

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines**

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES –
SAFETY –****Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

International Standard IEC 60335-2-7 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This eighth edition cancels and replaces the seventh edition published in 2008, Amendment 1: 2011 and Amendment 2:2016. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- requirements for steam generators in 3.1.9, 3.6.101, 19.101, 22.106, 22.107;
- additional definitions for washing machine types in 3.5.101, 3.5.102, 3.5.103;
- revised temperature limits for external accessible surfaces in 11.3 and 11.8;
- revised test procedure for the spillage test in 15.2;
- additional requirements for appliances that are controlled by programmable electronic circuits that limit the number of heating elements and motors from being energised at the same time, Subclause 22.108.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting |
|--------------|------------------|
| 61/5798/FDIS | 61/5839/RVD |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60335 series, under the general title: *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fifth edition (2010) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When “Part 1” is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for washing machines.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states “addition”, “modification” or “replacement”, the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type;*
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 3.1.9: Different size cloths are used. The initial water temperature for machines without heating elements and without a wringer is 71 °C (USA).
- 6.2: IPX0 appliances are allowed (USA).
- 11.7: The test durations are different (USA).
- 15.101: The test is different (USA).
- 19.7: Appliances without a programmer are operated until steady conditions are established (USA).
- 19.101: A redundant set of contacts is not required (USA).
- 22.6: The test is different (USA).
- 22.101: The test is different (USA).
- Annex AA: The detergent and rinsing agent are different (USA).
- Annex BB: Different tests are carried out (USA).

IMPORTANT – The “colour inside” logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

~~NOTE 1 – For example, if appliances within the scope of this Part 2~~

~~— have a separate spin container for water extraction, IEC 60335-2-4 is also applicable as far as is reasonable;~~

~~— have a drying function, IEC 60335-2-11 is also applicable as far as is reasonable.~~

When a part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 21 This means that the technical committees responsible for the part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 32 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use, that are intended for washing clothes and textiles, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances.

This standard also deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use employing an electrolyte instead of detergent. Additional requirements for these appliances are given in Annex CC.

NOTE 101 Guidance is given in Annex DD for requirements that ~~may~~ can be used to ensure an acceptable level of protection against electrical and thermal hazards for washing machines fitted with a power driven wringer.

Appliances not intended for normal household use but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

NOTE 102 Examples of such appliances are washing machines for communal use in blocks of flats or in laundrettes.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by washing machines that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

- persons (including children) whose
 - physical, sensory or mental capabilities; or
 - lack of experience and knowledgeprevents them from using the appliance safely without supervision or instruction;
- children playing with the appliance.

NOTE 103 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for washing machines intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

NOTE 104 This standard does not apply to

- washing machines intended exclusively for industrial purposes (ISO 10472-2);
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- washing machines incorporating steam generating devices in which steam is produced at a pressure exceeding 50 kPa.

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

~~IEC 60456, Clothes washing machines for household use – Methods for measuring the performance~~

IEC 60584-1, *Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances*

IEC 60730-2-12:20052015, *Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use – Part 2: Particular requirements for electrically operated door locks*

ISO 1817:20052015, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic – Determination of the effect of liquids*

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1 Definitions relating to physical characteristics

Replacement:

3.1.9

normal operation

operation of the appliance under the following conditions.

The appliance is filled with dry textile material having a mass equal to the maximum mass stated in the instructions, and with the maximum quantity of water for which it is constructed. However, if the power input or current is higher when only 50 % of the textile material is used, the appliance is operated with this load instead if this gives more unfavourable conditions than the full load during the test of Clause 11.

Note 101 to entry: For some appliances incorporating a programmer, using the 50 % reduced load may result in automatic selection of a reduced wash programme.

The temperature of the water is

- 65 °C ± 5 °C for appliances without heating elements;
- 15 °C ± 5 °C for appliances without heating elements and intended for connection to the cold water supply only;
- 15 °C ± 5 °C for other appliances.

If the appliance does not incorporate a programmer, the water is heated to 90 °C ± 5 °C or as high as the construction will allow if lower, before starting the first washing period.

The textile material consists of pre-washed double-hemmed cotton sheets having dimensions approximately 700 mm × 700 mm and a specific mass between 140 g/m² and 175 g/m² in the dry condition.

For ~~impeller-type~~ **washing machines**, if the textile material does not move properly during operation,

- the quantity of textile material may be reduced until the maximum power input of the motor is attained; or
- a textile material comprising pre-washed double-hemmed cotton sheets, having dimensions of approximately 900 mm × 900 mm and a mass between 90 g/m² and 110 g/m² in the dry condition, may be used.

However, for **impeller-type washing machines**, in case of doubt, the test is carried out using the reduced quantity of textile material.

A **steam generator** intended to be filled by hand is filled according to the instructions, water being added to maintain the steam generation.

A **steam generator** intended to be filled automatically is connected to the water mains.

3.5 Definitions relating to types of appliances

3.5.101

agitator washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are substantially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by a device moving about or along its vertical axis with a reciprocating motion (an agitator)

Note 1 to entry: This device usually extends above the maximum water level.

3.5.102

impeller washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are substantially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by a device rotating about its axis continuously or which reverses after a number of revolutions (an impeller)

Note 1 to entry: The uppermost point of this device is substantially below the minimum water level.

3.5.103

drum washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are placed in either a horizontal drum or a drum that is inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal and the textile is partially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by rotation of the drum about its axis, the movement being either continuous or periodically reversed

3.6 Definitions relating to parts of an appliance

3.6.101

steam generator

device in which steam is produced at a pressure not exceeding 50 kPa and in which the pressure drops to atmospheric pressure when the steam is not supplied

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.2 Addition:

The relevant tests of 21.101, 21.102 and 22.104 shall be carried out on the same appliance as that used for the test of Clause 18.

5.3 Addition:

The test of 15.101 is carried out before the test of 15.3.

The relevant tests of 21.101 and 21.102 are carried out before the test of Clause 18. The test of 22.104 is carried out after the test of Clause 18.

5.7 Addition:

Doubt is considered to exist if the temperature of the water is within 6 K of the boiling point and the difference between the temperature rise of the relevant part and the limit specified does not exceed 25 K minus the room temperature.

6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 Modification:

Appliances shall be of **class I**, **class II** or **class III**.

6.2 Addition:

Appliances shall be at least IPX4.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 Addition:

Appliances without automatic water level control shall be marked with the maximum water level.

Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements shall be marked with the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Do not connect to the hot water supply.

7.10 Addition:

If the **off position** is only indicated by letters, the word "off" shall be used.

7.12 Addition:

The instructions shall specify the maximum mass of dry cloth in kilograms to be used in the appliance.

The instructions shall include the substance of the following:

This appliance is intended to be used in household and similar applications such as:

- staff kitchen areas in shops, offices and other working environments;
- farm houses;
- by clients in hotels, motels and other residential type environments;
- bed and breakfast type environments;
- areas for communal use in blocks of flats or in launderettes.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this shall be clearly stated in the instructions.

7.12.1 Addition:

For washing machines having ventilation openings in the base, the installation instructions shall state that the openings must not be obstructed by a carpet.

7.15 Addition:

The caution relating to connection to the hot water supply shall be on the appliance at its point of attachment to the water supply.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

10.1 Addition:

The selected representative period is the period, such as filling with water, washing, rinsing, water extraction, spinning or braking, during which the power input is the highest.

10.2 Addition:

The selected representative period is the period, such as filling with water, washing, rinsing, water extraction, spinning or braking, during which the current is the highest.

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.3 Addition:

*Where the external **accessible surfaces** are suitably flat and access permits, then the test probe of Figure 101 may be used to measure the temperature rises of external **accessible surfaces** specified in Table 101. The probe is applied with a force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$ to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. The measurement is performed after a contact period of 30 s.*

The probe may be held in place using a laboratory stand clamp or similar device. Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

11.7 Replacement:

Appliances incorporating a programmer are operated for three cycles with the programme that results in highest temperature rises, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles.

Other appliances are operated for three cycles, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles. Each cycle consists of the following operations:

- for appliances without means for water extraction and for washing machines with a hand-operated wringer, washing;
- for appliances having a single drum for washing and water extraction, washing followed by water extraction;
- for appliances having separate drums for washing and water extraction that cannot be used simultaneously, washing and water extraction separated by an additional 4 min rest period;
- for appliances having separate drums for washing and water extraction that can be used simultaneously, washing together with water extraction so that the operations terminate simultaneously;
- for appliances having a single drum for washing, water extraction and drying
 - that allow the same quantity of textile material to be washed and dried in the drum, washing followed by water extraction, followed by drying;
 - that, according to the instructions, only allow a portion of the washed textile material to be dried in the drum, washing followed by water extraction followed by two drying periods, with an additional rest period of 4 min before each drying period. In this case only two cycles of operation are carried out.

For appliances incorporating a timer, the washing period, the water extraction period and the drying period are equal to the maximum period allowed by the timer.

For appliances without a timer,

- the washing period has a duration of
 - 6 min, for **impeller washing machines** ~~of the continuously rotating impeller type~~;
 - 18 min, for **agitator washing machines** ~~of the agitator type~~;
 - 25 min for **drum washing machines** ~~of the drum type~~, unless a longer period is stated in the instructions;
- the water extraction period has a duration of 5 min.

The rest period, including any braking time, has a duration of 4 min.

After the specified sequence of operation, discharge pumps that are driven by a separate motor and switched on and off manually, are subjected to three operating periods separated by rest periods of 4 min. Each operating period is equal to 1,5 times the period necessary to empty the appliance when filled to the maximum normal water level. The outlet of the water discharge pipe is 900 mm above the floor.

11.8 Addition:

During the test, the temperature rises are monitored continuously for one cycle and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 101.

**Table 101 – Maximum temperature rises
for external accessible surfaces under normal operating conditions**

| Surface | Temperature rise of external accessible surfaces ^a K | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | Surfaces of appliances situated not more than 850 mm above the floor after installation | | Surfaces situated more than 850 mm above the floor after installation ^b |
| | Front surfaces | Other surfaces ^b | |
| Bare metal | 38 | 42 | 42 |
| Coated metal ^c | 42 | 49 | 49 |
| Glass and ceramic | 51 | 56 | 56 |
| Plastic and plastic coating > 0,4 mm ^{d, e} | 58 | 62 | 62 |

^a Temperature rises are not measured on

- the underside of appliances intended to be used on a working surface or floor, where these surfaces are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end, applied with a force not exceeding 1 N,
- the rear surface of appliances which, according to the instructions, shall be placed against a wall and where these surfaces are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end, applied with a force not exceeding 1 N,
- hot water supply fittings and hoses,
- surfaces within 25 mm from air outlets values can be increased by 10 K.

^b If these values are exceeded, the test is allowed to be repeated with the appliance moved away from the test corner wall. The test is repeated for 1 cycle.

^c Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 90 µm made by enamel or non-substantially plastic coating is used.

^d The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm.

^e When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,4 mm, the temperature rise limits of coated metal for underlying metal apply or the temperature rise limits for glass or ceramic material for underlying glass or ceramic material apply.

12 Void

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13.2 Modification:

For **stationary class I appliances**, the leakage current shall not exceed 3,5 mA, or 1 mA/kW of rated power input with a limit of 5 mA, whichever is greater.

14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

15.2 Replacement:

Appliances shall be constructed so that spillage of liquid in normal use does not affect their electrical insulation even if an inlet valve fails to close.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*Appliances with **type X attachment**, except those having a specially prepared cord, are fitted with the lightest permissible type of flexible cord of the smallest cross-sectional area specified in Table 13.*

Appliances intended to be filled with water by the user are completely filled with water containing approximately 1 % NaCl. A further quantity of this solution equal to 15 % of the capacity of the appliance or 0,25 l, whichever is greater, is poured in steadily over a period of 1 min.

Other appliances are operated until the maximum water level is reached, and 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA is added for each litre of water in the appliance. ~~The~~ Each inlet valve is held open and the filling is continued for 15 min after first evidence of overflow or until the inflow is automatically stopped by other means. ~~The appropriate tests being applied one at a time to each inlet valve.~~

For appliances that are loaded from the front, the door is then opened if this can be achieved manually and without damage to the door interlock system.

For all appliances, 0,5 l of a solution comprising water containing approximately 1 % NaCl and 0,6 % of rinsing agent, ~~as specified in Annex AA,~~ is rapidly poured over the top of the appliance so that the spillage solution flows over the surfaces of the appliance that incorporate controls, the controls being placed in the on position. The controls are then operated through their working range, this operation being repeated after a period of 5 min.

Any commercially available non-ionic rinsing agent may be used, but if there is any doubt with regards to the test results, the rinsing agent shall have the following properties:

- viscosity, 17 mPa·s;
- pH, 2,2 (1 % in water)

and its composition shall be

| <i>Substance</i> | <i>Parts by mass %</i> |
|---|----------------------------|
| <i>Plurafac ® LF 221¹</i> | <i>15,0</i> |
| <i>Cumene sulfonate (40 % solution)</i> | <i>11,5</i> |
| <i>Citric acid (anhydrous)</i> | <i>3,0</i> |
| <i>Deionized water</i> | <i>70,5</i> |

*The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3 and inspection shall show that there is no trace of water on insulation that could result in a reduction of **clearances** or **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.*

15.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that foaming does not affect electrical insulation.

¹ Plurafac ® LF 221 is the trade name of a product supplied by BASF. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of this product.

Compliance is checked by the following test that is carried out immediately after that of 15.2.

The appliance is operated under the conditions specified in Clause 11 but at **rated voltage** for one complete cycle with the programme that results in the longest period of operation. ~~Twice the~~ A quantity of detergent necessary ~~for normal washing~~ to cause foaming is added. The composition of the detergent is specified in Annex AA.

For appliances incorporating a detergent dispenser, the solution is added manually at the point in the cycle when it would normally be dispensed automatically. For other appliances, the solution is added before starting the cycle.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3.

The appliance is kept in a test room having a normal atmosphere for 24 h before being subjected to the test of 15.3.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

18.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that the lid or door interlock withstands the stresses to which it may be exposed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The lid or door is opened as in normal use and the force applied to the handle, or actuating means of the release mechanism, is measured. The force required to close the lid or door is also measured.

The lid or door is then subjected to 10 000 cycles of opening and closing. For the first 6 000 cycles, the appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated so that the interlock mechanism is energized and de-energized each cycle. For the last 4 000 cycles, the appliance is not connected to the supply mains. For appliances having a drying function, the total number of cycles is increased to 13 000, the first 9 000 cycles being carried out with the interlock mechanism energized and de-energized each cycle.

