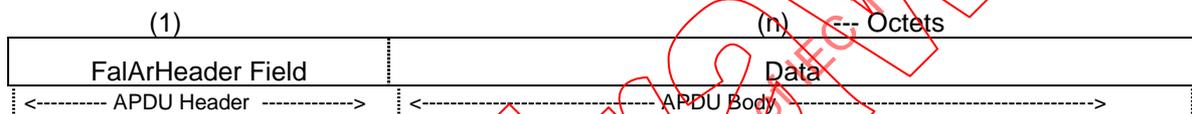


Figure F.1 – APDU Overview

F.1.2.2 APDU Header Encoding

The APDU Header part is always present in all APDUs which conform to this part of ISA-S50.02. It consists of one field: the FalArHeader Field. Refer to annex A for the encoding rule of the FalArHeader field.

F.1.2.3 APDU Body Encoding

The FAL encoding rules are based on terms and conventions defined in ISO/IEC standards. The encoding consists of three components in the following order:

- An Identifier Octet
- Length Octet(s)
- The ContentsOctets

F.1.2.3.1 Identifier Octet

- 1) The Identifier Octet shall encode the type and shall consist of one octet.
- 2) The value of this octet is 40 h. Other values are reserved for management.

F.1.2.3.2 Length Octet

- 1) The Length Octet shall consist of one octet.

F.1.2.3.3 ContentsOctets

- 1) The ContentsOctets shall encode the data value as a string of octet.

F.2 Encoding Rule for Messaging Services (MER)

The encoding of an ASN.1 type value may comprise the following components:

- Identification Octet
- Content Length Octets
- Content Octets

F.2.1 Identification Octet

The Identification Octet is used for the encoding of the type tag associated with the value. It contains the class and number of the type tag.

The Identification Octet only exists in the encoding of tagged types appearing in a CHOICE. If present, the Identification Octet is structured as follows:

- bit 8 defines the value type class:

Table F.1 – Identification Octet Classes

class	bit 8 value
FAL specific	0
Context-specific	1

- bits 7 to 1 are used for encoding the identifier numbers in the range 0 to 127, in the form of an unsigned binary number, whose most and least significant bits are respectively bits 7 and 1.

F.2.2 Contents length octets

If present, the encoding of the contents length of the type value always consists of two octets representing a number of units of measurement (unsigned binary number).

The unit of measurement is type-dependent, as follows:

Table F.2 – Unit of Measurement of Contents Length Octets

SEQUENCE OF	octet
SEQUENCE	octet
INTEGER	octet
BOOLEAN	octet
BIT STRING	bit
OCTET STRING	octet

F.2.3 ContentsOctets

The ContentsOctets shall encode the data value according to the encoding rules defined for the respective type as specified in the following subclauses. The ContentsOctets may consist of zero, one or more octets.

F.3 Type Encoding Rules

F.3.1 Boolean

A Boolean value shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet and the Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets always consist of one byte. If the Boolean value equals FALSE, all bits of the octet are 0. If the Boolean value equals TRUE, the octet can contain any combination of bits other than the encoding for FALSE.

F.3.2 Integer

An integer value shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present, if the size of the integer type is invariable. An integer with invariable size is created by constraining the possible value. The length octets shall be present, if the size of the integer value is variable.

he ContentsOctets shall contain the two complement binary number equal to the integer value. The most significant bits of the integer value are encoded in bit8 to bit1 of the first octet, the next in bit8 to bit1 of the next octet and so on. If the values of an integer type are restricted to negative and non-negative numbers, bit8 of the first octet gives the sign of the value, if the values are restricted to non-negative numbers only, no sign bit is needed (see examples below)

Examples:

- INTEGER (-128..128) is an integer with invariable octet length of one.
- INTEGER (0..255) is also an integer with invariable octet length of one.
- INTEGER is an integer with variable octet length.

F.3.3 Bit string

A bitstring value shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present
- The Length Octets shall not be present, if the size of the bitstring type is invariable. A bitstring with invariable size is created by applying a size constraint containing only one value on the bitstring type. The length octets shall be present, if the size of the bitstring value is variable.
- The ContentsOctets comprise as many octets as necessary to contain all bits of the actual value: $N_Octets = (N_Bits - 1) \div 8 + 1$. The bitstring value commencing with the first bit and proceeding to the trailing bit, shall be placed in bits 8 to 1 of the first octet, followed by bits 8 to 1 of the second octet and so on. If the number of bits is not a multiple of 8 there are so-called unused bits, which are located in the least significant bits of the last octet. The value of the unused bits may be zero or one and carry no meaning.

Examples:

- BIT STRING SIZE (30) is a bitstring with invariable octet length of four and two unused bits.
- BIT STRING SIZE (1..32) is a bitstring with variable octet length.
- BIT STRING is a bitstring with variable octet length.

F.3.4 Octet string

An octetstring value shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present, if the size of the octetstring type is invariable. An octetstring with invariable size is created by applying a size constraint containing only one value on the octetstring type. The length octets shall be present, if the size of the octetstring value is variable.
- The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value.

Examples:

- OCTET STRING SIZE (30) is an octetstring with invariable octet length of 30.
- OCTET STRING SIZE (1..32) is an octetstring with variable octet length.
- OCTET STRING is an octetstring with variable octet length.

F.3.5 Visible string

A visiblestring value shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present, if the size of the visiblestring type is invariable. A visiblestring with invariable size is created by applying a size constraint containing only one value on the visiblestring type. The length octets shall be present, if the size of the visiblestring value is variable.
- The ContentsOctets shall be equal in value to the octets in the data value.

Examples:

- VisibleString SIZE (30) is a visiblestring with invariable octet length of 30.
- VisibleString SIZE (1..32) is a visiblestring with variable octet length.
- VisibleString is a visiblestring with variable octet length.

F.3.6 SEQUENCE Types

A value of a SEQUENCE type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall be there and specify the number of octets being used for the ContentsOctets. However, for the first Keyword "SEQUENCE" of FaArPDU, this length shall not be encoded at all.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of all the element types in the same order as they are specified in the ASN.1 description of the SEQUENCE type.

F.3.7 SEQUENCE OF Types

A value of a SEQUENCE OF type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall be there and specify the number of octets being used for the ContentsOctets.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of all the element types in the same order as they are specified in the ASN.1 description of the SEQUENCE OF type.

F.3.8 CHOICE Types

A value of a CHOICE type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of the selected type of the alternative type list.

F.3.9 Null

A value of a NULL type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall not be present.

F.3.10 Tagged Types

A value of a tagged type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall only be present, if the tagged type is part of an Alternative Type List in a CHOICE construct.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of the Type which was tagged.

F.3.11 IMPLICIT Types

A value of an IMPLICIT type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of the Type being referenced by the IMPLICIT construct, except for the case when the referenced Type is a SEQUENCE type. In this case, the ContentsOctets consist only of the ContentsOctets of the referenced SEQUENCE type, the length information of this SEQUENCE type should not occur in the encoding.

F.3.12 OPTIONAL and DEFAULT Types

For the encoding of a value of an OPTIONAL or DEFAULT type there are two possibilities:

1) If the OPTIONAL/DEFAULT type is a subtype of a SEQUENCE type containing a Gn_OptionalParametersMap element, which is used to determine the existence or non-existence of all optional subtypes within this structure. The least significant bit of this Gn8OptionalParametersMap type corresponds to the first OPTIONAL or DEFAULT subtype, the second least significant bit corresponds to the second subtype and so on.

In this case, a value of an OPTIONAL or DEFAULT type shall be encoded as follows:

If the corresponding bit of the Gn_OptionalParametersMap is zero or the Gn_OptionalParametersMap is missing altogether (it may be an OPTIONAL itself), the OPTIONAL/DEFAULT value does not exist and should not be encoded at all. If the corresponding bit of the Gn_OptionalParametersMap is one, the value exists, and its encoding should be as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of the Type being referenced by the OPTIONAL/DEFAULT construct.

2) Otherwise, a value of an OPTIONAL or DEFAULT type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall be present. If there is no value for this type, the Length Octets contain the value 0.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of the referenced Type, if there is a value for this type, otherwise no ContentsOctets exist.

If a Gn_OptionalParametersMap type is defined as OPTIONAL itself, it is always encoded in the second way.

F.3.13 ANY Types

An ANY type is used for the definition of complex types, whose structure is described informally rather than in ASN.1, generally because its definition in ASN.1 would not result in an optimal encoding. Usually the structuring information (Identifier Octets, Length Octets) in the encoding of such types can be omitted, since the receiver of the encoded type has additional knowledge, which enables him to encode such an optimized PDU.

A value of an ANY type shall be encoded as follows:

- The Identifier Octet shall not be present.
- The Length Octets shall not be present.
- The ContentsOctets shall consist of the encoding of all implicit types which constitute the ANY type.

F.3.14 Encoding of APDU Header

The APDU Header always begins with the FALArHeader. This implies that the Contents Length of the surrounding SEQUENCE is not encoded.

Annex G (normative)

Queued Usertriggered Unidirectional (QUU) ARPM

G.1 Primitive Definitions

G.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table G.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive name	Source	Associated parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCS_req	FSPM	remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table G.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive name	Source	Associated parameters	Functions
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
FSTS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, reported_status	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey confirmation status.

G.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table G.3.

Table G.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.

G.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUU AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the QUU AREP Class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the QUU AREP class are defined in this clause.

CLASS: QuuCl

PARENT CLASS: QueuedUser-TriggeredUnidirectionalAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDisapAddress
2	(c)	Constraint:	RemoteAddressConfigurationType = Linked
2.1	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDisapAddress
3	(m)	Attribute:	LocalDisapRole (Basic, Group)
4	(c)	Constraint:	Role = ReportSource
4.1	(m)	Attribute:	DefaultQosAsSender
4.1.1	(m)	Attribute	DIIPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.1.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnUnitdata
4.1.3	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
4.1.4	(m)	Attribute:	DISchedulingPolicy (Implicit)
4.1.5	(o)	Attribute:	DleRemoteConf (True, False)
5	(m)	Attribute:	ExplicitQueue (True, False)
6	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
6.1	(m)	Attribute:	QueueBindings—either for a sender or a receiver
6.1.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxQueueDepth
6.1.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSize

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Unitdata
2	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
3	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get

G.2.1.1 Attributes

G.2.1.1.1 LocalDisapAddress

This attribute specifies the DLSAP address to which this AREP is attached. This attribute is a DLSAP-address if the Role attribute has the value of ReportSource, and either a group DL-address or a DLSAP-address if the Role attribute has the value of ReportSink.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-address” parameter specified in the DLL.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

G.2.1.1.1.1 RemoteDisapAddress

This attribute specifies the remote address to which FAL-PDUs are sent (for ReportSource AREPs), or from which they are received (for ReportSink AREPs).

If the RemoteAddressConfigurationType attribute is Linked, the value of this attribute has been configured. If it is Free, the value of this attribute is provided with a service request.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

G.2.1.1.1.2 LocalDisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the local DLSAP to be used. If the Role is ReportSource, this attribute has the value of Basic. If the Role is ReportSink, it has the value of either Basic or Group.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-role” parameter specified by the DLL.

G.2.1.1.1.3 DefaultQosAsSender

The DefaultQosAsSender attributes specify the DLL quality of service that is used by the sending AREP. The receiving DLL shall support the quality of service specified by these attributes.

G.2.1.1.1.3.1 DIIPriority

This attribute defines the DLL priority, and thus restricts the maximum length of an FAL-PDU, of the conveyance path of an AR.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLL priority” parameter of the DLL. The values Urgent, Normal, and Time-Available correspond to URGENT, NORMAL, and TIME-AVAILABLE as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification, respectively.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same QUU AREP.

G.2.1.1.3.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnUnitdata

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a local confirmation from a DL-Unitdata request primitive.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Max confirm delay on locally-confirmed DL-Unitdata” parameter of the DLL.

G.2.1.1.3.3 DlpduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of the DL-addresses to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU authentication” parameter of the DLL. The values Ordinary, Source, and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, SOURCE, and MAXIMAL as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification, respectively.

G.2.1.1.3.4 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as it is passed from the FAL.

This attribute supplies the value for DL-Scheduling-policy attribute. Only the value Implicit is used. It corresponds to IMPLICIT as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

G.2.1.1.3.5 DleRemoteConf

This optional attribute specifies, when it is present and true, that the remote immediate DLL acknowledgement shall be used. If it is not present, the remote immediate DLL acknowledgement shall not be used.

G.2.1.1.4 ExplicitQueue

This attribute specifies, when True, that the characteristics of the associated sending and receiving queues are explicitly configured and managed through the Network Management. The value of False means that queues with implementation specific depth and length are provided by the DLL.

G.2.1.1.4.1 QueueBindings

The following attributes specify the explicit queue that is bound to this DLSAP. For a sender, the queue is for sending. For a receiver, it is for receiving.

G.2.1.1.4.2 MaxQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued for sending or receiving.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum queue depth” parameter of the DLL.

G.2.1.1.4.3 MaxDlsduSize

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent or received by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU size” parameter of the DLL.

G.2.1.2 DLL Services

Refer to annex C, Data Link Layer Service Selection, for DLL service descriptions.

G.3 QUU ARPM State Machine

G.3.1 QUU ARPM States

The defined states and their descriptions of the QUU ARPM are listed below:

Table G.4 – QUU ARPM States

CLOSED	The AREP is defined, but not capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs. It may send or receive Establish service FAL-PDUs while in this state.
OPEN	The AREP is defined and capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs.

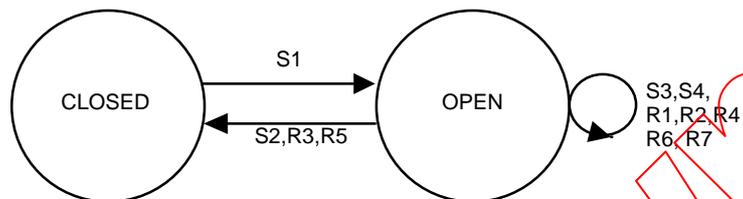


Figure G.1 – State Transition Diagram of the QUU ARPM

G.3.2 QUU ARPM state table

Table G.5 – QUU ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	EST_req EST_cnf(+) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := "null" }	OPEN
S2	OPEN	Abort_req (no actions taken)	CLOSED
S3	OPEN	UCS_req && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && Role = "ReportSource" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_PDU", fal_data := user_data) }	OPEN
S4	OPEN	UCS_req && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && Role = "ReportSource" RemoteDisapAddress := remote_dlsap_address, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_PDU", fal_data := user_data) }	OPEN

Table G.6 – QUU ARPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDisapAddress = calling_address && Role = "ReportSink" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" UCS_ind { arep_id := GetArepId (), user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R2	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && Role = "ReportSink" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" UCS_ind { arep_id := GetArepId (), remote_disap_address := calling_address, user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R3	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && Role = "ReportSink" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "UCS_PDU" Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepId (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R4	OPEN	ErrorToARPM (no actions taken)	OPEN
R5	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "ReportSource" Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepId (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid Event for Role", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R6	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_unidata_cnf" && Role = "ReportSource" && Fal_Pdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" && reason = "success" FSTS_Ind{ arep_id := GetArep(), reported_status := "dl_unidata_cnf" }	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R7	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_unidata_cnf" && Role = "ReportSource" && Fal_Pdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" && reason <> "success" FSTS_Ind{ arep_id := GetArep(), reported_status := "unidata_cnf NOACK" }	OPEN

G.3.3 Functions used by QUU ARPM

Table G.7 – Function GetArepId ()

Name	GetArepId ()	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		AREP Identifier	
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table G.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu_name, fal_data		dlsdu	
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table G.9 – Function FAL_Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		One of the FAL-PDU types defined in the FAL-PDUs section.	
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

Annex H (normative)

Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Connection Oriented (QUB-CO) ARPM

H.1 Primitive Definitions

H.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table H.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data, remote_dlcep_address	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(+)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(-)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table H.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

H.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table H.3.