If the interlock complies with IEC 60730-2-12, the appliance is not connected to the supply mains during this test. If the interlock operates more than once during **normal operation**, it is operated for this number of times during each cycle.

Lids are opened each time by approximately 45° and doors by 90°, the speed of opening being approximately 1,5 m/s. The force applied to open the lid or door is twice the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N.

Doors are closed at a speed of approximately 1,5 m/s, the force applied being five times the measured closing force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N. Lids are allowed to

close under their own weight but if they fail to latch, a force of five times the measured closing force is applied, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N.

After the tests, compliance with the relevant requirements of 20.103 to 20.105 shall not be impaired.

18.102 The braking mechanism of appliances having a lid that can be opened during the water extraction period shall withstand the stresses to which they may be exposed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at 1,06 times **rated voltage** and operated under **normal operation** until the motor has reached its highest speed. The lid is then fully opened. The test is repeated after the drum has been at rest for a period long enough to ensure that the appliance does not attain an excessive temperature.*

The test is carried out 1 000 times, the textile material being re-saturated with water at least every 250 times.

After the test, the appliance shall be fit for further use and compliance with this standard shall not be impaired.

NOTE Forced cooling ~~may~~ can be used to prevent excessive temperatures and to shorten the test.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

For appliances incorporating a programmer or a timer, the tests of 19.2 and 19.3 are replaced by the test of 19.101.

The test of 19.7 is not carried out on motors driving moving parts of an oscillating agitator.

Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements are also subjected to the test of 19.102.

19.2 Addition:

Restricted heat dissipation is obtained without water in the appliance or with just sufficient water to cover the heating elements, whichever is the more unfavourable.

19.7 Addition:

Appliances without a programmer or timer are operated for 5 min.

19.9 Not applicable

Addition:

*The running overload test is carried out on appliances that have overload **protective devices** incorporating **electronic circuits** to protect the windings of the drum motor. However, the test is not carried out if the **protective device** senses the winding temperature directly.*

NOTE 101 Measuring winding resistance or winding current is not directly measuring the winding temperature.

*The appliance is operated under the conditions of Clause 11 for one cycle. The load is then increased so that the current through the motor windings is raised by 10 %. The appliance is operated again for the same cycle, the supply voltage being maintained at its original value. The load is again increased and the test is repeated until the **protective device** incorporating the **electronic circuit** operates or the motor stalls.*

19.13 Addition:

The textile material shall not ignite and shall not show any charring or glowing.

NOTE 101 Light brown colouring of the textile material or slight emission of smoke ~~is~~ can be ignored.

During the tests of 19.101 and 19.102, the temperature of windings shall not exceed the values specified in Table 8.

The appliance shall comply with the appropriate requirements of 20.103 to 20.105 if it can still be operated.

19.101 *The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated under **normal operation**. Any fault condition or unexpected operation that may be applied in normal use is introduced.*

The fault conditions and unexpected operations to be applied are:

- *the programmer stopping in any position;*
- *disconnection and reconnection of one or more phases of the supply during any part of the programme;*
- *open-circuiting or short-circuiting of components;*
- *failure of a magnetic valve;*
- *failure or blocking the mechanical parts of a water-level switch. This fault condition is not applied if*
 - *the cross-sectional area of the tube supplying the air chamber is greater than 500 mm² with a minimum dimension of 10 mm;*
 - *the outlet of the chamber is at least 20 mm above the highest water level; and*
 - *the tube connecting the air chamber to the water-level switch is fixed so that there is no likelihood of bending or pinching;*
- *puncture of the capillary tube of a **thermostat**;*
- *the **steam generator** is operating without water.*

If operation without water in the appliance is a more unfavourable condition for starting any programme, the tests with that programme are carried out with the water valve closed. This valve is not closed after the programme has started to operate.

NOTE The fault condition with

- the automatic filling device held open is covered by 15.2;
- thermal controls short-circuited is covered by 19.4;
- motor capacitors short-circuited or open-circuited is covered by 19.7;
- the failure of door interlocks is covered by 24.1.4.

19.102 *Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements are operated under the conditions of Clause 11, except that they are supplied at **rated voltage** and filled with water at a temperature of 65 °C ± 5 °C.*

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

20.1 Modification:

*The appliance is empty or filled as specified for **normal operation**, whichever is more unfavourable. Doors and lids are closed and any castors turned to the most unfavourable position.*

20.101 Drum washing machines ~~of the drum type~~ that are loaded from the top through an opening with a hinged lid shall incorporate an interlock that de-energizes the motor before the lid opening exceeds 50 mm.

If a removable or sliding lid is provided, the motor shall be de-energized as soon as the lid is removed or displaced and it shall not be possible to start the motor unless the lid is in the closed position.

The interlock shall be constructed so that unexpected operation of the appliance is unlikely unless the lid is in the closed position.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by measurement and by the following test.

Test probe B of IEC 61032 is applied in order to try and release any interlock that is needed to comply with the requirement. The interlock shall not release.

20.102 Appliances shall not be adversely affected by an unbalanced load.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The appliance is placed on a horizontal support and a load having a mass of 0,2 kg or 10 % of the maximum mass of the cloth specified in the instructions, whichever is greater, is fixed to the inside wall of the drum half-way along its length.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated during the water extraction period.*

The test is carried out four times, the load being moved each time through an angle of 90° around the wall of the drum.

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated with the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**.*

The appliance shall not overturn and the drum shall not hit other parts except the enclosure. After the test, the appliance shall be fit for further use.

20.103 ~~For Drum washing machines of the drum type~~ that are loaded from the front or from the top, the door or lid shall be interlocked so that the appliance can only be operated when the door or lid is in the closed position.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by manual test and by the following test.

Test probe B of IEC 61032 is applied in order to try and release any interlock that is needed to comply with the requirement. The interlock shall not release.

20.104 It shall not be possible to open the lid or door of the appliance while the drum speed exceeds 60 r/min if the drum has a rotational kinetic energy exceeding 1 500 J, or a maximum peripheral speed exceeding

- 20 m/s, for drums that rotate about the horizontal axis or an axis inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal;
- 40 m/s, for drums that rotate about the vertical axis.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated empty. The force determined during the test of 22.104 with the lid interlocked is applied to the lid or door in an attempt to open it.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

It shall not be possible to open the lid or door while the drum speed exceeds 60 r/min. If the appliance is loaded from the front and the door can be opened, the motor shall be de-energized before the opening exceeds 50 mm.

NOTE The rotational kinetic energy ~~is~~ can be calculated from the following formula:

$$E = mv^2/4$$

where

- E* is the rotational kinetic energy, in J;
- m* is the mass of cloth specified in the instructions, in kg;
- v* is the maximum peripheral speed of the drum, in m/s.

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

20.105 Appliances shall have an automatic means for switching off the motor, or for reducing the drum speed to 60 r/min, when the lid or door is opened if the drum has a rotational kinetic energy not exceeding 1 500 J and a peripheral speed not exceeding

- 20 m/s, for drums that rotate about the horizontal axis or an axis inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal;
- 40 m/s, for drums that rotate about the vertical axis.

NOTE The rotational kinetic energy is calculated in accordance with the formula in 20.104.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated in accordance to 20.1 empty or filled as specified for **normal operation**, whichever is more unfavourable. A force not exceeding 50 N is applied to the lid or door in an attempt to open it, as in normal use.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

If the lid or door opens, the drum speed shall be no higher than 60 r/min within 7 s of opening the lid or door by 50 mm. In addition, if the appliance is loaded from the front, the motor shall become de-energized.

~~NOTE—The rotational kinetic energy is measured in accordance with the formula in 20.104.~~

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

20.106 For appliances with a front opening door having an opening dimension exceeding 200 mm, and drum volume exceeding 60 dm³, it shall not be possible to start or recommence the washing cycle until a separate means which controls the movement of the drum is operated manually, even after the door has been opened and closed again.

NOTE The volume of the drum can be calculated by measuring the maximum internal diameter and maximum internal length of the drum.

Compliance is checked by inspection, measurement ignoring any non-metallic seal fitted in the door opening, and by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage**, and the door is opened and then closed.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 are applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 are applied to the appliance.*

The washing cycle shall not start or recommence.

20.107 For appliances with a front opening door having an opening dimension exceeding 200 mm, and drum volume exceeding 60 dm³, it shall be possible to open from the inside the closed door, when the appliance is not energized or in a standby mode, with a force not exceeding 70 N.

NOTE 1 The volume of the drum can be calculated by measuring the maximum internal diameter and maximum internal length of the drum.

Compliance is checked by measurement, ignoring any non-metallic seal fitted in the door opening, and by applying a force of 70 N perpendicular to the plane of the closed door at a point furthest from the hinges accessible from the inside of the door. If the appliance is supplied with an additional decorative door, the test is carried out with this door closed.

NOTE 2 The force can be applied to the outside of the door.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

21.101 Lids and doors shall have adequate mechanical strength.

Compliance is checked by the test of 21.101.1 for lids and 21.101.2 for doors.

21.101.1 *A rubber hemisphere having a diameter of 70 mm and a hardness between 40 IRHD and 50 IRHD is fixed to a cylinder having a mass of 20 kg and dropped from a height of 100 mm onto the centre of the lid.*

The test is carried out three times, after which the lid shall not be damaged to such an extent that moving parts become accessible.

21.101.2 *A vertically downwards force of 150 N is applied in the most unfavourable position to the door while it is open at an angle of $90^\circ \pm 5^\circ$. The force is maintained for 1 min.*

After the test, the appliance shall not be damaged or deformed to such an extent that compliance with 20.103 to 20.105 is impaired.

21.102 Lids shall have adequate resistance to distortion.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

A force of 50 N is applied to the open lid in the most unfavourable direction and position.

The test is carried out three times, after which the hinges shall not have worked loose and the appliance shall not be damaged or deformed to such an extent that compliance with 20.103 to 20.105 is impaired.

22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.6 *Modification to the requirement:*

The requirement relating to leakage from containers, hoses, couplings and similar parts of the appliance is not applicable to parts that withstand the ageing test specified in Annex BB.

Modification to the test specification:

Instead of coloured water, a solution composed of 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water is used.

22.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that when the water level is above the lower edge of the door opening, it shall not be possible to open the door by a simple action while the appliance is operating. This requirement is not applicable to appliances fitted with interlocked doors or doors that are opened by means of a key or by two separate actions, such as pushing and turning.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit** and the appliance is capable of providing a wash water temperature of 60 °C or higher or is marked as having a wash water temperature of 60 °C or higher, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

It shall not be possible to open the lid or door by a simple action.

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

22.102 Appliances shall be constructed so that textile material cannot come into contact with heating elements.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.103 Appliances shall be constructed so that, during normal use, filter compartments cannot be opened by a simple action ~~if this results in an outflow of water having a temperature exceeding 50 °C~~. This requirement is not applicable to appliances intended for connection to the cold water supply only and without means to heat the water or to appliances fitted with filter compartment covers that are

- interlocked;
- opened by means of a key;
- opened by two separate actions such as pushing and turning; or
- opened by rotating by more than 180°.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test. ~~If the filter compartment can be opened, any flow of water shall not exceed 0,5 l/min.~~

22.104 Lid and door interlocks required for compliance with Clause 20 shall be constructed so that they are unlikely to be forced open in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The lid or door is opened as in normal use and the force applied to the handle, or actuating means of the release mechanism, is measured.

*The lid and door is closed. The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated for a sufficient period for the interlock to be energized. An attempt is then made to open the lid or door as in normal use. The force applied is gradually increased to five times the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N, over a period of 5 s.*

The test is carried out 300 times at a rate of approximately six times per minute.

The force is then increased to 10 times the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N. It shall not be possible to open the lid or door.

NOTE Damage to handles is ignored.

22.105 Any mechanical release mechanism intended to open the loading door after a failure shall only be accessible by using a **tool**.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.106 Steam generators shall be vented to the atmosphere. The aperture shall be at least 5 mm in diameter or at least 20 mm² in area with a minimum dimension of 3 mm.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

22.107 Appliances with **steam generators** shall be constructed in such a way that there is no spillage of water or sudden jets of steam or hot water likely to expose the user to a hazard when the appliance is used in accordance with the instructions.

If jets of steam or liquids are emitted through protective devices, the electrical insulation shall not be affected or the user exposed to a hazard.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by inspection during the tests of Clause 11 and Clause 19.

22.108 For appliances that are controlled by programmable **electronic circuits** that limit the number of heating elements and motors from being energised at the same time, simultaneous activation of any combination of heating elements and motors shall not render the appliance unsafe.

Compliance is checked as follows:

- *the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 are applied and evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R; or*
- *the appliance is operated under the conditions of Clause 11 while being supplied at rated voltage, the programmable electronic circuits being modified to allow simultaneous activation of all heaters and motors under their control. Under these conditions, compliance with 19.13 shall be fulfilled.*

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

23.101 The insulation and sheath of internal wiring for the supply of magnetic valves and similar components incorporated in external hoses for connection to the water mains shall be at least equivalent to the electrical characteristics of light polyvinyl chloride sheathed flexible cord (code designation 60227 IEC 52).

Compliance is checked by the appropriate tests.

24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

24.1.4 Addition:

The number of cycles of operation for programmers is 3 000.

*For lid or door interlocks, the number of cycles of operation declared for Subclauses 6.10 and 6.11 of IEC 60730-2-12:2015 shall not be less than 6 000. For washing machines that include a drying function, the minimum number of cycles of operation is increased to 9 000. If the interlock operates more than once during **normal operation**, the minimum number of cycles of operation is increased accordingly.*

24.101 Thermal cut-outs incorporated in washing machines for compliance with 19.4 shall not be **self-resetting thermal cut-outs**.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3, and the insulation shall have a CTI not less than 250, unless the insulation is enclosed or located so that it is unlikely to be exposed to pollution during normal use of the appliance due to

- condensation produced by the appliance;
- chemicals, such as detergent or fabric conditioner.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

30.2 Addition:

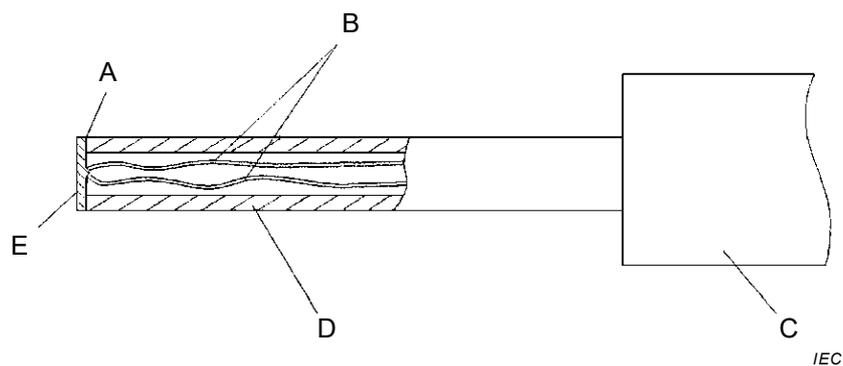
For washing machines incorporating a programmer or a timer, 30.2.3 is applicable. For other washing machines, 30.2.2 is applicable.

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



Key

- A adhesive
- B thermocouple wires 0,3 mm diameter to IEC 60584-1 Type K (chrome alumel)
- C handle arrangement permitting a contact force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$
- D polycarbonate tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm
- E tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick with flat contact face

Figure 101 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures

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Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

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Annex R (normative)

Software evaluation

R.2.2.5 *Modification:*

For **programmable electronic circuits** with functions requiring software incorporating measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1, detection of a fault/error shall occur before compliance with Clauses 19, 20.104, 20.105, 22.101 and 22.108 is impaired.

R.2.2.9 *Modification:*

The software and safety-related hardware under its control shall be initialized and shall terminate before compliance with Clauses 19, 20.104, 20.105, 22.101 and 22.108 is impaired.

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Annex AA (normative)

Detergent ~~and rinsing agent~~

AA.1 ~~Detergent~~

The detergent specified in the instructions may be used, but if there is any doubt with regards to the test results, the composition of the detergent shall be as follows:

| Substance | Parts by mass % |
|--|--------------------|
| Linear sodium alkyl benzene sulphonate (mean length of alkane chain C _{11,5}) | 6,4 |
| Ethoxylated tallow alcohol (14 EO) | 2,3 |
| Sodium soap (chain length C _{12 to 16} : 13 % to 26 % and C _{18 to 22} : 74 % to 87 %) | 2,8 |
| Sodium tripolyphosphate | 35,0 |
| Sodium silicate (SiO ₂ : 76,75 % and Na ₂ O: 23,25 %) | 6,0 |
| Magnesium silicate | 1,5 |
| Carboxy methyl cellulose | 1,0 |
| Ethylenediamine tetra-acetic-sodium-salt | 0,2 |
| Optical whitener for cotton (dimorpholinostilbene type) | 0,2 |
| Sodium sulphate (as accompanying substance or added) | 16,8 |
| Water | 7,8 |
| Sodium perborate tetrahydrate (supplied separately) | 20,0 |

NOTE The composition of the detergent is extracted from IEC 60456:1994².

AA.2 ~~Rinsing agent~~

~~Any commercially available rinsing agent may be used, but if there is any doubt with regards to the test results, the composition of the rinsing agent shall be as follows:~~

| Substance | Parts by mass % |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Plurafac LF 221 ³⁾ | 15,0 |
| Cumene sulfonate (40 % solution) | 11,5 |
| Citric acid (anhydrous) | 3,0 |
| Deionized water | 70,5 |

² Withdrawn.

³⁾ Plurafac LF 221 is the trade name of a product supplied by BASF. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of this product.

~~The rinsing agent with the above composition has the following properties:~~

~~– viscosity, 17 mPa.s;~~

~~– pH, 2,2 (1 % in water).~~

~~NOTE The composition of the rinsing agent is extracted from IEC 60436.~~

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Annex BB (normative)

Ageing test for elastomeric parts

The ageing test on elastomeric parts is carried out by measuring their hardness and mass before and after immersion in ~~a~~ solutions of detergent and rinsing agent at elevated temperature.

The test is carried out on at least three samples of each part. The ~~samples and~~ test procedure ~~are~~ is as specified in ISO 1817, with the following modifications.

45 Test liquids

Two test liquids are used:

- ~~the~~ one liquid is obtained by dissolving 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water;
- the other liquid is composed of 0,6 ml of rinsing agent as specified in 15.2 per litre of distilled water.

Care is to be taken to ensure that the total mass of the test pieces immersed ~~shall~~ does not exceed 100 g for each litre of solution, that the test pieces are completely immersed ~~with~~ and that their entire surface is freely exposed to the solution. During the tests, the test pieces ~~shall~~ are not to be exposed to direct light. Test pieces of different compounds ~~shall~~ are not to be immersed at the same time in the same solution.

56 Test pieces

56.4 Conditioning

The temperature is $23\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ and the relative humidity is $(50 \pm 5)\%$.

67 Immersion in the test liquid

67.1 Temperature

The solution is heated within 1 h with the test pieces immersed, to a temperature of 75^{+5}_0 °C and maintained at this value. The solution is renewed every 24 h and heated in the same way.

NOTE. To avoid undue evaporation of the solution, ~~it is recommended to use~~ a closed-circuit system or similar method can be used for renewing the solution.

67.2 Duration

The test pieces are immersed for a total period of 48^{+1}_0 h .

The test pieces are then immediately immersed in a fresh solution which is maintained at ambient temperature. The pieces are immersed for $45\text{ min} \pm 15\text{ min}$.

After having been removed from the solution, the test pieces are rinsed in cold water at $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ and then dried with blotting paper.

78 Procedure

78.2 Change in mass

The increase in mass of the test pieces shall not exceed 10 % of the value determined before immersion.

78.6 Change in hardness

The micro-test for hardness applies.

The hardness of the test pieces shall not have changed by more than 8 IRHD. Their surface shall not have become sticky and shall show no crack visible to the naked eye or any other deterioration.

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Annex CC (normative)

Detergent free electrolyser washing machines

The following modifications to this standard are applicable to washing machines for household and similar use that incorporate an electrolytic process employing an electrolyte instead of detergent.

NOTE Additional subclauses and notes in this annex are numbered starting with 201.

CC.2 Normative references

Addition:

IEC 60068-2-52:1996, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Kb: Salt mist, cyclic (sodium, chloride solution)*

IEC 60079-15, ~~Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres – Part 15: Construction, test and marking of type of protection “n” electrical apparatus~~ *Explosive atmospheres – Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection “n”*

CC.3 Terms and definitions

3.1.9 *Addition:*

Appliances employing an electrolyte added by the user shall be filled with the amount and type of electrolyte specified in the instructions.

CC.7 Marking and instructions

7.12 *Addition:*

The instructions for appliances intended to be filled with electrolyte by the user shall contain details of the electrolyte to be used and the substance of the following:

In order to avoid hazards, use only the electrolyte specified.

NOTE 201 Details of the electrolyte to be used ~~may~~ can be given, for example, in terms of a generic name or a manufacturer's part number.

7.12.1 *Addition:*

The ~~installation~~ instructions shall state that the appliance shall be installed so that there is a distance of at least 200 mm between the appliance enclosure and external heat sources, such as appliances containing heating elements.

CC.15 Moisture resistance

15.2 *Replace the third and fourth paragraphs of the compliance in the replacement by the following:*

Appliances are operated under the conditions of Clause 11 but without a clothes load. When the maximum water level is reached, the inlet valve is held open and the filling is continued for 15 min after first evidence of overflow or until the inflow is automatically stopped by other means.

15.101 Not applicable.

CC.19 Abnormal operation

CC.19.201 Appliances shall be constructed so that foaming does not affect electrical insulation.

Compliance is checked by the following test that is carried out immediately after 15.2.

Detergent having a composition as specified in Annex AA is added, the quantity of detergent being twice the quantity of electrolyte necessary for normal washing. The appliance is then operated under the conditions specified in Clause 11 but for one complete cycle with the programme that results in the longest period of operation.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3.

CC.22 Construction

22.6 *Modification:*

~~*Instead of coloured water, a coloured solution from the electrolysed portion of the wash water is used.*~~

Instead of coloured water, a solution composed of 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water is used.

Add the following subclause:

22.17 *Addition:*

Spacers intended to prevent the electrolyser aperture being blocked by walls shall be fixed so that it is not possible to remove them from the outside of the appliance by hand or by means of a screwdriver or a spanner.

CC.22.201 Appliances fitted with an electrolyser, consisting of cathodic and anodic chambers separated by an electrolytic separator, shall be constructed so that the electrolyser is always open to the atmosphere through an aperture of at least 5 mm in diameter, or 20 mm² in area with a width of at least 3 mm. The aperture shall be located so that it is unlikely to be obstructed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

CC.22.202 During normal use of the appliance, the chemical reaction in the electrolyser shall not produce hydrogen gas that is released in hazardous amounts into areas

- where electrical components that produce arcs and sparks during **normal operation** or abnormal operation are mounted, unless these components have been tested and found at least to comply with IEC 60079-15 for group IIC gases; or
- that contain surfaces with a temperature exceeding 460 °C during **normal operation** or abnormal operation and that may be exposed to the released hydrogen gas.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by measuring the temperature of the relevant surfaces during **normal operation** and abnormal operation and by the following test.

The appliance is operated for one cycle under conditions of **normal operation**.

The concentration of hydrogen gas in the relevant areas is measured continuously for one wash cycle from the beginning of the test until the end of the cycle. The background hydrogen concentration measured prior to the test is subtracted from the maximum concentration measured during the test.

Instruments used for monitoring gas concentration, such as those that use infrared sensing techniques, shall have a fast response, typically 2 s to 3 s and shall not unduly influence the result of the test.

If gas chromatography is used, the gas sampling in confined areas shall occur at a rate not exceeding 2 ml every 30 s.

The measured value shall not exceed 50 % of the lower flammability limit (LFL) of hydrogen.

NOTE 1 The LFL of hydrogen gas is 4 % V/V of air.

~~NOTE 2 Instruments used for monitoring gas concentration, such as those that use infrared sensing techniques, should have a fast response, typically 2 s to 3 s and should not unduly influence the result of the test.~~

~~NOTE 3 If gas chromatography is used, the gas sampling in confined areas should occur at a rate not exceeding 2 ml every 30 s.~~

NOTE 42 Other instruments are not precluded from being used provided that they do not unduly influence the results.

CC.22.203 During normal use of the appliance, the chemical reaction in the electrolyser shall not produce wash water that causes corrosion due to the pH value of the wash water.

Compliance is checked by the salt mist test of IEC 60068-2-52, severity 2 being applicable. The pH value of the solution used shall be approximately equal to that of the wash water as measured during normal use of the appliance.

Before the test, enclosures having a coating are scratched by means of a hardened steel pin, the end of which has the form of a cone with a top angle of 40°. Its tip is rounded with a radius of 0,25 mm ± 0,02 mm. The pin is loaded so that the force exerted along its axis is 10 N ± 0,5 N. The pin is held at an angle of 80° to 85° to the horizontal and scratches are made by drawing the pin along the surface of the coating at a speed of approximately 20 mm/s. Five scratches are made at least 5 mm apart and at least 5 mm from the edges.

After the test, the appliance shall not have deteriorated to such an extent that compliance with this standard, in particular with Clauses 8 and 27, is impaired. The coating shall not be broken and shall not have loosened from the surface.

CC.29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

29.2 Modification:

In the second dashed item of the addition, replace “detergent” by “electrolyte”.

CC.32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

Addition:

The ozone concentration produced by the chemical reactions in the electrolyser shall not be excessive.

Compliance is checked by the following test, which is carried out in a room without openings having dimensions of 2,5 m × 3,5 m × 3,0 m, the walls being covered with polyethylene sheet.

*The room is maintained at approximately 25 °C and 50 % relative humidity. The appliance is positioned in accordance with the instructions and then operated for one cycle under conditions of **normal operation**.*

The ozone sampling tube is to be located 10 mm from the gas outlet aperture specified in CC.22.201. The background ozone concentration measured prior to the test is subtracted from the maximum concentration measured during the test.

The percentage of ozone in the room shall not exceed 5×10^{-6} .

Annex BB

Modification:

Instead of the solution containing detergent, a solution of the electrolysed portion of the wash water obtained under the conditions of Clause 11 is used.

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Annex DD (informative)

Washing machines incorporating a power driven wringer

The following modifications to this standard are applicable to washing machines for household and similar use that incorporate a power driven wringer.

NOTE Additional subclauses and notes in this annex are numbered starting with 201.

DD.7 Marking and instructions

7.1 Addition:

The safety release mechanism of power-driven wringers shall be marked to indicate its method of operation, unless its operating means has to be continuously actuated by the user.

~~NOTE 201—This marking may be near the mechanism.~~

7.12 Addition:

The instructions for washing machines incorporating a power-driven wringer shall draw attention to the potential hazards involved when operating the wringer and shall state that

- the wringer must be disengaged or switched off when not in use;
- the appliance must not be operated by children.

DD.11 Heating

11.7 Addition:

The appliance is operated for three cycles, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles. Each cycle consists of washing followed by wringing.

The duration of each wringing period is 8 min. The wringer is loaded by passing a board through the rollers once a minute, the roller pressure being adjusted to the maximum value. The board is approximately 20 mm thick and 800 mm long, its width being at least equal to three-quarters of the effective length of the rollers. The board is uniformly tapered at each end down to a thickness of approximately 3 mm, over a distance of 200 mm.

DD.19 Abnormal operation

19.7 Addition:

Moving parts of a wringer are locked even if a trip bar prevents rotation of the rollers.

DD.20 Stability and mechanical hazards

~~Add the following:~~

DD.20.201 Power-driven wringers shall be constructed so that the pressure between the rollers has to be maintained by the user, unless a readily accessible safety release or other means of protection is incorporated.

The release mechanism shall operate easily without violent ejection of any part and shall release pressure on the rollers immediately. The rollers shall separate either by at least 45 mm at both ends or by at least 25 mm at one end and 75 mm at the other.

The safety release shall be operable by a person standing in any normal working position relative to the wringer, even if the fingers of both hands are trapped between the rollers.

Power-driven wringers shall be constructed to prevent fingers being squeezed between a roller and the frame.

Power-driven wringers shall be controlled by an easily accessible switch.

NOTE The switch controlling the washing machine ~~may~~ can also control the wringer.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by measurement, by manual test and by the following test.

The pressure between the rollers is adjusted to its maximum value. The board described in 11.7 is passed between the rollers and the wringer is stopped when the board is approximately halfway through. A force is gradually applied to the operating means of the safety release. The release shall operate before the force exceeds 70 N.