Table H.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
Remote_dlcep_address	This parameter conveys value of the remote dlcep address.

H.2 DLL Mapping of QUB AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the QUB AREP Class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the QUB AREP class are defined in this clause.

CLASS: QubCo

PARENT CLASS: QueuedUser-TriggeredBidirectionalAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDlcepAddress
2	(c)	Constraint:	RemoteAddressConfigurationType = Linked
2.1	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDlcepAddress
3	(c)	Constraint:	Role = Client Peer
3.1	(m)	Attribute:	Initiator (True, False)
4	(m)	Attribute:	DlsapRole (Basic)
5	(m)	Attribute:	QosParameterSet
5.1	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepClass (Peer)
5.2	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures
5.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	FromRequestorToResponder (Classical, Disordered)
5.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	FromResponderToRequestor (Classical, Disordered)
5.3	(m)	Attribute:	Priority
5.3.1	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
5.3.2	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriorityNegotiated (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
5.4	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
5.5	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivity
5.5.1	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsSender (True, False)
5.5.2	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsReceiver (True, False)
5.6	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelay
5.6.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect
5.6.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData
5.7	(m)	Attribute:	DISchedulingPolicy (Implicit)
5.8	(m)	Attribute:	ExplicitQueue (True, False)
5.9	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
5.9.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDlsduSizes
5.9.1.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestor
5.9.1.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDlsduSizeFromResponder
5.9.1.3	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated
5.9.1.4	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated
5.9.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxQueueDepth
5.9.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxSendingQueueDepth
5.9.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxReceivingQueueDepth

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Data
2	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
2.1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get
3	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connect
4	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connection-Established
5	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Disconnect

H.2.1 Attributes

H.2.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the local DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

The value of this attribute is used as the "DLCEP-address" parameter of the DLL.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

H.2.1.2 RemoteAddressConfigurationType

This attribute specifies how this AREP is used with the remote AREP. The value of "Free" means that this AREP can communicate with any remote AREP. The value of "Linked" means that this AREP can only communicate with the AREP specified by the RemoteDlcepAddress attribute.

H.2.1.2.1 RemoteDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the remote DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

This attribute supplies the value for called DLCEP-address of the DL-Connect service.

NOTE The value of this attribute is also carried in the header part of the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

H.2.1.3 Role

This attribute specifies possible roles of this AREP. The value of "Client" means that this AREP issues FAL request PDUs to a remote AREP whose Role is either "Server" or "Peer." An AREP whose Role is "Server" is a mirror of "Client." An AREP whose Role is "Peer" can act as a "Client" and a "Peer" simultaneously.

H.2.1.3.1 Initiator

This attribute specifies whether this AREP is capable of issuing a DL-Connect request or not. The value of "True" means it is capable of doing it. If the value of this attribute is "False," it can only accept a DL-Connect indication from a remote AREP.

H.2.1.4 DisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLSAP that is used by the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "DL(SAP)-role" parameter. The possible value Basic corresponds to BASIC as defined in the Data Link Layer specification.

H.2.1.5 QosParameterSet

The QosParameterSet attributes specify the DL quality of service that is used by this AREP. These attribute values may be negotiated with the remote AREP.

H.2.1.5.1 DlcepClass

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLCEP which is attached to the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "DLCEP class" parameter of the DLL. The possible value of this attribute is Peer and corresponds to Peer defined by the DLL.

H.2.1.5.2 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures

These two attributes specify data delivery features of the DLL.

The permitted values Classical and Disordered correspond respectively to CLASSICAL and DISORDERED defined by the Data Link Layer specification.

The FromRequestorToResponder and FromResponderToRequestor attributes shall have the same value.

H.2.1.5.2.1 FromRequestorToResponder

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the "DLCEP data delivery features from requestor to responder(s)" parameter defined in the DLL.

H.2.1.5.2.2 FromResponderToRequestor

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “False” to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from responder(s) to requestor” parameter defined in the DLL.

H.2.1.5.3 Priority

H.2.1.5.3.1 DIIPriority

This attribute specifies the configured value of the DLL priority.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same QUB AREP. Also, it is not permitted to use different priorities for the send and receive conveyance paths.

H.2.1.5.3.2 DIIPriorityNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the DLL priority.

H.2.1.5.4 DlpduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of DL-addressing to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU-authentication” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Ordinary, Source, and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, Source, and MAXIMAL, respectively, as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

H.2.1.5.5 ResidualActivityAsSender

This attribute specifies sender’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as sender” parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False.”

H.2.1.5.6 ResidualActivityAsReceiver

This attribute specifies receiver’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as receiver” parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False.”

H.2.1.5.7 MaxConfirmDelay

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay of certain DLL connection-oriented services.

H.2.1.5.7.1 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Connect service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Connect, DL-Reset and DL-Subscriber-Query” parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

H.2.1.5.7.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Data service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Data” parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification (IEC 61158-3).

H.2.1.5.8 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as possible.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL-Scheduling-policy” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Implicit corresponds to IMPLICIT defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

H.2.1.5.9 ExplicitQueue

H.2.1.5.9.1 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestor

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “True” to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU sizes from requestor” parameter of the DLL.

H.2.1.5.9.2 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponder

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum DLSDU sizes from responder" parameter of the DLL.

H.2.1.5.9.3 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP.

H.2.1.5.9.4 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

H.2.1.5.9.5 MaxSendingQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued for transmission.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum queue depth" parameter of the DLL for Send queues.

H.2.1.5.9.6 MaxReceivingQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued at reception.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum queue depth" parameter of the DLL for Receive queues.

H.2.2 DLL Services

Refer to annex C for DLL service descriptions.

H.3 QUB AREP State Machine

H.3.1 QUB ARPM States

The defined states and their descriptions of the QUB ARPM are listed below:

Table H.4 – QUB ARPM States

CLOSED	The AREP is defined, but not capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs. It may send or receive Establish service FAL-PDUs while in this state.
OPEN	The AREP is defined and capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs.
REQUESTING (REQ)	The AREP has sent an Establish Request FAL-PDU and is waiting for a response from the remote AREP.
RESPONDING (RSP)	The AREP has received an Establish Request FAL-PDU, delivered an Establish.ind primitive and is waiting for a response from its user.
REPLIED (REPL)	The Server AREP has issued an EST_rsp(+) primitive and is waiting for receiving a "connection-established" indication from the DLL.
SAME	Indicates that the next state is the same as the current state.

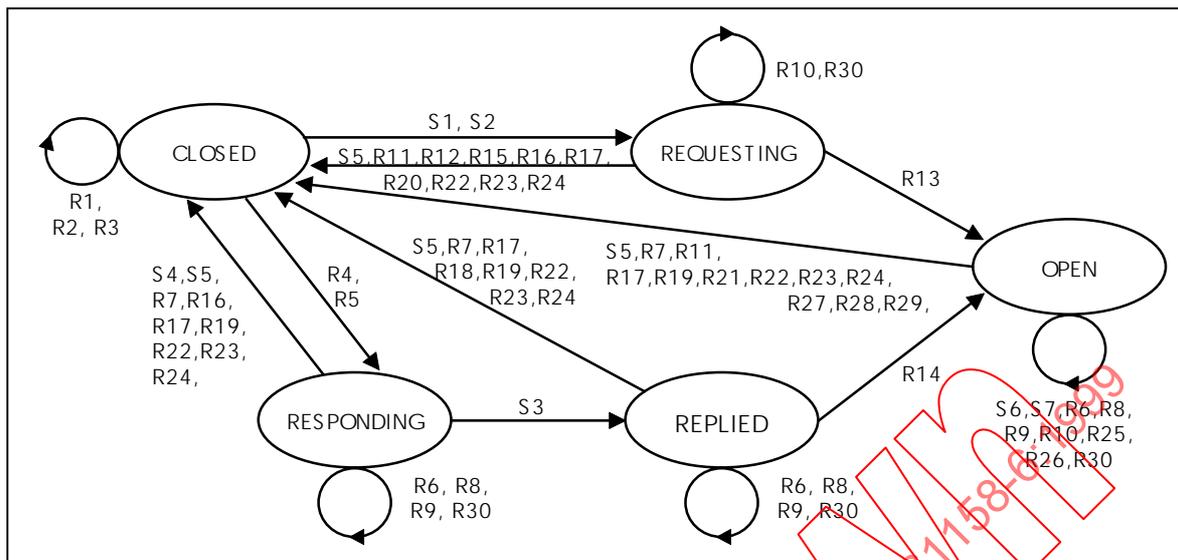


Figure H.1 – State Transition Diagram of QUB ARPM

H.3.2 QUB ARPM state table

Table H.5 – QUB ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := remote_dlcep_address, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default dlsap address", calling_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } }	REQ
S2	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Linked" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default dlsap address", calling_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } }	REQ

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S3	RSP	EST_rsp(+) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_rsp", arep_id := GetArepld (), responding_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	REPL
S4	RSP	EST_rsp(-) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "connection rejection-transient condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ErrPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	CLOSED
S5	NOT CLOSED	Abort_req FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "disconnection-normal condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "Abort_PDU", fal_id := identifier, fal_reason_code := reason_code, fal_additional_detail := additional_detail) } }	CLOSED
S6	OPEN	CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN
S7	OPEN	CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN

Table H.6 – QUB ARPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }	CLOSED
R2	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }	CLOSED
R3	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }	CLOSED
R4	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := calling_dlcep_address, MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP
R5	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R6	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R7	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }</p>	CLOSED
R8	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "AREP Busy", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R9	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R10	REQ OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R11	REQ OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Multiple Initiators" }	CLOSED
R12	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED
R13	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_RspPDU" MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, DllPriorityNegotiated := dll_priority, EST_cnf(+) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	OPEN
R14	REPL	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind" (no actions taken)	OPEN
R15	REQ	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "EST_ErrPDU" EST_cnf(-) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R16	REQ RSP	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event" } </pre>	CLOSED
R17	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := AbortIdentifier (fal_pdu), reason_code := AbortReason (fal_pdu), additional_detail := AbortDetail (fal_pdu) } </pre>	CLOSED
R18	REPL	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DM_Connection_Established_ind")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R19	REPL RSP OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R20	REQ	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "EST_ErrPDU")) Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R21	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Data_ind")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", disdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R22	NOT CLOSED	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R23	NOT CLOSED	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_user" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R24	NOT CLOSED	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "local_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }</pre>	CLOSED
R25	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }</pre>	OPEN
R26	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU" CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }</pre>	OPEN
R27	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_ReqPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }</pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R28	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", disdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R29	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_ReqPDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", disdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }	CLOSED
R30	NOT CLOSED	ErrorToARPM (No actions taken. See NOTE below.) NOTE It is a local matter to report this error status to network management entities. The ARPM does not abort the existing connections. The FAL user may issue an Abort request to disconnect the current connection, depending on the type of status information conveyed by the ErrorToARPM primitive.	SAME

H.3.3 Functions used by QUB ARPM

Table H.7 – Function GetArepld ()

Name	GetArepld ()	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		AREP Identifier	
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table H.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	fal_pdu_name, calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, fal_data, fal_id, fal_reason_code, fal_additional_detail		dlsdu
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table H.9 – Function FAL_Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
dls_user_data	fal_pdu	One of the FAL-PDU types defined in clause 4.	
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data or fal_pdu parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

Table H.10 – Function AbortIdentifier

Name	AbortIdentifier	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	fal_pdu	The Identifier parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Identifier parameter.		

Table H.11 – Function AbortReason

Name	AbortReason	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	fal_pdu	The Reason Code parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Reason Code parameter.		

Table H.12 – Function AbortDetail

Name	AbortDetail	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	fal_pdu	The Additional Detail parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Additional Detail parameter.		

Annex I (normative)

Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Connectionless (QUB-CI) ARPM

I.1 Primitive Definitions

I.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table I.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCS_req	FSPM	remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table I.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data, local_timeliness, remote_timeliness	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
FSTS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, reported_status	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a FAL-Status (FSTS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

I.1.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table I.3.

Table I.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
duplicate_fal_sdu	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Duplicate_FAL-SDU parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.
status	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Status parameter.
reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
local_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Local_Timeliness parameter.
remote_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_Timeliness parameter.

I.2 DLL Mapping of QUB-CL AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the QUB_CL AREP Class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the QUB_CL AREP class are defined in this clause.

CLASS: QubCl

PARENT CLASS: QueuedUser-TriggeredBidirectionalConnectionlessAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDisapAddress
2	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDisapAddress
3	(m)	Attribute:	LocalDisapRole (Basic)
4	(m)	Attribute:	DefaultQosAsSender
4.1	(m)	Attribute	DllPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnUnitdata
4.3	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
4.4	(m)	Attribute:	DlSchedulingPolicy (Implicit)
4.5	(m)	Attribute:	DleRemoteConf (True, False)
5	(m)	Attribute:	ExplicitQueue (True, False)
6	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
6.1	(m)	Attribute:	SendingQueueBindings
6.1.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxQueueDepth
6.1.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSize
6.2	(m)	Attribute:	ReceivingQueueBindings
6.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxQueueDepth
6.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSize

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Unitdata
2	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
2.1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get

I.2.1 Attributes

I.2.1.1 LocalDisapAddress

This attribute specifies the DLSAP address to which this AREP is attached. It supplies the value for the "DL(SAP)-address" parameter specified in the DLL.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

I.2.1.2 RemoteDisapAddress

This attribute specifies the remote address to which FAL-PDUs are sent (for Source AREPs), or from which they are received (for Sink AREPs).

If the RemoteAddressConfigurationType attribute is Linked, the value of this attribute has been configured. If it is Free, the value of this attribute is provided with a service request.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

I.2.1.3 LocalDisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the local DLSAP to be used. No DLCEPs are needed on this Basic DLSAPRole.

This attribute supplies the value for the "DL(SAP)-role" parameter specified by the DLL.

I.2.1.4 DefaultQosAsSender

The DefaultQosAsSender attributes specify the DLL quality of service that is used by the sending AREP. The receiving DLL shall support the quality of service specified by these attributes.

I.2.1.4.1 DllPriority

This attribute defines the DLL priority, and thus restricts the maximum length of an FAL-PDU, of the conveyance path of an AR.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLL priority” parameter of the DLL. The values Urgent, Normal, and Time-Available correspond to URGENT, NORMAL, and TIME-AVAILABLE as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification, respectively.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same QUB_CL AREP. The priority is identical on the sending way and on the receiving way.

I.2.1.4.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnUnitdata

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a local confirmation from a DL-Unitdata request primitive.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Max confirm delay on locally-confirmed DL-Unitdata” parameter of the DLL.

I.2.1.4.3 DlpduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of the DL-addresses to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU authentication” parameter of the DLL. The values Ordinary, Source, and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, SOURCE, and MAXIMAL as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification, respectively.

I.2.1.4.4 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as it is passed from the FAL.

This attribute supplies the value for DL-Scheduling-policy attribute. Only the value Implicit is used. It corresponds to IMPLICIT as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

I.2.1.4.5 DleRemoteConf

This attribute specifies, when true, that the remote DLL immediate Ack shall be used.

I.2.1.5 ExplicitQueue

This attribute specifies, when True, that the characteristics of the associated sending and receiving queues are explicitly configured and managed through the Network Management. The value of False means that queues with implementation specific depth and length are provided by the DLL.

I.2.1.5.1 QueueBindings

The following attributes specify the explicit queue that is bound to this DLSAP. For the sending part, the queue is for sending. For the receiving part, it is for receiving.

I.2.1.5.2 MaxQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued for sending or receiving.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum queue depth” parameter of the DLL.

I.2.1.5.3 MaxDlsduSize

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent or received by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU size” parameter of the DLL.

I.2.2 DLL Services

Refer to annex C for DLL service descriptions.

I.3 QUB-CL ARPM State Machine

I.3.1 QUB-CL ARPM States

The defined states and their descriptions of the QUB-CL ARPM are listed below:

Table I.4 – QUB-CL ARPM States

CLOSED	The AREP is defined, but not capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs. It may send or receive Establish service FAL-PDUs while in this state.
OPEN	The AREP is defined and capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs.

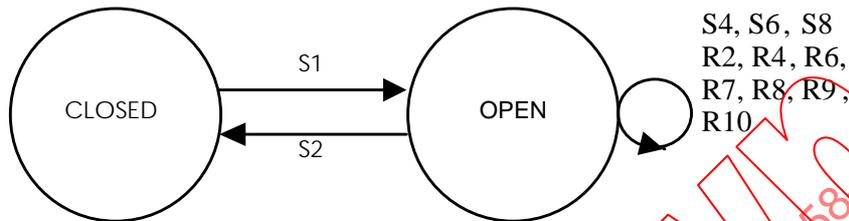


Figure I.1 – State Transition Diagram of the QUB-CL ARPM

I.3.2 QUB-CL ARPM State Table

Table I.5 – QUB-CL ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	EST_req EST_cnf(+) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := "null" }	OPEN
S2	OPEN	Abort_req (no action taken)	CLOSED
S3	OPEN	CS_req && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && Role = "Client" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := Remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN
S4	OPEN	CS_req && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && Role = "Client" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S5	OPEN	<pre> CS_rsp && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := Remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	OPEN
S6	OPEN	<pre> CS_rsp && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	OPEN
S7	OPEN	<pre> UCS_req && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := Remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_PDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	OPEN
S8	OPEN	<pre> UCS_req && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Unitdata_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := remote_dlsap_address, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_PDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	OPEN

Table I.6 – QUB-CI ARPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlsapAddress = calling_address && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), remote_dlsap_address := "null", user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R2	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), remote_dlsap_address := calling_address, user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R3	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlsapAddress = calling_address && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), remote_dlsap_address := "null", user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R4	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), remote_dlsap_address := calling_address, user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R5	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && ConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlsapAddress = calling_address && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" UCS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld () remote_dlsap_address := "null", user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R6	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_ind" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && FAL_Pdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "UCS_PDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" UCS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld(), remote_disap_address := calling_address, user_data := fal_pdu }	OPEN
R7	OPEN	FAL-PDU_Ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_cnf" && FALPdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "CS_Req PDU" && Role = "Client Peer" && dl-status <> success CS_Cnf { arep_id := GetArepld(), remote_disap_address := null if Linked otherwise calling_address, user_data := null, result := dl_status }	OPEN
R8	OPEN	FAL-PDU_Ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_cnf" && FALPdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "CS_Req PDU" && Role = "Client Peer" && dl-status = "success" (no action)	OPEN
R9	OPEN	FAL-PDU_Ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_cnf" && FALPdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "UCS_Req PDU" && Role = "Client Peer" FSTS_Ind{ arep_id := GetArepld() reported_status := dl_status }	OPEN
R10	OPEN	FAL-PDU_Ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Unitdata_cnf" && FALPdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "CS_Rsp PDU" && Role = "Server Peer" (no action)	OPEN

I.3.3 Functions used by QUB-CI ARPM

Table I.7 – Function GetArepld ()

Name	GetArepld ()	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		AREP Identifier	
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table I.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	fal_pdu_name, calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, fal_data, fal_id, fal_reason_code, fal_additional_detail		dlsdu
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table I.9 – Function FAL-Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
	dls_user_data		One of the FAL-PDU types defined in clause 4.
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

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Annex J (normative)

Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Segmentation (QUB-Seg) ARPM (Normative)

J.1 Primitive Definitions

J.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table J.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(+)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(-)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCS_req	FSPM	remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table J.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data, local_timeliness, remote_timeliness	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

J.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table J.3.

Table J.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

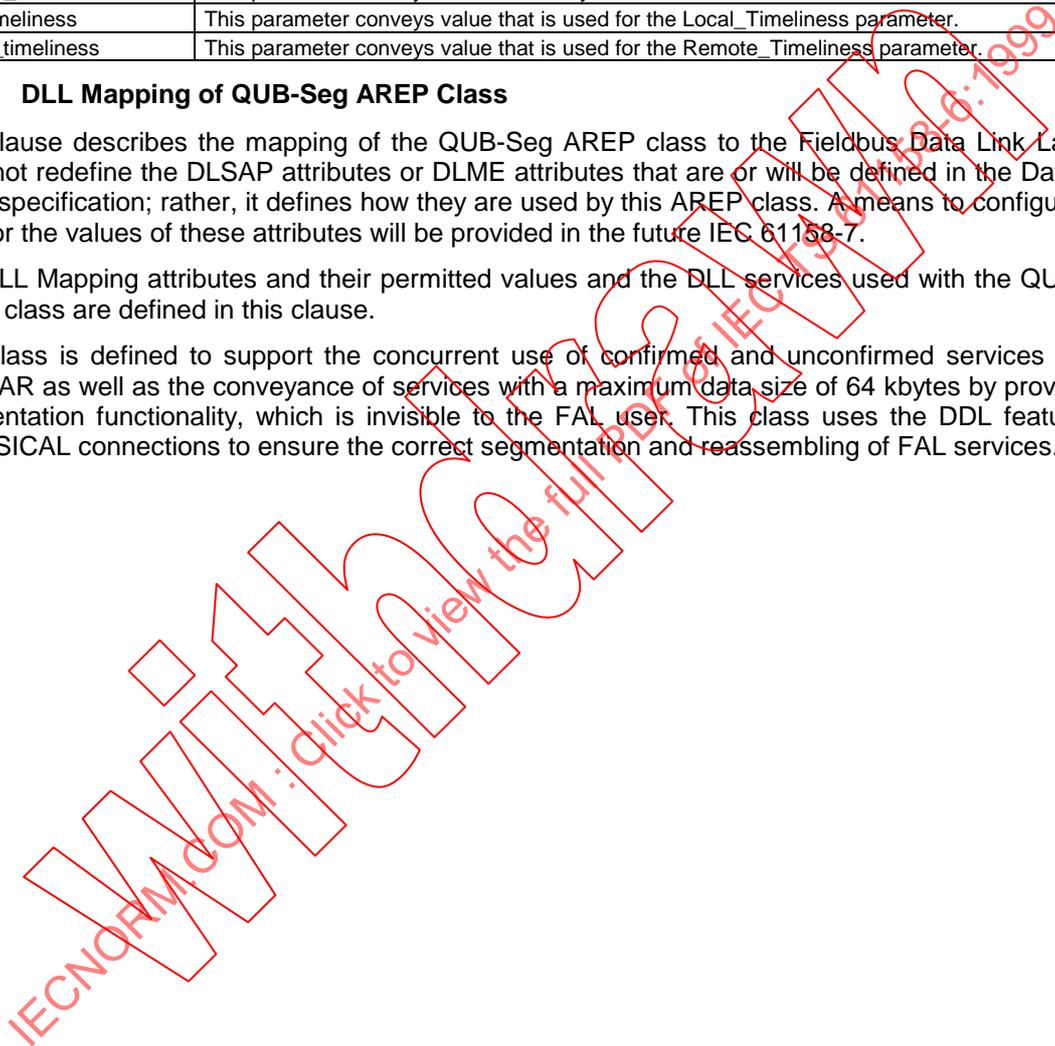
Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
duplicate_fal_sdu	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Duplicate_FAL-SDU parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.
status	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Status parameter.
reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
local_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Local_Timeliness parameter.
remote_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_Timeliness parameter.

J.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUB-Seg AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the QUB-Seg AREP class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AREP class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the QUB-Seg AREP class are defined in this clause.

This class is defined to support the concurrent use of confirmed and unconfirmed services on the same AR as well as the conveyance of services with a maximum data size of 64 kbytes by providing a segmentation functionality, which is invisible to the FAL user. This class uses the DDL features of CLASSICAL connections to ensure the correct segmentation and reassembling of FAL services.



CLASS: QubSeg

PARENT CLASS: QueuedUser-TriggeredBidirectionalSegmentationAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDlcepAddress
2	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDlcepAddress
3	(m)	Attribute:	DisapRole (Basic)
4	(m)	Attribute:	QosParameterSet
4.1	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepClass (Peer)
4.2	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures
4.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	FromRequestorToResponder (Classical)
4.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	FromResponderToRequestor (Classical)
4.3	(m)	Attribute:	Priority
4.3.1	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.3.2	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriorityNegotiated (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.4	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
4.5	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivity
4.5.1	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsSender (True, False)
4.5.2	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsReceiver (True, False)
4.6	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelay
4.6.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect
4.6.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData
4.7	(m)	Attribute:	DISchedulingPolicy (Implicit)
4.8	(m)	Attribute:	ExplicitQueue (True, False)
4.9	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
4.9.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizes
4.9.1.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor
4.9.1.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponder
4.9.1.3	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated
4.9.1.4	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated
4.9.2	(m)	Attribute:	QueueBindings
4.9.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	SendingBufferOrQueueIdentifier
4.9.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	ReceivingBufferOrQueueIdentifier
4.9.3	(m)	Attribute:	MaxQueueDepth
4.9.3.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxSendingQueueDepth
4.9.3.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaximumReceivingQueueDepth

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Data
2	(c)	Constraint:	ExplicitQueue = True
2.1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get
3	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connect
4	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connection-Established
5	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Disconnect

J.2.1.1 Attributes

J.2.1.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the local DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

The value of this attribute is used as the “DLCEP-address” parameter of the DLL.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

J.2.1.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the remote DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

This attribute supplies the value for called DLCEP-address of the DL-Connect service.

NOTE The value of this attribute is also carried in the header part of the Establish Request PDU.
This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

J.2.1.1.3 DisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLSAP that is used by the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-role” parameter. The possible value Basic corresponds to BASIC as defined in the Data Link Layer specification.

J.2.1.1.4 QosParameterSet

The QosParameterSet attributes specify the DL quality of service that is used by this AREP. These attribute values may be negotiated with the remote AREP.

J.2.1.1.4.1 DlcepClass

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLCEP which is attached to the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLCEP class” parameter of the DLL. The possible value of this attribute is Peer and corresponds to Peer defined by the DLL.

J.2.1.1.4.2 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures

These two attributes specify data delivery features of the DLL.

The permitted values Classical and Disordered correspond, respectively to CLASSICAL and DISORDERED defined by the Data Link Layer specification.

The FromRequestorToResponder and FromResponderToRequestor attributes shall have the same value.

J.2.1.1.4.2.1 FromRequestorToResponder

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “True” to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from requestor to responder(s)” parameter defined in the DLL. Only the value “CLASSICAL” is allowed since disordered segments would corrupt the FAL PDUs.

J.2.1.1.4.2.2 FromResponderToRequestor

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “False” to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from responder(s) to requestor” parameter defined in the DLL. Only the value “CLASSICAL” is allowed since disordered segments would corrupt the FAL PDUs.

J.2.1.1.4.3 Priority

J.2.1.1.4.3.1 DIIPriority

This attribute specifies the configured value of the DLL priority.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same QUB AREP. Also, it is not permitted to use different priorities for the send and receive conveyance paths.

J.2.1.1.4.3.2 DIIPriorityNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the DLL priority.

J.2.1.1.4.4 DlpduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of DL-addressing to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU-authentication” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Ordinary, Source, and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, Source, and MAXIMAL, respectively, as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

J.2.1.1.4.5 ResidualActivityAsSender

This attribute specifies sender’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as sender” parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False.”

J.2.1.1.4.6 ResidualActivityAsReceiver

This attribute specifies receiver's DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the "Residual activity as receiver" parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are "True" and "False."

J.2.1.1.4.7 MaxConfirmDelay

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay of certain DLL connection-oriented services.

J.2.1.1.4.7.1 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Connect service.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Connect, DL-Reset and DL-Subscriber-Query" parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

J.2.1.1.4.7.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Data service.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Data" parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification (IEC 61158-3).

J.2.1.1.4.8 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as possible.

This attribute supplies the value for the "DL-Scheduling-policy" parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Implicit corresponds to IMPLICIT defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

J.2.1.1.4.9 ExplicitQueue**J.2.1.1.4.9.1 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor**

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum DLSDU sizes from requestor" parameter of the DLL.

J.2.1.1.4.9.2 MaxDisduSizeFromResponder

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum DLSDU sizes from responder" parameter of the DLL.

J.2.1.1.4.9.3 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP.

J.2.1.1.4.9.4 MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

J.2.1.1.4.9.5 SendingBufferOrQueueIdentifier

This attribute provides a local means to identify a queue that is used to store sending FAL-PDUs.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Buffer-and-queue bindings as sender" parameter of the DLL.

J.2.1.1.4.9.6 ReceivingBufferOrQueueIdentifier

This attribute provides a local means to identify a queue that is used to store receiving FAL-PDUs.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Buffer-and-queue bindings as receiver" parameter of the DLL.