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Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-4, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-4: Particular requirements for spin extractors*

IEC 60335-2-11, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-11: Particular requirements for tumble dryers*

IEC 60436, *Electric dishwashers for household use – Methods for measuring the performance*

IEC 60456:1994, *Electric clothes washing machines for household use – Methods for measuring the performance*⁴

ISO 10472-2, *Safety requirements for industrial laundry machinery – Part 2: Washing machines and washer-extractors*

~~ISO 13732-1, *Ergonomics of the thermal environment – Methods for the assessment of human responses to contact with surfaces – Part 1: Hot surfaces*~~

⁴ Withdrawn.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines**

**Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité –
Partie 2-7: Exigences particulières pour les machines à laver le linge**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60335-2-7 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This eighth edition cancels and replaces the seventh edition published in 2008, Amendment 1: 2011 and Amendment 2:2016. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- requirements for steam generators in 3.1.9, 3.6.101, 19.101, 22.106, 22.107;
- additional definitions for washing machine types in 3.5.101, 3.5.102, 3.5.103;
- revised temperature limits for external accessible surfaces in 11.3 and 11.8;
- revised test procedure for the spillage test in 15.2;

- additional requirements for appliances that are controlled by programmable electronic circuits that limit the number of heating elements and motors from being energised at the same time, Subclause 22.108.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting |
|--------------|------------------|
| 61/5798/FDIS | 61/5839/RVD |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60335 series, under the general title: *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fifth edition (2010) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for washing machines.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications*: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 3.1.9: Different size cloths are used. The initial water temperature for machines without heating elements and without a wringer is 71 °C (USA).
- 6.2: IPX0 appliances are allowed (USA).
- 11.7: The test durations are different (USA).
- 15.101: The test is different (USA).
- 19.7: Appliances without a programmer are operated until steady conditions are established (USA).
- 19.101: A redundant set of contacts is not required (USA).
- 22.6: The test is different (USA).
- 22.101: The test is different (USA).
- Annex AA: The detergent and rinsing agent are different (USA).
- Annex BB: Different tests are carried out (USA).

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INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-7: Particular requirements for washing machines

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use, that are intended for washing clothes and textiles, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances and 480 V for other appliances.

This standard also deals with the safety of electric washing machines for household and similar use employing an electrolyte instead of detergent. Additional requirements for these appliances are given in Annex CC.

NOTE 101 Guidance is given in Annex DD for requirements that can be used to ensure an acceptable level of protection against electrical and thermal hazards for washing machines fitted with a power driven wringer.

Appliances not intended for normal household use but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

NOTE 102 Examples of such appliances are washing machines for communal use in blocks of flats or in laundrettes.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by washing machines that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

- persons (including children) whose
 - physical, sensory or mental capabilities; or
 - lack of experience and knowledgeprevents them from using the appliance safely without supervision or instruction;
- children playing with the appliance.

NOTE 103 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for washing machines intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

NOTE 104 This standard does not apply to

- washing machines intended exclusively for industrial purposes (ISO 10472-2);
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- washing machines incorporating steam generating devices in which steam is produced at a pressure exceeding 50 kPa.

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances*

IEC 60730-2-12:2015, *Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use – Part 2: Particular requirements for electrically operated door locks*

ISO 1817:2015, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic – Determination of the effect of liquids*

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1 Definitions relating to physical characteristics

Replacement:

3.1.9

normal operation

operation of the appliance under the following conditions.

The appliance is filled with dry textile material having a mass equal to the maximum mass stated in the instructions, and with the maximum quantity of water for which it is constructed. However, if the power input or current is higher when only 50 % of the textile material is used, the appliance is operated with this load instead if this gives more unfavourable conditions than the full load during the test of Clause 11.

Note 101 to entry: For some appliances incorporating a programmer, using the 50 % reduced load may result in automatic selection of a reduced wash programme.

The temperature of the water is

- $65\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ for appliances without heating elements;
- $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ for appliances without heating elements and intended for connection to the cold water supply only;
- $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ for other appliances.

If the appliance does not incorporate a programmer, the water is heated to $90\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ or as high as the construction will allow if lower, before starting the first washing period.

The textile material consists of pre-washed double-hemmed cotton sheets having dimensions approximately $700\text{ mm} \times 700\text{ mm}$ and a specific mass between 140 g/m^2 and 175 g/m^2 in the dry condition.

For **impeller washing machines**, if the textile material does not move properly during operation,

- the quantity of textile material may be reduced until the maximum power input of the motor is attained; or
- a textile material comprising pre-washed double-hemmed cotton sheets, having dimensions of approximately $900\text{ mm} \times 900\text{ mm}$ and a mass between 90 g/m^2 and 110 g/m^2 in the dry condition, may be used.

However, for **impeller washing machines**, in case of doubt, the test is carried out using the reduced quantity of textile material.

A **steam generator** intended to be filled by hand is filled according to the instructions, water being added to maintain the steam generation.

A **steam generator** intended to be filled automatically is connected to the water mains.

3.5 Definitions relating to types of appliances

3.5.101

agitator washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are substantially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by a device moving about or along its vertical axis with a reciprocating motion (an agitator)

Note 1 to entry: This device usually extends above the maximum water level.

3.5.102

impeller washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are substantially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by a device rotating about its axis continuously or which reverses after a number of revolutions (an impeller)

Note 1 to entry: The uppermost point of this device is substantially below the minimum water level.

3.5.103

drum washing machine

washing machine in which the textiles are placed in either a horizontal drum or a drum that is inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal and the textile is partially immersed in the washing water, the mechanical action being produced by rotation of the drum about its axis, the movement being either continuous or periodically reversed

3.6 Definitions relating to parts of an appliance

3.6.101

steam generator

device in which steam is produced at a pressure not exceeding 50 kPa and in which the pressure drops to atmospheric pressure when the steam is not supplied

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.2 Addition:

The relevant tests of 21.101, 21.102 and 22.104 shall be carried out on the same appliance as that used for the test of Clause 18.

5.3 Addition:

The test of 15.101 is carried out before the test of 15.3.

The relevant tests of 21.101 and 21.102 are carried out before the test of Clause 18. The test of 22.104 is carried out after the test of Clause 18.

5.7 Addition:

Doubt is considered to exist if the temperature of the water is within 6 K of the boiling point and the difference between the temperature rise of the relevant part and the limit specified does not exceed 25 K minus the room temperature.

6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 Modification:

Appliances shall be of **class I**, **class II** or **class III**.

6.2 Addition:

Appliances shall be at least IPX4.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 Addition:

Appliances without automatic water level control shall be marked with the maximum water level.

Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements shall be marked with the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Do not connect to the hot water supply.

7.10 Addition:

If the **off position** is only indicated by letters, the word "off" shall be used.

7.12 Addition:

The instructions shall specify the maximum mass of dry cloth in kilograms to be used in the appliance.

The instructions shall include the substance of the following:

This appliance is intended to be used in household and similar applications such as:

- staff kitchen areas in shops, offices and other working environments;
- farm houses;
- by clients in hotels, motels and other residential type environments;
- bed and breakfast type environments;
- areas for communal use in blocks of flats or in launderettes.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this shall be clearly stated in the instructions.

7.12.1 Addition:

For washing machines having ventilation openings in the base, the installation instructions shall state that the openings must not be obstructed by a carpet.

7.15 Addition:

The caution relating to connection to the hot water supply shall be on the appliance at its point of attachment to the water supply.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

10.1 Addition:

The selected representative period is the period, such as filling with water, washing, rinsing, water extraction, spinning or braking, during which the power input is the highest.

10.2 Addition:

The selected representative period is the period, such as filling with water, washing, rinsing, water extraction, spinning or braking, during which the current is the highest.

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.3 Addition:

*Where the external **accessible surfaces** are suitably flat and access permits, then the test probe of Figure 101 may be used to measure the temperature rises of external **accessible surfaces** specified in Table 101. The probe is applied with a force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$ to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. The measurement is performed after a contact period of 30 s.*

The probe may be held in place using a laboratory stand clamp or similar device. Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

11.7 Replacement:

Appliances incorporating a programmer are operated for three cycles with the programme that results in highest temperature rises, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles.

Other appliances are operated for three cycles, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles. Each cycle consists of the following operations:

- for appliances without means for water extraction and for washing machines with a hand-operated wringer, washing;
- for appliances having a single drum for washing and water extraction, washing followed by water extraction;
- for appliances having separate drums for washing and water extraction that cannot be used simultaneously, washing and water extraction separated by an additional 4 min rest period;
- for appliances having separate drums for washing and water extraction that can be used simultaneously, washing together with water extraction so that the operations terminate simultaneously;
- for appliances having a single drum for washing, water extraction and drying
 - that allow the same quantity of textile material to be washed and dried in the drum, washing followed by water extraction, followed by drying;
 - that, according to the instructions, only allow a portion of the washed textile material to be dried in the drum, washing followed by water extraction followed by two drying periods, with an additional rest period of 4 min before each drying period. In this case only two cycles of operation are carried out.

For appliances incorporating a timer, the washing period, the water extraction period and the drying period are equal to the maximum period allowed by the timer.

For appliances without a timer,

- the washing period has a duration of
 - 6 min, for **impeller washing machines**;
 - 18 min, for **agitator washing machines**;
 - 25 min for **drum washing machines** unless a longer period is stated in the instructions;
- the water extraction period has a duration of 5 min.

The rest period, including any braking time, has a duration of 4 min.

After the specified sequence of operation, discharge pumps that are driven by a separate motor and switched on and off manually, are subjected to three operating periods separated by rest periods of 4 min. Each operating period is equal to 1,5 times the period necessary to empty the appliance when filled to the maximum normal water level. The outlet of the water discharge pipe is 900 mm above the floor.

11.8 Addition:

During the test, the temperature rises are monitored continuously for one cycle and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 101.

**Table 101 – Maximum temperature rises
for external accessible surfaces under normal operating conditions**

| Surface | Temperature rise of external accessible surfaces ^a K | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | Surfaces of appliances situated not more than 850 mm above the floor after installation | | Surfaces situated more than 850 mm above the floor after installation ^b |
| | Front surfaces | Other surfaces ^b | |
| Bare metal | 38 | 42 | 42 |
| Coated metal ^c | 42 | 49 | 49 |
| Glass and ceramic | 51 | 56 | 56 |
| Plastic and plastic coating > 0,4 mm ^{d, e} | 58 | 62 | 62 |

^a Temperature rises are not measured on

- the underside of appliances intended to be used on a working surface or floor, where these surfaces are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end, applied with a force not exceeding 1 N,
- the rear surface of appliances which, according to the instructions, shall be placed against a wall and where these surfaces are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end, applied with a force not exceeding 1 N,
- hot water supply fittings and hoses,
- surfaces within 25 mm from air outlets values can be increased by 10 K.

^b If these values are exceeded, the test is allowed to be repeated with the appliance moved away from the test corner wall. The test is repeated for 1 cycle.

^c Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 90 µm made by enamel or non-substantially plastic coating is used.

^d The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm.

^e When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,4 mm, the temperature rise limits of coated metal for underlying metal apply or the temperature rise limits for glass or ceramic material for underlying glass or ceramic material apply.

12 Void

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13.2 Modification:

For stationary class I appliances, the leakage current shall not exceed 3,5 mA, or 1 mA/kW of rated power input with a limit of 5 mA, whichever is greater.

14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

15.2 Replacement:

Appliances shall be constructed so that spillage of liquid in normal use does not affect their electrical insulation even if an inlet valve fails to close.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*Appliances with **type X attachment**, except those having a specially prepared cord, are fitted with the lightest permissible type of flexible cord of the smallest cross-sectional area specified in Table 13.*

Appliances intended to be filled with water by the user are completely filled with water containing approximately 1 % NaCl. A further quantity of this solution equal to 15 % of the capacity of the appliance or 0,25 l, whichever is greater, is poured in steadily over a period of 1 min.

Other appliances are operated until the maximum water level is reached, and 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA is added for each litre of water in the appliance. Each inlet valve is held open and the filling is continued for 15 min after first evidence of overflow or until the inflow is automatically stopped by other means. The appropriate tests being applied one at a time to each inlet valve.

For appliances that are loaded from the front, the door is then opened if this can be achieved manually and without damage to the door interlock system.

For all appliances, 0,5 l of a solution comprising water containing approximately 1 % NaCl and 0,6 % of rinsing agent, is rapidly poured over the top of the appliance so that the spillage solution flows over the surfaces of the appliance that incorporate controls, the controls being placed in the on position. The controls are then operated through their working range, this operation being repeated after a period of 5 min.

Any commercially available non-ionic rinsing agent may be used, but if there is any doubt with regards to the test results, the rinsing agent shall have the following properties:

- viscosity, 17 mPa·s;
- pH, 2,2 (1 % in water)

and its composition shall be

| Substance | Parts by mass % |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Plurafac ® LF 221 ¹ | 15,0 |
| Cumene sulfonate (40 % solution) | 11,5 |
| Citric acid (anhydrous) | 3,0 |
| Deionized water | 70,5 |

*The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3 and inspection shall show that there is no trace of water on insulation that could result in a reduction of **clearances** or **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.*

15.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that foaming does not affect electrical insulation.

¹ Plurafac ® LF 221 is the trade name of a product supplied by BASF. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of this product.

Compliance is checked by the following test that is carried out immediately after that of 15.2.

*The appliance is operated under the conditions specified in Clause 11 but at **rated voltage** for one complete cycle with the programme that results in the longest period of operation. A quantity of detergent necessary to cause foaming is added. The composition of the detergent is specified in Annex AA.*

For appliances incorporating a detergent dispenser, the solution is added manually at the point in the cycle when it would normally be dispensed automatically. For other appliances, the solution is added before starting the cycle.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3.

The appliance is kept in a test room having a normal atmosphere for 24 h before being subjected to the test of 15.3.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

18.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that the lid or door interlock withstands the stresses to which it may be exposed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The lid or door is opened as in normal use and the force applied to the handle, or actuating means of the release mechanism, is measured. The force required to close the lid or door is also measured.

*The lid or door is then subjected to 10 000 cycles of opening and closing. For the first 6 000 cycles, the appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated so that the interlock mechanism is energized and de-energized each cycle. For the last 4 000 cycles, the appliance is not connected to the supply mains. For appliances having a drying function, the total number of cycles is increased to 13 000, the first 9 000 cycles being carried out with the interlock mechanism energized and de-energized each cycle.*

*If the interlock complies with IEC 60730-2-12, the appliance is not connected to the supply mains during this test. If the interlock operates more than once during **normal operation**, it is operated for this number of times during each cycle.*

Lids are opened each time by approximately 45° and doors by 90°, the speed of opening being approximately 1,5 m/s. The force applied to open the lid or door is twice the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N.

Doors are closed at a speed of approximately 1,5 m/s, the force applied being five times the measured closing force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N. Lids are allowed to

close under their own weight but if they fail to latch, a force of five times the measured closing force is applied, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N.

After the tests, compliance with the relevant requirements of 20.103 to 20.105 shall not be impaired.

18.102 The braking mechanism of appliances having a lid that can be opened during the water extraction period shall withstand the stresses to which they may be exposed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at 1,06 times **rated voltage** and operated under **normal operation** until the motor has reached its highest speed. The lid is then fully opened. The test is repeated after the drum has been at rest for a period long enough to ensure that the appliance does not attain an excessive temperature.*

The test is carried out 1 000 times, the textile material being re-saturated with water at least every 250 times.

After the test, the appliance shall be fit for further use and compliance with this standard shall not be impaired.

NOTE Forced cooling can be used to prevent excessive temperatures and to shorten the test.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

For appliances incorporating a programmer or a timer, the tests of 19.2 and 19.3 are replaced by the test of 19.101.

The test of 19.7 is not carried out on motors driving moving parts of an oscillating agitator.

Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements are also subjected to the test of 19.102.

19.2 Addition:

Restricted heat dissipation is obtained without water in the appliance or with just sufficient water to cover the heating elements, whichever is the more unfavourable.

19.7 Addition:

Appliances without a programmer or timer are operated for 5 min.

19.9 Addition:

*The running overload test is carried out on appliances that have overload **protective devices** incorporating **electronic circuits** to protect the windings of the drum motor. However, the test is not carried out if the **protective device** senses the winding temperature directly.*

NOTE 101 Measuring winding resistance or winding current is not directly measuring the winding temperature.

The appliance is operated under the conditions of Clause 11 for one cycle. The load is then increased so that the current through the motor windings is raised by 10 %. The appliance is operated again for the same cycle, the supply voltage being maintained at its original value. The load is again increased and the test is repeated until the **protective device** incorporating **the electronic circuit** operates or the motor stalls.

19.13 Addition:

The textile material shall not ignite and shall not show any charring or glowing.

NOTE 101 Light brown colouring of the textile material or slight emission of smoke can be ignored.

During the tests of 19.101 and 19.102, the temperature of windings shall not exceed the values specified in Table 8.

The appliance shall comply with the appropriate requirements of 20.103 to 20.105 if it can still be operated.

19.101 The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated under **normal operation**. Any fault condition or unexpected operation that may be applied in normal use is introduced.

The fault conditions and unexpected operations to be applied are:

- the programmer stopping in any position;
- disconnection and reconnection of one or more phases of the supply during any part of the programme;
- open-circuiting or short-circuiting of components;
- failure of a magnetic valve;
- failure or blocking the mechanical parts of a water-level switch. This fault condition is not applied if
 - the cross-sectional area of the tube supplying the air chamber is greater than 500 mm² with a minimum dimension of 10 mm;
 - the outlet of the chamber is at least 20 mm above the highest water level; and
 - the tube connecting the air chamber to the water-level switch is fixed so that there is no likelihood of bending or pinching;
- puncture of the capillary tube of a **thermostat**;
- the **steam generator** is operating without water.

If operation without water in the appliance is a more unfavourable condition for starting any programme, the tests with that programme are carried out with the water valve closed. This valve is not closed after the programme has started to operate.

NOTE The fault condition with

- the automatic filling device held open is covered by 15.2;
- thermal controls short-circuited is covered by 19.4;
- motor capacitors short-circuited or open-circuited is covered by 19.7;
- the failure of door interlocks is covered by 24.1.4.

19.102 Appliances not intended for connection to the hot water supply and not provided with heating elements are operated under the conditions of Clause 11, except that they are supplied at **rated voltage** and filled with water at a temperature of 65 °C ± 5 °C.

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

20.1 Modification:

*The appliance is empty or filled as specified for **normal operation**, whichever is more unfavourable. Doors and lids are closed and any castors turned to the most unfavourable position.*

20.101 Drum washing machines that are loaded from the top through an opening with a hinged lid shall incorporate an interlock that de-energizes the motor before the lid opening exceeds 50 mm.

If a removable or sliding lid is provided, the motor shall be de-energized as soon as the lid is removed or displaced and it shall not be possible to start the motor unless the lid is in the closed position.

The interlock shall be constructed so that unexpected operation of the appliance is unlikely unless the lid is in the closed position.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by measurement and by the following test.

Test probe B of IEC 61032 is applied in order to try and release any interlock that is needed to comply with the requirement. The interlock shall not release.

20.102 Appliances shall not be adversely affected by an unbalanced load.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The appliance is placed on a horizontal support and a load having a mass of 0,2 kg or 10 % of the maximum mass of the cloth specified in the instructions, whichever is greater, is fixed to the inside wall of the drum half-way along its length.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated during the water extraction period.*

The test is carried out four times, the load being moved each time through an angle of 90° around the wall of the drum.

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated with the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**.*

The appliance shall not overturn and the drum shall not hit other parts except the enclosure. After the test, the appliance shall be fit for further use.

20.103 Drum washing machines that are loaded from the front or from the top, the door or lid shall be interlocked so that the appliance can only be operated when the door or lid is in the closed position.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by manual test and by the following test.

Test probe B of IEC 61032 is applied in order to try and release any interlock that is needed to comply with the requirement. The interlock shall not release.

20.104 It shall not be possible to open the lid or door of the appliance while the drum speed exceeds 60 r/min if the drum has a rotational kinetic energy exceeding 1 500 J, or a maximum peripheral speed exceeding

- 20 m/s, for drums that rotate about the horizontal axis or an axis inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal;
- 40 m/s, for drums that rotate about the vertical axis.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated empty. The force determined during the test of 22.104 with the lid interlocked is applied to the lid or door in an attempt to open it.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

It shall not be possible to open the lid or door while the drum speed exceeds 60 r/min. If the appliance is loaded from the front and the door can be opened, the motor shall be de-energized before the opening exceeds 50 mm.

NOTE The rotational kinetic energy can be calculated from the following formula:

$$E = mv^2/4$$

where

- E* is the rotational kinetic energy, in J;
- m* is the mass of cloth specified in the instructions, in kg;
- v* is the maximum peripheral speed of the drum, in m/s.

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

20.105 Appliances shall have an automatic means for switching off the motor, or for reducing the drum speed to 60 r/min, when the lid or door is opened if the drum has a rotational kinetic energy not exceeding 1 500 J and a peripheral speed not exceeding

- 20 m/s, for drums that rotate about the horizontal axis or an axis inclined up to and including 45° from the horizontal;
- 40 m/s, for drums that rotate about the vertical axis.

NOTE The rotational kinetic energy is calculated in accordance with the formula in 20.104.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated in accordance to 20.1 empty or filled as specified for **normal operation**, whichever is more unfavourable. A force not exceeding 50 N is applied to the lid or door in an attempt to open it, as in normal use.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

If the lid or door opens, the drum speed shall be no higher than 60 r/min within 7 s of opening the lid or door by 50 mm. In addition, if the appliance is loaded from the front, the motor shall become de-energized.

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

20.106 For appliances with a front opening door having an opening dimension exceeding 200 mm, and drum volume exceeding 60 dm³, it shall not be possible to start or recommence the washing cycle until a separate means which controls the movement of the drum is operated manually, even after the door has been opened and closed again.

NOTE The volume of the drum can be calculated by measuring the maximum internal diameter and maximum internal length of the drum.

Compliance is checked by inspection, measurement ignoring any non-metallic seal fitted in the door opening, and by the following test.

*The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage**, and the door is opened and then closed.*

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit**, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 are applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 are applied to the appliance.*

The washing cycle shall not start or recommence.

20.107 For appliances with a front opening door having an opening dimension exceeding 200 mm, and drum volume exceeding 60 dm³, it shall be possible to open from the inside the closed door, when the appliance is not energized or in a standby mode, with a force not exceeding 70 N.

NOTE 1 The volume of the drum can be calculated by measuring the maximum internal diameter and maximum internal length of the drum.

Compliance is checked by measurement, ignoring any non-metallic seal fitted in the door opening, and by applying a force of 70 N perpendicular to the plane of the closed door at a point furthest from the hinges accessible from the inside of the door. If the appliance is supplied with an additional decorative door, the test is carried out with this door closed.

NOTE 2 The force can be applied to the outside of the door.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

21.101 Lids and doors shall have adequate mechanical strength.

Compliance is checked by the test of 21.101.1 for lids and 21.101.2 for doors.

21.101.1 *A rubber hemisphere having a diameter of 70 mm and a hardness between 40 IRHD and 50 IRHD is fixed to a cylinder having a mass of 20 kg and dropped from a height of 100 mm onto the centre of the lid.*

The test is carried out three times, after which the lid shall not be damaged to such an extent that moving parts become accessible.

21.101.2 *A vertically downwards force of 150 N is applied in the most unfavourable position to the door while it is open at an angle of $90^\circ \pm 5^\circ$. The force is maintained for 1 min.*

After the test, the appliance shall not be damaged or deformed to such an extent that compliance with 20.103 to 20.105 is impaired.

21.102 Lids shall have adequate resistance to distortion.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

A force of 50 N is applied to the open lid in the most unfavourable direction and position.

The test is carried out three times, after which the hinges shall not have worked loose and the appliance shall not be damaged or deformed to such an extent that compliance with 20.103 to 20.105 is impaired.

22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.6 *Modification to the requirement:*

The requirement relating to leakage from containers, hoses, couplings and similar parts of the appliance is not applicable to parts that withstand the ageing test specified in Annex BB.

Modification to the test specification:

Instead of coloured water, a solution composed of 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water is used.

22.101 Appliances shall be constructed so that when the water level is above the lower edge of the door opening, it shall not be possible to open the door by a simple action while the appliance is operating. This requirement is not applicable to appliances fitted with interlocked doors or doors that are opened by means of a key or by two separate actions, such as pushing and turning.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

*If compliance relies on the operation of an **electronic circuit** and the appliance is capable of providing a wash water temperature of 60 °C or higher or is marked as having a wash water temperature of 60 °C or higher, the test is repeated under the following conditions applied separately:*

- *the fault conditions in a) to g) of 19.11.2 applied one at a time to the **electronic circuit**;*
- *the electromagnetic phenomena tests of 19.11.4.2 and 19.11.4.5 applied to the appliance.*

It shall not be possible to open the lid or door by a simple action.

*If the **electronic circuit** is programmable, the software shall contain measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 and is evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R.*

22.102 Appliances shall be constructed so that textile material cannot come into contact with heating elements.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.103 Appliances shall be constructed so that, during normal use, filter compartments cannot be opened by a simple action. This requirement is not applicable to appliances intended for connection to the cold water supply only and without means to heat the water or to appliances fitted with filter compartment covers that are

- interlocked;
- opened by means of a key;
- opened by two separate actions such as pushing and turning; or
- opened by rotating by more than 180°.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.104 Lid and door interlocks required for compliance with Clause 20 shall be constructed so that they are unlikely to be forced open in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The lid or door is opened as in normal use and the force applied to the handle, or actuating means of the release mechanism, is measured.

*The lid and door is closed. The appliance is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated for a sufficient period for the interlock to be energized. An attempt is then made to open the lid or door as in normal use. The force applied is gradually increased to five times the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N and a maximum of 200 N, over a period of 5 s.*

The test is carried out 300 times at a rate of approximately six times per minute.

The force is then increased to 10 times the measured opening force, with a minimum of 50 N. It shall not be possible to open the lid or door.

NOTE Damage to handles is ignored.

22.105 Any mechanical release mechanism intended to open the loading door after a failure shall only be accessible by using a **tool**.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.106 Steam generators shall be vented to the atmosphere. The aperture shall be at least 5 mm in diameter or at least 20 mm² in area with a minimum dimension of 3 mm.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

22.107 Appliances with **steam generators** shall be constructed in such a way that there is no spillage of water or sudden jets of steam or hot water likely to expose the user to a hazard when the appliance is used in accordance with the instructions.

If jets of steam or liquids are emitted through protective devices, the electrical insulation shall not be affected or the user exposed to a hazard.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by inspection during the tests of Clause 11 and Clause 19.

22.108 For appliances that are controlled by programmable **electronic circuits** that limit the number of heating elements and motors from being energised at the same time, simultaneous activation of any combination of heating elements and motors shall not render the appliance unsafe.

Compliance is checked as follows:

- *the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1 are applied and evaluated in accordance with the relevant requirements of Annex R; or*
- *the appliance is operated under the conditions of Clause 11 while being supplied at rated voltage, the programmable electronic circuits being modified to allow simultaneous activation of all heaters and motors under their control. Under these conditions, compliance with 19.13 shall be fulfilled.*

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

23.101 The insulation and sheath of internal wiring for the supply of magnetic valves and similar components incorporated in external hoses for connection to the water mains shall be at least equivalent to the electrical characteristics of light polyvinyl chloride sheathed flexible cord (code designation 60227 IEC 52).

Compliance is checked by the appropriate tests.

24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

24.1.4 Addition:

The number of cycles of operation for programmers is 3 000.

*For lid or door interlocks, the number of cycles of operation declared for Subclauses 6.10 and 6.11 of IEC 60730-2-12:2015 shall not be less than 6 000. For washing machines that include a drying function, the minimum number of cycles of operation is increased to 9 000. If the interlock operates more than once during **normal operation**, the minimum number of cycles of operation is increased accordingly.*

24.101 Thermal cut-outs incorporated in washing machines for compliance with 19.4 shall not be **self-resetting thermal cut-outs**.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3, and the insulation shall have a CTI not less than 250, unless the insulation is enclosed or located so that it is unlikely to be exposed to pollution during normal use of the appliance due to

- condensation produced by the appliance;
- chemicals, such as detergent or fabric conditioner.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

30.2 Addition:

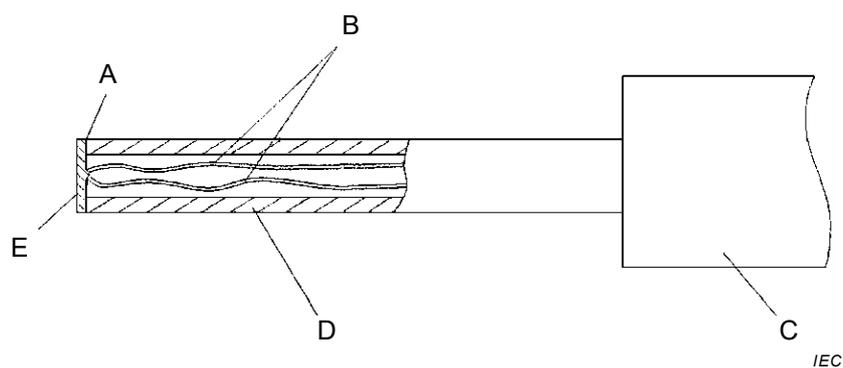
For washing machines incorporating a programmer or a timer, 30.2.3 is applicable. For other washing machines, 30.2.2 is applicable.