J.2.1.1.4.9.7 MaxSendingQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued for transmission.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum queue depth" parameter of the DLL for Send queues.

J.2.1.1.4.9.8 MaxReceivingQueueDepth

This attribute specifies the maximum number of FAL-PDUs that can be queued at reception.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum queue depth" parameter of the DLL for Receive queues.

J.2.1.2 DLL Services

Refer to annex C for DLL service descriptions.

J.3 QUB-Seg ARPM State Machine

J.3.1 QUB-Seg ARPM States

The defined states and their descriptions of the QUB-Seg ARPM are listed below:

Table J.4 – QUB-Seg ARPM States

CLOSED	The AREP is defined, but not capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs. It may send or receive Establish service FAL-PDUs while in this state.
OPEN	The AREP is defined and capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs.
REQUESTING (REQ)	The AREP has sent an Establish Request FAL-PDU and is waiting for a response from the remote AREP.
RESPONDING (RSP)	The AREP has received an Establish Request FAL-PDU, delivered an Establish.indication primitive and is waiting for a response from its user.
REPLIED (REPL)	The Server AREP has issued an EST_rsp(+) primitive and is waiting for receiving a "connection-established" indication from the DLL.
SAME	Indicates that the next state is the same as the current state.

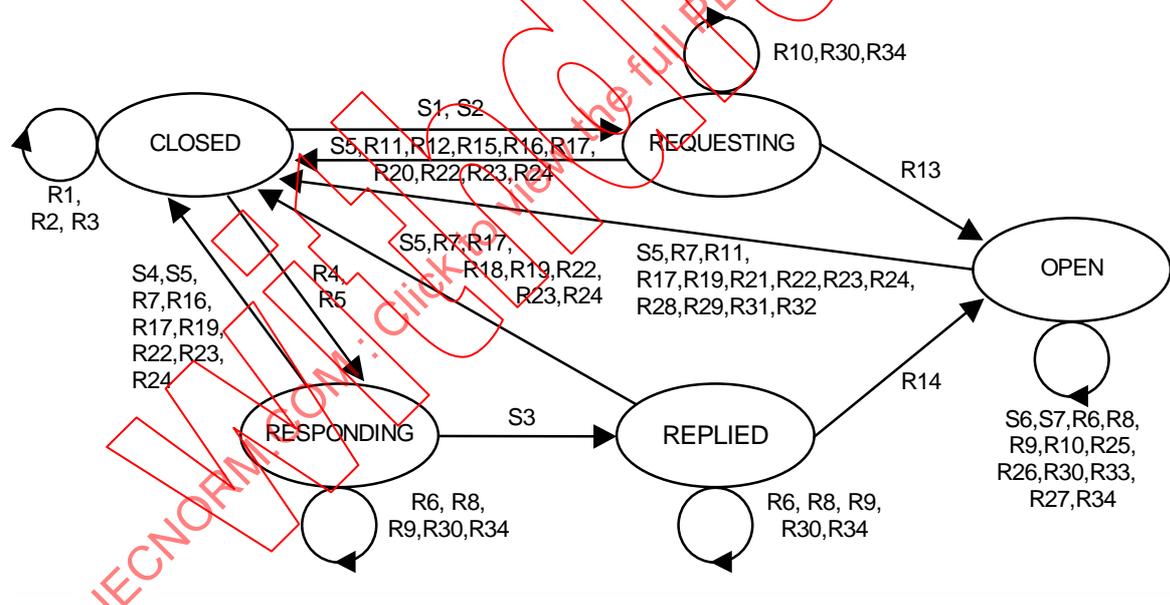


Figure J.1 – State Transition Diagram of QUB-Seg ARPM

J.3.2 QUB-Seg ARPM State Table

Table J.5 – QUB-Seg ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	<pre> EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := remote_dlcep_address, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default dlsap address", calling_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	REQ
S2	CLOSED	<pre> EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Linked" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default dlsap address", calling_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	REQ
S3	RSP	<pre> EST_rsp(+) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_rsp", arep_id := GetArepld (), responding_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	REPL
S4	RSP	<pre> EST_rsp(-) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "connection rejection-transient condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ErrPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S5	NOT CLOSED	Abort_req FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "disconnection-normal condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "Abort_PDU", fal_id := identifier, fal_reason_code := reason_code, fal_additional_detail := additional_detail) } }	CLOSED
S6	OPEN	CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && PDU length < MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN
S7	OPEN	CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" && PDU length < MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN
S8	OPEN	UCS_req && Role = "Server" "Peer" && PDU length < MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) } }	OPEN

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#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S9	OPEN	<p>CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && PDU length >= MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated</p> <pre> for (n := 1 to (PDU length - 1) div (MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated-1)+1) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-Segment (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := Segment_data, n) } endfor </pre> <p>NOTE 1 When the length of the FAL-PDU is greater or equal to max size Dlsdu negotiated, the QUB_Seg protocol splits the FAL-PDU into N ordered segment_data numbered from 1 to N. The first Segment_data contain the FAL_Header.</p> <p>NOTE 2 For each Segment_data, the function "Build-FAL-Segment" builds an APDU-Segment := FAL Header followed with Segment_data without any gap. The header shall have its bit 4 := 1 for the Segment_data 1 to N-1, and 0 for the Segment_data N.</p> <p>NOTE 3 The first APDU-Segment to be sent through the the network shall contain the Segment_data 1 and so on.</p>	OPEN
S10	OPEN	<p>CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" && PDU length >= MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated</p> <pre> for (n := 1 to (PDU length - 1) div (MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated-1)+1) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-Segment (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := Segment_data, n) } endfor </pre> <p>NOTE 1 When the length of the FAL-PDU is greater or equal to max size Dlsdu negotiated, the QUB_Seg protocol splits the FAL-PDU into N ordered segment_data numbered from 1 to N. The first Segment_data shall contain the FAL_Header.</p> <p>NOTE 2 For each segment_data, the function "Build-FAL-Segment" builds an APDU-Segment := FAL Header followed with Segment_data without any gap. The header shall have its bit 4 := 1 for the segment_data 1 to N-1, and 0 for the segment_data N.</p> <p>NOTE 3 The first APDU-Segment to be sent through the network shall contain the Segment_data 1 and so on.</p>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S11	OPEN	<p>UCS_req && Role = "Server" "Peer" && PDU length >= MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated</p> <p>for (n := 1 to (PDU length - 1) div (MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated-1)+1) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-Segment (fal_pdu_name := "UCS_ReqPDU", fal_data := SEgment _data, n) } endfor</p> <p>NOTE 1 When the length of the FAL-PDU is greater or equal to max size Dlsdu negotiated, the QUB_Seg protocol splits the FAL-PDU into N ordered Segment_data numbered from 1 to N. The first Segment_data shall contain the FAL_Header.</p> <p>NOTE 2 For each Segment_data, the function "Build-FAL-Segment" builds an APDU-Segment := FAL Header followed with Segment_data without any gap. The header shall have its bit 4 := 1 for the Segment_data 1 to N-1, and 0 for the Segment_data N.</p> <p>NOTE 3 The first APDU-Segment to be sent through the the network contains the Segment_data 1 and so on.</p>	OPEN

Table J.6 – ARPM state table - Receiver transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	CLOSED	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "True"</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	CLOSED
R2	CLOSED	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU"</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	CLOSED
R3	CLOSED	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R4	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := calling_dlcep_address, MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP
R5	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP
R6	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }	SAME
R7	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R8	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "AREP Busy", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R9	RSP REPL OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R10	REQ OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }</p>	SAME
R11	REQ OPEN	<p>Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Multiple Initiators" }</p>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R12	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED
R13	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_RspPDU" ResetIntermediatePDU () MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, DllPriorityNegotiated := dll_priority, EST_cnf(+) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	OPEN
R14	REPL	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind" ResetIntermediatePDU ()	OPEN
R15	REQ	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "EST_ErrPDU" EST_cnf(-) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	CLOSED
R16	REQ RSP	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event" }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R17	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := AbortIdentifier (fal_pdu), reason_code := AbortReason (fal_pdu), additional_detail := AbortDetail (fal_pdu) } </pre>	CLOSED
R18	REPL	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DM_Connection_Established_ind")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R19	REPL RSP OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R20	REQ	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "EST_ErrPDU")) Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R21	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Data_ind")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R22	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R23	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_user" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R24	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "local_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R25	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" && AddSegment (fal_pdu) = "OK" if (MoreFollows(fal_pdu) = "False") CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := GetIntermediatePDU () } endif </pre> <p>NOTE When the length of an FAL-PDU is greater or equal to the max size Dlsdu negotiated, the DLL delivers the received APDU segments, starting with the APDU segment 1 and ending with the APDU segment N (the same order as they were sent by the sender). Each APDU_Segment contains an FAL header and a Segment_data. The DLL disconnects the channel if a DLL frame (segment) is missing, the QUB_Seg protocol reassembles the Segment_data of the N received APDU segments. The N-1 APDU_Segments shall have a Header with bit 4 = 1, and the last APDU_Segment shall have a header with bit 4 = 0. The function "AddSegment" removes the header of the APDU_Segment and appends the Segment_data to the previous received Segment_data. Once the N Segment_data are appended together without any gap, the function "GetIntermediatePDU" gives the original FAL-APDU.</p>	OPEN
R26	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU" && AddSegment (fal_pdu) = "OK" if (MoreFollows(fal_pdu) = "False") CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu } endif </pre> <p>NOTE When the length of an FAL-PDU is greater or equal to the max size Dlsdu negotiated, the DLL delivers the received APDU segments, starting with the APDU segment 1 and ending with the APDU segment N (the same order as they were sent by the sender). Each APDU_Segment contains a FAL header and a Segment_data. The DLL disconnects the channel if a DLL frame (segment) is missing, the QUB_Seg protocol reassembles the Segment_data of the N received APDU segments. The N-1 APDU_Segments shall have a Header with bit 4 = 1, and the last APDU_Segment shall have a header with bit 4 = 0. The function "AddSegment" removes the header of the APDU_Segment and appends the Segment_data to the previous received Segment_data. Once the N Segment_data are appended together without any gap, the function "GetIntermediatePDU" gives the original FAL-APDU.</p>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R27	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Server" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "UCS_ReqPDU" && AddSegment (fal_pdu) = "OK"</p> <p>if (MoreFollows(fal_pdu) = "False") UCS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), remote_dlsap_address = "null", user_data := fal_pdu } endif</p> <p>NOTE When the length of an FAL-PDU is greater or equal to the max size Dlsdu negotiated, the DLL delivers the received APDU segments, starting with the APDU segment 1 and ending with the APDU segment N (the same order as they were sent by the sender). Each APDU_Segment contains a FAL header and a Segment_data. The DLL disconnects the channel if a DLL frame (segment) is missing, the QUB_Seg protocol reassembles the Segment_data of the N received APDU segments. The N-1 APDU_Segments shall have a Header with bit 4 = 1, and the last APDU_Segment shall have a header with bit 4 = 0. The function "AddSegment" removes the header of the APDU_Segment and appends the Segment_data to the previous received Segment_data. Once the N Segment_data are appended together without any gap, the function "GetintermediatePDU" gives the original FAL-APDU.</p>	OPEN
R28	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" "UCS_ReqPDU" && AddSegment (fal_pdu) <> "OK"</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }</p>	CLOSED
R29	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Client" && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU") && AddSegment (fal_pdu) <> "OK"</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }</p>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R30	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_Cnf(-)" && Role = "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R31	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_Cnf" && Role = "Client" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R32	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_ReqPDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "UCS_ReqPDU")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R33	OPEN	FAL-PDU_Ind && dmpm-service-name = "DMPM_Data_Cnf(-)" && Role = "Client Peer" &&FAL_Pdu_Type(fal_pdu) = "UCS_ReqPDU" FAL_PDU_Req{ dmpm-service-name := "DMPM_Disconnect-req" arep-Id := GetArepld(), reason := "dl-status", dl-sddu := "null" } Abort_Ind{ arep_Id := GetArepld() locally-generated := "true" Identifier := "Data Link Layer" reason code := reason additional_detail := "null" }	OPEN
R34	NOT CLOSED	ErrorToARPM (no actions taken) NOTE 1 It is a local matter to report this error status to network management entities. The ARPM does not abort the existing connections. The FAL user may issue an Abort request to disconnect the current connection, depending on the type of status information conveyed by the ErrorToARPM primitive. NOTE 2 This event mainly occurs when the DLL has not been able to convey a DL service to the remote partner within the specified time interval. In this case an implementation may also decide to pass negative responses for all confirmed FAL service requests that are affected by this failure to the respective FAL user.	SAME

J.3.3 Functions used by QUB-Seg ARPM

Table J.7 – Function GetArepld

Name	GetArepld	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		AREP Identifier	
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table J.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu_name, calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, fal_data, fal_id, fal_reason_code, fal_additional_detail		dlsdu	
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table J.9 – Function FAL_Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
dls_user_data		One of the FAL-PDU types defined in the FAL-PDUs section.	
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

Table J.10 – Function AbortIdentifier

Name	AbortIdentifier	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Identifier parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Identifier parameter.		

Table J.11 – Function AbortReason

Name	AbortReason	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Reason Code parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Reason Code parameter.		

Table J.12 – Function AbortDetail

Name	AbortDetail	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Additional Detail parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Additional Detail parameter.		

Table J.13 – Function BuildFAL-Segment

Name	BuildFAL-Segment	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu_name, fal_data, segment_number		dlsdu	
Function	Builds an FAL-Segment out of the parameters given as input variables. The segment_number must be >= 1 and defines, which part of the fal_pdu is to be put in the returned segment. This function adds the FAL-Header to each segment. It sets bit 4 of the FAL-Header to 1, indicating that there are more segments to be sent, when it is not the last segment. Otherwise bit 4 is set to 0. Except for this bit the FAL-Header is identical in all segments of one FAL-PDU.		

Table J.14 – Function MoreFollows

Name	MoreFollows	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
dls_user_data		Boolean value	
Function	This function inspects the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data parameter and returns "True", if bit5 of the FAL-Header is set. Otherwise it returns "False".		

NOTE The following three functions make use of a persistent variable IntermediatePDU, in which all segments of the current FAL User Data are stored by the receiver of this data.

Table J.15 – Function ResetIntermediatePDU

Name	ResetIntermediatePDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		(none)	
Function	This function removes all segments which have so far been collected from the IntermediatePDU.		

Table J.16 – Function AddSegment

Name	AddSegment	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
dls_user_data		Error Code	
Function	This function adds the received dls_user_data as a new segment to the IntermediatePDU. It checks segments reassembling protocol error. If no error was detected during these checks, the error code "OK" is returned.		

Table J.17 – Function GetIntermediatePDU

Name	GetIntermediatePDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		fal_user_data	
Function	This function returns the complete FAL user data, which was received in multiple segments. After this function call the variable IntermediatePDU does not contain any segments.		

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Annex K
(normative)

Queued Usertriggered Bidirectional-Flow Control (QUB-FC) ARPM

K.1 QUB-FC Primitive Definitions

K.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table K.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(+)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(-)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCA_req	FSPM	remote_dsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send (UCA) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
AR_XON_OFF_req	FSPM	remote_dsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey AR-XON-OFF request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

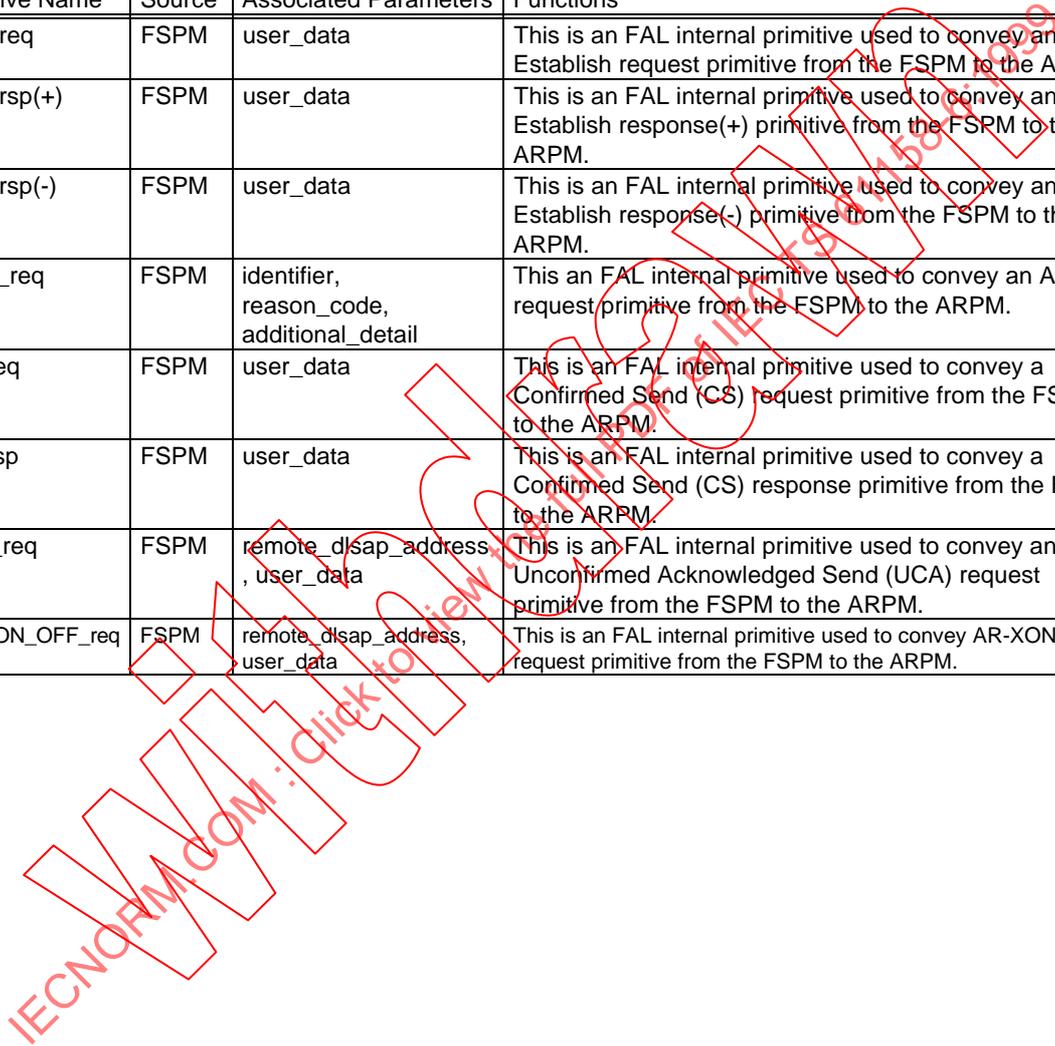


Table K.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCA_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Acknowledged Send (UCA) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
AR_XON_OFF_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a AR-XON-OFF indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

K.2 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table K.3.

Table K.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
User_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
Locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
Identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
Reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
Additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
Duplicate_fal_sdu	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Duplicate_FAL-SDU parameter.
Remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.
Status	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Status parameter.
Reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
Local_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Local_Timeliness parameter.
Remote_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_Timeliness parameter.

K.2.1 DLL Mapping of QUB-FC AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the QUB-FC AREP class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the QUB-FC AREP class are defined in this clause.

CLASS: QubFC

PARENT CLASS: QueuedUser-TriggeredBidirectional-FlowControlAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

- 1 (m) KeyAttribute: LocalDlcepAddress
- 2 (m) Attribute: RemoteDlcepAddress
- 3 (m) Attribute: DisapRole (Basic)
- 4 (m) Attribute: QosParameterSet
- 4.1 (m) Attribute: DlcepClass (Peer)
- 4.2 (m) Attribute: DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures
- 4.2.1 (m) Attribute: FromRequestorToResponder (Classical, Disordered)
- 4.2.2 (m) Attribute: FromResponderToRequestor (Classical, Disordered)
- 4.3 (m) Attribute: Priority
- 4.3.1 (m) Attribute: DllPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
- 4.3.2 (m) Attribute: DllPriorityNegotiated (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
- 4.4 (m) Attribute: DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
- 4.5 (m) Attribute: ResidualActivity
- 4.5.1 (m) Attribute: ResidualActivityAsSender (True, False)
- 4.5.2 (m) Attribute: ResidualActivityAsReceiver (True, False)
- 4.6 (m) Attribute: MaxConfirmDelay
- 4.6.1 (m) Attribute: MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect
- 4.6.2 (m) Attribute: MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData
- 4.7 (m) Attribute: DISchedulingPolicy (Implicit)
- 4.8 (m) Attribute: ExplicitQueue (True, False)
- 4.9 (c) Constraint: ExplicitQueue = True
- 4.9.1 (m) Attribute: MaxDisduSizes
- 4.9.1.1 (m) Attribute: MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor
- 4.9.1.2 (m) Attribute: MaxDisduSizeFromResponder
- 4.9.1.3 (m) Attribute: MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated
- 4.9.1.4 (m) Attribute: MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated
- 4.9.2 (m) Attribute: MaxQueueDepth
- 4.9.2.1 (m) Attribute: MaxSendingQueueDepth
- 4.9.2.2 (m) Attribute: MaximimReceivingQueueDepth

DLL SERVICES:

- 1 (m) OpsService: DL-Data
- 2 (c) Constraint: ExplicitQueue = True
- 2.1 (m) OpsService: DL-Get
- 3 (m) OpsService: DL-Connect
- 4 (m) OpsService: DL-Connection-Established
- 5 (m) OpsService: DL-Disconnect

K.2.1.1 Attributes

K.2.1.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the local DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

The value of this attribute is used as the “DLCEP-address” parameter of the DLL.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

K.2.1.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the remote DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

This attribute supplies the value for called DLCEP-address of the DL-Connect service.

NOTE The value of this attribute is also carried in the header part of the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

K.2.1.1.3 DisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLSAP that is used by the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-role” parameter. The possible value Basic corresponds to BASIC as defined in the Data Link Layer specification.

K.2.1.1.4 QosParameterSet

The QosParameterSet attributes specify the DL quality of service that is used by this AREP. These attribute values may be negotiated with the remote AREP.

K.2.1.1.4.1 DlcepClass

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLCEP which is attached to the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLCEP class” parameter of the DLL. The possible value of this attribute is Peer and corresponds to Peer defined by the DLL.

K.2.1.1.4.2 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures

These two attributes specify data delivery features of the DLL.

The permitted values Classical and Disordered correspond, respectively to CLASSICAL and DISORDERED defined by the Data Link Layer specification.

The FromRequestorToResponder and FromResponderToRequestor attributes shall have the same value.

K.2.1.1.4.2.1 FromRequestorToResponder

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “True” to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from requestor to responder(s)” parameter defined in the DLL.

K.2.1.1.4.2.2 FromResponderToRequestor

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the DLPDUs sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of “False” to the remote AREP. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from responder(s) to requestor” parameter defined in the DLL.

K.2.1.1.5 Priority

K.2.1.1.5.1 DlIPriority

This attribute specifies the configured value of the DLL priority.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same QUB AREP. Also, it is not permitted to use different priorities for the send and receive conveyance paths.

K.2.1.1.5.2 DlIPriorityNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the DLL priority.

K.2.1.1.6 DlpduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of DL-addressing to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU-authentication” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Ordinary, Source, and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, Source, and MAXIMAL, respectively, as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

K.2.1.1.6.1 ResidualActivity

K.2.1.1.6.1.1 ResidualActivityAsSender

This attribute specifies the sender's DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the "Residual activity as sender" parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are "True" and "False."

K.2.1.1.6.1.2 ResidualActivityAsReceiver

This attribute specifies the receiver's DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the "Residual activity as receiver" parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are "True" and "False."

K.2.1.1.6.2 MaxConfirmDelay

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay of certain DLL connection-oriented services.

K.2.1.1.6.2.1 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Connect service.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Connect, DL-Reset and DL-Subscriber-Query" parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

K.2.1.1.6.2.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Data service.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Data" parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

K.2.1.1.6.3 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as possible.

This attribute supplies the value for the "DL-Scheduling-policy" parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Implicit corresponds to IMPLICIT defined in the Data Link Layer specification.

K.2.1.1.6.4 ExplicitQueue

K.2.1.1.6.4.1 MaxDlsduSize

K.2.1.1.6.4.1.1 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestor

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum DLSDU sizes from requestor" parameter of the DLL.

K.2.1.1.6.4.1.2 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponder

This attribute specifies the configured value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the "Maximum DLSDU sizes from responder" parameter of the DLL.

K.2.1.1.6.4.1.3 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "True" to the remote AREP.

K.2.1.1.6.4.1.4 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

This attribute specifies the negotiated value of the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from the AREP whose Initiator attribute has a value of "False" to the remote AREP.

K.2.1.1.6.4.2 MaxQueueDepth

K.2.1.1.6.4.2.1 MaxSendingQueueDepth

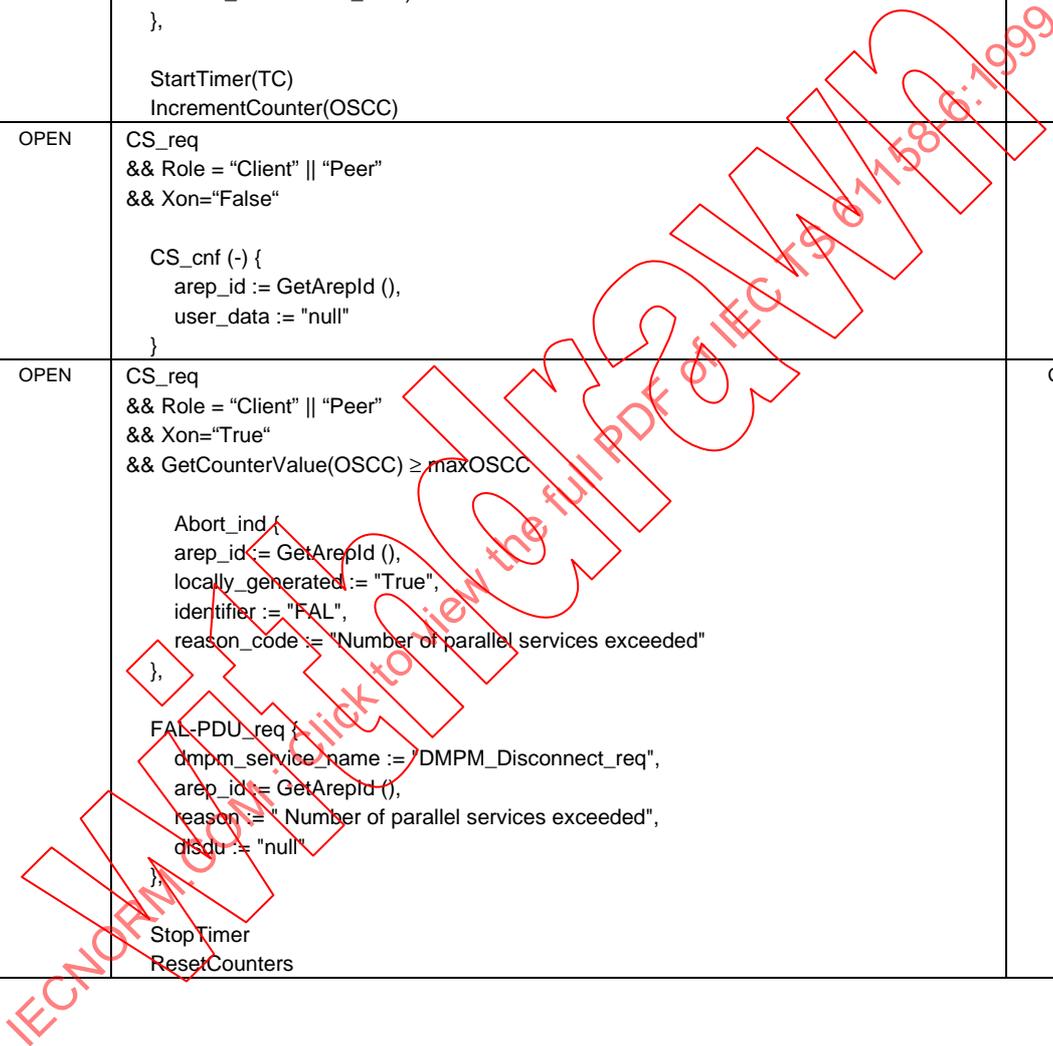
K.3.2 QUB-FC ARPM State Table

Table K.5 – QUB-FC ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := remote_dlcep_address, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default_dlsap_address", calling_address := "default_dlsap_address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } }	REQ
S2	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType := "Linked" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), called_address := "default_dlsap_address", calling_address := "default_dlsap_address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address := LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address := RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data := user_data) } }	REQ
S3	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "False" Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid Event for Role" }	CLOSED
S4	CLOSED	unallowed primitive Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Unallowed AREP primitive in connection establishment " }	CLOSED
S5	CLOSED	Abort_req ignore	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S6	RSP	EST_rsp(+) <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Connect_rsp", arep_id := GetArepld (), responding_address := "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address := LocalDlcep, dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	REPL
S7	RSP	EST_rsp(-) <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "connection rejection-transient condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "EST_ErrPDU", fal_data := user_data) } </pre>	CLOSED
S8	RSP	unallowed primitive <pre> Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Unallowed AREP primitive in connection establishment " }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := " Unallowed AREP primitive in connection establishment ", dlsdu := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
S9	OPEN	<pre> CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && Xon="True" && GetCounterValue(OSCC) < maxOSCC && CIU = 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) }, IncrementCounter(OSCC) </pre>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S10	OPEN	<pre> CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && Xon="True" && GetCounterValue(OSCC) < maxOSCC && CIU > 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data), }, StartTimer(TC) IncrementCounter(OSCC) </pre>	OPEN
S11	OPEN	<pre> CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && Xon="False" CS_cnf (-) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := "null" } </pre>	OPEN
S12	OPEN	<pre> CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" && Xon="True" && GetCounterValue(OSCC) ≥ maxOSCC Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Number of parallel services exceeded" }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := " Number of parallel services exceeded", dlsdu := "null" }, StopTimer ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED