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



Key

- A adhesive
- B thermocouple wires 0,3 mm diameter to IEC 60584-1 Type K (chrome alumel)
- C handle arrangement permitting a contact force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$
- D polycarbonate tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm
- E tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick with flat contact face

Figure 101 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures

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Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

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Annex R (normative)

Software evaluation

R.2.2.5 *Modification:*

For **programmable electronic circuits** with functions requiring software incorporating measures to control the fault/error conditions specified in Table R.1, detection of a fault/error shall occur before compliance with Clauses 19, 20.104, 20.105, 22.101 and 22.108 is impaired.

R.2.2.9 *Modification:*

The software and safety-related hardware under its control shall be initialized and shall terminate before compliance with Clauses 19, 20.104, 20.105, 22.101 and 22.108 is impaired.

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Annex AA (normative)

Detergent

The detergent specified in the instructions may be used, but if there is any doubt with regards to the test results, the composition of the detergent shall be as follows:

| Substance | Parts by mass % |
|--|--------------------|
| Linear sodium alkyl benzene sulphonate (mean length of alkane chain C _{11,5}) | 6,4 |
| Ethoxylated tallow alcohol (14 EO) | 2,3 |
| Sodium soap (chain length C _{12 to 16} : 13 % to 26 % and C _{18 to 22} : 74 % to 87 %) | 2,8 |
| Sodium tripolyphosphate | 35,0 |
| Sodium silicate (SiO ₂ : 76,75 % and Na ₂ O: 23,25 %) | 6,0 |
| Magnesium silicate | 1,5 |
| Carboxy methyl cellulose | 1,0 |
| Ethylenediamine tetra-acetic-sodium-salt | 0,2 |
| Optical whitener for cotton (dimorpholinostilbene type) | 0,2 |
| Sodium sulphate (as accompanying substance or added) | 16,8 |
| Water | 7,8 |
| Sodium perborate tetrahydrate (supplied separately) | 20,0 |

NOTE The composition of the detergent is extracted from IEC 60456:1994²

² Withdrawn.

Annex BB (normative)

Ageing test for elastomeric parts

The ageing test on elastomeric parts is carried out by measuring their hardness and mass before and after immersion in solutions of detergent and rinsing agent at elevated temperature.

The test is carried out on at least three samples of each part. The test procedure is as specified in ISO 1817, with the following modifications.

5 Test liquids

Two test liquids are used:

- one liquid is obtained by dissolving 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water;
- the other liquid is composed of 0,6 ml of rinsing agent as specified in 15.2 per litre of distilled water.

Care is to be taken to ensure that the total mass of the test pieces immersed does not exceed 100 g for each litre of solution, that the test pieces are completely immersed and that their entire surface is freely exposed to the solution. During the tests, the test pieces are not to be exposed to direct light. Test pieces of different compounds are not to be immersed at the same time in the same solution.

6 Test pieces

6.4 Conditioning

The temperature is $23\text{ °C} \pm 2\text{ °C}$ and the relative humidity is $(50 \pm 5)\%$.

7 Immersion in the test liquid

7.1 Temperature

The solution is heated within 1 h with the test pieces immersed, to a temperature of 75^{+5}_0 °C and maintained at this value. The solution is renewed every 24 h and heated in the same way.

NOTE To avoid undue evaporation of the solution, a closed-circuit system or similar method can be used for renewing the solution.

7.2 Duration

The test pieces are immersed for a total period of 48^{+1}_0 h .

The test pieces are then immediately immersed in a fresh solution which is maintained at ambient temperature. The pieces are immersed for $45\text{ min} \pm 15\text{ min}$.

After having been removed from the solution, the test pieces are rinsed in cold water at $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ and then dried with blotting paper.

8 Procedure

8.2 Change in mass

The increase in mass of the test pieces shall not exceed 10 % of the value determined before immersion.

8.6 Change in hardness

The micro-test for hardness applies.

The hardness of the test pieces shall not have changed by more than 8 IRHD. Their surface shall not have become sticky and shall show no crack visible to the naked eye or any other deterioration.

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Annex CC (normative)

Detergent free electrolyser washing machines

The following modifications to this standard are applicable to washing machines for household and similar use that incorporate an electrolytic process employing an electrolyte instead of detergent.

NOTE Additional subclauses and notes in this annex are numbered starting with 201.

CC.2 Normative references

Addition:

IEC 60068-2-52, *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Kb: Salt mist, cyclic (sodium, chloride solution)*

IEC 60079-15, *Explosive atmospheres – Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n"*

CC.3 Terms and definitions

3.1.9 *Addition:*

Appliances employing an electrolyte added by the user shall be filled with the amount and type of electrolyte specified in the instructions.

CC.7 Marking and instructions

7.12 *Addition:*

The instructions for appliances intended to be filled with electrolyte by the user shall contain details of the electrolyte to be used and the substance of the following:

In order to avoid hazards, use only the electrolyte specified.

NOTE 201 Details of the electrolyte to be used can be given, for example, in terms of a generic name or a manufacturer's part number.

7.12.1 *Addition:*

The instructions shall state that the appliance shall be installed so that there is a distance of at least 200 mm between the appliance enclosure and external heat sources, such as appliances containing heating elements.

CC.15 Moisture resistance

15.2 *Replace the third and fourth paragraphs of the compliance in the replacement by the following:*

Appliances are operated under the conditions of Clause 11 but without a clothes load. When the maximum water level is reached, the inlet valve is held open and the filling is continued for 15 min after first evidence of overflow or until the inflow is automatically stopped by other means.

15.101 Not applicable.

CC.19 Abnormal operation

CC.19.201 Appliances shall be constructed so that foaming does not affect electrical insulation.

Compliance is checked by the following test that is carried out immediately after 15.2.

Detergent having a composition as specified in Annex AA is added, the quantity of detergent being twice the quantity of electrolyte necessary for normal washing. The appliance is then operated under the conditions specified in Clause 11 but for one complete cycle with the programme that results in the longest period of operation.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3.

CC.22 Construction

22.6 *Modification:*

Instead of coloured water, a solution composed of 5 g of the detergent specified in Annex AA per litre of distilled water is used.

Add the following subclause:

22.17 *Addition:*

Spacers intended to prevent the electrolyser aperture being blocked by walls shall be fixed so that it is not possible to remove them from the outside of the appliance by hand or by means of a screwdriver or a spanner.

CC.22.201 Appliances fitted with an electrolyser, consisting of cathodic and anodic chambers separated by an electrolytic separator, shall be constructed so that the electrolyser is always open to the atmosphere through an aperture of at least 5 mm in diameter, or 20 mm² in area with a width of at least 3 mm. The aperture shall be located so that it is unlikely to be obstructed in normal use.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

CC.22.202 During normal use of the appliance, the chemical reaction in the electrolyser shall not produce hydrogen gas that is released in hazardous amounts into areas

- where electrical components that produce arcs and sparks during **normal operation** or abnormal operation are mounted, unless these components have been tested and found at least to comply with IEC 60079-15 for group IIC gases; or
- that contain surfaces with a temperature exceeding 460 °C during **normal operation** or abnormal operation and that may be exposed to the released hydrogen gas.

*Compliance is checked by inspection, by measuring the temperature of the relevant surfaces during **normal operation** and abnormal operation and by the following test.*

*The appliance is operated for one cycle under conditions of **normal operation**.*

The concentration of hydrogen gas in the relevant areas is measured continuously for one wash cycle from the beginning of the test until the end of the cycle. The background hydrogen concentration measured prior to the test is subtracted from the maximum concentration measured during the test.

Instruments used for monitoring gas concentration, such as those that use infrared sensing techniques, shall have a fast response, typically 2 s to 3 s and shall not unduly influence the result of the test.

If gas chromatography is used, the gas sampling in confined areas shall occur at a rate not exceeding 2 ml every 30 s.

The measured value shall not exceed 50 % of the lower flammability limit (LFL) of hydrogen.

NOTE 1 The LFL of hydrogen gas is 4 % V/V of air.

NOTE 2 Other instruments are not precluded from being used provided that they do not unduly influence the results.

CC.22.203 During normal use of the appliance, the chemical reaction in the electrolyser shall not produce wash water that causes corrosion due to the pH value of the wash water.

Compliance is checked by the salt mist test of IEC 60068-2-52, severity 2 being applicable. The pH value of the solution used shall be approximately equal to that of the wash water as measured during normal use of the appliance.

Before the test, enclosures having a coating are scratched by means of a hardened steel pin, the end of which has the form of a cone with a top angle of 40°. Its tip is rounded with a radius of 0,25 mm ± 0,02 mm. The pin is loaded so that the force exerted along its axis is 10 N ± 0,5 N. The pin is held at an angle of 80° to 85° to the horizontal and scratches are made by drawing the pin along the surface of the coating at a speed of approximately 20 mm/s. Five scratches are made at least 5 mm apart and at least 5 mm from the edges.

After the test, the appliance shall not have deteriorated to such an extent that compliance with this standard, in particular with Clauses 8 and 27, is impaired. The coating shall not be broken and shall not have loosened from the surface.

CC.29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

29.2 Modification:

In the second dashed item of the addition, replace “detergent” by “electrolyte”.

CC.32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

Addition:

The ozone concentration produced by the chemical reactions in the electrolyser shall not be excessive.

Compliance is checked by the following test, which is carried out in a room without openings having dimensions of 2,5 m × 3,5 m × 3,0 m, the walls being covered with polyethylene sheet.

*The room is maintained at approximately 25 °C and 50 % relative humidity. The appliance is positioned in accordance with the instructions and then operated for one cycle under conditions of **normal operation**.*

The ozone sampling tube is to be located 10 mm from the gas outlet aperture specified in CC.22.201. The background ozone concentration measured prior to the test is subtracted from the maximum concentration measured during the test.

The percentage of ozone in the room shall not exceed 5×10^{-6} .

Annex BB

Modification:

Instead of the solution containing detergent, a solution of the electrolysed portion of the wash water obtained under the conditions of Clause 11 is used.

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Annex DD (informative)

Washing machines incorporating a power driven wringer

The following modifications to this standard are applicable to washing machines for household and similar use that incorporate a power driven wringer.

NOTE Additional subclauses and notes in this annex are numbered starting with 201.

DD.7 Marking and instructions

7.1 Addition:

The safety release mechanism of power-driven wringers shall be marked to indicate its method of operation, unless its operating means has to be continuously actuated by the user.

7.12 Addition:

The instructions for washing machines incorporating a power-driven wringer shall draw attention to the potential hazards involved when operating the wringer and shall state that

- the wringer must be disengaged or switched off when not in use;
- the appliance must not be operated by children.

DD.11 Heating

11.7 Addition:

The appliance is operated for three cycles, with a rest period of 4 min between cycles. Each cycle consists of washing followed by wringing.

The duration of each wringing period is 8 min. The wringer is loaded by passing a board through the rollers once a minute, the roller pressure being adjusted to the maximum value. The board is approximately 20 mm thick and 800 mm long, its width being at least equal to three-quarters of the effective length of the rollers. The board is uniformly tapered at each end down to a thickness of approximately 3 mm, over a distance of 200 mm.

DD.19 Abnormal operation

19.7 Addition:

Moving parts of a wringer are locked even if a trip bar prevents rotation of the rollers.

DD.20 Stability and mechanical hazards

DD.20.201 Power-driven wringers shall be constructed so that the pressure between the rollers has to be maintained by the user, unless a readily accessible safety release or other means of protection is incorporated.

The release mechanism shall operate easily without violent ejection of any part and shall release pressure on the rollers immediately. The rollers shall separate either by at least 45 mm at both ends or by at least 25 mm at one end and 75 mm at the other.

The safety release shall be operable by a person standing in any normal working position relative to the wringer, even if the fingers of both hands are trapped between the rollers.

Power-driven wringers shall be constructed to prevent fingers being squeezed between a roller and the frame.

Power-driven wringers shall be controlled by an easily accessible switch.

NOTE The switch controlling the washing machine can also control the wringer.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by measurement, by manual test and by the following test.

The pressure between the rollers is adjusted to its maximum value. The board described in 11.7 is passed between the rollers and the wringer is stopped when the board is approximately halfway through. A force is gradually applied to the operating means of the safety release. The release shall operate before the force exceeds 70 N.

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Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-4, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-4: Particular requirements for spin extractors*

IEC 60335-2-11, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-11: Particular requirements for tumble dryers*

IEC 60436, *Electric dishwashers for household use – Methods for measuring the performance*

IEC 60456:1994, *Electric clothes washing machines for household use – Methods for measuring the performance*³

ISO 10472-2, *Safety requirements for industrial laundry machinery – Part 2: Washing machines and washer-extractors*

³ Withdrawn.

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

**APPAREILS ÉLECTRODOMESTIQUES ET ANALOGUES –
SÉCURITÉ –****Partie 2-7: Exigences particulières pour les machines à laver le linge****AVANT-PROPOS**

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- 9) L'attention est attirée sur le fait que certains des éléments de la présente Publication de l'IEC peuvent faire l'objet de droits de brevet. L'IEC ne saurait être tenue pour responsable de ne pas avoir identifié de tels droits de brevets et de ne pas avoir signalé leur existence.

La présente Norme internationale IEC 60335-2-7 a été établie par le comité d'études 61 de l'IEC: Sécurité des appareils électrodomestiques et analogues.

Cette huitième édition annule et remplace la septième édition parue en 2008, l'Amendement 1:2001 et l'Amendement 2:2016. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- exigences relatives aux générateurs de vapeur, en 3.1.9, 3.6.101, 19.101, 22.106 et 22.107;

- définitions supplémentaires concernant les types de machines à laver le linge, en 3.5.101, 3.5.102 et 3.5.103;
- révision des limites de température pour les surfaces accessibles externes, en 11.3 et 11.8;
- révision de la procédure de l'essai de débordement, en 15.2;
- exigences supplémentaires relatives aux appareils commandés par des circuits électroniques programmables qui limitent le nombre d'éléments chauffants et de moteurs alimentés simultanément, en 22.108.

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

| FDIS | Rapport de vote |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 61/5798/FDIS | 61/5839/RVD |

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à l'approbation de cette Norme internationale.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 60335, publiées sous le titre général: *Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité*, peut être consultée sur le site web de l'IEC.

La présente partie 2 doit être utilisée conjointement avec la dernière édition de l'IEC 60335-1 et ses amendements. Elle a été établie sur la base de la cinquième édition (2010) de cette norme.

NOTE 1 L'expression «Partie 1» utilisée dans la présente norme fait référence à l'IEC 60335-1.