#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S13	OPEN	CS_req && Role = "Server" Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Unallowed service as server" }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := " Unallowed service as server", dsdu := "null" }, StopTimer ResetCounters	CLOSED
S14	OPEN	CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" && CIU = 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) }, DecrementCounter(OSCS)	OPEN
S15	OPEN	CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" && CIU > 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "CS_RspPDU", fal_data := user_data) }, StartTimer(TS) DecrementCounter(OSCS)	OPEN
S16	OPEN	AR_XON_OFF_req && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "AR_XON_OFF_ReqPDU", fal_data := user_data) }	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S17	OPEN	<p>CS_rsp && Role = "Client" "Peer"</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Unallowed service as client" },</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := " Unallowed service as client", dlsdu := "null" },</p> <p>StopTimer ResetCounters</p>	CLOSED
S18	OPEN	<p>UCA_req && Xon = "True" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && GetCounterValue(UCC) < maxUCC && CIU = 0</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCA_PDU", fal_data := user_data), IncrementCounter(UCC)</p>	OPEN
S19	OPEN	<p>UCA_req && Xon = "True" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && GetCounterValue(UCC) < maxUCC && CIU > 0</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCA_PDU", fal_data := user_data), StartTimer(TC) IncrementCounter(UCC)</p>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S20	OPEN	UCA_req && Xon = "True" && Role = "Server" "Peer" Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Unallowed service as server" }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := " Unallowed service as server", dlsdu := "null" }, StopTimer ResetCounters	CLOSED
S21	OPEN	UCA_req && Xon = "False" (no actions taken)	OPEN
S22	OPEN	TCTimer expired StartTimer(TC) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "IdlePDU", fal_data := "null") } }	OPEN
S23	OPEN	TSTimer expired StartTimer(TS) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "IdlePDU", fal_data := "null") } }	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S24	NOT CLOSED	Abort_req FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "disconnection-normal condition", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "Abort_PDU", fal_id := identifier, fal_reason_code := reason_code, fal_additional_detail := additional_detail) }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED

Table K.6 – QUB-FC ARPM State Table - Receiver Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" } }	CLOSED
R2	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <= "EST_ReqPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" } }	CLOSED
R3	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && AREPContextCheck (dlsdu) = "False" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Context Check Negative", dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "Abort_PDU", fal_id := identifier, fal_reason_code := "Context Check Negative", fal_additional_detail := maxOSCC, maxOSCS, maxUCSC, maxUCSS, CI) } }	CLOSED
R4	CLOSED	unallowed primitive (no actions taken)	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R5	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }	CLOSED
R6	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && AREPContextCheck (dlsdu) = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP
R7	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && AREPContextCheck (dlsdu) = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress := calling_dlcep_address, MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	RSP
R8	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu := "null" }	SAME

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R9	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "AREP Busy", dlsdu := "null" }	SAME
R10	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }	SAME
R11	RSP REPL OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED
R12	REQ OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }	SAME

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R13	REQ OPEN	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlcep_dl_id := dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason := "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Multiple Initiators" }	CLOSED
R14	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_RspPDU" MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, DllPriorityNegotiated := dll_priority, EST_cnf(+) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data }	OPEN
R15	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED
R16	REPL	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind" && CIU=0 (no actions taken)	OPEN
R17	REPL	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind" && CIU>0 StartTimer(RS)	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R18	REPL	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DM_Connection_Established_ind")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R19	REQ	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ErrPDU" EST_cnf(-) { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := dls_user_data } </pre>	CLOSED
R20	REQ	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "Abort_PDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ErrPDU")) Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R21	REQ RSP	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R22	REPL RSP	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R23	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "Abort_PDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R24	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "Abort_PDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R25	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") (dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Data_ind")) && Role = "Client" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R26	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") (dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Data_ind")) && Role = "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid DL-Event", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid DL-Event", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R27	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "CS_ReqPDU" && GetCounterValue(OSCS) < maxOSCS && CIU = 0 CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, IncrementCounter(OSCS) </pre>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R28	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Peer" "Server" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "CS_ReqPDU" && GetCounterValue(OSCS) < maxOSCS && CIU > 0 CS_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, IncrementCounter(OSCS), StartTimer(RS) </pre>	OPEN
R29	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "AR_XON_OFF_ReqPDU" SetXon (user_data), AR_XON_OFF_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu } </pre>	OPEN
R30	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Server" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "CS_ReqPDU" && GetCounterValue(OSCS) ≥ maxOSCS FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Number of parallel services exceeded", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Number of parallel services exceeded", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R31	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "CS_RspPDU" && CIU = 0 CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, DecrementCounter(OSCC)	OPEN
R32	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "CS_RspPDU" && CIU > 0 CS_cnf { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, DecrementCounter(OSCC) , StartTimer(RC)	OPEN
R33	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_ReqPDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" && CIU = 0 UCA_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCA_AckPDU", fal_data := "null") }	OPEN

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#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R34	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_ReqPDU" && Role = "Server" "Peer" && CIU > 0 UCA_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), user_data := fal_pdu }, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Data_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), dlsdu := BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name := "UCA_AckPDU", fal_data := "null") }, StartTimer(RS)	OPEN
R35	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = DMPM_Data_ind && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_ReqPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid Event for Role", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid Event for Role", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R36	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_AckPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && GetCounterValue(UCC) > 0 && CIU = 0 DecrementCounter(UCC)	OPEN
R37	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_AckPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && GetCounterValue(UCC) > 0 && CIU > 0 DecrementCounter(UCC) , StartTimer(RC)	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R38	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "UCA_AckPDU" && Role = "Client" "Peer" && GetCounterValue(UCC) = 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "UCA_AckPDU received and UCC=0", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "UCA_AckPDU received and UCC=0", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R39	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "IdlePDU" && CIU > 0 && Role = "Client" "Peer" StartTimer(RC)	OPEN
R40	OPEN	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "IdlePDU" && CIU > 0 && Role = "Server" "Peer" StartTimer(RS)	OPEN

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#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R41	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "IdlePDU" && CIU = 0 FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R42	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "CS_RspPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "UCA_AckPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "IdlePDU")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R43	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Server" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "CS_ReqPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "UCA_ReqPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "IdlePDU")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R44	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Data_ind" && Role = "Client" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "CS_ReqPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "CS_RspPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "UCA_ReqPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "UCA_AckPDU") (FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "IdlePDU")) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "Invalid FAL-PDU", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R45	OPEN	<p>RCTimer expired</p> <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "RCTimer expired", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "RCTimer expired", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R46	OPEN	<p>RSTimer expired</p> <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := "RSTimer expired", dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := "RSTimer expired", additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED
R47	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := AbortIdentifier (fal_pdu), reason_code := AbortReason (fal_pdu), additional_detail := AbortDetail (fal_pdu) }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R48	NOT CLOSED	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R49	NOT CLOSED	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_user" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "False", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED
R50	NOT CLOSED	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "local_dls_provider" Abort_ind{ arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "Data Link Layer", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R51	NOT CLOSED	ErrorToARPM <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name := "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id := GetArepld (), reason := reason, dlsdu := "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id := GetArepld (), locally_generated := "True", identifier := "FAL", reason_code := reason, additional_detail := "null" }, StopTimer, ResetCounters </pre>	CLOSED

K.3.3 Functions used by QUB-FC ARPM

Table K.7 – Function GetArepld ()

Name	GetArepld ()	Used in	ARPM
Input	(none)	Output	AREP Identifier
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table K.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input	fal_pdu_name, calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, fal_data, fal_id, fal_reason_code, fal_additional_detail	Output	dlsdu
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table K.9 – Function FAL_Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input	dls_user_data	Output	One of the FAL-PDU types defined in the FAL-PDUs section.
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

Table K.10 – Function AREPContextCheck()

Name	AREPContextCheck()		Used in	ARPM																																																								
Input			Output																																																									
dl_sdu			Boolean value.																																																									
Function	<p>This function checks the AREP context parameters that are received with establish service. The compatibility of the remote to the local context is shown in the following matrix:</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th> <th colspan="5">Local Context</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Remote Context</th> <th>Type</th> <th>maxOSCC</th> <th>maxOSCS</th> <th>maxUCSC</th> <th>maxUCSS</th> <th>CI</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Type</td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>maxOSCC</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>≥</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>mmaxOSCS</td> <td></td> <td>≤</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>maxUCSC</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>≥</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>maxUCSS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>≤</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CIU</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Explanation: ≤: local value smaller than or equal to remote value ≥: local value larger than or equal to remote value =: local value equal to remote value</p>						Local Context					Remote Context	Type	maxOSCC	maxOSCS	maxUCSC	maxUCSS	CI	Type	=						maxOSCC			≥				mmaxOSCS		≤					maxUCSC					≥		maxUCSS				≤			CIU						=
		Local Context																																																										
Remote Context	Type	maxOSCC	maxOSCS	maxUCSC	maxUCSS	CI																																																						
Type	=																																																											
maxOSCC			≥																																																									
mmaxOSCS		≤																																																										
maxUCSC					≥																																																							
maxUCSS				≤																																																								
CIU						=																																																						

Table K.11 – Function AbortIdentifier

Name	AbortIdentifier		Used in	ARPM
Input			Output	
fal_pdu			The Identifier parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	<p>This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Identifier parameter.</p>			

Table K.12 – Function AbortReason

Name	AbortReason		Used in	ARPM
Input			Output	
fal_pdu			The Reason Code parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	<p>This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Reason Code parameter.</p>			

Table K.13 – Function AbortDetail

Name	AbortDetail		Used in	ARPM
Input			Output	
fal_pdu			The Additional Detail parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	<p>This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Additional Detail parameter.</p>			

NOTE The following two functions make use of persistent protocol timers that are able to issue the local events 'TSTimer expired', 'TCTimer expired', 'RCTimer expired' and 'RSTimer expired' to notify the expiration of the appropriate time interval to the ARPM.

Table K.14 – Function StartTimer

Name	StartTimer	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
identifier			
Function	<p>This function starts the selected persistent protocol timer as follows: If identifier is TS then function starts the TSTimer with the value of CIU/3. If identifier is TC then function starts the TCTimer with the value of CIU/3. If identifier is RS then function starts the RSTimer with the value of CIU. If identifier is RC then function starts the RCTimer with the value of CIU.</p> <p>NOTE The appropriate timer is restarted if it was still running.</p>		

Table K.15 – Function StopTimer

Name	StopTimer	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
Function	<p>This function stops all local persistent protocol timers of the ARPM.</p>		

NOTE The following functions make use of local persistent variables OSCC (current value of outstanding services at client), UCC (current value of unconfirmed services at client) and OSCS (current value of outstanding services at server) that supports counting of outstanding services. The initial values of OSCC, UCC, OSCS are 0.

Table K.16 – Function ResetCounters

Name	ResetCounters	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
Function	<p>This function sets OSCC, UCC, OSCS to zero.</p>		

Table K.17 – Function IncrementCounter

Name	IncrementCounter	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
identifier			
Function	<p>This function increments the selected counter.</p>		

Table K.18 – Function DecrementCounter

Name	DecrementCounter	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
identifier			
Function	<p>This function decrements the selected counter.</p>		

Table K.19 – Function GetCounterValue

Name	GetCounterValue	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
identifier		value	
Function	This function returns the current value of the selected counter.		

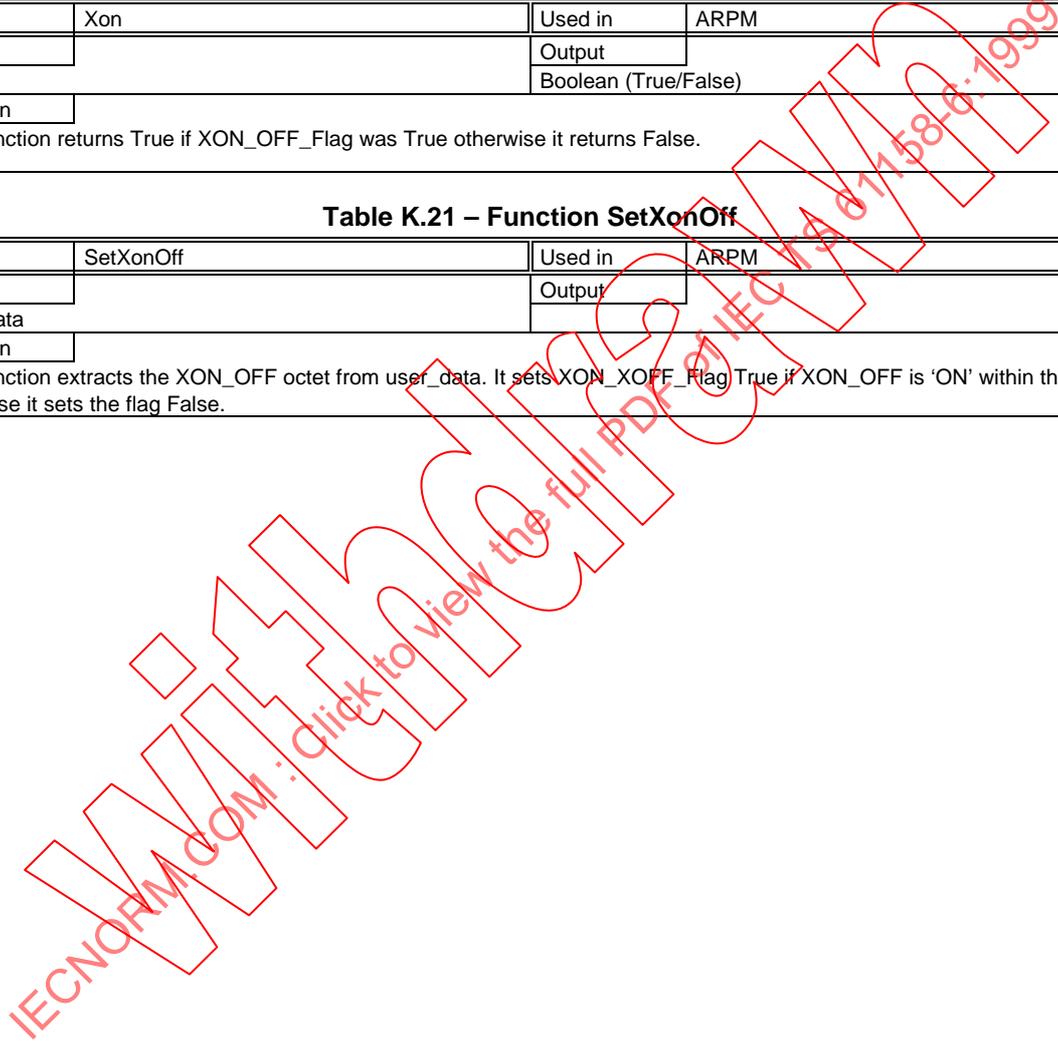
NOTE The following function makes use of local persistent variable XON_OFF_Flag that stores the current value of flow control from the AR_XON_OFF_ReqPDU. The initial value of XON_OFF_Flag is True.