La présente partie 2 complète ou modifie les articles correspondants de l'IEC 60335-1 de façon à transformer cette publication en norme IEC: Exigences de sécurité pour les machines à laver le linge.

Lorsqu'un paragraphe particulier de la Partie 1 n'est pas mentionné dans la présente partie 2, ce paragraphe s'applique pour autant que cela soit raisonnable. Lorsque la présente norme spécifie «addition», «modification» ou «remplacement», le texte correspondant de la Partie 1 doit être adapté en conséquence.

NOTE 2 Le système de numérotation suivant est utilisé:

- paragraphes, tableaux et figures: ceux qui sont numérotés à partir de 101 sont complémentaires à ceux de la Partie 1;
- notes: à l'exception de celles qui sont dans un nouveau paragraphe ou de celles qui concernent des notes de la Partie 1, les notes sont numérotées à partir de 101, y compris celles des articles ou paragraphes qui sont remplacés;
- les annexes supplémentaires sont appelées AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 Les caractères d'imprimerie suivants sont utilisés:

- exigences: caractères romains;
- *modalités d'essais: caractères italiques;*
- notes: petits caractères romains.

Les mots en **gras** dans le texte sont définis à l'Article 3. Lorsqu'une définition concerne un adjectif, l'adjectif et le nom associé figurent également en gras.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé,
- remplacé par une édition révisée, ou
- amendé.

NOTE 4 L'attention des Comités nationaux est attirée sur le fait que les fabricants d'appareils et les organismes d'essai peuvent avoir besoin d'une période transitoire après la publication d'une nouvelle publication IEC, ou d'une publication amendée ou révisée, pour fabriquer des produits conformes aux nouvelles exigences et pour adapter leurs équipements aux nouveaux essais ou aux essais révisés.

Le comité recommande que le contenu de cette publication soit entériné au niveau national au plus tôt 12 mois et au plus tard 36 mois après la date de publication.

Les différences suivantes existent dans les pays indiqués ci-après.

- 3.1.9: Des pièces de linge de dimensions différentes sont utilisées. La température initiale de l'eau pour les machines à laver le linge sans éléments chauffants et sansessoreuse à rouleaux est de 71 °C (USA).
- 6.2: Les appareils IPX0 sont autorisés (USA).
- 11.7: Les durées de l'essai sont différentes (USA).
- 15.101: L'essai est différent (USA).
- 19.7: Les appareils sans programmeur sont mis en fonctionnement jusqu'à établissement des conditions de régime (USA).
- 19.101: Un ensemble supplémentaire de contacts n'est pas exigé (USA).
- 22.6: L'essai est différent (USA).
- 22.101: L'essai est différent (USA).
- Annexe AA: Le détergent et l'agent de rinçage sont différents (USA).
- Annexe BB: Des essais différents sont effectués (USA).

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INTRODUCTION

Il a été considéré en établissant la présente Norme internationale que l'exécution de ses dispositions était confiée à des personnes expérimentées et ayant une qualification appropriée.

La présente norme reconnaît le niveau de protection internationalement accepté contre les dangers électriques, mécaniques, thermiques, liés au feu et au rayonnement des appareils, lorsqu'ils fonctionnent comme en usage normal en tenant compte des instructions du fabricant. Elle couvre également les situations anormales auxquelles on peut s'attendre dans la pratique et prend en considération les phénomènes électromagnétiques qui peuvent affecter le fonctionnement sûr des appareils.

La présente norme tient compte autant que possible des exigences de l'IEC 60364, de façon à rester compatible avec les règles d'installation quand l'appareil est raccordé au réseau d'alimentation. Cependant, des règles nationales d'installation peuvent être différentes.

Si un appareil relevant du domaine d'application de la présente norme comporte également des fonctions qui sont couvertes par une autre partie 2 de l'IEC 60335, la partie 2 correspondante est appliquée à chaque fonction séparément, dans la limite du raisonnable. Si cela est applicable, l'influence d'une fonction sur les autres fonctions est prise en considération.

Lorsqu'une partie 2 ne comporte pas d'exigences complémentaires pour couvrir les dangers traités dans la Partie 1, la Partie 1 s'applique.

NOTE 1 Cela signifie que les comités d'études responsables pour les parties 2 ont déterminé qu'il n'était pas nécessaire de spécifier des exigences particulières pour l'appareil en question en plus des exigences générales.

La présente norme est une norme de famille de produits traitant de la sécurité d'appareils et a préséance sur les normes horizontales et génériques couvrant le même sujet.

NOTE 2 Les normes horizontales et génériques couvrant un danger ne sont pas applicables parce qu'elles ont été prises en considération lorsque les exigences générales et particulières ont été étudiées pour la série de normes IEC 60335. Par exemple, dans le cas des exigences de température de surface pour de nombreux appareils, des normes génériques, comme l'ISO 13732-1 pour les surfaces chaudes, ne sont pas applicables en plus de la Partie 1 ou des parties 2.

Un appareil conforme au texte de la présente norme ne sera pas nécessairement jugé conforme aux principes de sécurité de la norme si, lorsqu'il est examiné et soumis aux essais, il apparaît qu'il présente d'autres caractéristiques qui compromettent le niveau de sécurité visé par ces exigences.

Un appareil utilisant des matériaux ou présentant des modes de construction différents de ceux décrits dans les exigences de la présente norme peut être examiné et soumis aux essais conformément à l'objectif poursuivi par ces exigences et, s'il est jugé pratiquement équivalent, il peut être estimé conforme à la norme.

APPAREILS ÉLECTRODOMESTIQUES ET ANALOGUES – SÉCURITÉ –

Partie 2-7: Exigences particulières pour les machines à laver le linge

1 Domaine d'application

L'article de la Partie 1 est remplacé par l'article ci-après.

La présente Norme internationale traite de la sécurité des machines à laver le linge électriques pour usages domestiques et analogues destinées à laver des vêtements et des textiles, dont la **tension assignée** n'est pas supérieure à 250 V pour les appareils monophasés et à 480 V pour les autres appareils.

La présente norme traite également de la sécurité des machines à laver le linge électriques pour usages domestiques et analogues employant un électrolyte à la place d'un détergent. Les exigences complémentaires pour ces appareils sont données à l'Annexe CC.

NOTE 101 Des recommandations sont données à l'Annexe DD pour les exigences qui peuvent être utilisées pour assurer un niveau acceptable de protection contre les dangers électriques et thermiques pour les machines à laver le linge comportant uneessoreuse à rouleaux entraînés par moteur.

Les appareils qui ne sont pas destinés à un usage domestique normal mais qui peuvent néanmoins constituer une source de danger pour le public, tels les appareils destinés à être utilisés par des utilisateurs non avertis dans des magasins, chez des artisans et dans des fermes, sont compris dans le domaine d'application de la présente norme.

NOTE 102 Les machines à laver le linge mises à la disposition commune des utilisateurs dans des immeubles d'habitation ou dans les laveries automatiques sont des exemples de tels appareils.

Dans la mesure du possible, la présente norme traite des dangers ordinaires présentés par les machines à laver le linge qui sont encourus par tous les individus à l'intérieur et autour de l'habitation. Cependant, la présente norme ne tient pas compte en général

- des personnes (y compris des enfants) dont
 - les capacités physiques, sensorielles ou mentales; ou
 - le manque d'expérience et de connaissanceles empêchent d'utiliser l'appareil en toute sécurité sans surveillance ou instruction;
- de l'utilisation de l'appareil comme jouet par des enfants.

NOTE 103 L'attention est attirée sur le fait que

- pour les machines à laver le linge destinées à être utilisées dans des véhicules ou à bord de navires ou d'avions, des exigences supplémentaires peuvent être nécessaires;
- dans de nombreux pays, des exigences supplémentaires sont spécifiées par les organismes nationaux de la santé, par les organismes nationaux responsables de la protection des travailleurs, par les organismes nationaux responsables de l'alimentation en eau et par des organismes similaires.

NOTE 104 La présente norme ne s'applique pas

- aux machines à laver le linge prévues exclusivement pour des usages industriels (ISO 10472-2);
- aux appareils destinés à être utilisés dans des locaux présentant des conditions particulières, telles que la présence d'une atmosphère corrosive ou explosive (poussière, vapeur ou gaz);
- aux machines à laver le linge équipées de dispositifs générant de la vapeur qui est produite à une pression dépassant 50 kPa.

2 Références normatives

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec l'exception suivante.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Couples thermoélectriques – Partie 1: Spécifications et tolérances en matière de FEM*

IEC 60730-2-12:2015, *Automatic electrical controls – Part 2-12: Particular requirements for electrically operated door locks* (disponible en anglais seulement)

ISO 1817:2015, *Caoutchouc vulcanisé ou thermoplastique – Détermination de l'action des liquides*

3 Termes et définitions

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

3.1 Définitions relatives aux caractéristiques physiques

Remplacement:

3.1.9

conditions de fonctionnement normal

fonctionnement de l'appareil dans les conditions suivantes.

L'appareil est rempli de linge sec dont la masse est égale à la masse maximale spécifiée dans les instructions et de la quantité maximale d'eau pour laquelle il est conçu. Toutefois, si la puissance ou le courant absorbé est supérieur en utilisant seulement 50 % du linge, l'appareil est mis en fonctionnement avec cette dernière charge à la place de celle indiquée plus haut si cela donne des conditions plus défavorables que la pleine charge utilisée pendant l'essai de l'Article 11.

Note 101 à l'article: Pour certains appareils comportant un programmeur, l'utilisation de la charge réduite de 50 % peut entraîner la sélection automatique d'un programme de lavage plus court.

La température de l'eau est de

- $65\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ pour les appareils sans éléments chauffants;
- $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ pour les appareils sans éléments chauffants destinés à être raccordés exclusivement à une alimentation en eau froide;
- $15\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ pour les autres appareils.

Si l'appareil ne comporte pas de programmeur, l'eau est chauffée jusqu'à $90\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ ou jusqu'à la valeur la plus élevée autorisée par sa construction si celle-ci est inférieure, avant de commencer la première période de lavage.

Le linge est constitué de pièces de coton décati à double ourlet, de dimensions approximatives $700\text{ mm} \times 700\text{ mm}$ et de masse spécifique comprise entre 140 g/m^2 et 175 g/m^2 à sec.

Pour les **machines à laver le linge à turbine**, si le linge n'est pas agité correctement pendant le fonctionnement,

- la quantité de linge peut être réduite jusqu'à obtention de la puissance maximale du moteur; ou

- le linge comprenant des pièces de coton décati à double ourlet, de dimensions approximatives 900 mm × 900 mm et de masse comprise entre 90 g/m² et 110 g/m² à sec, peut être utilisé.

Cependant, pour les **machines à laver le linge à turbine**, en cas de doute, l'essai est effectué en utilisant la quantité réduite de linge.

Un **générateur de vapeur** conçu pour être rempli à la main est rempli conformément aux instructions, l'eau étant ajoutée afin de maintenir la production de vapeur.

Un **générateur de vapeur** conçu pour être rempli automatiquement est raccordé au réseau d'alimentation en eau.

3.5 Définitions relatives aux types d'appareils

3.5.101

machine à laver le linge à agitateur

machine à laver le linge dans laquelle le linge est largement immergé dans l'eau de lavage, l'action mécanique étant produite par un dispositif (un agitateur) se déplaçant autour de son axe vertical ou le long de cet axe avec un mouvement de va-et-vient

Note 1 à l'article: Ce dispositif fait généralement saillie au-dessus du niveau maximal de l'eau.

3.5.102

machine à laver le linge à turbine

machine à laver le linge dans laquelle le linge est largement immergé dans l'eau de lavage, l'action mécanique étant produite par un dispositif (une turbine) qui tourne autour de son axe de manière continue, ou qui change de sens de rotation après un certain nombre de tours

Note 1 à l'article: Le point le plus élevé de ce dispositif est nettement inférieur au niveau minimal de l'eau.

3.5.103

machine à laver le linge à tambour

machine à laver le linge dans laquelle le linge est placé dans un tambour horizontal ou un tambour incliné jusqu'à 45° inclus par rapport à l'horizontale et partiellement immergé dans l'eau de lavage, l'action mécanique étant produite par la rotation du tambour autour de son axe, le mouvement étant soit continu, soit inversé de manière périodique

3.6 Définitions relatives aux parties d'un appareil

3.6.101

générateur de vapeur

dispositif dans lequel de la vapeur est produite à une pression inférieure ou égale à 50 kPa et dans lequel la pression est portée à la pression atmosphérique en l'absence de vapeur

4 Exigences générales

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

5 Conditions générales d'essais

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

5.2 Addition:

Les essais appropriés de 21.101, 21.102 et 22.104 doivent être effectués sur le même appareil que celui qui est utilisé pour l'essai de l'Article 18.

5.3 Addition:

L'essai de 15.101 est effectué avant celui de 15.3.

Les essais appropriés de 21.101 et de 21.102 sont effectués avant l'essai de l'Article 18. L'essai décrit en 22.104 est effectué après l'essai de l'Article 18.

5.7 Addition:

Un doute est réputé exister si la température de l'eau se situe dans une plage de 6 K en plus ou en moins par rapport au point d'ébullition et que la différence entre l'échauffement de la partie concernée et la limite spécifiée ne dépasse pas 25 K moins la température ambiante.

6 Classification

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

6.1 Modification:

Les appareils doivent être de la **classe I**, de la **classe II** ou de la **classe III**.

6.2 Addition:

Les appareils doivent être au moins IPX4.

7 Marquage et instructions

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

7.1 Addition:

Les appareils sans dispositif de commande automatique du niveau de l'eau doivent porter l'indication du niveau maximal d'eau.

Les appareils non destinés à être raccordés à une alimentation en eau chaude et sans éléments chauffants doivent porter en substance l'indication suivante:

AVERTISSEMENT: Ne pas raccorder à une alimentation en eau chaude.

7.10 Addition:

Si la **position arrêt** est indiquée uniquement par des lettres, le mot «arrêt» doit être utilisé.

7.12 Addition:

Les instructions doivent indiquer la masse maximale de linge à l'état sec, en kilogrammes, pour laquelle l'appareil est conçu.

Les instructions doivent comporter en substance l'indication suivante:

Cet appareil est conçu pour être utilisé dans des applications domestiques et analogues, telles que:

- dans les coins cuisine du personnel dans les magasins, les bureaux et les autres environnements de travail;
- dans les fermes;
- par les clients d'hôtels, de motels et d'autres environnements de type résidentiel;
- dans les environnements de type chambre d'hôte;
- dans les espaces d'utilisation commune dans des immeubles d'habitation ou dans les laveries automatiques.