Table K.20 – Function Xon

Name	Xon	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(non)		Boolean (True/False)	
Function	This function returns True if XON_OFF_Flag was True otherwise it returns False.		

Table K.21 – Function SetXonOff

Name	SetXonOff	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
user_data			
Function	This function extracts the XON_OFF octet from user_data. It sets XON_XOFF_Flag True if XON_OFF is 'ON' within the PDU otherwise it sets the flag False.		



Annex L (normative)

Buffered Usertriggered Bidirectional (BUB) ARPM

L.1 Primitive Definitions

L.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table L.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(+)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(-)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCS_req	FSPM	remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
FCMP_req	FSPM	(none)	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a FAL-Compel (FCMP) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
GBM_req	FSPM	(none)	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table L.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data, local_timeliness, remote_timeliness	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
FCMP_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, status	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a FAL-Compel (FCMP) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
GBM_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data, local_timeliness, remote_timeliness	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) positive confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
GBM_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Get-Buffered-Message (GBM) negative confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
FSTS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, reported_status	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a FAL-Status (FSTS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

L.1.1.1 Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table L.3.

Table L.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
duplicate_fal_sdu	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Duplicate_FAL-SDU parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.
status	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Status parameter.
reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
local_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Local_Timeliness parameter.
remote_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_Timeliness parameter.

L.2 DLL Mapping of BUB AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the BUB AREP class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in the future IC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the BUB AREP class are defined in this clause.

CLASS: BubCo

PARENT CLASS: BufferedUser-TriggeredBidirectionalAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDlcepAddress
2	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDlcepAddress
3	(m)	Attribute:	DisapRole (Initiator, Constrained)
4	(m)	Attribute:	QosParameterSet
4.1	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepClass (Peer)
4.2	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures
4.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	FromRequestorToResponder (Ordered, Unordered)
4.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	FromResponderToRequestor (Ordered, Unordered)
4.3	(m)	Attribute:	Priority
4.3.1	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.3.2	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriorityNegotiated (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.4	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
4.5	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivity
4.5.1	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsSender (True, False)
4.5.2	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsReceiver (True, False)
4.6	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelay
4.7	(c)	Constraint:	DisapRole = Initiator
4.7.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect
4.7.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData
4.8	(m)	Attribute:	DISchedulingPolicy (Explicit)
4.9	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizes
4.9.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor
4.9.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponder
4.9.3	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated
4.9.4	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Put
2	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get
3	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connect
4	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connection-Established
5	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Disconnect
6	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Buffer-Received
7	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Buffer-Sent
8	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Compel-Service

L.2.1 Attributes

L.2.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the local DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP. The value of this attribute is used as the "DLCEP-address" parameter of the DLL.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

L.2.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the remote DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

This attribute supplies the value for called DLCEP-address of the DL-Connect service.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the header part of the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

L.2.1.3 DisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLSAP that is used by the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-role” parameter. The permitted values Initiator, Constrained Responder and Unconstrained Responder, correspond respectively to INITIATOR, CONSTRAINED, and UNCONSTRAINED as defined in the Data Link Layer specification.

L.2.1.4 QosParameterSet

The QosParameterSet attributes specify the DL quality of service that is used by the AREP. These attribute values may be negotiated with the remote AREP.

L.2.1.5 DlcepClass

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLCEP which is attached to the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLCEP class” parameter of the DLL. The possible value of this attribute is Peer and corresponds to PEER defined by the DLL.

L.2.1.6 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures

These two attributes specify the data delivery features of the DLL.

The permitted values Ordered and Unordered correspond respectively to ORDERED and UNORDERED defined by the Data Link Layer specification.

The FromRequestorToResponder and FromResponderToRequestor attributes shall have the same value.

L.2.1.7 FromRequestorToResponder

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the AREP as a sender. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from requestor to responder(s)” parameter defined in the DLL.

L.2.1.8 FromResponderToRequestor

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the AREP as a receiver. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from responder(s) to requestor” parameter defined in the DLL.

L.2.1.9 Priority

L.2.1.10 DlIPriority

This attribute specifies the DLL priority before negotiation.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same BUB AREP. Also it is not permitted to use different priorities for the send and the receive conveyance paths.

L.2.1.11 DlIPriorityNegotiated

This attribute specifies the DLL priority after negotiation.

L.2.1.12 DlPduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of DL-addressing to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU-authentication” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Ordinary, Source and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, SOURCE and MAXIMAL respectively, as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

L.2.1.13 ResidualActivityAsSender

This attribute specifies sender’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as sender” parameter as defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False”.

L.2.1.14 ResidualActivityAsReceiver

This attribute specifies receiver’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as receiver” parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False”.

L.2.1.15 MaxConfirmDelay

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay of certain DLL connection-oriented services.

L.2.1.16 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Connect service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Connect, DL-Reset and DL-Subscriber-Query” parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

L.2.1.17 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Data service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Data” parameter specified in the Fieldbus Foundation Data Link Layer specification.

L.2.1.18 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as possible.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL-Scheduling-policy” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Explicit corresponds to EXPLICIT defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

L.2.1.19 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from this AREP before negotiation.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU sizes from requestor” parameter of the DLL.

L.2.1.20 MaxDisduSizeFromResponder

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be received by this AREP before negotiation.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU sizes from responder” parameter of the DLL.

L.2.1.21 MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from this AREP after negotiation.

L.2.1.22 MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be received by this AREP after negotiation.

L.3 BUB ARPM State Machine**L.3.1 BUB ARPM States****Table L.4 - BUB ARPM States**

CLOSED	The AREP is defined, but not capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs. It may send or receive Establish service FAL-PDUs while in this state.
OPEN	The AREP is defined and capable of sending or receiving FAL-PDUs.
REQUESTING (REQ)	The AREP has sent an Establish Request FAL-PDU and is waiting for a response from the remote AREP.
RESPONDING (RSP)	The AREP has received an Establish Request FAL-PDU, delivered an Establish.indication primitive and is waiting for a response from its user.
REPLIED (REPL)	The Server AREP has issued an EST_rsp(+) primitive and is waiting for a “connection established” indication from the DLL.
SAME	Indicates that the next state is the same as the current state.

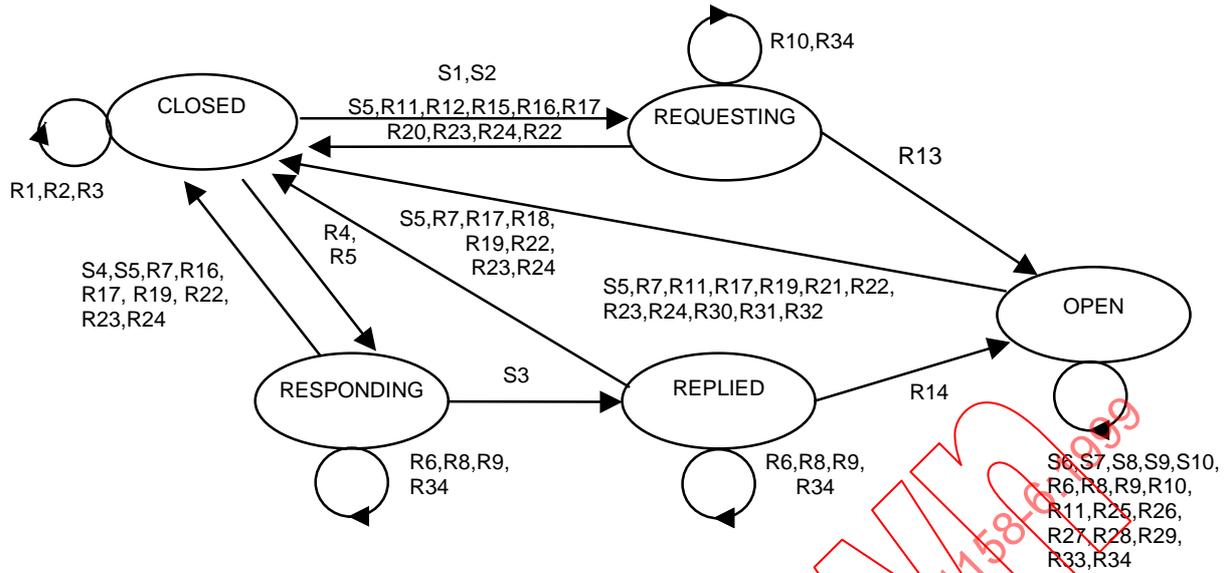


Figure L.1 – State Transition Diagram of BUB ARPM

L.3.2 BUB ARPM State Table

Table L.5 - BUB ARPM State Table - Sender Transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S1	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType:= "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress:= remote_dlcep_address, FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), called_address:= "default dlsap address", calling_address:= "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address:= LocalDlcep, dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address:= LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address:= RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data:= user_data) }	REQ
S2	CLOSED	EST_req && Initiator = "True" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType:= "Linked" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Connect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), called_address:= "default dlsap address", calling_address:= "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address:= LocalDlcep, dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "EST_ReqPDU", calling_dlcep_address:= LocalDlcepAddress, called_dlcep_address:= RemoteDlcepAddress, fal_data:= user_data) }	REQ

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S3	RSP	EST_rsp(+) <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Connect_rsp", arep_id:= GetArepld(), responding_address:= "default dlsap address", local_dlcep_address:= LocalDlcep, dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDllIdentifier, dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "EST_RspPDU", fal_data:= user_data) } </pre>	REPL
S4	RSP	EST_rsp(-) <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDllIdentifier, reason:= "connection rejection-transient condition", dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "EST_ErrPDU", fal_data:= user_data) } </pre>	CLOSED
S5	NOT CLOSED	Abort_req <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDllIdentifier, reason:= "disconnection-normal condition", dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "Abort_PDU", fal_id:= identifier, fal_reason_code:= reason_code, fal_additional_detail:= additional_detail) } </pre>	CLOSED
S6	OPEN	CS_req && Role = "Client" "Peer" <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Put_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "CS_ReqPDU", fal_data:= user_data) } </pre>	OPEN
S7	OPEN	CS_rsp && Role = "Server" "Peer" <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Put_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "CS_RspPDU", fal_data:= user_data) } </pre>	OPEN
S8	OPEN	FCMP_req && Role = "Client" "Server" "Peer" <pre> FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Compel_Service_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), action_class:= "Local" } </pre>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
S9	OPEN	GBM_req && Role = "Client" "Server" "Peer" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Get_req", arep_id:= GetArepld() }	OPEN
S10	OPEN	UCS_req FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Put_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlsdu:= BuildFAL-PDU (fal_pdu_name:= "UCS_ReqPDU", fal_data:= user_data) }	OPEN

Table L.6 - BUB state table - Receiver transactions

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R1	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu:= "null" }	CLOSED
R2	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }	CLOSED
R3	CLOSED	Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu:= "null" }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R4	CLOSED	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" RemoteDlcepAddress:= calling_dlcep_address, DlcepDIIdentifier:= dlcep_dl_id, MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= dls_user_data } </pre>	RSP
R5	CLOSED	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address DlcepDIIdentifier:= dlcep_dl_id, MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, EST_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= dls_user_data } </pre>	RSP
R6	RSP REPL OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Linked" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Remote Address Mismatch", dlsdu:= "null" } </pre>	SAME
R7	RSP REPL OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R8	RSP REPL OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) = "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "AREP Busy", dlsdu:= "null" } </pre>	SAME
R9	RSP REPL OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "False" && FAL_Pdu_type (dls_user_data) <> "EST_ReqPDU" && RemoteAddressConfigurationType = "Free" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" } </pre>	SAME
R10	REQ OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress <> calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu:= "null" } </pre>	SAME
R11	REQ OPEN	<pre> Connect_ind && Initiator = "True" && RemoteDlcepAddress = calling_dlcep_address FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= dlcep_dl_id (from Connect_ind), reason:= "Multiple Initiators", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Multiple Initiators" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R12	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) <> "EST-RspPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDIIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" }	CLOSED
R13	REQ	Connect_cnf && FAL_Pdu_Type (dls_user_data) = "EST-RspPDU" MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_requestor, MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated := dlsdu_size_from_responder, DIIPriorityNegotiated:= dll_priority, EST_cnf(+){ arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= dls_user_data }	OPEN
R14	REPL	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Connection_Established_ind" (no actions taken)	OPEN
R15	REQ	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && FAL_Fdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "EST-ErrPDU" EST_cnf(-){ arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= dls_user_data }	CLOSED
R16	REQ RSP	FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDIIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid DI PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid DI PDU" }	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R17	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "False", identifier:= AbortIdentifier (fal_pdu), reason_code:= AbortReason (fal_pdu), additional_detail:= AbortDetail (fal_pdu) } </pre>	CLOSED
R18	REPL	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((dmpm_service_name <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (dmpm_service_name <> "DM_Connection_Established_ind)) FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDIIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid DI PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid DI PDU" additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R19	REPL RSP OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU" Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R20	REQ	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu <> "null" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "Abort_PDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "EST_ErrPDU")) Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R21	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "DMPM_Disconnect_ind") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "DMPM_Put_Out") FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDIIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid DI PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }; Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid DI PDU" additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R22	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_provider" Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "False", identifier:= "Data Link Layer", reason_code:= reason additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R23	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "remote_dls_user" Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "False", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= reason additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R24	NOT CLOSED	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Disconnect_ind" && fal_pdu = "null" && originator = "local_dls_provider" Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "Data Link Layer", reason_code:= reason additional_detail:= "null" } </pre>	CLOSED
R25	OPEN	<pre> FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" "Server" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_ReqPDU" CS_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= fal_pdu } </pre>	OPEN

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R26	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Client" "Peer" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "CS_RspPDU" CS_cnf { Arep_id:= GetArepId (), user_data:= fal_pdu }</pre>	OPEN
R27	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" "Client" "Server" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Sent_ind" FSTS_ind { arep_id:= GetArepId(), reported_status:="Buffer_Sent" }</pre>	OPEN
R28	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" "Client" "Server" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Get_cnf" && status = "success" GMB_cnf(+) { arep_id:= GetArepId(), duplicate_fal_sdu=duplicate_dlsdu, user_data:=fal_pdu }</pre>	OPEN
R29	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" "Client" "Server" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Get_cnf" && status <> "success" GMB_cnf(-) { arep_id:= GetArepId() }</pre>	OPEN
R30	OPEN	<pre>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Server" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_ReqPDU" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "UCS_ReqPDU" FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepId(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDlIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" }, Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepId (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" additional_detail:= "null" }</pre>	CLOSED

#	Current State	Event Action	Next State
R31	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Client" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "UCS_ReqPDU"</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDlIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" additional_detail:= "null" }</p>	CLOSED
R32	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && Role = "Peer" && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && ((FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_ReqPDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "CS_RspPDU") && (FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) <> "UCS_ReqPDU")</p> <p>FAL-PDU_req { dmpm_service_name:= "DMPM_Disconnect_req", arep_id:= GetArepld(), dlcep_dl_id:= DlcepDlIdentifier, reason:= "Invalid FAL-PDU", dlsdu:= "null" },</p> <p>Abort_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), locally_generated:= "True", identifier:= "FAL", reason_code:= "Invalid FAL-PDU" additional_detail:= "null" }</p>	CLOSED
R33	OPEN	<p>FAL-PDU_ind && dmpm_service_name = "DMPM_Buffer_Received_ind" && FAL_Pdu_Type (fal_pdu) = "UCS_ReqPDU"</p> <p>UCS_ind { arep_id:= GetArepld (), user_data:= fal_pdu }</p>	OPEN
R34	NOT CLOSED	<p>ErrorToARPM</p> <p>(no action taken)</p> <p>NOTE It is a local matter to report this error status to network management entities. The ARPM does not abort the existing connections. The FAL user may issue an Abort request to disconnect the current connection, depending on the type of status information conveyed by the ErrorToARPM primitive.</p>	SAME

L.3.3 Functions used by BUB ARPM

Table L.7 – Function GetArepld ()

Name	GetArepld ()	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
(none)		AREP Identifier	
Function	Returns a value that can unambiguously identify the current AREP.		

Table L.8 – Function BuildFAL-PDU

Name	BuildFAL-PDU	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu_name, calling_dlcep_address, called_dlcep_address, fal_data, fal_id, fal_reason_code, fal_additional_detail		Dlsdu	
Function	Builds an FAL-PDU out of the parameters given as input variables.		

Table L.9 – Function FAL_Pdu_Type

Name	FAL_Pdu_Type	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
dls_user_data		One of the FAL-PDU types defined in the FAL-PDUs section.	
Function	This function decodes the FAL-PDU that is conveyed in the dls_user_data parameter and retrieves one of the FAL-PDU types.		

Table L.10 – Function AbortIdentifier

Name	AbortIdentifier	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Identifier parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Identifier parameter.		

Table L.11 – Function AbortReason

Name	AbortReason	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Reason Code parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Reason Code parameter.		

Table L.12 – Function AbortDetail

Name	AbortDetail	Used in	ARPM
Input		Output	
fal_pdu		The Additional Detail parameter of the Abort service.	
Function	This function decodes the Abort_PDU that is conveyed in the fal_pdu parameter and extracts the Additional Detail parameter.		

Annex M (normative)

Buffered Networkscheduled Bidirectional (BNB) ARPM

M.1 Primitive Definitions

M.1.1 Primitives Exchanged between ARPM and FSPM

Table M.1 – Primitives issued by FSPM to ARPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(+)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
EST_rsp(-)	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
Abort_req	FSPM	identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_req	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
CS_rsp	FSPM	user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) response primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.
UCS_req	FSPM	remote_dlsap_address, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) request primitive from the FSPM to the ARPM.

Table M.2 – Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM

Primitive Name	Source	Associated Parameters	Functions
EST_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(+)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(+) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
EST_cnf(-)	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Establish response(-) primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
Abort_ind	ARPM	arep_id, locally_generated, identifier, reason_code, additional_detail	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Abort primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
CS_cnf	ARPM	arep_id, user_data	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey a Confirmed Send (CS) confirmation primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.
UCS_ind	ARPM	arep_id, remote_dlsap_address, duplicate_fal_sdu, user_data, local_timeliness, remote_timeliness	This is an FAL internal primitive used to convey an Unconfirmed Send (UCS) indication primitive from the ARPM to the FSPM.

M.1.2 Primitives issued by ARPM to FSPM Parameters of FSPM/ARPM Primitives

The parameters used with the primitives exchanged between the FSPM and the ARPM are described in table M.3.

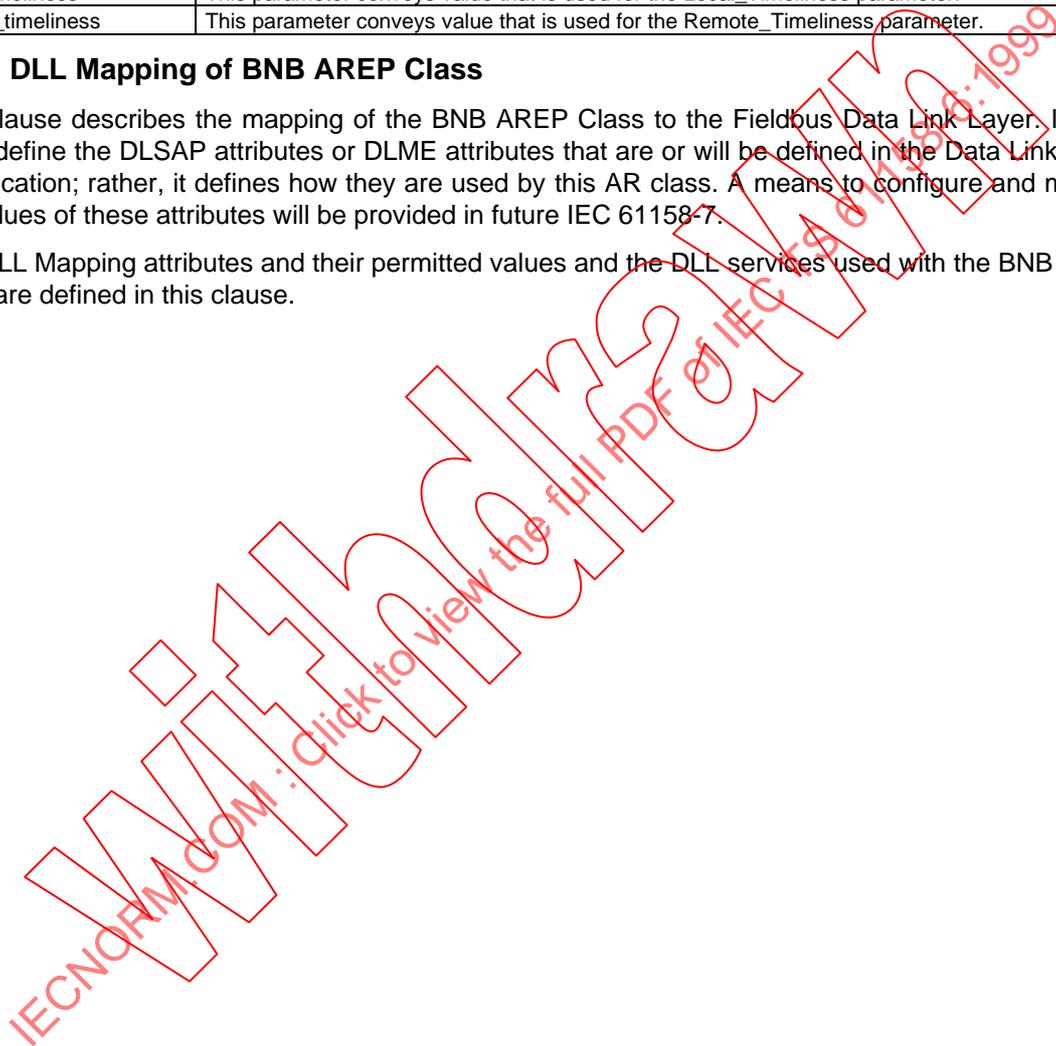
Table M.3 – Parameters used with Primitives Exchanged between FSPM and ARPM

Parameter Name	Description
arep_id	This parameter is used to unambiguously identify an instance of the AREP that has issued a primitive. A means for such identification is not specified by this specification.
user_data	This parameter conveys FAL-User data.
locally_generated	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Locally_Generated parameter.
identifier	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Identifier parameter.
reason_code	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Reason_Code parameter.
additional_detail	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Additional_Detail parameter.
duplicate_fal_sdu	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Duplicate_FAL-SDU parameter.
remote_dlsap_address	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_DLSAP_Address parameter.
status	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Status parameter.
reported_status	This parameter conveys a Data Link Layer event status.
local_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Local_Timeliness parameter.
remote_timeliness	This parameter conveys value that is used for the Remote_Timeliness parameter.

M.2 DLL Mapping of BNB AREP Class

This clause describes the mapping of the BNB AREP Class to the Fieldbus Data Link Layer. It does not redefine the DLSAP attributes or DLME attributes that are or will be defined in the Data Link Layer specification; rather, it defines how they are used by this AR class. A means to configure and monitor the values of these attributes will be provided in future IEC 61158-7.

The DLL Mapping attributes and their permitted values and the DLL services used with the BNB AREP class are defined in this clause.



CLASS: Bnb

PARENT CLASS: BufferedNetwork-TriggeredBidirectionalAREP

ATTRIBUTES:

1	(m)	KeyAttribute:	LocalDlcepAddress
2	(m)	Attribute:	RemoteDlcepAddress
3	(m)	Attribute:	DisapRole (Basic)
4	(m)	Attribute:	QosParameterSet
4.1	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepClass (Peer)
4.2	(m)	Attribute:	DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures
4.2.1	(m)	Attribute:	FromRequestorToResponder (Ordered)
4.2.2	(m)	Attribute:	FromResponderToRequestor (Ordered)
4.3	(m)	Attribute:	Priority
4.3.1	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriority (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.3.2	(m)	Attribute:	DIIPriorityNegotiated (Urgent, Normal, TimeAvailable)
4.4	(m)	Attribute:	DlpduAuthentication (Ordinary, Source, Maximal)
4.5	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivity
4.5.1	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsSender (True, False)
4.5.2	(m)	Attribute:	ResidualActivityAsReceiver (True, False)
4.6	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelay
4.6.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect
4.6.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData
4.7	(m)	Attribute:	DISchedulingPolicy (Explicit)
4.8	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizes
4.8.1	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestor
4.8.2	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponder
4.8.3	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated
4.8.4	(m)	Attribute:	MaxDisduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

DLL SERVICES:

1	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Put
2	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Get
3	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connect
4	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Connection-Established
5	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Disconnect
6	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Buffer-Received
7	(m)	OpsService:	DL-Buffer-Sent

M.2.1 Attributes

M.2.1.1 LocalDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the local DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP. The value of this attribute is used as the "DLCEP-address" parameter of the DLL.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

M.2.1.2 RemoteDlcepAddress

This attribute specifies the remote DLCEP address and identifies the DLCEP.

This attribute supplies the value for called DLCEP-address of the DL-Connect service.

NOTE 1 The value of this attribute is also carried in the header part of the Establish Request PDU.

This attribute contains the following three subattributes: Link Address, Node Address, and Selector.

NOTE 2 Since the local Link and Node addresses are set by the Network Management, only the Selector portion of the LocalDisapAddress attribute is a configurable attribute of the FAL.

M.2.1.3 DisapRole

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLSAP that is used by the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL(SAP)-role” parameter.

M.2.1.4 QosParameterSet

The QosParameterSet attributes specify the DL quality of service that is used by the AREP. These attribute values may be negotiated with the remote AREP.

M.2.1.4.1 DlcepClass

This attribute specifies the behavior of the DLCEP which is attached to the AREP.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLCEP class” parameter of the DLL. The possible value of this attribute is Peer and corresponds to PEER defined by the DLL.

M.2.1.4.2 DlcepDataDeliveryFeatures

These attributes specify the data delivery features of the DLL.

The permitted value Ordered corresponds to ORDERED defined by the Data Link Layer specification.

NOTE The FromRequestorToResponder and FromResponderToRequestor attributes shall have the same value.

M.2.1.4.2.1 FromRequestorToResponder

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the AREP as a sender. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from requestor to responder(s)” parameter defined in the DLL.

M.2.1.4.2.2 FromResponderToRequestor

This attribute specifies the DLL data delivery feature of the AREP as a receiver. It supplies the value for the “DLCEP data delivery features from responder(s) to requestor” parameter defined in the DLL.

M.2.1.4.3 Priority

M.2.1.4.3.1 DlIPriority

This attribute specifies the DLL priority before negotiation.

NOTE It is not possible to use different priorities for each FAL-PDU sent from the same BNB AREP. Also, it is not permitted to use different priorities for the send and the receive conveyance paths.

M.2.1.4.3.2 DlIPriorityNegotiated

This attribute specifies the DLL priority after negotiation.

M.2.1.4.4 DlPduAuthentication

This attribute specifies the lower bound of the length of DL-addressing to be used by the DLL.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DLPDU-authentication” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Ordinary, Source and Maximal correspond to ORDINARY, SOURCE and MAXIMAL respectively, as defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

M.2.1.4.5 ResidualActivityAsSender

This attribute specifies sender’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as sender” parameter as defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False”.

M.2.1.4.5.1 ResidualActivityAsReceiver

This attribute specifies receiver’s DLC residual activity. It supplies the value for the “Residual activity as receiver” parameter defined in the DLL. The possible values are “True” and “False”.

M.2.1.4.6 MaxConfirmDelay

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay of certain DLL connection-oriented services.

M.2.1.4.6.1 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIConnect

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Connect service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Connect, DL-Reset and DL-Subscriber-Query” parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification.

M.2.1.4.6.2 MaxConfirmDelayOnDIData

This attribute specifies the maximum confirmation delay for a confirmation from a DL-Data service.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum confirmation delay on DL-Data” parameter specified in the Data Link Layer specification (IEC 61158-3).

M.2.1.4.7 DISchedulingPolicy

This attribute provides the guidance to the DLL on the scheduling needed by an AR. For this AREP, the DLL tries to transmit the FAL-PDU as soon as possible.

This attribute supplies the value for the “DL-Scheduling-policy” parameter of the DLL. The permitted value Explicit corresponds to EXPLICIT defined in the Fieldbus Data Link Layer specification.

M.2.1.4.8 MaxDlsduSize**M.2.1.4.8.1 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestor**

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from this AREP before negotiation.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU sizes from requestor” parameter of the DLL.

M.2.1.4.8.2 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponder

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be received by this AREP before negotiation.

This attribute supplies the value for the “Maximum DLSDU sizes from responder” parameter of the DLL.

M.2.1.4.8.3 MaxDlsduSizeFromRequestorNegotiated

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be sent from this AREP after negotiation.

M.2.1.4.8.4 MaxDlsduSizeFromResponderNegotiated

This attribute specifies the maximum length of an FAL-PDU that can be received by this AREP after negotiation.

M.2.2 DLL Services

Refer to annex C for DLL service description.

M.3 BNB ARPM State Machine**M.3.1 BNB ARPM States**