Si le fabricant souhaite limiter l'utilisation de l'appareil à moins d'applications que celles susmentionnées, cela doit être clairement indiqué dans les instructions.

7.12.1 Addition:

Pour les machines à laver le linge comportant des ouvertures de ventilation à leur base, les instructions d'installation doivent indiquer que les ouvertures ne doivent pas être obstruées par un tapis.

7.15 Addition:

L'indication relative au raccordement à une alimentation en eau chaude doit être placée sur l'appareil au point de raccordement à l'alimentation en eau.

8 Protection contre l'accès aux parties actives

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

9 Démarrage des appareils à moteur

L'article de la Partie 1 n'est pas applicable.

10 Puissance et courant

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

10.1 Addition:

La période représentative choisie est la période, comme le remplissage d'eau, le lavage, le rinçage, la vidange, l'essorage ou le freinage, pendant laquelle la puissance est la plus élevée.

10.2 Addition:

La période représentative choisie est la période, comme le remplissage d'eau, le lavage, le rinçage, la vidange, l'essorage ou le freinage, pendant laquelle le courant est le plus élevé.

11 Échauffements

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

11.3 Addition:

Lorsque les **surfaces accessibles** externes sont suffisamment planes et permettent un accès adéquat, le calibre d'essai de la Figure 101 peut alors être utilisé pour mesurer les échauffements des **surfaces accessibles** externes spécifiées dans le Tableau 101. Le calibre est appliqué avec une force de $4 \text{ N} \pm 1 \text{ N}$ à la surface de manière à assurer le meilleur contact possible entre le calibre et la surface. Le mesurage est effectué après une durée de contact de 30 s.

Le calibre peut être maintenu en place à l'aide d'un statif à pince ou d'un dispositif similaire. Tous les instruments de mesure donnant les mêmes résultats que le calibre peuvent être utilisés.

11.7 Remplacement:

Les appareils comportant un programmeur sont mis en fonctionnement pendant trois cycles suivant le programme qui donne les échauffements les plus élevés avec une période de repos de 4 min entre les cycles.

Les autres appareils sont mis en fonctionnement pendant trois cycles avec une période de repos de 4 min entre les cycles. Chaque cycle comporte les opérations suivantes:

- pour les appareils sans dispositif d'essorage et pour les appareils comportant uneessoreuse à rouleaux actionnés à la main, lavage;
- pour les appareils comportant un seul tambour pour le lavage et l'essorage, lavage suivi d'essorage;
- pour les appareils comportant des tambours séparés pour le lavage et l'essorage qui ne peuvent pas être utilisés simultanément, lavage et essorage séparés par une période de repos supplémentaire de 4 min;
- pour les appareils comportant des tambours séparés pour le lavage et l'essorage qui peuvent être utilisés simultanément, lavage et essorage de manière à ce que les deux opérations se terminent simultanément;
- pour les appareils comportant un seul tambour pour le lavage, l'essorage et le séchage
 - et qui permettent le lavage et le séchage de la même quantité de linge dans le tambour, lavage suivi d'un essorage, suivi du séchage;
 - et qui, suivant les instructions, ne permettent de sécher dans le tambour qu'une partie du linge lavé, lavage suivi d'un essorage puis de deux périodes de séchage, avec une période de repos supplémentaire de 4 min avant chaque période de séchage. Dans ce cas, seuls deux cycles de fonctionnement sont effectués.

Pour les appareils comportant une minuterie, la période de lavage, la période d'essorage et la période de séchage ont chacune une durée égale à la période maximale autorisée par la minuterie.

Pour les appareils sans minuterie,

- la période de lavage a une durée de
 - 6 min, pour les **machines à turbine**,
 - 18 min, pour les **machines à agitateur**,
 - 25 min, pour les **machines à tambour**, à moins qu'une durée plus longue ne soit indiquée dans les instructions;
- la période d'essorage a une durée de 5 min.

La période de repos, comprenant le temps de freinage éventuel, a une durée de 4 min.

À la fin de la séquence de fonctionnement spécifiée, les pompes de vidange, qui sont mises en fonctionnement par un moteur séparé et mises en ou hors circuit manuellement, sont soumises à trois périodes de fonctionnement qui sont séparées par une période de repos de 4 min. La durée de chaque période de fonctionnement est égale à 1,5 fois le temps nécessaire pour vider la machine à laver remplie à son niveau d'eau maximal normal. L'extrémité du tuyau de vidange est à 900 mm au-dessus du sol.

11.8 Addition:

Au cours de l'essai, les échauffements sont surveillés de manière continue pendant un cycle et ne doivent pas dépasser les valeurs présentées dans le Tableau 101.

Tableau 101 – Échauffements maximaux pour les surfaces accessibles externes en conditions de fonctionnement normal

| Surface | Échauffement des surfaces accessibles externes ^a | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| | K | | Surfaces situées à plus de 850 mm au-dessus du sol après l'installation ^b |
| | Surfaces des appareils situées à 850 mm ou moins au-dessus du sol après l'installation | | |
| | Surfaces avant | Autres surfaces ^b | |
| Métal nu | 38 | 42 | 42 |
| Métal revêtu ^c | 42 | 49 | 49 |
| Verre et céramique | 51 | 56 | 56 |
| Plastique et revêtement plastique > 0,4 mm ^{d, e} | 58 | 62 | 62 |

^a Les échauffements ne sont pas mesurés sur

- le dessous des appareils conçus pour être utilisés sur une surface utile ou le sol, lorsque ces surfaces sont inaccessibles pour un calibre de 75 mm de diamètre à extrémité hémisphérique et appliqués avec une force inférieure ou égale à 1 N,
- la surface arrière des appareils qui, conformément aux instructions, doivent être placés contre un mur et lorsque ces surfaces sont inaccessibles pour un calibre de 75 mm de diamètre à extrémité hémisphérique, et appliqués avec une force inférieure ou égale à 1 N,
- les raccords et les tuyaux d'alimentation en eau chaude,
- les surfaces à une distance maximale de 25 mm des sorties d'air, les valeurs peuvent être augmentées de 10 K.

^b Si ces valeurs sont dépassées, il est admis de répéter l'essai en plaçant l'appareil à distance du support mural d'angle d'essai. L'essai est répété pendant 1 cycle.

^c Un métal est considéré comme étant revêtu lorsqu'un revêtement d'une épaisseur minimale de 90 µm en vernis de finition ou un revêtement plastique partiel est utilisé.

^d La limite d'échauffement du plastique s'applique également aux matières plastiques de finition en métal d'épaisseur inférieure à 0,1 mm.

^e Lorsque l'épaisseur du revêtement plastique ne dépasse pas 0,4 mm, les limites d'échauffement du métal revêtu pour les métaux sous-jacents s'appliquent ou les limites d'échauffement du verre ou de la céramique pour le verre ou la céramique sous-jacent(e) s'appliquent.

12 Vacant

13 Courant de fuite et rigidité diélectrique à la température de régime

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec l'exception suivante.

13.2 Modification:

Pour les **appareils fixes de la classe I**, le courant de fuite ne doit pas dépasser 3,5 mA ou 1 mA/kW de **puissance assignée** avec une limite de 5 mA, suivant la valeur la plus élevée.

14 Surtensions transitoires

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

15 Résistance à l'humidité

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable avec les exceptions suivantes.

15.2 Remplacement:

Les appareils doivent être construits de façon telle qu'un débordement de liquide en utilisation normale n'affecte pas leur isolation électrique, même si une vanne d'alimentation ne parvient pas à se fermer.

La vérification est effectuée par l'essai suivant.

Les appareils équipés d'une **fixation du type X**, à l'exception de ceux qui ont un câble spécialement préparé, sont équipés d'un câble souple du type le plus léger admis et de la section la plus petite spécifiée au Tableau 13.

Les appareils destinés à être remplis d'eau par l'utilisateur sont complètement remplis avec une eau contenant approximativement 1 % de NaCl. Une quantité supplémentaire de cette solution égale à 15 % de la capacité de l'appareil ou à 0,25 l, selon la quantité la plus importante, est versée régulièrement pendant 1 min.

Les autres appareils sont mis en fonctionnement jusqu'à ce que le niveau maximal d'eau soit atteint, et 5 g du détergent spécifié à l'Annexe AA sont ajoutés pour chaque litre d'eau contenu dans l'appareil. Chaque vanne d'alimentation est maintenue ouverte et le remplissage continue pendant 15 min après le début du débordement ou jusqu'à ce que l'arrivée d'eau soit arrêtée automatiquement par un autre moyen. Les essais appropriés sont appliqués les uns après les autres à chaque vanne d'alimentation.

Pour les appareils à chargement frontal, la porte est ensuite ouverte, si cela peut être effectué manuellement et sans endommager le système de verrouillage de la porte.

Pour tous les appareils, une quantité de 0,5 l d'une solution à base d'eau contenant approximativement 1 % de NaCl et 0,6 % d'agent de rinçage est rapidement versée sur le dessus de l'appareil de sorte que la solution de débordement coule sur les surfaces de l'appareil qui comprennent des commandes, les commandes étant mises en position marche. Les commandes sont ensuite actionnées sur toute leur plage de service, cette opération étant répétée après 5 min.

Tout agent de rinçage non ionique disponible dans le commerce peut être utilisé, mais en cas de doute sur les résultats des essais, l'agent de rinçage doit avoir les propriétés suivantes:

- viscosité, 17 mPa s;
- pH, 2,2 (1 % dans l'eau)

et sa composition doit être la suivante:

| Substance | Pourcentage par masse % |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Plurafac ® LF 221 ¹ | 15,0 |
| Cumène sulfonate (solution à 40 %) | 11,5 |
| Acide citrique (anhydre) | 3,0 |
| Eau déionisée | 70,5 |

L'appareil doit ensuite satisfaire à l'essai de rigidité diélectrique de 16.3 et l'examen doit montrer qu'il n'y a pas de traces d'eau sur l'isolation pouvant entraîner une réduction des **lignes de fuite** ou des **distances dans l'air** au-dessous des valeurs spécifiées à l'Article 29.

15.101 Les appareils doivent être construits de façon que la mousse n'affecte pas leur isolation électrique.

La vérification est effectuée par l'essai suivant qui est effectué immédiatement après celui de 15.2.

L'appareil fonctionne dans les conditions spécifiées dans l'Article 11 mais à la **tension assignée** pendant un cycle complet avec le programme qui donne la période de fonctionnement la plus longue. Une quantité de détergent nécessaire pour produire la mousse est ajoutée. La composition du détergent est spécifiée à l'Annexe AA.

Pour les appareils équipés d'un distributeur de détergent, la solution est ajoutée manuellement au moment du cycle auquel elle serait normalement distribuée automatiquement. Pour les autres appareils, la solution est ajoutée avant de commencer le cycle.

L'appareil doit alors satisfaire à l'essai de rigidité diélectrique de 16.3.

L'appareil est ensuite maintenu pendant 24 h dans une salle d'essai ayant une atmosphère normale, avant d'être soumis à l'essai de 15.3.

16 Courant de fuite et rigidité diélectrique

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

17 Protection contre la surcharge des transformateurs et des circuits associés

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

18 Endurance

L'article de la Partie 1 est remplacé par l'article ci-après.

¹ Plurafac ® LF 221 est l'appellation commerciale d'un produit distribué par BASF. Cette information est donnée à l'intention des utilisateurs du présent document et ne signifie nullement que l'IEC approuve ou recommande l'emploi exclusif de ce produit.

18.101 Les appareils doivent être construits de sorte que le dispositif de verrouillage du couvercle ou de la porte résiste aux contraintes auxquelles il peut être soumis en utilisation normale.

La vérification est effectuée par l'essai suivant.

La porte ou le couvercle est ouvert(e) comme en utilisation normale et la force appliquée à la poignée ou au dispositif de manœuvre du mécanisme de relâchement est mesurée. La force exigée pour fermer le couvercle ou la porte est également mesurée.

*La porte ou le couvercle est alors soumis(e) à 10 000 cycles d'ouverture et de fermeture. Pour les 6 000 premiers cycles, l'appareil est alimenté à la **tension assignée** et mis en fonctionnement de sorte que le mécanisme de verrouillage soit mis sous tension puis hors tension à chaque cycle. Durant les 4 000 derniers cycles, l'appareil n'est pas raccordé au réseau d'alimentation. Pour les appareils comportant une fonction de séchage, le nombre total de cycles est porté à 13 000, chacun des 9 000 premiers cycles étant effectué avec le mécanisme de verrouillage sous tension et hors tension.*

*Si le dispositif de verrouillage est conforme à l'IEC 60730-2-12, l'appareil n'est pas raccordé au réseau d'alimentation au cours de cet essai. Si le dispositif de verrouillage fonctionne plusieurs fois dans les **conditions de fonctionnement normal**, il est mis en fonctionnement autant de fois pendant chaque cycle.*

Les couvercles sont ouverts à chaque fois approximativement de 45° et les portes de 90°, la vitesse d'ouverture étant d'environ 1,5 m/s. La force appliquée pour ouvrir le couvercle ou la porte est de deux fois la force d'ouverture mesurée, avec un minimum de 50 N et un maximum de 200 N.

Les portes sont fermées à une vitesse d'environ 1,5 m/s, la force appliquée étant égale à cinq fois la force de fermeture mesurée, avec un minimum de 50 N et un maximum de 200 N. La fermeture des couvercles sous leur propre poids est admise, mais si l'opération de verrouillage ne s'effectue pas, une force égale à cinq fois la force de fermeture mesurée est appliquée, avec un minimum de 50 N et un maximum de 200 N.

Après les essais, la conformité aux exigences appropriées de 20.103 à 20.105 ne doit pas être compromise.

18.102 Le mécanisme de freinage des appareils comportant un couvercle qui peut être ouvert au cours de la période d'essorage doit résister aux contraintes auxquelles ils peuvent être soumis lors d'une utilisation normale.

La vérification est effectuée par l'essai suivant.

*L'appareil est alimenté à 1,06 fois la **tension assignée** et mis en fonctionnement dans les **conditions de fonctionnement normal** jusqu'à ce que le moteur ait atteint sa vitesse la plus élevée. Le couvercle est ensuite complètement ouvert. L'essai est répété après une période de repos du tambour suffisamment longue pour assurer que l'appareil n'atteint pas une température excessive.*

L'essai est effectué 1 000 fois, le linge étant de nouveau saturé d'eau au moins toutes les 250 fois.

Après l'essai, l'appareil doit être en état d'être utilisé ultérieurement et la conformité à la présente norme ne doit pas être compromise.

NOTE Un refroidissement forcé peut être utilisé pour prévenir des températures excessives et pour raccourcir l'essai.